"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

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THE WEATHER
Generally fair today and Friday; not much change in temperature; light to moderate variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 11.

BECKER'S STORY DOESN'T IMPRESS GOV. WHITMAN

Says It Throws No New Light on the Killing of Gambler, Herman Rosenthal.

APPLEBAUM ALREADY HEARD

"Big Tim" Sullivan's Secretary Denies Fear of Exposure Made His Chief Insane.

ROSE WILL NOT RETRACT

Some Corroboration for Death House Statement, but Many Men Mentioned Make Denials.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 21.—Unless some new evidence is discovered to cast serious doubt on the guilt of former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker, Governor Whitman will not intervene to save him from suffering the death penalty in the electric chair next week for the murder of Herman Rosenthal.

This was made clear after Governor Whitman had received today from the hands of John B. Johnston, associate counsel for Becker, the long statement penned by the condemned man in the death house at Sing Sing, in which he tells of his relations wtih Rosenthal, Jack Rose, the principal witness against him; "Big Tim" Sullivan, and others.

"I have read Becker's statement," said Governor Whitman tonight. "All I care to say regarding it is that it contains little that was not known to me at the time Becker was on trial for the murder of Herman Rosenthal. The statement sheds no light whatever on the killing of Rosenthal.

Only One Thing New.

"There is only one thing new in the statement. That is the allegation that the late Alfred Henry Lewis told Becker he was to be 'framed up.' That would have been an important bit of evidence, if true. But, if it were true, why was not Lewis called to the stand during Becker's second trial? Now, with Becker facing death, we hear of this matter after Lewis is dead."

The Governor said that during Becker's trial he was familiar with virtually all the allegations made by the condemned man in the statement. The Governor added that he would have questioned Becker concerning them if Becker had taken the witness stand in his own defense. The Becker statement, the Governor declared, only confirmed Jack Rose's story that, after the Rosenthal murder, Becker was sending to Rose charging him not to tell anything he knew about the case.

Bernard Sandler, attorney for Rose and for Sam Schepps, another witness at the Becker trial, conferred with the Governor today.

"Sandler told me," said the Governor, "that he recently had talked with Rose, and that he would not retract a bit of his testimony."

The Governor said tonight that Harry Applebaum, formerly "Big Tim" Sullivan's secretary, conferred with him recently. Applebaum added no material evidence to the case, the Governor said.

MANY DENY BECKER'S STORY.

Harry Appelbaum Says "Big Tim" Liked Rosenthal as Friend.

Harry Appelbaum, once secretary to "Big Tim" Sullivan, said last night, that from his knowledge of the case, he was sure that Becker had no motive to kill Rosenthal. There never was any proposal made by "Big Tim," he said, for Rosenthal to go away.

Appelbaum's story corroborates, to a great extent, the story which Becker wrote in the death house. Appelbaum admitted that he met Becker at all the times referred to in the condemned man's statement.

Becker's story brought forth denials yesterday from several persons whose names he mentioned. Among them were Chief Magistrate William McAdoo, Magistrate Morris Koenig, Lieutenant William Funston, Lawrence Mulligan, and Samuel S. Koenig, Republican County Chairman.

The prevailing opinion at the District Attorney's office and at Police Headquarters was that Becker's story contained little that was not known already. Governor Whitman as District Attorney had heard most of the details. Police Commissioner Arthur Woods said the statement concerned very few persons who are now in the Police Department.

W. Bourke Cockran and Martin T. Manton, Becker's counsel, may make an application for a new trial this week, it was learned yesterday. The alleged newly discovered evidence will be Appelbaum's story and a letter written by Joseph Murphy, a prisoner in Sing Sing, who said that while he was in the Tombs he heard Rose, Webber, and Vallon plotting to "frame" Becker.

Appelbaum Talks of "Big Tim."

"One day early in 1912 Tim told me that Rosenthal had been to him and asked him to loan him money for a bank roll," said Appelbaum. "He gave him $2,000 in cash. Herman came to him four or five days afterward and told him his bank roll man had disappointed him, and he begged and pleaded with Tim to loan him more money. Tim did not have the ready cash, so he gave him two notes of $2,500 each, and I think in the course of a couple of weeks Herman repaid the $2,000 cash, but a few days afterward came back and got a note for $2,500. Now, does this look as though Senator Sullivan was in any way interested in the gambling house?

"Senator Sullivan went to Europe in April, 1912. I met him in Paris toward the latter part of May. I then noticed that he was a very sick man, being in a terribly unsettled mental condition. He was worrying over everything, and everything seemed to worry him. He made mountains out of molehills. The same condition manifested itself directly after he returned home, as those who were with him and about him well

Continued on Page 6.

NAVY TAKES CENSUS OF AMERICAN SHIPS

All Ocean and Lake Craft Being Surveyed for Use by Government in Event of War.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Acting under orders of Secretary Daniels, with the approval of the President, the Board of Inspection and Survey for ships of the Navy Department, is making a survey of all the American merchant vessels with a view to their use by the Government in the event of war. Every ship which flies the American flag is being taken into consideration, its tonnage, condition, speed, &c., noted, together with its availability as an auxiliary of the United States Navy.

Despite the apparent significance of this action, navy officials say that it merely is a precaution which is being taken to prevent a possible recurrence of the situation which prevailed at the outset of the Spanish war. At the beginning of that conflict there was a great demand for ships to be used as colliers, transports, supply ships, &c., as well as those which might be armed as auxiliary cruisers. But it was found that the Navy Department had made no list of such available vessels, and did not know where to look for them. As a result the Government bought vessels at fancy prices, far beyond their worth.

When asked today about the significance of this action navy officers said it did not mean that the Government was preparing for war or that recent events had made war any more probable than it had been for months. It was merely a precautionary measure in the interest of preparedness, they declared. As a result of it, if there should be a conflict with Germany, this Government would know exactly how many merchant ships were available, their tonnage, and seaworthiness.

At the office of Admiral Benson, Chief of Personnel, it was said today that the survey would include the vessels on the great lakes as well as oceangoing ships.

The Government already has in hand a complete list of the German merchant ships, as well as the two warships, now interned in American waters.

TO PRAY FOR VICTORY AS SECOND YEAR OPENS

King George and Leaders of British Nation Will Attend Services Aug. 4.

LONDON, Thursday, July 22.—It is announced that the King and all the leaders of the nation will attend St. Paul's Cathedral on Aug. 4, the anniversary of the declaration of war, to inaugurate the second year of the war by invoking God's help.

POOR IN GERMANY LONGING FOR PEACE

Stockholm Hears War Weariness Spreads and There Is Talk of Martial Law.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

STOCKHOLM, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—A private message to the Stockholm Tidningen from Berlin, which, oddly enough, passed the censor, says the war weariness in Germany is becoming strongly evident in wide circles of the population and especially among the poorer classes. Great excitement prevails and a proclamation of a state of siege is expected.

The Dagens Nyheiter comments on this by saying that even if it is exaggerated, one thing is certain—among the whole German population a longing for peace is strongly felt.

ZURICH, Switzerland, July 10, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—An organization which hopes to bring about a reconciliation between France and Germany has just opened offices here. It bears the title of "Voices in the Storm from German Switzerland."

The organization, according to the Zurich Post, intends by means of pamphlets and personal propaganda to establish a friendlier understanding through Switzerland between France and Germany.

A pamphlet written by the Rev. Dr. Baur of Basle has been issued. This describes a trip which he recently made through Germany, where he found the sentiment among the people generally favorable to peace.

HORTON'S SUBMARINE SANK THE POMMERN

Another Exploit of British Officer Who Caused Havoc in German Fleet Earlier.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, July 22.—The question who was the commanding officer of the British submarine which torpedoed the German battleship Pommern in the Baltic on July 2 was asked by Commander Bellairs in the House of Commons yesterday. Dr. MacNamara, the Financial Secretary to the Admiralty, replied:

"No official report has yet been transmitted to the Admiralty, but a semi-official report from the Russian Government states the name to be Commander Max K. Horton."

This is the first public announcement that the battleship sunk was the Pommern. All that had been known previously was that it was a battleship of the Deutschland class.

Commander Horton, when in command of the submarine E-9, torpedoed and sank the German cruiser Hela only six miles south of Heligoland, and less than a month later, on Oct. 6, the same submarine sank the German destroyer 126, "at the very throat of the Ems," to use Mr. Churchill's phrase. For these feats the Distinguished Service Order was awarded to the Commander.

Since then no German vessels except submarines have ventured outside their protective line of mines and guns in the North Sea, and enterprising British submarine commanders have had to find another field for their activities. Commander Horton has found it in the Baltic.

"We are not informed," says The Daily Chronicle, "whether the gallant commander was still in the E-9, but it is probable, because she is quite a new boat, completed by Vickers at Barrow last year. She has a submerged displacement of about 810 tons and carries four torpedo tubes on the surface. With 1,750 horsepower her speed is 16 knots."

SARONY PORTRAITS WITHIN REACH. $5 for 3. 364 5th Av. (34th St.)—Advt.

MILITIA TO QUELL BAYONNE RIOTERS; 1 DEAD, MANY HURT

Two Regiments Await Order to Subdue Strikers at Standard Oil's Plant.

FIVE FIRES START IN WORKS

Forty Huge Tanks Menaced by Rivulets of Flame from Cut Feed Pipes.

PITCHED BATTLE IN STREET

Mob Routs Police, While Bullets and Stones Fly—Guards Carrying Rifles Man Stockade.

Two regiments of New Jersey militia were ready at midnight last night to proceed to Bayonne to quell riots in the strike at the great plant of the Standard Oil Company. Early yesterday morning there were conflicts in which one man was killed, a dozen others were seriously hurt, and many slightly injured, and which ended in the company's guards being driven back within the concrete stockade and the city police practically leaving the field to the strikers.

The efforts of Sheriff Eugene F. Kinkead calmed the strikers in the afternoon, but at night several fires, supposedly incendiary, started in the plant, and until they were under control threatened the entire place.

Mayor Pierre P. Garven asked Governor Fielder for militia early in the day, but the Governor refused to call the troops out without a request from the Sheriff. At night Sheriff Kinkead left for the Governor's Summer home at Sea Girt, and it was understood that the Second Regiment, of Trenton, and the Fourth Regiment of Jersey City, except Company I, which is composed of Bayonne men, were held in readiness. It was also said that the Essex County troop of cavalry might be called out.

Calls for Militia.

The Chamber of Commerce of Bayonne asked the Governor for militia protection, and the Texas Oil Company, whose plant, a mile away from that of the Standard, has not been affected by the strike, also asked that the troops be called out.

Director of Public Safety Henry Wilson said that the appeal of the Chamber of Commerce for militia was premature. Sheriff Kinkead held a conference late at night with Governor Fielder and Adjutant General Wilbur F. Sadler at the Sheriff's Summer home at Deal Beach. Afterward he said:

"While there is some disorder in Bayonne it is not yet of a nature to warrant calling out the National Guard. The Governor is ready to aid us with any relief which may be found necessary."

The company refused to treat with the men unless they first returned to work, and this they would not do. Rival organizers of the American Federation of Labor and the Industrial Workers of the World were busy among the strikers, who were unorganized when they went out. Besides the 5,000 employes of the Standard the 2,000 men working for the Vacuum and Tidewater Oil Companies had also gone out, and a committee of the Bayonne strikers went yesterday afternoon to the Standard's plant in Linden Township, near Elizabeth, and tried to get the 2,000 men working there to quit.

The officials in Linden said there was no dissatisfaction, and that their men had no affiliations with the Bayonne strikers, but a general meeting of the Elizabeth workmen was called for noon today to hear the arguments of the visitors from Bayonne.

Dead.

STOVANCHIK, JOHN, 18 years old; Prospect Avenue and Twenty-second Street, Bayonne; shot in the head and died in the City Hospital. The strikers believed he was shot by a policeman, but there was no evidence to corroborate this view.

Injured.

CADY, DANIEL, Police Inspector; lacerations all over the body.
HARRIS, SAMUEL, policeman; hit by stone.
LANGTREE, JOHN, policeman; hit by stone.
McGEEHAN, HUGH, policeman; hit by stone.
VAN WOERT, Mervin, policeman; cut by a thrown bottle.
WHITNEY, FRED, policeman; right wrist slashed with a knife.
GRAGLIA, MICHAEL, laborer; 43 East Twenty-third Street; cut in head.
JIMNEH, JOHN, laborer; shot in the arm.
KARETSKI, MARTIN, laborer; leg broken.
KEEVER, ADAM, laborer; shot in the knee.
MACHAKOS, WALISKA, laborer; shot in the wrist.
POLOCA, FRANK, laborer; shot in the leg.
URNITZ, JOSEPH, laborer; shot in the thigh and abdomen.

Urnitz may die. All of the injured were taken to the City Hospital except Inspector Cady, who went home. It is believed that at fewest thirty other strikers and guards were cut or bruised less seriously than those listed in the rioting of the morning.

Three Plants Shut Down.

The entire Bayonne plant of the Standard Oil Company, which occupies a square mile at Constable Hook, was shut down on Tuesday after about a fourth of the 5,000 laborers had struck for a 15 per cent. increase in wages and what they considered fairer treatment by the foremen. At daybreak yesterday crowds gathered in East Twenty-second Street, where there are the main entrances to the plants of the Standard, Tidewater, and Vacuum Oil Companies, and here union pickets were waiting. The strikers asserted that the two other oil companies were subsidiaries of the Standard, and although this was denied by their officers, several hundred of the Tidewater's workmen quit early in the morning. Both plants were shut down, which added 2,000 to the workmen out.

The Standard plant was guarded by 150 guards, armed with clubs. The strikers crowded along East Twenty-second Street in the early morning, and the presence of almost the entire Bayonne police force, seventy-five in number, under Inspector Cady, who was unpopular because of his part in minor conflicts on Tuesday, incensed the striking workmen.

The first conflict occurred at 7:30 o'clock, when seventy-five guards suddenly sallied out from the entrance to the plant in Avenue J and swarmed into East Twenty-second Street to disperse 200 strikers in front of the works. The strikers joined battle with enthusiasm, and there occurred a melee with clubs and bricks in which a number of persons were slightly hurt. The guards were driven back across the tracks of the Central Railroad of New Jersey toward the plant. At the main gate they were reinforced by forty policemen, who

Continued on Page 4.

Ratproofing American Cities

New York may be next to wage systematic war on the rodents following the example of New Orleans and San Francisco. Read what they have done

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

ORDER THE SUNDAY TIMES NOW. THE TIMES IS ALWAYS SOLD OUT EARLY.

ROOSEVELT URGES NATION TO PREPARE

Pacifists, He Tells Exposition Audience, Are Seeking to "Chinafy America."

WANTS A LARGER ARMY

Asserts Readiness to Fight Is Peace Insurance—Derides "Elocution as a Substitute for Action."

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt delivered two addresses today at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, one vigorous in tone on military preparedness, the other a brief, personal talk to "the men on the line," soldiers, sailors, and marines, at the enlisted men's club.

Colonel Roosevelt told the enlisted men that a man afraid to fight is not fit to vote. "A mother who is not willing to raise her boy to be a soldier," he said, "is not fit for citizenship."

In the main speech of the day the Colonel was warmly applauded when in an explanatory way he said:

"I'm not for war, I want peace, but don't want peace for Uncle Sam because outsiders don't think him worth kicking."

The Colonel was escorted from his hotel to the exposition grounds by a squadron of the First Cavalry, and by military and public officials. A Presidential salute of 21 guns was fired by warships in the harbor.

Urges War Preparedness.

Governor H. W. Johnson, the Colonel's running mate in 1912, introduced him to the audience in the Court of the Universe. The Colonel said in part:

"I have a very strong feeling about the Panama Exposition. It was my good fortune to take the action in 1903, failure to take which, in exactly the shape I took it, would have meant that no Panama Canal would have been built for half a century, and, therefore, that there would have been no exposition to celebrate the building of the canal. In everything we did in connection with the acquiring of the Panama Zone we acted in a way to do absolute justice to all other nations, to benefit all other nations, including especially the adjacent States, and to render the utmost service, from the standpoint alike of honor and of material interest, to the United States. I am glad that this is the case, for if there were the slightest taint upon our title or our conduct it would have been an improper and shameful thing to hold this exposition.

"The building of the canal nearly doubles the potential efficiency of the United States Navy, as long as it is fortified and is in our hands; but if left unfortified it would at once become a menace to us.

"What is true as to our proper attitude in regard to the canal is no less true as regards our proper attitude concerning the interests of the United States taken as a whole. The canal is to be a great agency for peace; it can be such only, and exactly in proportion as it increased our potential efficiency in war.

"Those men who like myself believe that the highest duty of this nation is to prepare itself against war so that it may safely trust its honor and interest to its own strength are advocating merely that we do as a nation regarding our general interests what we have already done in Panama. If, instead of acting as this nation did in the Fall of 1903, we had confined ourselves to debates in Congress and diplomatic notes; if, in other words, we had treated elocution as a substitute for action, we would have done nobody any good, and for ourselves we would have earned the hearty derision of all other nations—the canal would not even have been begun at the present day, and there would have been a general consensus of international opinion to the effect that we were totally unfit to perform any of the duties of international life, especially in connection with the Western hemisphere.

"Unfortunately in the last few years we have as regards pretty much everything not connected with the Isthmus of Panama so failed in our duty of national preparedness that I fear there actually is a general consensus of opinion to precisely this effect among the nations of the world as regards the United States at the present day. This is primarily due to our unpreparedness.

"We have been culpably, well-nigh criminally, remiss as a nation in not preparing ourselves, and if, with the lessons taught the world by the dreadful tragedies of the last twelve months, we continue with soft complacency to stand helpless and naked before the world, we shall excite only contempt and derision if and when disaster ultimately overwhelms us.

"Preparedness against war does not invariably avert war any more than a fire department in a city will invariably avert a fire; and there are well-meaning foolish people who point out this fact as offering an excuse for unpreparedness. It would be just as sensible if after the Chicago fire Chicago had announced that it would abolish its fire department as for our people to take the same view as regards military preparedness. Some years ago I was looking over some very old newspapers contemporaneous with the early establishment of paid fire departments in this country, and to my amusement I came across a letter which argued against a paid fire department upon the ground that the knowledge of its existence would tend to make householders careless, and therefore would encourage fires.

"Greece was not prepared for war when she went to war with Turkey a score of years ago. But this fact did not stop the war. It merely made the war unsuccessful for Greece. China was not prepared for war with Japan twenty-odd years ago, nor for war with the Allies who marched to Peking fifteen years ago."

Cites China's Fate.

Colonel Roosevelt then discussed in detail the cases of China and Belgium, comparing Belgium with Switzerland, and asserting that Switzerland would have met Belgium's fate if she had not been prepared to oppose invasion. Then taking up the case of China, he said:

"She has acted on the theory that the worst peace was better than the best war, and therefore she has suffered all the evils of the worst war and the worst peace. The average Chinaman took the view that China was too proud to fight and in practice made evident his hearty approval of the sentiments of that abject pacifist song: 'I Didn't Raise My Boy to be a Soldier,' a song which should have as a companion piece one entitled: 'I Didn't Raise my Girl to be a Mother,' approval of which of course deprives any men or women of all right of kinship with the soldiers and with the mothers and wives of the soldiers, whose valor and services we

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THREE BALKAN KINGS TO MEET IN ATHENS

Budapest Hears Rulers of Rumania, Bulgaria, and Greece Are Soon to Confer.

KING OF SERBIA LEFT OUT

Coming Meeting May Mean a Speedy Decision to Join the Allies in War.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUDAPEST, July 21 (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Private reports from three different sources reaching Budapest state that the Kings of Rumania, Bulgaria, and the Hellenes are to meet in Athens shortly. At first, says a Berlin telegram, it was arranged that the meeting should take place at Bucharest, but later the place of meeting, considering the illness of King Constantine, was decided in favor of Athens. A Bucharest telegram to the same effect adds that the foreign Ministers of the three countries will accompany their rulers.

A Sofia message says: "Rumors of a meeting of three neutral sovereigns of the Balkans are neither confirmed nor denied in Sofia, yet political circles attach little credit to them for the present at least."

The Hungarian papers also doubt the truth of the rumor. Az Ujsaz says:

"The rumors are most probably untrue, simply because the Serbian monarch is not included. A meeting of this nature would not be undertaken by Balkan rulers with the exclusion of the King of Serbia, as the questions to be discussed affect Serbia as much and more deeply than any of the other three countries. If any meeting of the three Kings were to be held without the King of Serbia taking part, it would be interpreted in Belgrade as an unfriendly act and would create the impression that the entente powers were hostile toward Serbia."

The meeting of the three Balkan monarchs has significance at this time, and in the allied capitals, at least is likely to be regarded as an omen of a speedy decision as to entrance of those nations into the war, probably on the allied side.

Bulgaria, at the end of the second Balkan war of 1913, felt bitter toward Serbia and Greece, to whom had been allotted territory she thought she should have had; toward Rumania which, by invasion, had obtained the price of the neutrality she had maintained during the first Balkan war of 1912-13, and toward Russia, whom she believed had conspired to prevent her having a dominant influence in Balkan affairs.

Thus, when the great war began her sympathies, looking to practical advantages, were pro-Teutonic, and if Austria had succeeded in taking Nish with the command of the Orient Railway to Constantinople, it is believed that she would have been forced to enter the war on the side of Germany and Austria.

Her uncertain attitude for a long time served to enforce neutrality in Rumania and Greece, when there was a growing clamor to enter the war on the side of the Entente Powers, lest Bulgaria, after their intervention, might attack them on their flank in order to obtain the territory in Macedonia, of which she had been deprived in 1913.

First England tried her hand at bringing about a Balkan modus vivendi, by which Rumania, Greece, and Serbia were to make territorial concessions to Bulgaria. The agreement was almost reached when the fall of the Venizelos Government at Athens rendered void all arrangements. Then Italy, having denounced the Triple Alliance on May 4, tried her hand and agreements were reached with Serbia, Rumania, and Bulgaria, only Greece still hanging fire.

Serbia, in lieu of certain territory in Macedonia, which was to go to Bulgaria, agreed to accept the guarantee of the Entente Powers that she should have compensation in Bosnia and in Dalmatia, with a foothold on the Adriatic. Rumania was to have Bukowina and Transylvania, with their Rumanian populations, with promised concessions for the Rumanians of Bessarabia from Russia. It was believed that if Italy entered the war, followed by Rumania, Greece would then come in, all fears of Bulgarian aggression having been removed.

Italy entered the war on May 24, but Rumania lacked ammunition to do so and her agents in the United States reported that her promised allies had contracted for everything in sight. Rumania, therefore, with the strong Francophile and Italophile sympathies of her people, still holds the key to the situation. She has placed an embargo on all munitions sent from Germany through her territory for Turkey and has obtained from England, as Serbia had already done, some 6-inch naval guns on mobile carriages.

Meanwhile, the Interventionists of Greece have triumphed in general elections with the return to power of M. Venizelos—a power, however, he cannot exercise until the convening of the new Parliament on Aug. 18.

TURKISH DELEGATES SEEK SEPARATE PEACE?

Two Representatives of Porte Expected in Geneva Today From Vienna to Open Negotiations.

GENEVA, July 21.—Nedjemkden Effendi, the Turkish Minister of Justice, accompanied by Fassun Effendi, are expected here tomorrow from Vienna for the purpose, it is reported, of opening separate peace negotiations with the Triple Entente. It is stated that the delegates are invested with official powers.

Recent dispatches stated that the Turkish Minister of Justice, with a fellow delegate, was on his way to Switzerland to meet representatives of the Entente powers. They were reported on July 14 as having passed through Sofia, Bulgaria.

FOR DISTRESS AFTER MEALS use Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Gives prompt relief to sick headache and acid stomach.—Advt.

FINAL WARNING GOES TO BERLIN TODAY; FURTHER IMPERILLING OF AMERICANS WILL BE VIEWED AS "UNFRIENDLY ACT"

Chief Points in President's New Note to Germany; Refusal to Surrender Any of Our Rights at Sea

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The leading points in the American note to Germany, which probably will be dispatched tomorrow, are these:

1. The assumption by the United States that Germany, by declaring her submarine warfare to be a retaliatory measure against the alleged unlawful acts of her enemies, has admitted that the destruction of unresisting merchantmen without warning is illegal.
2. German submarine Commanders already have proved that they can save the passengers and crews of vessels and can act in conformity with the laws of humanity in making war on enemy ships.
3. The United States cannot allow the relations between the belligerents to operate in any way as an abbreviation of the rights of neutrals, and therefore any violation of the principles for which the American Government contends, resulting in a loss of American lives, will be viewed as "unfriendly."
4. The representations which the American Government has made in previous notes for disavowal of the intention to sink the Lusitania with Americans aboard, and the request for reparation, are reiterated with renewed insistence.
5. The American Government realizes the unusual and abnormal conditions which the present conflict has created in the conduct of maritime war, and is willing to act as an intermediary as between the belligerents to arrange a modus vivendi or any other temporary arrangements which do not involve a surrender by the United States of its rights.
6. The proposals made by Germany to give immunity to American ships not carrying contraband, and to four belligerent ships under the American flag, are rejected with the emphatic assertion that to accept such a suggestion would be to admit Germany's right to set aside the American contention based on fundamental principles in international law—that neutrals may travel anywhere on the high seas on unresisting ships of any nationality, even if carrying contraband.

ALL RUSSIA PRAYS AS ARMIES FIGHT

Flanked by Fortresses, Czar's Hosts Turn and Battle Fiercely to Save Warsaw.

MACKENSEN PRESSING ON

Moves Closer to Lublin-Chelm Railway—Kaiser Plans State Entry Into Warsaw.

LONDON, Thursday, July 22.—While the churches throughout Russia were holding yesterday services of intercession for victory, a series of great battles, the result of which will seal the fate of Warsaw, was being fought to the north, west, and south of that city. Having successfully retired to positions on the rivers, and being well flanked by fortresses, the Russians have turned and are fighting desperately to stem the Austro-German onslaughts.

To the north, on the River Narew, they delivered on Tuesday three fierce counter-attacks from the fortresses of Rozan, Pultusk, and Novo Georgievsk. The Germans, who had taken one outwork of Rozan, repulsed these counter-attacks, according to the official report received from Berlin, but apparently have been unable to make any further progress southward.

Immediately to the west of Warsaw, on what is known as the Blonie-Grojec line, the Russians have suffered a reverse and are retreating toward the Vistula. Further south, the army of General von Woyrsch is making progress toward the same river, which has been reached at one point.

To the south of Ivangorod Field Marshal von Mackensen, who is directing the offensive between the Vistula and the Bug, has reached the Russian lines, and here the greatest of all battles is being fought—for the possession of the Lublin-Chelm Railway.

On the resistance the Russians are able to offer along this front, where the Austro-Germans are making their biggest effort, probably depends the success or failure of the Austro-German operations. Apparently they feel pretty certain of the outcome, for it is said that Emperor William, who is at Posen, has sent for the Empress in order to make a state entry into the Polish capital when it falls.

Things are moving a little more quickly in Courland, where the Germans claim to have met with successes all along the line, bringing them within striking distance of Riga and the roads which supply that town from the south.

There is another battle in progress along the borders of Bessarabia, but how this is going the official communications do not say.

A Russian Imperial ukase issued yesterday orders the convening of the Council of the Empire and the Duma on Aug. 1. The two legislative bodies were prorogued early in the year until November.

A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Petrograd says that the Minister of Finance will present a bill to the Duma, empowering the State Bank to issue a further billion rubles, ($500,000,000,) in notes.

Russian Nation in Prayer.

Special to The New York Times.

PETROGRAD, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Times.)—Novo Georgievsk, one of the greatest Russian fortresses, is effectively sentinelling Warsaw from the northwest. The range of its great guns attains the Bzura line and the German advance column on the Narew. The fight for the possession of the right bank of this river is expected to take some time.

Meanwhile the advance of the Teutons on the southern flank of the Warsaw salient is being warmly contested south of the Lublin and Cholm Railway. But here the assailants are believed to have reformed the phalanx which pierced the Russian line on the Dunajec and hope to repeat their exploit. It is difficult, however, to move huge forces and heavy guns without a railway, and here also

Continued on Page 2.

ITALIANS PIERCE AUSTRIAN LINES

General Attack Along the Isonzo, Started Sunday, Developing Successfully.

GORITZ APPROACHES TAKEN

Artillery Fire and Bayonet Charges Carrying Invaders Onward Toward Trieste.

ROME, July 21.—Heavy fighting on the Isonzo front north of the Gulf of Trieste, resulting in gains for the Italian forces, is announced in a statement given out tonight at the War Office. The report is as follows:

While the Italian defense continues to develop energetically in Cadore, and the artillery is effectively working in Carnia, the struggle in the Isonzo zone continues with increasing intensity.

Toward Goritz we gained part of the line of the heights which form the right bank of the river commanding the town and the Isonzo bridges.

On the Carso Plateau the enemy has been driven from some trenches, and many prisoners and much material have been captured. The number of prisoners taken during the 18th, 19th, and 20th was 76 officers and 3,400 men.

An earlier official bulletin, dated last night, read:

Our vigorous offensive all along the Isonzo front continued yesterday, progress being made especially on the Carso Plateau, where at the end of the day several additional trenches were taken and 500 prisoners, including five officers, captured.

Although fatigued by the sharp and stubborn struggle, prolonged until nightfall, our troops succeeded in establishing themselves rapidly and firmly in the conquered position and resisted counter attacks made by the enemy during the night. The actions continue to develop.

The situation over the rest of the front is unchanged.

The engineer corps of the Italian army has completed the reconstruction of the railroad bridge over the Isonzo, between Cervignano and Monfalcone, which was destroyed by the Austrians at the outbreak of hostilities. The first train passed over the structure today. Reconstruction of the bridge in so short a time is regarded as an engineering feat.

The National Munitions Committee has held its first meeting, Premier Salandra presiding. A number of plans were adopted to insure a continuous supply of munitions in the event of a long war, and to organize industries which produce other supplies for the army.

Destroy Batteries Near Rovereto.

GENEVA, July 21.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Villach says:

"The Austrian losses since July 13 along the Isonzo have been 8,000, of whom 1,100 are prisoners. On the Cadore front 1,800 prisoners have been taken, and in the Carnic Alps 2,300.

"The Austrian front on the Isonzo has been pierced at three points—Tolmino, St. Lucas, and St. Avre.

"The Italians continue to progress in Val Sugana.

"With the aid of aeroplanes the Italians located several Austrian batteries near Rovereto, and succeeded in destroying them.

"The provisioning of Goritz is becoming a serious problem, as the Italian artillery dominates the line north of the town. Previously four trains arrived daily. Now there is only one, which comes in at night.

"The Italians are consolidating the position they won on the Carso plateau."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Fighting continues on the line of the Isonzo. Reports from unofficial sources show that General Cadorna, with customary caution, has not erred on the side of magnifying the substantial results already achieved.

The Italians have practically laid siege to the Austrian trenches since June 4, when General Cadorna reported that the difficult country facing him on the Isonzo was formidably intrenched and strongly held by troops supported by machine guns and heavy artillery. Seven days later the Commander in Chief emphasized the specifically defensive devices of the enemy to make these works and trenches as impregnable as anything to be found in Flanders and Northern France.

General Cadorna took exactly a month preparing for the advance, his attacks

Continued on Page 2.

Don't miss the announcements of Edgemere Crest on Pages 8, 14, 16 and 18.—Advt.

NEW NOTE STRONGLY WORDED

Puts Responsibility for Any Break Squarely on Germany.

MEANT TO END DISCUSSION

Consequences of Firmest Diplomatic Language Fully Weighed by the President.

REJECTS GERMAN PROPOSAL

But Offers Mediatory Services Without Surrendering Any Rights of Americans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The American response to the German note of July 8, which this Government regarded as unsatisfactory, will be transmitted to Berlin tomorrow. At a conference tonight at the White House between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing the American communication was put in final shape.

This document is as strong and perhaps even stronger than the three previous notes sent to Germany since the issuance of the war zone order in February. It is so phrased as to indicate that the United States regards further discussion of the submarine issue as unnecessary. In other words, the note is a final statement of the position of this Government, and that final statement is a reiteration of the previous strong representations dictated by President Wilson, with the added emphasis of notice to Germany that a further offense involving the sacrifice of the lives of American citizens by a German submarine in violation of well-established principles of international law, will be regarded by this Government as an unfriendly act.

The note will also emphasize what has been considered one of the strongest expressions used by this Government in its previous exchanges with Germany. That Government will be told that the United States will leave nothing undone to maintain the position which it has stated so distinctly.

Prior to the White House conference fear was expressed that the note might be modified by the deletion of the expresion "unfriendly act" and the substitution of a term of milder meaning. The expression, which has been retained, is strong language in diplomatic intercourse, and is generally preliminary to positive action on the part of the offended Government whose least move would be a severance of diplomatic relations.

Couched in Courteous Terms.

The note in its final shape is framed in the courteous language of diplomacy, and does not lack expressions of friendship for the German Government. But the finality given to the negotiations between the two Governments and the use of the significant term "unfriendly act," make it one of the most momentous communications in the history of American diplomatic intercourse.

The President and his advisers are fully aware of the danger that may lie in the employment of the term, "unfriendly act," and in the reiterated notice to Germany that nothing will be undone to preserve the rights of American ships and American citizens on the high seas. Germany will be made aware by the language of the note, courteous as it is, that responsibility for any break that may occur in the friendly relations of the two Governments must rest with the Imperial authorities in Berlin through permitting submarine attacks without warning on American ships or ships of other nationalities carrying American citizens.

While it is not stated that this Government is to inform Germany that deeds, and not words, must govern the course of the President and his Administration from now on, that is the inference to be drawn from the American note.

In effect, part of the note will be what amounts to an argument that the German Government will be guilty of inconsistency in contending that its submarines cannot exercise the requirement of visit and search before attempting to sink vessels. This Government will hold that Germany has admitted the binding effect of the rule that noncombatants on merchant vessels must have an opportunity to reach places of safety before the ships are sent to the bottom.

It will be maintained by the United States that Germany will be expected to adhere to this principle and, in fact, to all the principles upon which this Government has insisted. A violation of these principles which may result in the sacrifice of the lives of American citizens will constitute the unfriendly act that this Government hopes will be avoided.

The American Government is willing to serve as a means of communication between Germany and Great Britain to effect an understanding by which the British embargo on foodstuffs and other supplies for the German population will be modified, in consideration of a modification of the present methods of reprisal practiced by German submarines against commerce with the British.

But it is not willing to enter into the arrangements suggested by Germany under which American ships will not carry contraband, and neutral and even belligerent merchantmen will be employed under the American flag for the transportation of Americans. Such an arrangement implies an acknowledgment by the United States that its ships and citizens are not entitled to the freedom of the seas without the consent of another nation.

Talk of Modification.

Prior to the White House conference tonight there was talk that the completion of the note was being delayed in order to give further time for the consideration of the use of the term "unfriendly act." The contention had been advanced in official quarters that it would be useless to include in the response to Germany any statement approaching a threat of drastic action, unless the Government had determined on a policy of supporting its policy at all hazards.

Some of the members of the Cabinet were credited with holding this view. They were understood to be of the opinion that Germany should not be told that she would be held to a strict accountability for an unfriendly act if the Government was not prepared to carry out all that is implied in language of that strong character.

The employment of diplomatic phrases approaches an exact science and there are certain terms, comparatively mild in themselves, that have come to be construed as having a far-reaching meaning. "Unfriendly act" is one of these and to the trained diplomatist it carries the significance that a breach in friendly relations is imminent.

There was a prevailing sentiment that this Government should decide before the note went forward just what course it would follow if German submarines caused the sacrifice of any more American lives. There was a feeling within the Cabinet circle that the vast majority of the American people did not care to have any further exchange of diplomatic notes.

At the same time, however, it was argued that the American note should not contain expressions that implied action that the Government was not fully prepared to take in the event of German disregard for the well-established rules of international law upon which the United States has been laying stress in its several communications to Berlin.

This argument was said to have come from two entirely different schools of official thought—those who wanted the Government to adopt a vigorous policy and adhere to it, and those who believed that, while there should be insistence on German observance of the principles laid down by the United States, nothing should be said or done that would involve the two countries in hostilities or a breach that might lead to hostilities.

The President tonight disposed of such arguments by adhering to the significant phraseology that appeared in the draft of the communication that was presented to the Cabinet yesterday.

There is little hope that oral exchanges will result in guaranteeing safety to American ships and lives. Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, has pointed out to Secretary Lansing that there has been no sinking of an American ship without warning since the Lusitania disaster.

This expression of the Ambassador has given rise to the belief that it will be followed by oral assurances that the principles upon which this Government insists will be observed. But the United States contends that the German Government shall not attack without warning any merchant vessel, no matter what its nationality, until the requirement of visit and search has been exercised in order to determine whether any American citizens are aboard.

The statement that future transgressions will be regarded as "unfriendly" is taken in diplomatic usage to presage a break of friendly relations unless reparation and disavowal is forthcoming.

President Wilson, it is understood, has considered fully and at length the construction which may be placed on the implications of the note and is prepared to deal with any new situation that may arise. He is hopeful and confident, however, it is said, that Germany having already modified to a great extent the practice of her submarine commanders, will now take such precautions as seem necessary to prevent any action that will endanger friendly relations with the United States.

From 6 o'clock this morning until late tonight the President, with the exception of a few hours spent in recreation, was at work on a copy of the note. Secretary Lansing, who had drafted it, worked on the original and took it to the President tonight with several changes. The President agreed with Mr. Lansing's suggestions and tomorrow the document will be finally revised in phraseology before starting on its way to Berlin.

President Works at Night.

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, conferring at the White House tonight, completed the new note to Germany warning her that the repetition of a disaster such as that visited upon the Lusitania or any violation of America rights on the high seas resulting in loss of American lives will be regarded as "unfriendly." It will be dispatched tomorrow.

The note is in the nature of a final statement by the United States of the interpretation that will be placed by this Government on future transgressions of American rights, and repeats that the American Government will leave nothing undone to stand by the position it has previously declared.

The note is about 1,200 words long. While nowhere in it is there any direct intimation of the course which the United States will pursue in the event of another disaster similar to the Lusitania tragedy, there are emphatic statements throughout the communication pointing out that the discussing of the principles involved has been virtually concluded, and that future conduct of German submarine commanders will determine the responsibility for the continuance of friendly relations between the two countries.

TOO EARLY FOR PEACE, THE PRESIDENT HOLDS

So Tells Miss Addams, Who Reports to Him on Women's Peace Conference Abroad.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—President Wilson is understood to have told Miss Jane Addams when she called at the White House this morning, accompanied by Miss Lillian D. Wald of New York, that he did not think the time had come yet for any definite effort to be made by neutrals for bringing about peace in Europe. Miss Addams, who was among the American delegates at the recent Peace Conference of Women at The Hague, and who visited the belligerent capitals, seemed to agree with the President's view, for she told him that she saw no probability of immediate peace and had found little sentiment favoring steps in that direction.

Miss Addams admitted that she had no plan of her own for bringing about peace, and she said she had not tried even to crystallize the views she had heard expressed by high European officials into a general statement. She had merely wished to lay the facts she had gathered at first hand before the President, so he could use them for what they were worth.

The President showed deep interest in what she had to say and questioned her closely on certain points. It is understood that Miss Addams's report agreed with the information given to the President by Colonel House a short time ago on his return from Europe.

"I understand that Holland and other neutrals have expressed a willingness to co-operate for peace," said Miss Addams, afterward, "and Pope Benedict is eager to be of service. What will come of these offers and of the offer of the United States I can't, of course, say."

Miss Addams, who supported Colonel Roosevelt as the head of the Progressive ticket in the last campaign, smilingly refused to answer the recent strictures he passed on the efforts of women to bring about peace.

FEEDS GUNS AUTOMATICALLY

Germans Invent Endless Chain of Shells from Depot in Rear.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.)—The Germans have now devised an automatic shell-feeding system for 8-inch and 17-inch guns. A kind of endless chain on the principle of a moving staircase carries the shells to the gun through an underground passage from the ammunition depot some distance to the rear.

Once the range is found the gun is loaded and fired automatically, control being exercised by officers from an armored observation post.

Rapidity of fire and increased accuracy are claimed for the new device, which also embraces a novel use of the periscope for aiming purposes.

BERLIN SKEPTICAL ON NOTE FORECASTS

Newspapers Disposed to Discredit Press Outline, and Few Make Comments.

ZIMMERMAN TRUSTS WILSON

Thinks Him "Too Clear-Headed" to Believe Freedom of the Seas Is Possible.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 21, (via The Hague.)—All the newspapers say that President Wilson's answer is expected to go forward on Saturday, but they make little comment on the scant Reuter cables forecasting its contents, preferring to await the authoritative text.

The Vossische Zeitung says:

"Assuming that the Reuter Agency this time actually gives President Wilson's and Secretary Lansing's real feelings, which heretofore has seldom been the case, our opinion is as follows: That the Government of the United States should not remain inactive, which is also the feeling of the German Government. Only its measures should be prophylactic, to prevent the sacrifice of more American lives. How that is possible the German note has indicated. It would be strange if the American Government stuck to the standpoint of allowing Americans to run into danger and not seek to protect them, but to avenge them. The German Government's suggestions would certainly in any event be far more consistent with the spirit of humanity invoked by the American Government."

Eugen Zimmerman of the Lokalanzeiger, who has been a consistent champion of cordial relations between Germany and America, expressed in conversation today a widely prevalent viewpoint as follows:

"The rumors of the nature of the official reception of the German note in America must be considered colored in the form in which they have reached us. President Wilson is too clear-headed to believe that complete freedom of travel on the ocean is possible, with the English blockade and the submarine war in force. Far-fetched illustrations often illuminate a situation most clearly. Suppose, for example, I were commanding the German forces in a naval battle with the English fleet.

"The battle, of course, was going well for us. All of a sudden a harmless steamer entered the battle zone and signaled, 'I have got an American aboard.' I am certainly a polite person, but I do not believe I would break off a battle which was going favorable for me and allow the enemy to escape just to afford the free passage of a steamer that signaled that she had an American aboard. An American Admiral, of course, would not do it, either, in an analogous case.

"The conciliatory German proposals offer so many possibilities for an understanding in the matter of mutual wishes that I still believe in the President."

The Hamburger Fremdenblatt, an influential organ of the German shipping interests, comments sarcistically in today's issue on President Wilson's proposed note of protest to Great Britain regarding the interference with American trade. The paper shares the general satisfaction felt by Germans that America was taking a stand against England, but says:

"President Wilson has finally found the courage to take the decisive step which little Sweden manfully and energetically takes against every encroachment on the part of either England or Russia.

"What has caused him to take this step? First of all it was the overwhelming success of German arms, which is causing a general change of sentiment in America as Bryan shrewdly foresaw."

The Fremdenblatt adds that Germans owe President Wilson no debt of thanks for this note. It goes on:

"We know too well that not the United States but respect for the successes of our arms inspired it."

Some Think British Rule Us.

BERLIN, July 21, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—German papers print without comment letters and press dispatches concerning President Wilson's forthcoming note to Germany. Occasionally a paper remarks that the world is gradually becoming accustomed to the attempts of the British press to act as America's mentor and prescribe for the President the tone and text of his notes.

ITALIANS PIERCE AUSTRIAN LINES

Continued from Page 1.

starting on July 4 with the object of discovering the enemy's disposition. From that time he gave his opponents no repose at one point or other of the line until till the morning of the 18th, when the attack became general. I am told it developed on three points, all successfully.

The most important advantages thus far gained are positions on the plateau on the triangle formed by Forts San Michele, Monte dei sei Busi and Doberdo. For two days and two nights the Italians gradually took the enemy's trenches, which were covered by supporting trenches dug into the terraces forming the remarkable natural defensive conformation of the Carso plateau.

Messages from Udine, where details of the great battle are now becoming known, speak highly of the efficacy of the artillery, the action of which must have been wonderfully precise to keep in check the fire of the Austrian rear lines of trenches while the Italian infantry successively captured and consolidated those forming the front of the Austrian position. Encouraged by the success of their first attacks and conscious of having got the measure of the enemy, despite the assiduity and ingenuity with which the latter dug himself into the hillside, the Italian troops made light of the obstacles opposed to them. It is stated that the King, General Cadorna and General Porro scarcely left the battlefield.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

UDINE, July 21.—Old Garibaldians, veterans of the war of independence, and historic descriptions of that campaign in which the father and grandfather of Gen. Cadorna participated, do not record anything so obstinate and bloody as the battle which for four days has been waged on the eastern side of the Isonzo.

Gen. Cadorna, who loves his soldiers as though they were his children, although deeply concerned, has not a moment's hesitation in saying that today's sacrifices are indispensable for the inevitable success of tomorrow which in giving the Italians the mastery of Tolmino, Goritz, and the Carso Mountains will enable them to possess Trieste without their enemies having positions from which they can threaten the Italian flank and rear.

Moreover, once these points are taken the Istria Peninsula will be practically at the mercy of the Italians, who then will have cut off the Austrian fleet at Pola both by sea and land.

All Attacks Repulsed, Vienna Says.

VIENNA, July 21, (via London.)—The War Office tonight gave out the following:

In the Goritz region the Italians yesterday continued their general attack on the border plateau of Doberdo and the bridgehead at Goritz. The battle raged all day. In the evening the enemy succeeded in taking Monte San Michele, east of Sdraussina. This morning Major General Boog reconquered this height with troops which had hitherto been in reserve.

Southeast of Sdraussina our troops maintain their positions with great stubbornness. A flank attack executed from a height to the east of Sagrado was repulsed, the Italians taking to flight after suffering great losses.

Since our troops have also firmly held the southwest edge of the plateau and have repulsed at the bridgehead at Goritz all hostile attacks, the Italian effort, which was carried out with enormous sacrifices, was again unproductive of result.

On the remainder of the coastal front there is comparative quiet.

On the Carinthian frontier nothing of importance has occurred. East of Schluderbach three enemy battalions attacked Monte Piano, but were repulsed, and fled, losing about two-thirds of their effectives.

DECEPTIVE "VIEWS" BY RADIO.

German Opinion Said to be Manufactured for Foreign Effect.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, July 22.—The Times says: "An interesting example of the way in which the German authorities try from time to time to influence foreign opinion by inserting in German wireless news purely imaginary statements of German views has been exposed by Count Reventlow.

"It may be remembered that on July 10, immediately after the publication of the German reply to the United States note about the Lusitania the German wireless system sent out the following from Berlin:

"'Political and even naval circles are beginning to get tired of the daily editorials of the Deutsche Tageszeitung against a German-American understanding on the submarine question. The attitude of the Tageszeitung is considered sufficient proof that such an understanding is desirable.'

"No such statement as this was ever published in Germany, and Count Reventlow and the Deutsche Tageszeitung have just discovered it in the English press."

MALONE EXAMINES ORDUNA'S OFFICERS

Ordered by McAdoo, He Boards Liner Here for Testimony on Submarine Attack.

Acting on instructions received from Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, Collector of the Port Malone has visited the Cunard liner Orduna at her pier at West Fourteenth Street, to investigate the attack made upon the ship by a German submarine on July 9 off the Irish coast.

The Collector went to the Orduna on Tuesday afternoon accompanied by George F. Lamb of the law department of the Custom House, and met Captain Thomas McComb Taylor, the master of the ship. Afterwards Mr. Lamb examined the chief and third officers, who had been on the bridge at the time of the attack; J. Henderson and T. Ennis, the lookout men who had actually sighted the submarine and seen the torpedo pass under the liner's stern, and several of the stewards who had been on deck.

It is understood that the testimony of Baron Rosenkrantz and other passengers on the Orduna has been taken by officials of the Treasury Department.

The Orduna sails at 10 o'clock this morning with a fair number of passengers, including several Americans. She has 11,500 tons of cargo.

GERMANY'S BUSY SUBMARINES.

Herman Ridder Says They'll Continue to Attack All Enemy Ships.

The Staats-Zeitung says editorially this morning over the signature of Herman Ridder:

Some have gone so far as to say that the Orduna affair might interfere with the course of our diplomatic correspondence with Germany in the matter of her general submarine policy.

I fail to see how the Orduna attack injects any new element into this correspondence.

We have long been blind, if we have not long ago come to see that Germany is not in the least disposed to give up her undersea warfare against enemy merchantmen.

Whether incoming or outgoing, German submarines will undoubtedly for the present attack any and all enemy ships which they can reach.

PRUSSIC ACID IN SHELLS.

Russian Commission Finds That Germans Are Using It.

MOSCOW, July 21.—A commission appointed to investigate charges of inhumane methods on the part of the Germans made a report today that they had employed shells with cast iron tips which were filled with prussic acid.

Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian Commander in Chief, received a deputation representing the municipality here today. He spoke enthusiastically of the spirit of the Russian soldiers, all of whom, he said, were confident of final and complete victory.

GREAT STRUGGLE FOR GORITZ.

Italians Destroying Approaches to Fortress by Fierce Attacks.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SAGRADO, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The fierce struggle of the Italians for the conquest of Goritz is concentrated for the present within the triangle, Plava-Podgora-Sagrado. As in the first days of this heroic contest, so at the present moment every meter of ground conquered with the bayonet is gained by sacrifice of Italian blood. The Italians do not conceal from themselves the severity of the struggle, but they are convinced that they will triumph eventually.

When Goritz is conquered the Austrian defensive line of the Isonzo will have lost three-fourths of its value. But Goritz cannot be conquered as the result of one great battle. It is simply a formidable fortress, the defensive situation of which reminds one of Port Arthur. Like the Japanese, the Italians are destroying the approaches by means of vigorous, persistent, methodical attacks which guns and trenches seem powerless to resist.

SUBMARINE WAS SUNK BY CRUISER GARIBALDI

Commander and 500 Men of the Torpedoed Italian Warship's Crew Saved.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTHERN ITALY, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—There is reason to believe that one of the three enemy submarines which issued from Spalato and Raguso on the Dalmatian coast to attack the Italian squadron immediately after the latter's bombardment of the Cattaro forts was pierced and sunk by the Garibaldi's gunfire just before that cruiser was struck and went down in turn.

Further details contain the announcement that the Commander of the Garibaldi, which served as Admiral di Revel's flagship in the Tripoli War, is among the saved and that of the crew of 600 over 500 were saved and transported to the Apulian coast. Owing to the extreme exposure to submarine attack in the Adriatic, in whose confined waters the Italian fleet possesses no havens on its own upper littoral, every means is held in readiness for saving crews in case of these sinister events.

Survivors of the Garibaldi state that after two Austrian under-sea craft were put to flight and a third was sunk, a fourth, which had passed unnoticed, lay in wait for the squadron some seven miles off the coast. The first torpedo, fired at a distance of 500 yards, missed its mark, but was quickly followed by another which shattered the ship's prow. The vessel remained afloat only a few minutes.

Italy will start building a new Garibaldi forthwith.

ALL RUSSIA PRAYS AS ARMIES FIGHT

Continued from Page 1.

the Russians are expected to check the foe.

Evidently the last word has not yet been said before the Russians withdraw from the positions guarding the Polish capital, but the public are prepared for the worst, and today throughout the empire millions of worshippers are joining their prayers in intercession for victory.

LONDON, Thursday, July 22.—The Daily Mail's Petrograd correspondent, telegraphing Wednesday, says:

"Yesterday evening the bells in all the churches throughout Russia clanged a call to prayer for a twenty-four hours' continual service of intercession for victory.

"Today in spite of the heat the churches were packed. Hour after hour the people stand wedged together while the priests and choirs chant interminable litanies. Outside the Kamian Cathedral here an open air mass is being celebrated in the presence of an enormous crowd."

BATTLES ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Official Bulletins Report Continued Teuton Successes.

BERLIN, July 21, (via London.)—The War Office tonight gave out the following account of the latest operations on the Russian front:

In the Eastern Theatre: To the east of Popeljany-Kurtschany the enemy is withdrawing before our advancing troops. To the west of Shavli the last hostile intrenchment has been stormed and occupied, and the pursuit continues eastward.

On the Dubyssa, east of Rossieny, a German attack broke through the Russian line. Here, too, the enemy is falling back.

South of the road of Mariampol-Kovno we attacked and captured the villages of Kiekieryszki and Janowka. Three Russian positions lying one behind the other were captured.

Likewise attacks by our Landwehr against positions held by the enemy north of Novogorod (on the Narew) were completely successful. The Russians retreated, leaving 2,000 prisoners and two machine guns in our hands.

Further south on the Narew River a strong outwork at Rozan was stormed. We took 560 prisoners and captured three machine guns.

The enemy endeavored to offer obstinate resistance on the Narew. His desperate counter attacks with hastily gathered troops on the bridgehead position of Rozan, Pultusk, and Novo Georgievsk failed. The Russian losses were heavy. We took 1,000 prisoners.

The Blonie-Grojec position offered the enemy only brief respite. Under the compulsion of our troops, who had been reinforced from all sides, the Russians began to give up their forfeited positions to the West of Grojec and to retire to the eastward.

In the Southeastern War Theatre: German troops under General von Woyrsch yesterday reached the advanced bridgehead positions South of Ivangorod. An immediate attack brought them into possession of a hostile line near Wladislavow. Fighting continues for the adjoining positions.

Between the Vistula and Bug Rivers the enemy has again opposed Field Marshal von Mackensen's army.

Despite stubborn resistance Austro-Hungarian troops near Skrzyniec, Niedrzwica and Mala, southwest of Lublin, and German detachments southeast and north of Krasnostava, have entered hostile positions. The attack is progressing.

Fierce Fighting on the Dniester.

A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Czernowitz, capital of Bukowina, reports heavy fighting along the Dniester River near the Bukowina-Galicia border.

The Russians brought up heavy reinforcements and made determined attempts to retake positions on the left bank of the river which had been captured by the Austrians. They are supported by heavy artillery but, the dispatch says, their attacks gained them nothing.

Along the Bessarabian front also the Russians are on the offensive, having made desperate attacks during the last four nights. They succeeded in breaking into the Austrian positions in one place, but the attacking forces subsequently were captured, and here, as elsewhere, the Russians were unable to make gains. The battle of Monday night lasted six hours, during which the Russians made eight assaults at many points.

Vienna Version of Successes.

VIENNA, July 21, (via London.)—The following official statement from General Headquarters was issued tonight:

The enemy has made a new stand south of the railway line running between Chelm, Lublin, and Ivangorod. Despite stubborn resistance, the allied forces (Teutonic) succeeded in penetrating the enemy's lines at several points.

Near Rozan our corps, in combination with German battalions, cut their way into the hostile lines. Between the Bystritza and the Vistula Archduke Joseph Ferdinand's army encountered strong resistance.

On both sides of the Borzechow our troops in bitter close fighting won positions which were stubbornly defended by Serbian regiments. From this army we yesterday took thirty officers and 6,000 men prisoners and captured nine machine guns.

Between the Vistula and the Pilica the pursuit of the enemy continues. The German Landwehr, to the northeast of Zwolen, broke through an advanced position. The fighting continues.

Fighting again broke out in East Galicia, near Sokol.

On the Dniester the situation is unchanged.

Russians Still Hold Ostrolenka.

PETROGRAD, July 21.—An official communication issued by the War Office today says:

In the region of Riga and Shavli engagements occurred on the 20th in the region west of Mitau and on the roads leading to the village of Janichiki.

On the Narew front the enemy bombarded Ostrolenka and attempted an advance toward the bridgehead between Rozan and Pultusk. On the right bank of the Narew our local attacks succeeded in driving the enemy back somewhat.

On the left bank of the Vistula on the 20th the enemy attacked us unsuccessfully in the direction of Zvntlin and Grievachoff.

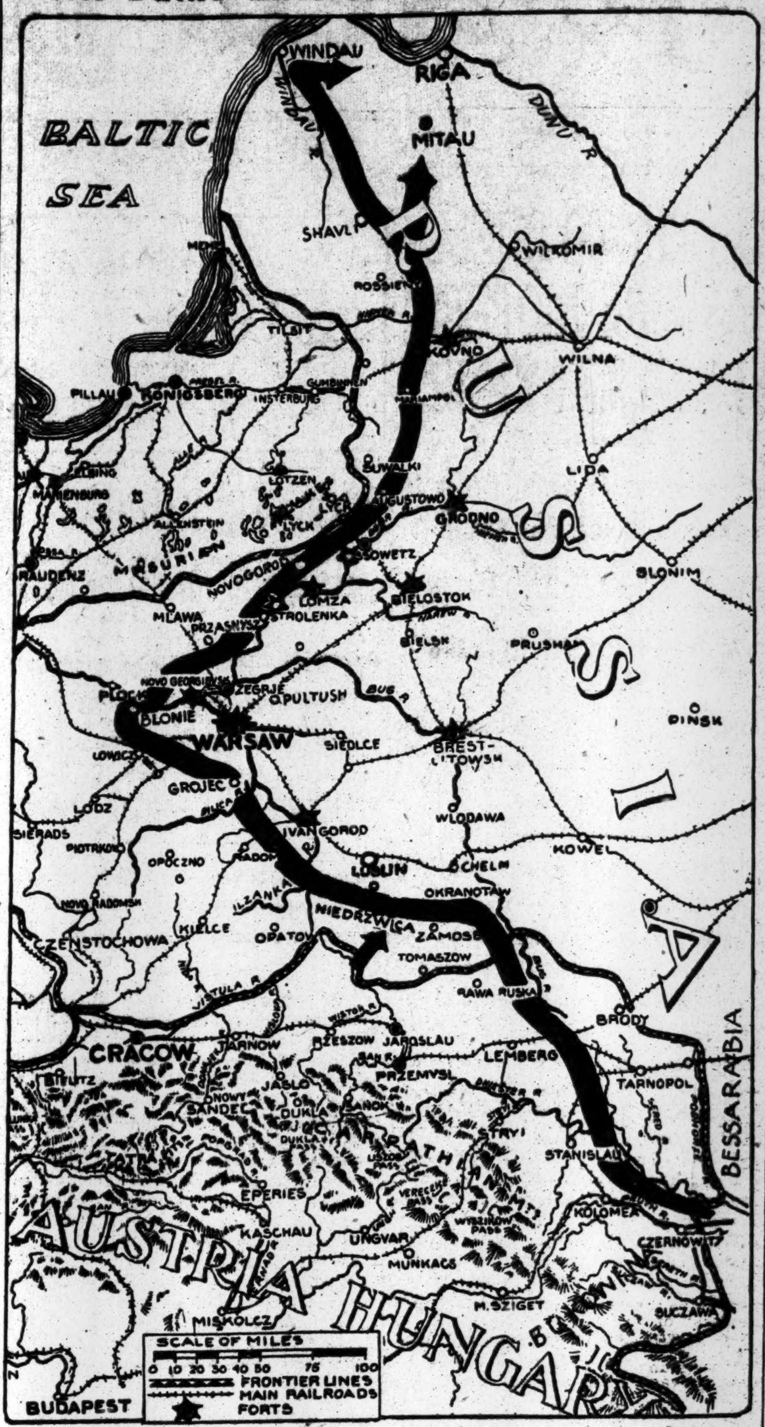
In the direction of Lublin we arrested the enemy's offensive in front of Chodel-Piascy.

On both banks of the Wieprz, near the Village of Soukhodly and in the direction of the Village of Reiovetz, a stubborn fight occurred on the 20th, which was prolonged until late in the evening. The Germans were repulsed from some sectors with considerable losses. On the front of Voisla-Vitze Groubechoff on the 20th, there was an artillery duel.

On the Bug sector of Littovij-Sokol-Potourjitza our troops harassed enemy detachments which crossed to the right bank. In the stubborn fighting which ensued we took 1,000 prisoners.

On the other fronts there have been no important engagements.

The Battle Line on the Russian Front



The heavy black line on the map shows the approximate position of the Austro-German armies invading Russia from the Baltic to Bessarabia. Great battles for the capture of Warsaw are in progress north, west, and south of that capital, the greatest of all being waged in South Poland by Field Marshal von Mackensen, who, with the bulk of the armies that made the drive through Galicia, is attempting to capture the Lublin-Cholm Railroad. His main position is indicated by arrows.

NICHOLAS READY TO STRIKE.

Russian Chief Able to Hurl Great Masses in Any Direction.

LONDON, Thursday, July 22.—A Petrograd dispatch to The Morning Post says:

"Grand Duke Nicholas has manoeuvred his armies so as to bring the enemy into positions which will enable him to throw superior forces upon either side. This is one of the oldest devices of strategy, known as the principle of partial defeat, and was first used by Epaminondas at the Battle of Leuctra, in which he defeated the Spartans.

"Seldom in history has a great commander been so favorably placed as the Grand Duke for the application of this principle. The jaws of the German nutcrackers are nearing each other steadily, but the Grand Duke has no intention of allowing them actually to meet upon the Russian nut with the smooth co-operation necessary for success.

"At present it seems that he has decided to deal with the northern attack first, meanwhile holding off the southern attack. Holding the inner lines, with abundant railway accommodation, he is in a position readily to throw the greater part of his forces upon either of the attacking German armies."

RUSSIANS NOW COMPLAIN.

Think the Allies on Western Front Are Not Doing Their Share.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.)—Among Russians complaints are being heard that this country is being left to bear practically the entire brunt of the war, nor are they confined to the mass of the people, who, of course, are not in position to judge of what really is happening on any front.

For the second day in succession the military critic of the Russky Invalid, who certainly is in close touch with the staff here, contrasts the furious battles which are being fought in a dozen different directions within the frontiers of Russia with the apparent quiescence of the British, French, and Italian armies.

Without pledging himself to their accuracy, he mentions various estimates that between the Vistula and Bug alone the enemy has upward of twenty corps, perhaps 1,200,000 men—"that is to say, as many as are operating on the entire western front."

WARSAW FREE FROM CARE.

Capital's Population Has Increased to a Million and a Quarter.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 21.—Pessimistic sentiment regarding Warsaw is largely diminished here by the appearance in the French press of Stanley Washburn's optimistic description of the Russian armies, which was published recently in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Today the Auto prints a communication from its Warsaw correspondent showing that the city is perfectly free from anxiety. He writes:

"Never has Warsaw been more cheerful or more animated. The population has increased to one and a quarter million. Food is abundant and cheap. The ban on alcohol has produced excellent results.

"The Cycle Club held a meeting last Sunday with a huge attendance. There were large entries for the cycle, motorcycle, and foot races. The wrestling contest was equally successful.

"Warsaw is utterly devoid of fear of capture."

The Auto contrasts the above with messages from Lemberg shortly before the German attack, when the city was almost emptied by the flight of the populace.

MORE PETROGRAD ATTACHES.

Three Men Are Ordered to the Russian Capital by Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The American Embassy force at Petrograd is to be increased by three new attachés to meet the press of business caused by the war and the manifold interest which the United States has assumed for the belligerents.

Frederick A. Sterling, Second Secretary of the Legation at Peking; W. P. Cresson, last attached to the Legation at Panama, and William Warfield, a son of President Warfield of Lafayette College, have been assigned to Russia, and probably will take part in the American inspection of Russian prison camps.

HUNGARY CALLS OLDER MEN.

Landsturm Men from 43 to 50 Ordered to Join the Colors.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, July 21 (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Men of the Hungarian Landsturm, aged 43 to 50, are called up besides ex-Landsturm men born in 1872 and earlier and any others who, for whatsoever reason have not yet served.

They must all present themselves between Aug. 23 and Oct. 1.

66,965 RUSSIANS CAPTURED.

Estimated Number of Prisoners Taken in the New Operations.

BERLIN, July 21, (By wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The Overseas Agency issues the following:

"The Vossische Zeitung, using official headquarters' reports as a basis, estimates that the number of Russian prisoners taken since the beginning of the new offensive is 175 officers and 66,790 men, which the newspaper calls 'a nice start.'"

POPULATION LEAVING RIGA.

Official Archives Being Removed from Threatened Baltic Port.

BERLIN, July 21, (via London.)—According to dispatches reaching Berlin, all the official archives in Riga, the Russian Baltic port now threatened by the Germans, together with the moneys of State banks and court records, were taken to Petrograd Monday.

Government officials have been advised to be ready to depart. It is said that more than 10,000 inhabitants of the city fled last week.

TWO SOCIALIST WOMEN PROSECUTED BY KAISER

Clara Zetkin and Rosa Luxemburg Among Four to Answer for Peace Propaganda.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—Berlin telegrams state that criminal proceedings have been instituted against four well-known Socialist agitators, two of whom are Rosa Luxemburg and Clara Zetkin, on account of alleged treasonable articles in the monthly Internationale.

Clara Zetkin, editor of the German Socialist women's weekly, Gleichheit, and Rosa Luxemburg, the noted translator and interpreter, at the International Socialist Congresses, are two of the most outspoken and active members of the minority in the German Socialist party, which opposes the continuance of the war and insists upon an immediate move toward peace negotiations.

About the time the war broke out, Rosa Luxemburg was tried for accusing German officers and noncommissioned officers of frightfully abusing private soldiers, and sentenced to several months' imprisonment. She began to serve her term in September.

The monthly called the Internationale was started last January in a small town near Elberfeld in Rhenish Prussia, by Clara Zetkin, Rosa Luxemburg, and presumably Karl Liebknecht and Edouard Bernstein, but was suppressed at once by the German Government because of its vigorous propaganda for peace.

TO EXCHANGE CRIPPLES.

Agreement Reached by Russia and Germany Through Gerard.

BERLIN, July 21.—(By Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The Overseas News Agency today gave out the following:

"Negotiations between Germany and Russia for the exchange of incapacitated prisoners of war have finally been successful, after many fruitless efforts. This is due largely to the work of James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador at Berlin.

"The plan of exchanging the prisoners on transports with escorts has been abandoned. The prisoners will be forwarded through Sweden, by way of Karungi. Exchange stations have been selected and the Swedish Government has undertaken to transport German and Russian prisoners to the frontier at the same time.

"An agreement has been reached for the designation by the Danish Red Cross of men to visit prisoners' camps in Russia and Germany for the purpose of determining conditions there. Three Danish officials will inspect the German camps and three others will go to Russia."

DISCUSS COTTON SITUATION.

British Ambassador at State Department—Our Policy to be Firm.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, visited the State Department today and, among other things, discussed in an informal way the shipments of American cotton held up in British ports under the enforcement of the British Order in Council.

No announcement followed the visit of the Ambassador, but it was stated that there had been no definite change in the situation, which is receiving the serious consideration of the United States Government, and will be treated in the forthcoming note to the British Government dealing with interferences with American trade.

The United States intends to insist that American cotton shippers are entitled to protection under generally recognized principles of international law and will not recognize any British municipal legislation, prize court rules, orders in council, or Board of Trade rules as valid which involve derogation of the rights of American shippers. Cotton has not been declared contraband, absolute or conditional, by the British Government, and until it has been so declared the United States will insist that cotton should be permitted to go to neutral ports.

Information has reached the State Department that the British Government does not intend to permit cotton to go into Germany, and that the British authorities feel that they have been favoring American cotton exporters by not declaring cotton to be contraband. If it were so declared it would be subject to condemnation without payment if seized and proved to be destined for the use of the armed forces of the enemy.

Frederic R. Coudert, counsel for the British and French Embassies, conferred at the State Department today with Chandler Anderson, special counsel for the department, regarding certain points of law involved in the detention of various American ships and cargoes in allied ports.

Mr. Coudert is about to sail for France, and it is believed that one of the results of his conference will be prompt disposition by the French Government of the case of the American steamer Dacia, with her cotton cargo for Germany, which has been held at Brest for many months. The Dacia was formerly a Hamburg-American liner, and her transfer from German registry is questioned. She is the only American vessel detained in France.

2

What makes a bank safe?

◆

These three factors:

1

Liquid Assets

The term "Liquid Assets" designates actual cash or such assets as the Trust Company or Bank can readily turn into cash.

2

Careful Management

Fundamentally this rests in the hands of the Board of Directors, who operate through Officers and heads of departments.

3

Close Supervision

This is insured by frequent searching examinations by (A) Committee of the Board of Directors (B) by State Banking Department (C) by New York Clearing House.

We will later explain the fundamental safety factors more fully.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT: 60 BROADWAY.
IN SHOPPING CENTER: FIFTH AVENUE AND 34TH STREET
IN HARLEM: 125TH STREET AND LENOX AVENUE
IN BRONX: 148TH STREET AND THIRD AVENUE

ACOUSTICON.

Science Conquers DEAFNESS

The "ACOUSTICON" has mastered every dormant ear. You can now hear every sound perfectly without blur of any kind.

Read what Rev. D. S. Moore, Pastor of the Scots Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, writes:

Dr. Moore Writes: *"I have used the 'ACOUSTICON' for more than ten years and pronounce it the most perfect and reliable instrument that has been produced to enable the deaf to hear. I USE MY 'ACOUSTICON' ALL THE TIME. As pastor of a large church, my duties in visiting people in their homes and the sick in the hospitals, places my instrument to some most difficult tests. It has never failed me. With its aid I can hear the whisper of a sick person quite as well as a person of normal hearing. Without the 'ACOUSTICON' I can scarcely hear the human voice. A number of 'ACOUSTICON' users attend my church and speak as enthusiastically as I do of the 'ACOUSTICON.' I consider it the best investment I ever made."*

Perfect Hearing for You

The "ACOUSTICON" will give you, too, absolutely perfect hearing. Do you want to hear as Dr. Moore does, and hundreds of thousands of others?

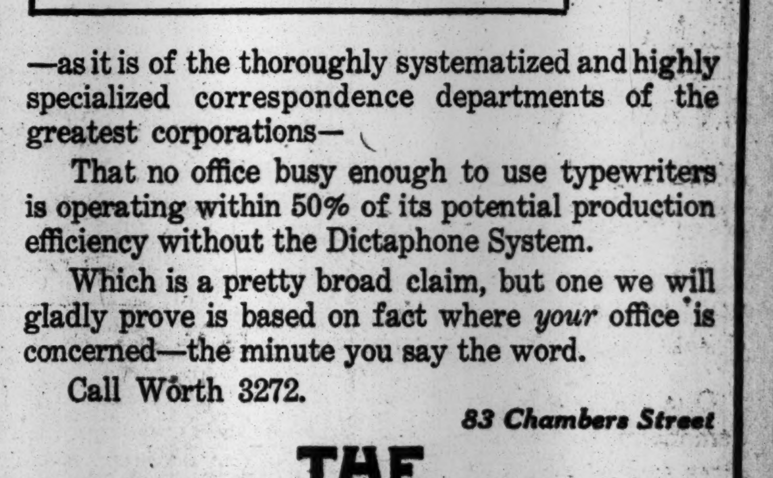
FREE Trial—No Deposit

We invite you to make a thorough trial of the ACOUSTICON. You need pay no deposit. You are privileged to test the instrument in every possible way before purchasing. Easy payments. Call at our office or write today.

GENERAL ACOUSTIC CO.
(Also Manufacturers of the Famous Dictograph)
Room 1323 Candler Building
220 West 42nd St. New York, N. Y.

USE DAILY—ONE MONTH for Toilet and Bath POSLAM SOAP and POSLAM SOAP will number you among its friends for life. At All Druggists. 25 cts. and 15 cts.

HAIR and Its Preservation, by Dr. Richard W. Muller. Price, Illust. 2d edition. $1.50 Postpaid.
LOSS OF HAIR by Dr. F. Nagelschmidt. Translated by Dr. Richard W. Muller. 67 Illustrations. 1.50 Postpaid.



It's just as true of the one-stenographer office—

—as it is of the thoroughly systematized and highly specialized correspondence departments of the greatest corporations—

That no office busy enough to use typewriters is operating within 50% of its potential production efficiency without the Dictaphone System.

Which is a pretty broad claim, but one we will gladly prove is based on fact where *your* office is concerned—the minute you say the word.

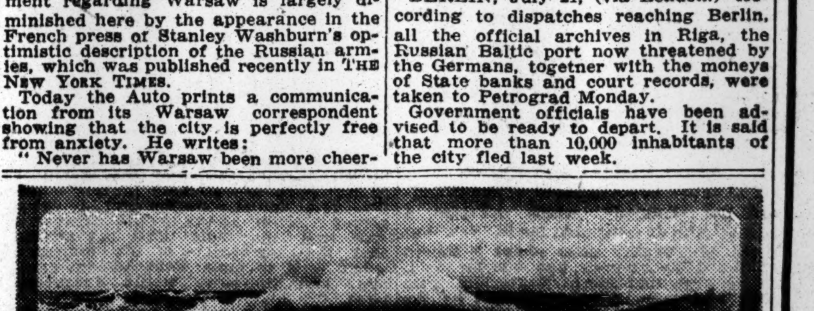
Call Worth 3272.

83 Chambers Street

THE DICTAPHONE
REGISTERED

(This advertisement was dictated to the Dictaphone)

MARTELL for AGE and QUALITY



HOTEL NASSAU
Long Beach Always Cool Long Island
announces
MLLE. SAMYA
M. ALBERT
DAVE GENARO
ISABELLE JASON
Entertaining at Dinner and Supper in La Salle Yvette, the Violet Ball Room, beginning TO-NIGHT.
Music by Maurice Wurm and his English Society Orchestra.
Barnes & Barse Corp., Proprietors
Telephone Long Beach 100.

"I can't advertise," said one manufacturer, "because my product is as like my competitor's as two peas in a pod."

"Isn't there a *single* difference?" we asked.

"Yes; but it's too trifling to be talked about."

That point proved to be the peg upon which a remarkably successful selling campaign was hung.

George Batten Company
Advertising
381 4th Ave., at 27th St.
Boston NEW YORK Chicago

WELSH MINERS AGREE TO RETURN TO WORK

Will Try to Make Up Lost Time—Lloyd George Gets an Ovation After Addressing Them.

LONDON, July 21.—The South Wales coal miners have accepted the terms agreed upon yesterday, and the strike is therefore definitely at an end.

Throughout the coal fields there was an overwhelming majority in favor of the settlement.

Work in the mines will be resumed at once. Both sides have promised the Government to exert every effort to make up for the week of idleness.

David Lloyd George, the Minister of Munitions, to whose efforts the ending of the strike is largely due, appeared in the conference hall in Cardiff after the decision had been reached and received an enthusiastic welcome. President Winstone of the Miners' Federation declared that Mr. Lloyd George and his colleagues had performed a great service for the miners of the empire, who were now prepared to do everything possible to bring the war to a speedy termination.

Mr. Lloyd George then addressed the miners, expressing sincere joy that the men had decided to go back to work with him and his colleagues "to fight the common enemy." He added:

"A week of enormous value has been lost to this country. It is only gradually dawning on us how tremendous is the struggle in which we are engaged. Even now I am not sure that we fully realize what will be its effect on the whole course of human affairs.

"The coal fields of France are now in the hands of the enemy. France depends upon you for coal. Five vessels from France lie in Cardiff harbor waiting for their bunkers to be filled, and I am going to ask you to make up for lost time and show the democracy of France that you are prepared to assist her in the struggle for the freedom of the world.

"I want you to work, moreover, for the sake of the British Navy. Fill its bunkers. It means an inviolate Britain, the existence of which makes it impossible for the Germans to despoil the Welsh coal fields as they have the coal fields of France.

"Peace at home is essential. I am sick at heart at the necessity of calling attention to the gravity of the position, but the situation is sufficiently serious to call for the united action of every man and woman in the whole land.

"We have sent the men to the front. Support them. If we do so we shall win a victory for European liberty which will resound throughout the ages."

The miners cheered wildly as Mr. Lloyd George concluded his speech and left the hall.

DENIES GERMAN INCITEMENT.

Vienna Paper Says Report Only Proves British Degeneracy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—The Austrian press flatly denies that German agents were responsible for the miners' strike in Wales.

The Neue Freie Presse says: "This nonsense, and the strike itself, only prove the degeneracy of a large section of the British people."

FIGHT AT WAR MEETING.

English Socialists and Labor M. P.'s Opposed by Peace Advocates.

LONDON, July 21.—A Socialist meeting held this evening in support of the war ended in a free fight to eject disturbers, who, although few in number, made a lot of noise.

The meeting was addressed by John Hodge and George H. Roberts, Laborites, and Will Thorne, a Social Democrat, all members of the House of Commons, and Ben Tillett, Secretary of the Dock Workers' Union, and Henry M. Hyndman, the two latter among the most uncompromising Socialists in England in the days before the war.

Tillett, who has just returned from the front, and who is an out-and-out supporter of the war, was speaking when several men and women interrupted and urged that the belligerent nations should arrange a compromise. This the speaker opposed.

Several free fights occurred in the body of the hall as the meeting ended.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 21.—A meeting held at Kingston-on-Thames this evening by the Union of Democratic Control, a pacifist organization, which has lately been exciting much hostility, was broken up after about ten minutes amid much disorder.

Arthur Ponsonby, M. P., one of the leaders of the union, received a severe hustling, being pushed and knocked about by a very rough crowd. Other members of the union were also severely handled.

$3.85 for Silk Shirts That Were $6.50 & $5

Fine, soft tub materials in neat and bold Stripes and Checks, with Double Cuffs.

One glance at these Shirts demonstrates their high character and big value.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

RAID BY 38 AIRMEN ON A GERMAN POST

Shells Dropped on Engine Shed at Conflans and Hostile Fliers Driven Off.

COLMAR AGAIN ATTACKED

One Civilian Killed, Says Berlin Report—French Aviator Reported Captured.

PARIS, July 21.—Another raid in force has been made by French aviators. Thirty-eight of them attacked the station at Conflans-en-Janisy, in Lorraine. Another assault on Colmar is reported. This time the barracks were the target.

The French War Office report on these operations says:

> Thirty-eight aviators yesterday bombarded the station at Conflans-en-Janisy, an important junction. Three shells of 155 millimeters each and four of 9 millimeters fell directly on the station. The engine shed was struck by a 155-millimeter shell. Three enemy aviators were put to flight by our scouting aeroplanes, accompanying the squadron. One enemy machine was compelled to land.
>
> Two of our aeroplanes yesterday afternoon again bombarded Colmar Station, Upper Alsace. Four shells of 155 millimeters and four of 90 millimeters fell on the tracks.

BERLIN, July 21, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—Included in the headquarters staff's report today was the following:

> Colmar was bombarded by an enemy airman. Ten bombs fell on the houses and into the streets. One civilian was killed and a woman was injured.
>
> A German airman compelled a French aeroplane to descend near Bapaume. The aeroplane fell into our hands undamaged.

Soldiers Killed in Monday's Attack.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ZURICH, July 21, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Travelers arriving from lower Alsace report that Monday's French air raid there did great damage to the military works.

Several bombs exploded on a crowded troop train entering Colmar from Strassburg with frightful results. The goods depot also caught fire, but the flames were soon mastered.

Satisfaction was expressed by civilians at the fact that they refrained from bombarding the town itself.

DEFENDS FRENCH CENSOR.

Clemenceau Cites Cases Showing Need of Suppressing War News.

PARIS, July 21.—Although Georges Clemenceau has been annoyed by the censor probably more than any other journalist in France, his paper, l'Homme Enchainé, contains today the strongest kind of an argument in the censor's favor.

Clemenceau says the recent publication in a provincial paper called the Carnet de Semaine of the name of a farm where soldiers were resting was immediately followed by a disastrous bombardment.

Similarly, another newspaper printed the photograph of a church where soldiers attended mass on Sundays, naming the village. On the following Sunday the church in that village was heavily bombarded with large shells which caused heavy loss of life.

M. CAILLAUX INDIGNANT.

Denies That He Wanted to Negotiate Peace with Germany.

PARIS, July 21.—Joseph Caillaux, ex-Premier, who has been the target of several attacks since the beginning of the war, today made a statement in his own defense. He declared untrue newspaper articles attributing to him the assertion that France should have made peace with Germany after the battle of Charleroi.

"I am as much of a patriot as any citizen of France," M. Caillaux declared, "and nothing could be more fantastic than the declaration printed as coming from me. I declare categorically that every article representing me in the rôle of negotiator of peace between Germany and France is groundless."

TO CONSULT THE COLONIES.

British Government Will Do So During War and Regarding Peace.

LONDON, July 21.—After a debate in the House of Commons today on the situation in the dominions and colonies, Arthur H. Steel-Maitland, Under Secretary for the Colonies, said it was the Government's intention to take the responsible Ministers of the overseas States into its confidence in every matter that might arise, not only during the war, but also regarding the question of the settlement of peace.

That was the reason said Mr. Steel-Maitland, why Premier Borden of Canada attended the Cabinet meeting on July 14. That was not an isolated phenomenon, but a part of the general trend of events.

FRANCE SENDS BILL TO CHILE

Wants Pay for Ship the Germans Sank in Neutral Waters.

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 21.—The French Government has presented a claim to Chile for the French bark Valentine, which was sunk last November by the Germans within the territorial waters of Chile. Chile has rejected the claim, declaring that she did not violate her neutrality.

The Valentine was sent to the bottom by a German cruiser half a mile off one of the Juan Fernandez Islands, which belong to Chile. The French Legation at Santiago lodged a protest with the Chilean Government at the time of the sinking of the bark.

FRENCH ANARCHISTS ACCUSED OF SEDITION

Four on Trial in Paris Alleged to Have Circulated Peace-at-any-Price Pamphlets.

PARIS, July 21.—Four anarchists were placed on trial today before the permanent court-martial charged with the circulation of seditious matter. The defendants are an eccentric millionaire, 60 years old, named Prouvoit, who owns a spacious villa, Rockhill, at St. Raphael; M. and Mme. Donnidier, and M. Hureau.

A large crowd witnessed the arraignment of the prisoners. The charge is that they sent through the mails thousands of copies of three separate antimilitarist pamphlets. The pamphlets accused the Government of deceiving the people, pleaded for desertions from the army, and urged peace at any price. Hureau, who is a poet, sociologist, pseudo-scientist, and mystic, is alleged to have been the ringleader.

SAYS FINANCES ARE GOOD.

But to Remain a Creditor Nation, Schuster Holds, Britons Must Save.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 21.—Sir Felix Schuster, speaking today at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Union of London and Smiths Bank, at which he presided, expressed satisfaction over what he termed the extraordinary success of the war loans. To find £600,000,000 ($3,000,000,000) of new money in three months, he said, was, indeed, a record, and the way in which the financial organizations of the country had stood the test of war was highly satisfactory.

Sir Felix said it was desirable that the Bank of England should have control of the money market and be in a position to carry out effectively the task of preserving the gold reserves of the country and of influencing exchanges. Owing to the enormous imports of war material and the decreased exports an adverse balance of trade had assumed dimensions which could not be met in an ordinary manner. There were large reserves of gold in the country, he said, but these should be used very sparingly. He believed there were still hidden reserves which might be drawn upon in case of need.

It was essential, he said, that Great Britain should remain a creditor nation, and while, of course, the country's immediate attention must be given to financing the war, England must also direct its utmost endeavors to make sure that at the termination of the war the financial and commercial position should be as little impaired as possible. To that end it seemed to him absolutely necessary that, to some extent at least, the cost of the war should be met not by borrowing, but by saving. There was still a large reserve of saving power in the country, he said, and when necessity was realized unexpectedly good results might be attained.

WARNS BANK DEPOSITORS.

A "Friend of Peace" Says Germany Has Already Won the War.

Christ Rebhan, restaurant keeper at 644 Sixth Avenue, an officer of the "Friends of Peace" and one of the organizers of the pro-German mass meeting at Madison Square Garden which was addressed by William J. Bryan, has placed advertisements in many newspapers throughout the country, calling on depositors to threaten to withdraw from banks which loaned money to the Allies.

He said yesterday that he had lost $400 in a bank on the east side since the war began and that he wished to save others from similar losses.

"I have put the advertisements in about 500 papers throughout the country printed in German and American languages," he said. "The money that is loaned by banks to the Allies is spent on munitions of war which bring no return and it means that many depositors will not get their money back. I have used by own money for this work and am not connected with any German organization.

"Did I insert these advertisements to help Germany in this war? No. I am an American citizen. Besides, Germany has won the war already and needs no help. I only want to do my part toward avoiding a situation in this country which would mean the loss of much money to depositors."

Moving pictures of any event

WE take moving pictures of parties, weddings and other social events—of your children at play—of manufacturing plants at work—of surgical operations—of engineering enterprises—of anything—anywhere, at any time. Keep a record for posterity, or for your own pleasure in future years, of interesting and important occurrences in your life or work. Our prices are very reasonable; telephone or write for more information. Tear out this advertisement to remind you.

K-T Film Co., Inc.
Phone 3724 Union
Offices: 307 10th St., West New York, N. J.

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th St.
Hours: 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. (Saturday 1 P. M.)

Today and Tomorrow the Important
Semi-Annual Clearance Sale
Men's Shoes and Oxfords

$6.50 to $8.50 High and Low Shoes are reduced to $4.85

$5.00 and $6.00 High and Low Shoes are reduced to $3.95

Included are the season's best models in mahogany Russia, gun metal calf, black or brown vici kid, patent colt and patent calf. Tops of same, or of buckskin, calf or box cloth in both the high and the low Shoes.

Fifth Floor.

FRENCH RENEW VOSGES ADVANCE

They Capture Heights Dominating the Valley of the Fecht from the East.

MANY ATTACKS IN PROGRESS

Paris Admits Germans Have Gained Ground on Eastern Edge of the Argonne.

LONDON, July 21.—A new campaign has been begun in the Vosges, according to official bulletins, issued by the war offices in Berlin and Paris today.

In the valley of the Fecht Gen. Joffre's soldiers have delivered several attacks which have been partially successful and have captured the heights and dominating that valley from the east.

Beyond this, a German attack in the Argonne, which Paris admits met with some success, and another German attack in the Forest of Apremont, which the French assert was repulsed, only artillery engagements have taken place along the Western front.

The night report of the French War Office says:

> In Artois the cannonade continues. A struggle is going on with aerial torpedoes and grenades around Souchez. There have been no infantry attacks, however.
>
> On the Eastern edge of the Argonne the enemy succeeded in gaining a footing in a trench, forming the forward salient in our lines.
>
> Between the Meuse and the Moselle there has been a violent bombardment at Tete-a-Vache, in the forest of Apremont and Le Pretre Forest. About twenty shells were thrown on St. Dié.

The day report says:

> In Artois the night was marked by cannonade in the vicinity of Souchez and from Neuville. Soissons was bombarded during the night.
>
> In the Forest of Apremont the enemy attacked our positions at the Cow's Head and at La Vaux Ferry and were completely repulsed.
>
> In the Vosges there were lively infantry actions yesterday afternoon and last night on the heights overlooking the eastern side of the Valley of the Fecht. From the north we obtained possession of part of the German defensive works, progressing particularly within a short distance of the crest of La Linque.

The German army headquarters statement says:

> In the eastern Argonnes: Our troops stormed additional French trenches, taking five officers and 365 men and capturing one machine gun.
>
> In the Vosges: In the neighborhood of Muenster vigorous fighting took place. The French several times attacked our position, between Lingekopf, north of Muenster, and Mühlbach. The attacks were repulsed. In some places the enemy penetrated our positions and had to be driven out in bitter hand to hand fighting.
>
> Southwest of Reichs-Ackerkopf the enemy still occupies part of our trenches. aDy and night frontal attacks were made on our adjoining positions up to Diedorshaven. Hilsenfirst lay under a heavy hostile fire. We captutred four officers and about 120 men, mostly Alpine troops.

ASQUITH REMAINS SILENT.

Refuses to Restate the Objects for Which England Is Fighting.

LONDON, July 21.—A request by Sir William Byles (Liberal) in the House of Commons this afternoon that Premier Asquith restate more definitely the essential objects for which the nation was fighting, in the hope that peaceful influences might result in those objects being attained by other means than warfare, left the Premier cold.

"I stated these objects with as much definiteness as I am capable of at the beginning of the war and at the Guildhall," the Premier said, "and I am unable to add anything to those statements."

Pressed to take under consideration the peace movement of the German Socialists Premier Asquith reiterated:

"I have nothing to add to the statements I have already made."

SEIZED BY BRITISH CRUISER.

Two Germans Taken from Royal Dutch Liner Off Barnegat.

Captain Van Borden of the Royal Dutch Mail steamer Nickerie, which arrived last night from Curacoa, reported that his ship was stopped off Barnegat yesterday afternoon by the British cruiser Isis and that two German cabin passengers were taken off.

The Captain said that after the Nickerie had stopped a Lieutenant came on board with a party of marines and ordered everybody on deck. The officer picked out Otto Kurz, who embarked at Curacoa, and Max Weintruant, from Port au Prince, and took them away in his steam pinnace, after which the Nickerie was allowed to proceed to New York.

This is the first time that the cruiser Isis has been mentioned among the guard ships in the North Atlantic.

TO SUE REFUGEE DEBTORS.

Some of Those Aided When War Began Refuse to Repay Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The Treasury Department has decided to ask the Department of Justice to bring suit against apparently well-to-do American refugees from the war zone in Europe to recover funds spent in their relief at the outbreak of the war.

The joint resolution making the appropriation last Summer provided that the refugees should reimburse the Government "if financially able to do so." Many have already done so, but others who seem to have means have refused.

Suits will be started in the districts where the delinquents reside.

Treasury officials say that so far no exact accounting has been made of the amount expended in relief work. Congress appropriated $2,750,000, and it is believed that more than $2,000,000 was used.

FRENCH ART WORKS ARRIVE.

Tokens of Appreciation Presented to United States Reach Capital.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The collection of paintings and drawings by French artists presented to the United States by the Society of French Artists and Writers in token of the appreciation by the French people of this country's friendly acts reached the State Department today and will be placed in the National Museum.

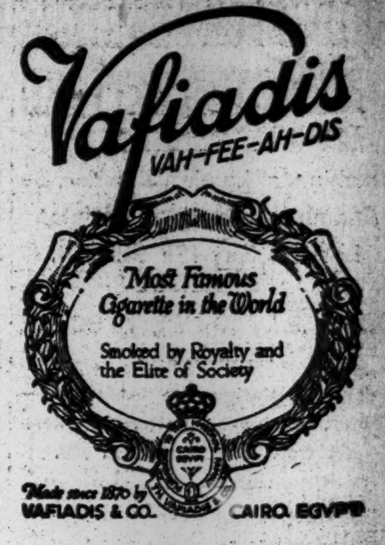
The collection was formally presented some time ago with ceremonies at the American Embassy in Paris.

SAILED FOR THE WAR ZONE.

Steamship Memphisan Leaves Boston with a Miscellaneous Cargo.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 21.—The steamship Memphisan of the Leland line departed today for Manchester with a full cargo. In her holds are 1,000 tons of steel, 400 tons of provisions, 200 tons of starch, 300 tons of lumber and a great assortment of miscellaneous freight. Captain Lawton is in command.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VAH-FEE-AH-DIS
Most Famous Cigarette in the World
Smoked by Royalty and the Elite of Society
Made since 1870 by VAFIADIS & CO.
CAIRO, EGYPT

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

Semi-Annual Sale—TO-DAY

Men's Clothing Shop
8 West 38th St.—Store Floor

This is our regular stock and not merchandise bought for sale purposes

Men's Hand Tailored Suits
33 to 46 Chest

Two, three and four button, soft roll front models, of hairline overplaids, Glen Urquhart plaids, checked or pencil striped cassimere or worsted, Oxford vicuna, English tweeds or blue serge, many half silk lined (also Tuxedo Suits, galloon bound collar and cuffs; sizes incomplete).

15.00
Heretofore $21.50 to $27.50

Men's Custom Tailored Suits
33 to 46 Chest

One, two, three or four button models, of the newest hairline overplaids, Glen Urquhart plaids, tartan plaids, club or shepherd checks, striped cassimere or worsted, Oxford vicuna, English tweed or blue serge; soft roll front; natural shoulders.

20.00
Heretofore $30.00 to $40.00

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

Semi-Annual Sale
(To-Day) THURSDAY

Men's Furnishing Shop
16 West 38th St.—Store Floor

This is our regular stock and not merchandise bought for sale purposes

Silk and Madras Shirts
Of silk and madras or madras in bright or conservative stripes; French cuffs.
1.00 *Heretofore $1.50*

Men's Crepe Shirts
Custom shirts of imported cotton crepe.
1.85 *Heretofore $3.00*

Men's Silk Shirts
Of tub silk, light or dark grounds, in a large variety of stripes and colorings.
2.50 *Heretofore $3.50*

Men's Silk Shirts
Of heavy tub silk, light or dark grounds, in a large variety of combination stripes and colorings.
3.50 *Heretofore $5.00*

Silk Crepe Shirts
Of fine quality satin striped crepe de chine.
4.00 *Heretofore $6.00*

Men's Silk Crepe Shirts
Of finest quality satin striped silk crepe and "Pussy Willow" taffeta silk.
6.00 *Heretofore $7.50 to $9.00*

Men's Silk Scarfs
Of silk crepe, foulards and heavy silk in a large variety of colorings.
.55 *Heretofore $1.00*

Men's Silk Scarfs
Of heavy imported silks in a large variety of stripes, figures and combination colorings.
.85 *Heretofore $1.50 to $2.50*

Men's Silk and Madras Pajamas
Of silk and madras in a large variety of stripes and plain colorings.
2.65 *Heretofore $3.50*

THE LARGEST HABERDASHERY BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES

Weber and Heilbroner
Announce An Unusual
Sale of Haberdashery
In All of Their Eleven Stores:

HOSIERY
22,000 Pairs Men's Silk Hose, Regular 50 Cent Quality, In black, white, plain colors and fancy stripes. 35 cents a pair—3 pairs for $1.
2,700 pairs French Lisle, Silk Clocked; and Fancy Silk Hose, 69 cents a pair—3 pairs for $2.
1,600 pairs Best Quality Thread Silk, Hand-embroidered clockings—$1.65 and $2.15 a pair.

TERRY BATH ROBES
350 Terry Bath Robes, formerly $3.50 to $5—Reduced to $2.95.
180 Terry Bath Robes, formerly $5 and $6—Reduced to $3.95.

BATHING SUITS
1,160 W. & H. Special Bathing Suits, the best these stores have ever offered at the price, $1.95 each.

PAJAMAS
3,100 Suits Mercerized Pajamas, Formerly $1.50 a Suit—Reduced to $1.15.
900 Suits Fancy Crepe and Mercerized Madras Pajamas, Formerly $1.95 and $2.50—Reduced to $1.65.
1,250 Suits Silk and Cotton Pajamas, Plain and Fancy Colors, Formerly $3.45 and $5—Reduced to $2.85.

ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR
4,800 Garments, Fine White Self-Figured Madras—Athletic Shirts and Knee Drawers—excellently tailored, 55 cents a Garment.

The Entire Stock of Weber and Heilbroner Fancy Silk Bow Ties, Formerly $1 to $1.50 each—Reduced to 65 cents.

Eleven Stores
241 Broadway
1363 Broadway
345 Broadway
58 Nassau
150 Nassau
757 Broadway
20 Cortlandt
1185 Broadway
27 New
44th and Broadway
42nd and Fifth Avenue

BRIDGEPORT STRIKE REPORTED SETTLED

Machinists' Leader, Keppler, So Announces, but Other Union Leaders Say It's Still On.

GOMPERS TO VISIT SCENE

Result of Washington Conference—About 500 More Munition Workers Go Out, Making 900 in All.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 21.—Through a haze of uncertainties these developments of today stand out in the Remington arms strike situation:

According to an estimate believed to be conservative, 500 more arms workers quit, making a total of 900 on strike out of 30,000 employed in making munitions of war in Bridgeport.

J. J. Keppler, International Vice President of the Machinists' Union, leader in the strike movement, came to the city at noon and announced that the strike was all over. When he left Bridgeport at 5:40 P. M. he said he was not coming back.

The leaders of the Metal Workers say the strike will continue to spread. They offer no explanation of Keppler's statement. The leaders of the other unions have suddenly shifted to a neutral attitude.

It was announced that Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, with a delegation of labor officials, would come to Bridgeport Friday and try to clear up the situation.

The police suppressed a demonstration by strikers at the Union Metallic Cartridge plant.

The labor union figures of the number of persons who struck today vary from 500 to 2,000. The manufacturers' total is 127. Somewhere between the two the truth lies. The manufacturers in an official statement said 15 girls quit work at the Remington U. M. C. plant. THE NEW YORK TIMES representative saw at least 100 girls walk out of the plant with their hats on at the call of the labor leaders shortly after 1 o'clock.

From the most reliable sources available it seems that 125 machinists of the 300 in the new Remington arms plant struck; 110 girl workers and 50 machinists at the Remington U. M. C. factory; 150 at the Coulter & MacKenzie Company plant, and about 75 at the Grant Manufacturing Company factory.

The labor officials announced tonight that strikes would be called in four factories tomorrow.

Settled, Says Keppler.

Mr. Keppler went to New York last night, and when he returned at noon today he said he had gone over the head of Major Walter G. Penfield, works manager of the Remington arms plant, and had settled the strike.

"It is all off," he said. "All the men will be back at work Monday. The pickets will be called off tomorrow, and no more plants will be involved."

Mr. Keppler then said he was going away and not coming back. He told labor officials he was going to Boston; he told THE TIMES representative he was going to Bayonne, N. J.

When Thomas J. Savage of the National Executive Board of the Machinists and John A. Johnson, International Vice President of the Ironworkers, were told what Keppler had said, they said that they had known nothing of it, that the strike would be continued.

Before he left the city Mr. Keppler said he would try to get Washington to investigate the charge by Major Penfield that German gold was back of the strike.

"If necessary I will take the charge before President Wilson," he is quoted as saying.

From the machinists' headquarters it was announced that Friday morning Samuel Gompers, President Kirby of the Carpenters' Union, Secretary Frank Morrison of the Federation of Labor, Secretary John Flynn of the Carpenters' Union, Vice President Anderson of the Machinists, and President McClory of the Structural Ironworkers would arrive in Bridgeport. This was taken to mean that on Friday the curtain would be rung down on the gigantic strike fiasco.

It is apparent to observers here that J. J. Keppler has been repudiated not only by his own men who refused to obey his strike call yesterday at the Remington arms plant, but also by the American Federation of Labor, against whose President Keppler and his associate, J. A. Johnson, have been bitter. Night before last Keppler declared that neither "the President of the American Federation of Labor nor the President of the United States can stop this strike." It is said on good authority that Mr. Gompers decided that there was no grievance against the Remington firms sufficient to justify a strike and that he is coming here to try to arbitrate any issues remaining.

Police Stop Demonstration.

The most spectacular scene of the strike was staged today, when several hundred strikers, with others, formed a procession downtown and at noon moved out to the Remington U. M. C. plant with shouts and cheers. Ten jitney buses whirled around the head of the column and a hundred policemen charged the parade. It was quickly scattered.

At 1 o'clock more than 100 girls of the 5,000 in the factories marched out of the doors with their hats on, amid the cheers of the strikers. They marched up and down before the factory crying to the other girls to come out. But no more girls joined them. The girls who walked out said they had struck for more money; they were confident they could get all the girls out in time.

The manufacturers insist that the strike is practically over and say that all employes who remain out will not be able to get work in Bridgeport. This statement was issued tonight from the office of the Manufacturers' Association:

The failure of the strike would appear to be due to the intelligence of the average tool maker or machinist, who has reasoned out the situation for himself, placing on the one side the policies of the out-of-town agitators and on the other side their belief in the sincerity of the statement of the manufacturers a few days ago —"Labor conditions in this city have been satisfactory for employer and employe for many years"—and that under no conditions would the manufacturers operate under any but an open shop.

The impression has gone out that the Bridgeport industrial situation was in a very bad state and that there was a great deal of unrest among mechanics of the city, whereas, as a matter of fact, the trouble has been mostly confined to a quarrel of labor unions working for an out-of-town contractor on construction work.

It is true that the wide publicity which has reflected on Bridgeport has done harm to the city, the reason being that it has prevented skilled workmen from coming to the city, which is necessary if we are to continue the plants here, and also it has prevented the placing of further contracts here.

The machinists have asserted all along that the hodcarriers were in sympathy with them and would strike. Vincent De Falco, National Organizer of the Hodcarriers' Union, said tonight:

"The hodcarriers are neutral. They are not in sympathy with the machinists, and I do not know why they should go on strike."

Twenty-five of the seven hundred guards at the Remington plant struck tonight for more pay. This makes thirty-eight guards who are out. The strikers asserted that 100 machinists on the night shift of the Remington U. M. C. plant did not go to work tonight. At the factory it was said that all returned but five.

Conference in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Prominent labor leaders met behind closed doors in the offices here of the American Federation of Labor this morning and discussed the strike at Bridgeport, Conn. No definite policy was adopted, and it was announced that the meeting would reconvene Friday morning at Bridgeport. All present bound themselves to secrecy as to further details. The labor officials from out of town left Washington this afternoon.

Besides Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, and Frank Morrison, the Secretary, those present were: J. M. Anderson, Vice President of the International Association of Machinists; Ed Tucker of the Executive Board of the Machinists; Thomas Guerrin, Vice President of the Carpenters and Joiners; John Flynn of the Carpenters and Joiners; Joseph McClory, President of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers; William J. Spencer, Secretary of the Building Trades Department; Albert J. Berres, Secretary of the Metal Trades Department, and Thomas F. Tracy, Secretary of the Union Label Trades Department.

This statement was issued by President Gompers:

"There is only this that I can say: We have had a conference here, in which representatives of the International Association of Machinists, United Brotherhood of Carpenters, Bridge and Structural Ironworkers, and officials of the American Federation of Labor participated. The entire situation as it exists at Bridgeport was fully discussed, and it was concluded that we take a recess to reconvene at Bridgeport Friday morning."

J. J. Keppler, Vice President of the Machinists, in charge of the strike, who was asked by Vice President Anderson to attend today's conference, did not appear.

Thinks Strike Will End Tomorrow.

John Flynn of Chicago, Vice President of the Carpenters and Joiners' Union of America, who returned to New York last night after attending the Bridgeport strike conference at Washington, said:

"So far as I know, things are breaking all right for us in Bridgeport, and the trouble will be over in a few days. There's to be a meeting, I think, Friday, of the labor heads in Bridgeport, and I expect it to end then. Of course, I only speak for the carpenters; if the machinery goes up we will not strike.

"If there had not been such a howl about German money you would never have heard about this strike. We had a bigger strike while the Grand Central was being built and there was not a line about it."

PENSIONS FOR ARMS MAKERS.

Remington Company Establishes System Applying to 12,000.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 21.—The Board of Directors of the Winchester Repeating Arms Company has approved the establishment of a pension system for the employes. The system, which went into effect today, applies to about 12,000 persons. Under its provision a man who has worked for the company thirty years may be, upon his request, retired at the age of 55. A woman who has worked for thirty years may be retired at the age of 50, upon her request. The company, at its discretion, may retire and place on the pension list, any male employe who is 60 years of age and has worked for the company twenty-five years, or any female employe of 55, who has been with the concern for a similar period.

The amount of pension is to be based upon the employe's average annual pay during the five years immediately preceding retirement, but no pension is to be less than $20 a month.

MORE LONGSHOREMEN QUIT.

Men from Three Mallory and Clyde Piers Demand More Pay.

Longshoremen of the Mallory and Clyde Lines at Piers 38, 41, and 42, North River, decided yesterday to join their mates on Piers 36 and 37, operated by the same companies, who struck on Tuesday. They finished loading the Concho, which sailed at 1 o'clock for Galveston, because they did not wish to inconvenience the boss stevedore.

With the 900 who struck on Tuesday, about 1,600 are now idle. The men on Piers 44 and 45, about 450, are still working, but are expected to go out today, the strikers say.

A committee of six waited upon H. H. Raymond, President of the two steamship companies, yesterday and demanded 33 cents an hour, with 50 cents for overtime and nights and 60 cents for Sundays and holidays.

Mr. Raymond said he could not grant the demands, but if they went back to work for thirty days he would see what increase could be made. He told reporters that there were four scales of pay for longshoremen in New York Harbor—the transatlantic, coastwise, Sound, and railroad pier rates. The Mallory and Clyde men get the second-best rate—30 cents an hour, with 35 cents for overtime and nights. The men average from $24 to $27 a week.

Mr. Raymond said he would have plenty of men ready to work today if the strikers did not return. The strikers have no organization of their own. They appealed to the International Longshoremen's Association yesterday and its leaders advised them to return to work.

MILITIA TO QUELL BAYONNE RIOTERS; 1 DEAD, MANY HURT

Continued from Page 1.

used their clubs, but the strikers drove the whole body back into the plant.

This success gave the strikers courage, and they crowded East Twenty-second Street in increasing numbers. The firehouse of Engine Company 4 is in Twenty-second Street, and in front of this the strikers surged back and forth.

At about 10 o'clock Inspector Cady gathered sixty policemen to clear the street. As his force advanced on the crowd 100 guards issued from the main entrance of the Standard plant to assist him, and the strikers concluded that the two forces had much the same footing. Later Sheriff Kinkead ordered the arrest of many of the guards who took part in the sortie, on the ground that they had no right to appear armed with clubs outside the Standard plant.

Fugitive in Swamp Stoned.

The first assault of the guards and police was a failure, the guards being scattered on all sides. One man fled through a swamp at the end of East Twenty-second Street and fell into a ditch used for drawing off waste oil. Strikers stoned him there and inflicted serious injuries. He escaped and staggered up a pile of cinders some fifty feet high, and here he buried himself until the mob went away, believing he had been suffocated. After the coast was clear he squirmed out and got back to the plant.

The main body of the guards retreated in safety, but two parties were cut off. Fifteen men escaped into the plant of the Tidewater Company, further down the street. Here the doors were closed against the pursuing mob, which burned down a watchman's house at the gate. A dozen others fled to the fire engine house, where they were reinforced by policemen who backed up against the wall, and fired revolvers into the crowd. Inspector Cady drove up in a buggy and tried to force his way through. His horse was wounded by one of the few bullets fired by the strikers, and he clambered out of the buggy under a shower of stones, fought his way to the shelter of the police guard, and was dragged into the fire house.

An ambulance from the City Hospital got through the crowd and Cady was placed in it. As it drove away the crowd let go a shower of stones which shattered the upper part of the vehicle. Cady, lying on the floor, fired out of the rear of the ambulance which proceeded to Police Headquarters, where Cady was treated.

The fighting subsided after Cady left. It was in this melee that Stovanchik was shot.

Two trucks, two hose companies, and an engine company were prepared to turn streams of water on the crowd, but before the hose was used, Sheriff Kinkead, accompanied by George T. Vickers, First Assistant County Prosecutor, arrived from Jersey City. When Kinkead, a former Congressman, and friendly to labor, stood up on the seat of his auto there was a burst of cheers. He told the crowd to be peaceable and to meet at Mydosch's Hall, at Avenue F and Twenty-third Street, at 3 o'clock to see what could be done about an agreement with the company.

2,000 at Strikers' Meeting.

Two thousand men crowded the hall when the meeting was called to order by Paul Supinski, the Jersey City lawyer who represented the strikers in their first demands, and hundreds more were outside.

"I thank you on behalf of Hudson County," Kinkead said, "for conducting yourselves as you have done since I took charge. Let this co-operation continue and you will all be happier, and as long as you behave so I shall have no deputies sworn in. I will play square with you, and expect you to do the same with me. I don5t want any repetition of the Roosevelt affair."

The strikers complained that, with the recent rush of war orders, the foremen had so speeded the work that they were compelled to work twice as fast as before, and that a working day of nine hours and fifty minutes, with only half a day off on Saturday, left them no rest. They chose J. D. Baily, a striker; Lipinski, Albert Gzeliga, and Alexander Androjeski a committee to go, accompanied by the Sheriff and Mr. Vickers, to confer with General Manager George B. Gifford and Superintendent Hennessy of the Standard plant.

Before the meeting ended the strikers heard that the Sheriff had sent to Jersey City for a patrol wagon to take to the county jail the twelve guards who had taken refuge in the engine house, and more than a thousand men gathered in front of the house, determined to stop it and get the guards. They let the patrol wagon enter the firehouse at 5 P. M. and sent men to put a log across the street and to get water-main pipes to obstruct it in its passage out.

Within thirty seconds from the time the doors of the engine house closed behind the patrol wagon they opened and the wagon backed out through the crowd and shot away up the street. The log and pipes were not yet in place and the crowd was outwitted. The wagon took eleven prisoners to Jersey City. One of the twelve in the engine house had walked out through the crowd unrecognized.

The crowd barricaded the street with pipes just before an automobile hook-and-ladder truck drove down the thoroughfare with Sheriff Kinkead on the front seat. On seeing the pipes the Sheriff tried to talk to the crowd, but what he wanted to say was drowned by cheers, and the truck drove down a side street.

The crowd swarmed back to Mydosch's Hall at 5:30 o'clock to hear the report of the committee. Frank Tannenbaum, the I. W. W. agitator who served a term on Blackwell's Island for leading the unemployed into Manhattan churches, had arrived, as well as John J. Dowd, Sixth Vice President of the International Brotherhood of Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders, and Helpers of America, who represented the American Federation of Labor.

The Standard Oil Company's answer absolutely refused to treat while the men were on strike, but said that if they would return to work the company would take everybody back and give an answer within four days. If not, no strike breakers would be imported, but the plant would be shut down.

Sheriff Kinkead and Mr. Vickers tried to persuade the men to accept this, and said that if the company refused to accede to their demands after the interval they would back the men in any strike, but the strike leaders held that it would be impossible to get so large an unorganized body of men out again, and that they had better stay out. On a vote, the crowd howled a reply in half a dozen languages of which the principal ingredient was the English phrase, "Stay out."

The Sheriff again asked them to keep order and told them the committee would go back to the company today and try to make some arrangement.

Alexander Marks, an organizer for the American Federation of Labor, spoke in Polish, attacking the Rockefellers and urging the men to stay out, and Tannenbaum offered the help of the I. W. W. After the meeting Tannenbaum busied himself with getting up a public funeral for Stovanchik, who was killed.

While the meeting was being held a fire started in oil-soaked lumber in the tank yard, and at intervals in the next half hour four more fires were discovered on the Standard's premises. Some of them were in cars loaded with lumber, others in the paraffine yard. At half past seven a feed pipe leading to one of the big oil tanks was cut and set on fire, and flames were blazing in the yard, where there were forty huge tanks full of naphtha, kerosent, and gasoline—the nearest within 300 feet of the flames. Until about 8 o'clock the fire burned unchecked, for all the Standard's firemen had struck and the Bayonne department, which never had been called to a fire in the plant, was reluctant to take the initiative. Finally they started and by 9:30 these fires were under control and four of the nearest tanks emptied.

Fires Light Up Bay.

The pipes leading from the pumphouse to thirty tanks were cut at 9 o'clock, and the oil, which ran about all over the yards, began to blaze up. Later this, too, was under control, but at midnight the flames were still blazing brightly, with no prospect of burning out. All that part of the bay was lit up and heavy black smoke drifted for miles.

Within the concrete stockade which surrounds the plant the company's guards were waiting, armed with repeating rifles, and boats were waiting to take off the officials if the situation got too hot for them. Two tank steamers coming from Europe yesterday to be loaded at Bayonne were diverted by wireless to Philadelphia.

The workmen of the International Nickel Company and the Pacific Coast Borax Company, whose plants are in East Twenty-second Street, passed the strikers' pickets yesterday going to and from work in long lines, with their time cards stuck in their hats to indicate their neutrality. They took up collections to aid the strikers. Storekeepers at Constable Hook offered the strikers unlimited credit. Sheriff Kinkead closed all saloons in the neighborhood, and all street car traffic in that part of Bayonne is at a standstill.

From its offices at 26 Broadway the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey yesterday isued the following statement:

> From the facts known to the company the present situation is due entirely to the action of a few professional agitators who are endeavoring to cause trouble among the employes of the company. The company intends to do everything it can for the protection of its employes and property. It has adopted the course provided by the laws of New Jersey. The proper public authorities of the City of Bayonne, the County of Hudson, and the State of New Jersey have been duly notified and the company has no doubt that the situation will very soon improve.

The company's officials refused to say whether they thought pro-German agitation had anything to do with the strike. It is said there are few Germans among the workmen, most of whom come from countries allied against Germany.

CITY PIER BUILDERS STRIKE.

Street Fight and Arrests in Clash on $4,000,000 Work.

Work on the $4,000,000 municipal pier construction job at West Forty-fourth to Forty-seventh Streets, was interrupted yesterday by a strike of more than one hundred members of the Carpenters and Joiners' Union, employed by the Holbrook, Cabot, Rollins Company, which has the contract. The men walked out at noon and their places were filled.

When the new men, under police protection, started for home in the evening, they were attacked by members of the union. Several were beaten, and the police arrested five strikers on charges of disorderly conduct. In Night Court they said they were Herman Johnson of 169 East 129th Street Olaf Nelson of Bergenfield, N. J.; John Galvin of 434 East 137th Street, Thomas Lanpall of 4,520 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, and Ira Blom of 103 Centre Street, Brooklyn.

Daniel Hughes, in charge of the pier work for the construction company, said he was notified on Tuesday by Robert Randell, walking delegate of the Carpenters and Joiners' Union, that unless the company discharged one man on the job, who was a member of the Municipal Pier Builders' Union, a small local organization, the regular union men would strike. The carpenters and joiners are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. Hughes refused to discharge the man because the firm's policy is to take on any men needed at union rates. He notified Captain Kauff of the West Forty-seventh Street Station that he expected trouble yesterday, and it occurred at noon, when the union men walked out. Their places were immediately filled from the Municipal Pier Builders' Union. A strong police guard under Captain Kauff and Sergeant Walsh was kept on duty as the new men worked in the afternoon, and they were ordered to go home through West Forty-seventh Street.

At the closing hour, according to the police, the workmen became frightened at the presence of union men and disobeyed instructions, breaking through other streets on the way home. The police force thus was divided trying to protect them. While a group of the men were going through West Forty-seventh Street they were attacked in front of 617.

MAY STRIKE ON BLISS & CO,

Machinists' Union Threatens Walkout at Brooklyn Projecticle Plant.

An announcement was made last night at the headquarters of the International Association of Machinists, 116 Nassau Street, that the machinists employed in the big Brooklyn plant of E. W. Bliss & Co. would go out on strike unless the officials of the company complied with their request for an eight-hour day.

The company has been turning out projectiles night and day. According to H. C. Seaman, Secretary of the Bliss concern, the workmen are content and have no intention of striking. He is unable to account for the strike rumor.

BENZOL PLANT DESTROYED.

Explosion Thought to Have Been Caused by Sparks from Train.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 21.—A terrific explosion, believed to have been caused by sparks from a passing railroad train, destroyed the benzol plant of the Semet Solvay Company at Solvay this afternoon. The loss is estimated at $40,000. Five men employed in the building were unhurt.

The building is a mass of twisted metal, inside of which a fierce fire is still raging. The structure was a sheet-iron shell, about seventy-five feet high, reinforced with steel girders and supports. It contained, besides other oil-refining machinery, five large steel columns, or tanks, each containing between 700 and 800 gallons of oil. There is a vent pipe leading through the roof of the building, and, according to the theory advanced by officials, the sparks ignited the vapor from this pipe.

PLOT IN CANADA FRUSTRATED.

Austrian Accused of Planning to Blow Up Munitions Shops.

MONTREAL, July 21.—The frustration of a plan to blow up the boiler house of the Angus shops of the Canadian Pacific Railway, where war materials are being made, was alleged in a police court today by one of the company's inspectors, who appeared against Demetrio Morello, an Austrian, arrested while measuring the vicinity of the plant with tape.

The inspector said that markings were found on the walls and in the underground passages beneath the boilers. He said he believed the markings were to indicate where explosives were to be set off.

EXPECT NO CLOTHING STRIKE

Settlement in Children's Trade Today Is Looked For.

That the threatened strike of 18,000 members of the Children's Jacket Makers' Union will be settled amicably was indicated in the announcement given out last night by Charles Endel, Chairman of the Children's Clothing Manufacturers' Association, which had met the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America in the Hotel Brevoort in the afternoon.

"The discussion today," said Mr. Endel, "took up every phase of the situation, and a final settlement will undoubtedly be arrived at tomorrow."

Herbert C. Ansorge, President of the American Clothing Manufacturers' Association, which settled with the union on Tuesday night, attended the conference in an effort to reach an agreement with Mr. Endel for amalgamating the two associations.

The failure of yesterday's meeting to reach an understanding means that the 18,000 jacket makers will strike on Friday morning, unless the proposed amalgamation of the American Clothing Manufacturers' Association and the Children's Clothing Manufacturers' Association takes place, which will automatically settle the trouble.

It was announced by Jacob Panken, attorney for the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, that 13,000 of the 21,000 members of the union, who struck last week, returned to work yesterday morning.

Mr. Panken has sent a letter to the heads of all independent clothing shops and it is his belief that the majority of them will join the American Clothing Manufacturers' Association before Friday morning. A strike will be declared on all those who at that time have not joined.

Discussing the settlement between the clothing manufacturers and the workers arrived at late Tuesday night, thereby averting a general strike, Herbert C. Ansorge, President of the Manufacturers' Association said:

> After the establishment of the standards the manufacturers hope that there will be peace in the clothing industry in this city for many years.

The agreement provides that standards shall be put into effect at the beginning of the 1916 Spring season; that in the coat and trousers trade one-half of the cuts made since 1913 shall be restored, and full restoration in the vest trade; that all shops shall be union shops; that all disputes shall be settled by a joint committee and in case of failure, by a council of moderators, of whom three shall be outsiders. The agreement runs until Nov. 1, 1916, and in the meantime there shall be no strikes or lockouts.

H. S. STONE'S BODY FOUND.

Drifts Ashore on Irish Coast, 150 Miles from Lusitania's Grave.

QUEENSTOWN, Ireland, July 21.—The body of Herbert S. Stone, who was a Lusitania victim, has come ashore at Ballybunnion, a small town at the mouth of the River Shannon, on the west coast of Ireland, about 150 miles from the point where the Lusitania was sunk.

The body has been fully identified by articles upon it, including a card case filled with cards, a watch, and other belongings.

SAYVILLE WIRELESS GAINS IN EFFICIENCY

New 100-Kilowatt Transmitter Sends Messages Clearly to Stations in Germany.

ITS CAPACITY IS TREBLED

Erection of Two Aerial Towers for the Support of the Antennae May Further Improve Service.

In defiance of rain, wind and lightning, the 100-kilowatt transmitter recently installed at the Sayville Wireless Station is pouring a steady stream of communications upon the receiving stations at Nauen and Berlin during certain hours of the night. The new apparatus overcomes the atmospheric difficulties which obstructed the sending of messages through the old 35-kilowatt transmitter.

Since the installation of the big transmitter on July 15 the Sayville plant, now under the control of the United States Government, has been able to handle approximately threee times the amount of its former business. The improved efficiency of the station appears not only in the increased number of messages which may be sent to Europe during the hours prescribed for transmission, but also in the very character of the message.

A wireless message from Sayville is no longer received at Nauen and Berlin as a confused series of dots and dashes which must be repeated over and over again before they can be reduced to an intelligible message. The wave propagated by the new transmitter is so powerful that it penetrates static atmospheric conditions and loses little or nothing by friction with wind and storm.

With the old 35-kilowatt transmitter in operation, the radio wave, feeble and jerky in character, succumbed too readily to hostile disturbances in the atmosphere. Before arriving at the receiving station, the radio wave was deflected from its course by more powerful currents, and the missing parts of the wireless message had to be supplied by many repetitions.

By producing a firmer and more continuous wave the 100-kilowatt transmitter does away with a great deal of this repetition and delay. Using the old transmitter the Sayville operators consumed fully a half hour in delivering a short wireless message to Nauen or Berlin. With the new transmitter they deliver three messages in Germany in the same length of time. This increased capacity for transmission, attended by a reduction in the rates from $1 a word to 50 cents, has caused a greater demand upon the resources of the Sayville station.

Under the old system no attempt whatever was made to transmit messages by day. Even by night wireless communications were delivered from Sayville only during a period of two hours, either before or after midnight. So far there has been no official change in the hours prescribed for the transmission of wireless messages, but the authorities at Sayville are determined to extend the periods during which messages can be transmitted at night.

Few of the day messages have been received intact, and the operators at Sayville, as well as the officials of the Telefunken Company, are not yet convinced that the new transmitter, with all its power, can overcome the atmospheric opposition during the daytime.

Experts believe the weakening of the radio wave during the day must be due to the action of the daylight on the transmitting aerial itself. Others think the loss of energy not only takes place at the aerial, but is to some extent distributed throughout its whole length.

In view of these possibilities the Telefunken engineers, in erecting two new aerial towers to support the antennae of the 100-kilowatt transmitter, took every precaution to insure a fluent, consistent discharge of radio wave into the air.

According to Dr. Karl G. Frank, Secretary of the Atlantic Communication Company, suspicious persons were prompt to construe the process of repetition into a series of communications with German submarines. Dr. Frank gave the following illustration:

"Thus when the stations at Nauen and Berlin asked that a certain stock quotation be repeated from '40—20' because the intervening portion had been lost, some ingenious persons were ready to jump to the conclusion that we were in communication with a German submarine."

ALIEN IN STATE UNIFORM.

Coachman of a Count Held for a Higher Court.

Norbert Kulla, 32, a coachman in the employ of Count Rochus Lynar of 15 West Eighty-third Street, was held in $500 bail for trial by Magistrate McQuade in Yorkville Court yesterday. He was charged with wearing the uniform of a soldier in the National Guard. He is not a citizen of the United States.

His lawyer said that National Guard uniforms were being sold indiscriminately, and he thought those who sold them were to blame for having them fall into irresponsible hands. Kulla was arrested in uniform last Tuesday while arguing in front of a Broadway department store.

Count Lynar appeared in court with his counsel, Miss L. Winterer of 149 Broadway. He was indignant at the detention of Kulla. He continued the $500 bail. He said the arrest was unwarranted and that he would follow the case through to the end.

OKLAHOMA DAMAGED IN 9 COMPARTMENTS

Fire in Dreadnought Being Built at Camden More Serious Than First Thought.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Nine compartments of the dreadnought Oklahoma were so badly damaged by the fires on the vessel Saturday night that they will have to be rebuilt, according to a preliminary examination of the hull made today at the New York Shipbuilding Company's plant in Camden, where the Oklahoma is under construction. At first it was thought only one compartment was affected.

The cost of the blaze will run into thousands of dollars, officials found. A number of plates were buckled by the intense heat, and it is probable that others were strained by the tons of water dumped into the big steel hulk in an effort to extinguish the flames. Pumps are still at work getting the water out of the compartments where the fire raged. Until they are cleared no accurate examination is possible.

The steel bulkheads are badly twisted by the heat, and as far as the preliminary examination can show the wiring, plumbing, ventilating apparatus, and many gears have been damaged. Several big electric motors will also have to be replaced.

One official who was among the first to inspect the ship said today: "There is nothing to warrant us in making any unnatural supposition as to the cause of the fire."

An extra detail of guards has been placed on duty, not only at the plant of the New York Shipbuilding Company, but also at the Baldwin Locomotive Works at the Navy Yard and at the Frankford and Schuylkill Arsenals.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—There have been no fires discovered on warships in the Brooklyn Navy Yard similar to the one which seriously damaged the new dreadnought Oklahoma at Camden, N. J., the night of July 19. Reports that there were such fires on several ships yesterday and today reached the ears of Secretary Daniels this afternoon. To satisfy inquirers he talked this evening by long distance telephone with Rear Admiral Usher, the Commandant of the yard, and asked whether there was foundation for the report. The Commandant assured Mr. Daniels that there had been no fires at the yard.

Secretary Daniels today gave out a summary of the report made by the Superintending Naval Constructor at Camden regarding the fire on the Oklahoma, stating that the origin of the fire "appears to be a mystery," but was believed to have been due to defective insulation or the carelessness of some workman.

Officials at the Brooklyn Navy Yard said yesterday that they were not worried over the two insignificant fires on the battleship New York recently and that there was no investigation under way to discover the cause of their origin or that of the fire which occurred on board a launch lying alongside the torpedo boat destroyer Warrington. All said the fires were caused by carelessness of some member of the crew of either boat, or, in the case of the fires on board the New York, by some member of the repair gang.

FIRE ON A NAVY COLLIER.

Blaze on Vulcan at Portsmouth Destroys 1,000 Tons of Coal.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., July 21.—Fire today in the forward bunker of the United States auxiliary collier Vulcan destroyed about 1,000 tons of coal. No material damage was done to the vessel.

The Navy Yard Fire Department fought the blaze for two hours before it was subdued.

BELGIANS CELEBRATE "INDEPENDENCE DAY"

Te Deums in French Cities Where There Are Refugees—Cabinet at Service at Havre.

PARIS, July 21.—The celebration of the eighty-fifth anniversary of the independence of Belgium today was in sharp contrast to that of previous years.

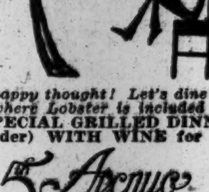
There were Te Deums in Bordeaux, Cherbourg, Havre, and elsewhere where there are considerable Belgian colonies.

At Havre flags were displayed on all houses. The Belgian Cabinet attended the service in that city. In the course of the service the Belgian national anthem was sung by the congregation.

At Bordeaux Cardinal Andrieu officiated. The chaplain in his sermon said: "The songs you have just heard are not yet those of triumph, but songs of mourning and confidence."

The Belgian Courrier at Bordeaux issued a special edition, in which there were articles written by leading members of the Belgian Government.

King Albert passed the day in his own country with his soldiers.



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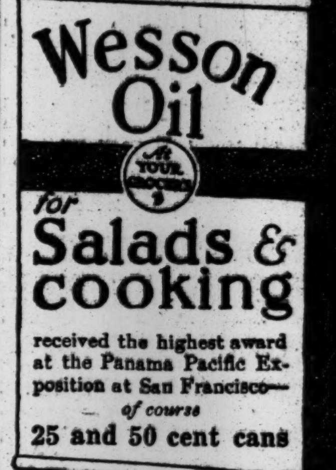

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GARRISON WANTS NACO EVACUATED

Alleging Violated Agreement, Secretary Recommends Carranza Army Be Urged to Leave.

CAPITAL AGAIN CUT OFF

No Word Coming Through from Mexico City—Big Villa-Carranza Engagement Impending.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Occupation of the Mexican side of the town of Naco, on the Mexico-Arizona border, by Carranza forces was brought to the attention of the State Department today by Secretary of War Garrison, with the recommendation that the Carranza commander be requested to withdraw in accord with the agreement entered into last Winter that there should be no fighting there.

No action had been taken tonight by the State Department. Secretary Lansing had before him the War Department's recommendation, reports from Consular agents on the border, and a protest against the taking of Naco filed by Enrique C. Llorente, General Villa's agent here.

The international boundary runs through Naco. When the Mexican factions were contending for possession of the town bullets and shells were constantly falling on the American side. Through Major Gen. Scott, Chief of Staff of the United States Army, Governor Maytorena, for Villa, and the Carranza leader, General Calles, agreed that all military forces should be withdrawn and the town left an undefended neutral port. Secretary Garrison regards the present occupation as a violation of the agreement, likely to lead to renewed fighting and endangering of American lives.

In his protest to Secretary Lansing today the Villa agent stated that only the absence of Maytorena troops from Northern Sonora to protect Americans in the Yaqui territory had made possible the taking of Naco and the killing of civilian guards and customs employes. He asked that the exportation of arms and munitions to Naco be prohibited for the time being.

NOGALES, Ariz., July 21.—Anticipating a battle between the Carranza and Villa forces opposite here, residents of this town today began to board up windows facing the Mexican border line and move furniture to cellars.

Governor Maytorena, the Villa leader, now has 4,000 troops in Nogales, Sonora. All his artillery has been removed from Guaymas, the west coast port, which is now undefended. All the Villa troops in that section, including those sent to protect American settlers from Indians in the Yaqui Valley, have been moved southward. Carranza troops are reported to be advancing to take possession of the city.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Mexico City is again cut off from the world as a result of its sudden evacuation on Sunday by the Carranza forces commanded by General Pablo Gonzales, the immediate occupation of the place for the third time by the Zapatistas and the success of General Villa's flying column in cutting General Gonzales's communications with Vera Cruz. The State Department is unable to communicate with Mexico City, and Senhor Cardoza, the Brazilian Minister, who represents American interests there, may again be compelled to resort to the use of couriers to send his official reports to Vera Cruz for transmission to Washington and Rio de Janeiro.

The Villista flying column, according to reports reaching Washington, was strong enough to make a rapid advance though Leon, Silao, Irapuato, Celaya, and Queretaro to Pachuca, and is well equipped with arms and ammunition. Generals Reyes and Fierro have also managed, according to this information, to send guns and ammunition to the Zapata forces in Mexico City. The Zapatistas were greatly in need of ammunition.

The Carranzistas are bending their efforts, it is said, toward the annihilation of the Villista flying column, hoping to crush it between Gonzales's army from the south and a wing of Obregon's army from the north, and upon the outcome of the battles in which this flying column will figure will depend important developments in Mexico. The Villa flying column hopes to fight its way through the Gonzales forces into Mexico City.

VILLISTAS ABANDON PACHUCA.

Stories of Starvation in State of Vera Cruz Denied by Clergyman.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, July 21.—It is reported here that the Villistas, under General Rodolfo Fierro, evacuated Pachuca this morning.

A decree by the Governor of Puebla forbids the religious celebration of marriages or baptisms without having had the civil ceremony performed first. Priests must have all the documents, berth records, and civil marriage records, before performing the ceremonies.

The Rev. Dr. Wallace arrived here this morning from Jalapa. He states that food prices are high, but there is no starvation, and denounces as lies the stories sent to the Red Cross.

The church has not had more than the usual calls for relief, he says, and the corn crop will be extra large. He adds that ten miles from the railroad one cannot find any signs of the revolution.

The Red Cross aid work in Vera Cruz will be carried on by the churches, which have accepted the supplies to be used whenever needed.

INDICTS BOTH FACTIONS.

General Devol in Report Accuses Them of Exploiting Public.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Brigadier General Carroll A. Devol, now Assistant Quartermaster General, who has just returned to Washington from a six weeks' stay on the Mexican border, has filed with Secretary Garrison a report on conditions in Mexico, much of which is confidential.

The report, however, according to a summary given out by Secretary Garrison today, indicts both the revolutionary factions in Mexico. It shows that both of them permitted the exportation of foodstuffs when the people needed food and that the civil population has been subsisting only by sufferance of the military factions, which resort to severe methods of exaction and exploit commercial supplies and industries for the benefit of the military.

The report also shows that both the Carranza and Villa authorities in northern Mexico (mentioning General Hernandez and General Villa by name) prohibited the purchase of food supplies in Mexico for the relief of the Mexican people, stating that such supplies must be bought outside of Mexico or after they had been exported from Mexico. General Devol thinks that the real reason for this was a desire of the military authorities to collect a military export tax of $400 to $500 a car on such foods when exported. This money, General Devol asserts, is paid direct to the military leaders.

The report says:

"There are still large quantities of food supplies assembled in various ports of Mexico and held by the military authorities and not permitted to reach the people."

ST. THOMAS EXPELS CASTRO

Ex-Dictator of Venezuela Not Wanted on Danish Island.

ST. THOMAS, Danish West Indies, July 21.—The Danish Government ordered the deportation of Cipriano Castro, former President of Venezuela, who arrived here Monday from Port of Spain, Trinidad, demanding that he return on the steamer on which he came.

Consequently Castro left this afternoon aboard the British steamer Berbice, presumably for Trinidad, where he had resided for some time.

MEMBERS AID MIDSHIPMEN.

Congressional Influence Complicates Annapolis Cribbing Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The Administration is closely watching the Naval Academy investigation at Annapolis. The Court of Inquiry is now formulating a report to be submitted to Secretary Daniels. Captain Lloyd Chandler, Commandant of Midshipmen at the Academy, came to Washington today and conferred with Secretary Daniels.

The situation has been complicated by political pressure exerted by Congressmen interested in midshipmen involved in the cribbing scandal. Members have written letters to the Navy Department in which they sought to use their influence in behalf of accused midshipmen, and several members appeared as counsel for accused students at the Academy.

President Wilson has been seeking to place the nation's two military schools on a high plane, and the expose of the cribbing in the examinations at the Academy came as a surprise. The President and Secretary Daniels have decided to deal summarily with the situation. From the very start, however, embarrassment has been caused by Congressmen active in behalf of midshipmen. Secretary Daniels today denied that he had issued any order restricting the Annapolis authorities from taking final disciplinary action, but pointed to an order he issued in 1913, as folows:

"When any officer of the Naval Service, including midshipmen and warrant officers, is officially reported as having been guilty of intoxication or immorality, the matter will be reported to the Navy Department before such disciplinary action is taken by other authority as would preclude further action in the case by the Department."

THREE ARE KILLED BY FALLS

Mrs. Nellie Brophy, Helping Sister to Move, Drops Five Stories.

A woman and two children were killed by falls yesterday.

Mrs. Nellie Brophy of 379 Tompkins Avenue, Tompkinsville, S. I., fell to her death on the birthday of her 10-year-old daughter, Josie. Mrs. Brophy was the mother of three children. The accident occurred at the home of her sister, Mrs. Mary Leahy of 81 Madison Avenue, who was packing her furniture to move. In assisting her Mrs. Brophy fell from a rear apartment on the fifth floor and was dead before the ambulance surgeon arrived.

Samuel Hertzlinger, 21 months old, of 196 Third Avenue, eoppled off the rear fire escape on the fifth floor of his home and was picked up dead. His brother Morris, 10 years old, was in the yard at the time, and stretched out his arms to catch the child, but did not succeed.

Patrick Mahoney, 6 years old, was playing on the roof of his home, at 404 East Seventy-fourth Street yesterday, when he fell to the rear yard, a distance of six stories. He was instantly killed.

While repairing a lift in the New York Central Grain Elevator at the foot of West Sixtieth Street yesterday, Michael Harding, 20 years old, of 26 West End Avenue lost his footing and fell to the floor, thirty feet below. He was taken to the Polyclinic Hospital, where he was found to be suffering from internal injuries.

FATAL JUMP INTO SKYLIGHT.

Operator's Mind Unbalanced by Working on an Invention.

Unbalanced from overwork on an invention, Abraham Schumlowitz, 26 years old, an operator, of 126 East Fourth Street, committed suicide yesterday by jumping from the fifth floor of 310 Sixth Avenue, where he was employed. He fell on a skylight over Cammeyer's shoe store in the same building. The shattered glass dropping into the store caused some excitement. Schumlowitz was prevented from falling through the skylight by a heavy wire netting. He was alive when extricated, but died in the New York Hospital two hours later.

Schumlowitz worked for a concern making leggings and belts. He had often showed fellow employes the model of a die he was working on, but did not give any further details. He tried to kill himself two months ago.

TWO SOLDIERS HURT IN BIG SHAM FIGHT

Major Duffy of Sixty-ninth Caught in Bog and Squadron A Man Has Leg Broken.

BLUE ARMY HAS ADVANTAGE

Although When Militiamen Stop to Rescue Officer Regulars and Seventy-first Gain Ground.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL PLAINS, N. Y., July 21.—Major John E. Duffy, commanding the Second Battalion of the Sixty-ninth Regiment, very nearly lost his life, and George E. Fahys of Glen Cove, L. I., a trooper of Squadron A, the crack mounted organization of Manhattan, had his left leg fractured during the joint battle exercises of the National Guard organizations of Manhattan and the regulars from Plattsburg Barracks and Fort Ethan Allen this morning.

This was incidental to a hard day's fighting at the end of which the Blue, or defending army, was conceded to have a slight advantage.

Major Duffy, who was caught in a quagmire while leading his men in a charge against the dismounted cavalrymen of Fort Ethan Allen, is in the division hospital here, while Fahys was sent to his home. Both accidents occurred during what will go down in National Guard records as the battle of Robinson Hill, and had Major Duffy's men taken his advice and continued to advance when their commander fell face forward into the treacherous quicksands, quite a different ending would probably have been the result. Major Duffy weighs more than 200 pounds, and it required the efforts of a dozen soldiers of the Sixty-ninth to pull him out. He was unconscious when rescued, and two militia surgeons worked over him several hours before he was out of danger.

The accident occurred at the moment when the military problem that was being worked out reached its most exciting climax. The Sixty-ninth, with the Seventh and Twelfth Regiments, formed the backbone of the Blue army, which in this instance theoretically represented an American army battling hard to hold a big force of invaders in check. The home troops were hard pressed and the troopers of the Second United States Cavalry, under Captain Joseph H. Herron, were ready to swoop down upon the New Yorkers when Colonel Conley of the Sixty-ninth ordered the first and second battalions of his command to charge.

Duffy Was Leading a Charge.

The charge started within a few hundred yards of Robinson Hill. Major Duffy had dismounted and was leading his men on the dead run. Bayonets were fixed and from the hills and depressions that dotted the battle ground the snappy barking fire of rifles and the roar of the field artillery made the situation seem a most real one, the result being that the soldiers went at it hammer and tongs. Duffy had to lead his men down a hill, and it was at the foot of that hill that he slipped and fell prone into the quagmire.

"Go on, don't mind me, I'll get out," he shouted to his men, but for once the command of a superior was disobeyed and a score of soldiers, led by Lieutenant Frederick W. Rice of the Medical Corps, hurried to the aid of the fallen officer. When Major Duffy was finally pulled back on solid ground he had lost consciousness. An ambulance was summoned and the still unconscious officer was removed to the division hospital, where he was gradually brought around by Drs. Rice and William Ford. It was said tonight that it was very doubtful if Major Duffy would be able to take any part in the manoeuvres scheduled for tomorrow and Friday.

Trooper Fahys owes his being put out of action to a fractious horse made nervous by the popping of rifles and the booming of artillery. Fahys was trying to calm his mount when suddenly it gave him a vicious kick on the left leg. Fahys was removed to the hospital, his leg set and he was sent back to New York.

Officers Handled Problem Well.

The battle which began early this morning and did not end until nearly noon was, perhaps, the most strenuous action of the kind ever fought in this State, and both regular and National Guard officers are agreed tonight that the officers upon whom devolved the duty of working out the problem, did their duty in most creditable fashion. Major General O'Ryan, the Division Commander, was the chief umpire. Colonel Joseph T. Dickman, of the Second Cavalry, commanded the Red or invading army, while Brigadier General George R. Dyer, of the first brigade of the National Guard, commanded the Blue, or defending army.

The Blue army consisted of the Seventh, Twelfth, and Sixty-ninth Regiments of the infantry, Squadron A., the field artillery, a company of engineers and a company of signal men. The Red army was made up of the troopers of the Second United States Cavalry, a battalion of the Thirtieth United States Infantry, under Major H. H. Bandholtz, and the entire Seventy-first Regiment of Manhattan, under Colonel Bates. The total number of men engaged was about 5,500, although each army theoretically represented a force that numbered more than 100,000 men of all arms.

This was the problem: The Blue army was supposed to have gained information that the commander of the Red army was sending a large force of reinforcements to his army in the south, and, as it was necessary to move this force by rail, the job of the Blues was to destroy the railroad at Hopewell Junction in the effort to keep the enemy's reinforcements from joining the main Red army between here and New York.

Early this morning the scouts of Squadron A located a part of the enemy forces and found them ready to dispute every inch of the way. These regulars, who for today were theoretically enemies of their own country, are experts when it comes to "digging in," a fact that General Dyer and subordinates soon learned. Their trenches ran along a ridge between the hamlets Didell and Ackerman.

Scouts Discover the Enemy.

The main Blue army advanced toward the enemy along the Ackerman Road. The scouts of Squadron A darted in and out of woods and gulleys, ever on the watch for a sign of the enemy. Shortly after 8 o'clock the scouts discovered a part of the enemy on the ridge northeast of Didell. The second battalion of the Seventh was ordered to advance cautiously. The battalions of the Sixty-ninth were held in readiness to act as reserves to back up the Seventh, while the artillery manoeuvred into position so as to be ready to open fire the moment the infantry advance was well under way and the range of the enemy positions ascertained. The regular cavalrymen, however, were just as alert as the guardsmen, and they had dismounted and were ready for battle, a fact that the guardsmen soon found out. The regular troopers greeted the defenders with a brisk fire, and it was not until the artillery and machine guns of the Blues came into action that they retired on the main Red infantry columns several hundred yards in the rear.

Meanwhile the Blue scouts had definitely located the main Red force. Then the battle started in earnest, and the carnage, theoretically speaking, was frightful. Both sides suffered enormous casualties. The battlefield, as seen through the theoretical eyes of trained soldiers, was strewn with the bodies of the dead and wounded. Several battalions of the Blue army were almost completely wiped out, while Major Bandholtz, Captain Herron, and Colonel Bates lost more than a third of their commands.

While the battle was in a great many ways spectacular, it was nevertheless a manoeuvre that was very practical and businesslike from a war standpoint, and it was carried out by both sides in fine fashion. The discipline was fine and every man went about his work with a realization that it was as much the duty of the modern soldier to protect himself as to get the other fellow. There was no wild scrambling and random shooting as was the case in the manouvres of past years. There was no firing at impossible ranges, and it was plain to even the greenest civilian that the National Guardsmen of New York, under General O'Ryan, are a well-trained, well-disciplined, and brainy body of men.

Tomorrow the whole brigade will march in review before the Commander in Chief of the State's armed forces, Governor Whitman, the point selected being three-quarters of a mile north of the regular parade field and the time 3 o'clock.

Hundreds of automobiles will carry passengers from Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, Beacon, and New York.

There was a variety of entertainment in camp tonight, such as boxing and wrestling matches, singing by impromptu glee clubs, and card playing.

Two slight cases of sunstroke were reported by the hospital corps today.

ROOSEVELT URGES NATION TO PREPARE

Continued from Page 1.

commemorate on the Fourth of July and on Decoration Day; a song, the singing of which seems incredible to every man and woman capable of being stirred to lofty and generous enthusiasm by the tremendous surge of Julia Ward Howe's 'Battle Hymn of the Republic.' China has steadily refused to prepare for war. Accordingly China has had province after province lopped off her, until one-half of her territory is now under Japanese, Russian, English and French control.

"The professional pacifists, the peace-at-any-price, non-resistance, universal arbitration people are now seeking to Chinafy this country. While the best people in China are painfully endeavoring to raise the new China to a position of international aspect and of national self-respect, well-meaning people here are doing their best to reduce this country to the level of impotence to which the old China has sunk—to which she has sunk primarily because for generations the moral fibre of the Chinese people has been closely eaten into by the doctrines of the professional pacifists, so that she has shown herself incapable during the last thirty years of preparing herself against war and for self-defense.

Assails Arbitration Treaties.

"Probably the worst feature of our national life is the habit of using words with no relation to facts, of making promises which are not to be kept; as I have said above, of treating elocution as an adequate substitution for action. This habit has worked particular damage to us in international relations, and most of all in connection with the arbitration treaties, peace conventions and the like into which we have control. We can accomplish nothing real for international peace until we understand that it is disgraceful not to make our deeds square without words, and therefore disgraceful to make a promise which we either ought not to or cannot keep.

"During the past year or so this nation has negotiated some thirty all-inclusive peace treaties by which it is agreed that if any issue arises, no matter of what kind, between itself and any other nation, it would take no final steps about it until a commission of investigation had discussed the matter for a year. This was an explicit promise in each case that if American women were raped and American men murdered, as has actually occurred in Mexico; or American men, women, and children drowned on the high seas, as in the case of the Gulflight and Lusitania; or if a foreign power secured and fortified Magdalena Bay or the Island of St. Thomas, we would appoint a commission and listen to a year's conversation on the subject before taking action.

"England and France entered into these treaties with us, and we begged Germany to enter into one, and, although Germany refused, yet if we were right in entering into them with England and France, we deprived ourselves of moral justification in refusing to fulfill their spirit as regards Germany. Personally I believe that it was absolutely necessary when the concrete case arose to repudiate the principle to which we had thus committed ourselves. But it was a shameful thing to have put ourselves in such a position that it had to be repudiated, and it was inexcusable of us to decline to follow the principle in the case of the Lusitania without at the same time making frank confession of our error and misconduct by notifying all the powers with whom we had already made the treaties that they were withdrawn, because in practice we had found it impossible and improper to follow out the principle to which they committed us.

"In the same way, let the individuals who advocate disarmament say clearly just what they mean. If this nation is to disarm, that is, if it is to take the old Chinese attitude about preparedness for war, then it must be prepared to adopt the Chinese attitude of helpless submission to any conditions which foreign powers choose to impose. Let it be understood that under such conditions if disorder continues in Mexico we shall not object to some European or Asiatic power taking possession of Mexico or any part of it and then doing what it chooses there. Let it be understood that if in such case some power wishes to take possession of the Panama Canal we shall not, because we are not able to, raise any effective protest. These are the things that disarmament means, for disarmament would represent merely the Chinafication of this country.

Preparedness as Peace Insurance.

"I advocate preparedness against war as the best type of peace insurance. Preparedness for war may be not only the best, but the only corrective for the spirit of militarism. Switzerland is the most democratic of republics, and the least militaristic; and yet relatively to its size it is the one best prepared against war.

"Preparedness is not the affair of a day. If we begin at once, a year or two must elapse before we shall have accomplished even a beginning. We should do what Switzerland and Argentina, for example, have already done. They now have universal military service in Argentina. The Argentine army is a great deal more fit to uphold the Monroe Doctrine south of the equator than our army, and in spite of its high average of individual efficiency and because of its lamentable smallness, is fit to uphold the Monroe Doctrine north of the equator."

Drawing to the conclusion of his address, Col. Roosevelt urged increasingly high standards of efficiency in the army and navy.

"Conditions in Mexico," he said, "are such that unless the Mexicans themselves come to their senses and unless we are content to see foreign powers undertake the regulation of Mexico, we may ultimately have to interevene. Such intervention would represent not real war but a work of pacification and police. For such a work volunteer soldiers are not well fitted. It should be done exclusively by the regular army, and for this purpose there should be a mobile army of over a hundred and thirty thousand men, so that the whole regular army should be about two hundred thousand strong.

"In addition I firmly believe that there should be universal military service for our young men on the Swiss model. Finally and most important let us remember that there can be no efficient preparedness against war unless we prepare our own souls. If we become soft and flabby physically and morally we shall fail. No nation ever amounted to anything if its population was composed of pacifists and poltroons, if its sons did not have the fighting edge, if its women did not feel as the mothers of Washington's Continentals felt, as the mothers of the men who followed Grant and Lee felt. Men who are not ready to fight for the right are not fit to live in a free democracy. The only women fit to be wives and mothers in a free republic are those who feel that their sons are not sons of theirs unless when their country calls their souls are eager and their feet jubilant to answer the mighty trumpet note which announces that the hearts of men are being sifted out before the judgment seat."

WOMEN ASSAIL COLONEL.

Resent His Criticism of Hague Peace Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Leading women of this city today assailed Colonel Roosevelt's statement in an article in the Metropolitan Magazine that the delegates to the Peace Conference at The Hague "were actively engaged in exciting contempt and derision for themselves and their country by crying for peace without justice and without redress of wrongs." In commenting on the Colonel's views Elizabeth Glendower Adams said:

"I will say Mr. Roosevelt cannot have read the resolution adopted at the Women's Hague Congress, else he could not have characterized them as calling for a peace that would crown unrighteousness and so forth. These resolutions demand an honorable peace, which shall be permanent because based on justice not resting on abstractions. Does not Colonel Roosevelt owe the delegates to The Hague Congress an apology?"

Frances Holbrook said: "Colonel Roosevelt's statements might be valuable if true. They are not true."

Lela Maverick Lloyd said:

"Mr. Roosevelt evidently has not read the resolutions adopted at The Hague. If he had read them, he would know that the women demand every possible guarantee for the triumph of righteousness over unrighteousness in the present and for the future."

Fanny Fern Andrews said:

"The congress, representing seven of the belligerent countries and five of the neutrals, united in a common appeal to the Governments of the world to begin peace negotiations, and offered a constructive plan of mediation, represented in a conference of neutral nations. Does Mr. Roosevelt now repudiate The Hague convention providing for 'special mediation by neutral powers,' which he so successfully called into service at the peace of Portsmouth?"

Alice Thacher Post said:

"Mr. Roosevelt has been misinformed as to what was demanded by the women at The Hague when he says that they cried 'for peace without justice.' They asked that the peace which is to come 'shall be permanent, and therefore based on principles of justice.'"

DROPS FORT WASHINGTON.

War Department Intrusts Defense of Capital to Mobile Troops.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—With the entraining today of the Seventeenth Company, Coast Artillery, for the Philippines, Fort Washington, the last of the defenses of Washington, has been abandoned. For many years three companies of coast artillery have been kept at Fort Washington.

Although the capital has been stripped of its fortified defenses, three batteries of field artillery at Fort Myer, Va., and a battalion of engineers at Washington Barracks keep the city from being as helpless as it was when the British raided it and burned the Capitol on Aug. 24, 1814.

Fort Washington is being abandoned because it is not believed to be good policy to fortify on rivers so far inland, when mines can afford adequate protection from a naval attack. All the war games of recent years have gone against such defenses as Fort Washington.

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By RUPERT HUGHES

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Simple Way to Avoid "Summer Complaints"

Don't wait for hot weather to bring on cholera morbus, dysentery or diarrhoea and then take some dangerous opiate to check the trouble. Begin today to drink a glass or two of Man-a-cea—that clear, delicious, non-laxative mineral water—with each meal. That will keep your stomach and bowels in shape to resist all attacks.

Man-a-cea Water is peculiarly suited to the treatment of infants and children who suffer even more than adults from these distressing complaints. Sold by druggists and by Park & Tilford, Charles & Co., Ackery Merrall & Condit Co., and other first-class grocers. Get a booklet from your dealer.

for Women Everywhere

THE well-dressed woman of today does not subject herself to the embarrassment of superfluous hair on the underarm.

With the vogue of sleeveless evening gown—the sheer blouse fabrics—and the popularity of the dance—women of nice feeling have, by means of the Gillette, presented an underarm as smooth as the face.

Milady Decolleté Gillette
(Your dealer can supply you today)

The continued use of the Gillette—as much a matter of good grooming as good style—and the insistent demand of women everywhere for a Gillette adapted to their own use, has led to this new Model—Milady Decolleté Gillette.

The experience of women who have used a Gillette for years proves that it does not roughen the skin or coarsen the hair in the slightest degree.

Of dainty size, in 14-K gold plate, enclosed in French Ivory case, lined with velvet and satin in Purple, Old Rose, Green or Old Gold—Milady Decolleté Gillette is a most attractive toilet article. It will be found with the toilet goods in department stores, also in jewelry and drug stores and the foremost woman's specialty shops. The price is $5.

Shown by good dealers everywhere

For full particulars about Milady Decolleté Gillette and its use, write us direct

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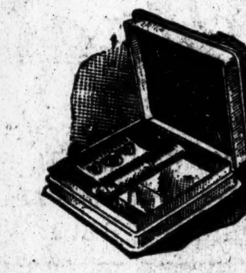

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Today, a Day of Extraordinary Values in
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Everything advertised here is either a brand-new offering, or, if previously advertised, is marked at a brand-new low price. Each section of the Store presents its very best, to make today THE great day in the SIMPSON-CRAWFORD Sale—already extraordinary for its record-breaking accomplishments. A part only of the items is printed here. And very many are not advertised AT ALL!

Women's $8.50 Black Satin Bathing Suits, $4.50
A Fine salt-water proof satin; graceful slip-on model with the waist line defined with a heavy black silk cord. Moire bows on shoulder and below the V neck front. Third Floor

Clean-Up of Library Furniture, Half Price
Including 3-piece suites from $27.50 to $90; Arm Chairs from $10.50 to $50; Rockers from $15.75 to $40; Tables from $7 to $27, and Bookcases from $3.75 to $33, etc. Seventh Floor

Women's $15 and $25 Cloth Suits, $5
Serges, Wide Wale Cheviots, Gabardines, Mixtures
In navy blue, brown, black and taupe. Skilled tailoring; handsome linings of striped or fancy taffeta. Plain tailored or pleated models. Third Floor

Men's $10 "Welbred" Low Shoes at $6.75 Pair
Highest grade of men's Oxfords from our regular stock; custom last; tan and black; mostly all sizes and widths. Second Floor

Men's $1.50 Shirts, 95c
Woven madras, woven striped pongee; soft, double cuffs. All sizes from 14 to 17. Various popular effects, in quiet colors. Main Floor

Cretonne Curtains and Portieres, ½ and Less
$12 Curtains and Portieres, $3.50.
$15 Curtains and Portieres, $5.
Clean-up of 35c Cretonne at 18c Yard
Suitable for sofa cushions, covers, etc. Sixth Floor

Men's $30, $32 and $35 Suits, $15.50
A special purchase of every suit that a well-known manufacturer had in stock. Every suit fully up to the Gimbel standard. Wide assortments as to style, material and coloring; in all sizes from 34 to 48. Fourth Floor

$10 Wool-and-Fibre Room Size Rugs, $5.50
Size 9 x 12 ft. Remarkable value even at the full price of $10. Charming colorings and designs.
$8.25 Waite Grass Rugs, Figured borders (9x12 feet), $5. Sixth Floor

$2.95 and $3.95 Organdie Blouses, $2
Five styles, each elaborately trimmed with shadow or filet lace, embroidery, embroidered organdie or fine tucks.
Blouse illustrated has long embroidered cuff sleeve and high-back roll collar—new features. Third Floor

Men's $2 and $3 Straw Hats, $1
The best Straw Hat opportunity of the season. All the best weaves, shapes and straws are included. Fourth Floor

Men's $1.50 Lisle Union Suits, 75c
Short sleeves. Knee and three-quarter length drawers, with closed crotch. Sizes 34 to 44. Main Floor

Men's 50c Silk Lisle Socks, 35c Pair
Or 3 for $1. Imported. Reinforced soles. Colors black, tan, gray and navy. Main Floor

3,000 Women's $2 Lace Bodices at $1
Elaborateness of design with fine embroidered nainsook panels, Valenciennes lace and broad ribbon.
An extraordinarily low price!
Every bodice has elastic at waist line. Main and Second Floors

Famous "———" House Dresses at $1
Regularly $1.50 to $2.25
Made by the best known manufacturer of women's house dresses and nurses' uniforms. All new and perfect.
Ginghams, black and white check.
Checked Chambrays — Variety of light and dark colors.
Corded Tissues—All the light Summer shades.
Lawns and Dimities — Stripes and checks.
Colored Linenes — Solid colors, light and dark shades with white pique collar, cuffs and cravat.
Excellent models; full flare skirt, with or without pockets, dainty collar and cuffs of white pique, crepe, cordeline or fine Swiss embroidery. Main and Second Floors

Sale of China Without Precedent
The entire residue of the Simpson-Crawford China sale, re-marked and re-grouped for a final and rapid disposal. English and American Porcelain, German and Austrian China, including Theodore Haviland and other Limoges ware. Main and Fifth Floors
10c Values 15c to 50c
15c Values 25c to 75c
25c Values 50c to $2.00

75c All Wool Challis, 55c Yard
Rosebud, Figured, Striped and Polka dot effects on white and colored grounds. An effective material for Dressing Sacques, Kimonos, House Dresses and Tea Gowns. Second Floor

OSBORNE IS UPHELD IN PRISON REFORMS

State Commission Tells Governor of Marked Change in Sing Sing Conditions.

WANTS THEORIES PROVED

Urges That Warden's Plans Be Tried Out—Pestilence Story Not Borne Out, Whitman Says.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 21.—Warden Thomas M. Osborne's administration of Sing Sing Prison is commended by the State Commission of Prisons in a report made to Governor Whitman today. The Commission was halted in its inspection of the Blackwell's Island Penitentiary last week by the Governor, who wished to know the basis for the statement of Commissioner Leon C. Weinstock that pestilence existed at Sing Sing Prison, which the Commission had inspected on July 12.

The Governor said that if pestilence existed in the prison conditions should be remedied immediately. All of the Commissioners, except Mrs. Sarah L. Davenport, attended a conference with the Governor today and submitted their report. Subsequently the Governor said that the pestilence story was not borne out by the facts.

In their report the Commissioners say that Mr. Osborne is a man of experience in public service, that his ideas of prison reform command respect, and that as Warden of Sing Sing Prison he is entitled to a fair opportunity to demonstrate his methods of administration.

The report continues:

"No one familiar with the physical appearance of prisoners during former years can visit Sing Sing Prison without being impressed with the great change. Buoyancy and self respect have replaced repression and dejection.

"The prisoners, furthermore, appear healthier and happier. The Warden and the prisoners themselves claim that these changes are due to the administration and the new spirit in the institution. The Osborne method of treatment is applied to all prisoners irrespective of their previous record and character and is essentially subjective in the development of self government and self control."

The Mutual Welfare League system is considered at length, and this comment is made:

"In view of the unusual powers exercised by such an organization of prisoners in a penal institution, the question naturally rises, Does the delegation of these administrative powers to the prisoners impair the efficiency of the shops and endanger the discipline of the prison?

"The prison officials and officers of the Mutual Welfare League claim that there is less vice, drugs, and contraband in the prison than under the older system. The good physical appearance of the prisoners and the outdoor exercises should naturally tend to reduce abnormal desires and sustain the claims of the league and prison officials.

"The new methods of treatment at Sing Sing Prison seem to stimulate a normal development. Convicts are often defectives and generally abnormal. Any plan of treatment by which they can be reached subjectively and the change for the better come from within, should be welcomed. Reasonable recreations, actual responsibilities, educational training, and decent sanitary surroundings within correctional institutions, accompanied by simple living and hard labor ought to contribute to substantiate prison reform."

Concerning the prison building this statement is made:

"The cell halls, grim and unfit, surviving types of an ancient order of prison construction, still stand as a disgrace and reproach to the citizens of the State and a menace to the health of prisoners confined two in a cell and in the damp lower tiers."

It was found that the prison school had suffered under the new administration. Attendance now is voluntary and has fallen from about 400 to 125.

"In an interview with the Executive Board of the Mutual Welfare League the management of the school was blamed for this falling off in attendance," says the report. "It was also stated that special classes were formed for instruction in technical subjects at night, which were well attended. The reasons given by the members of the league were not convincing. Attendance at school of all prisoners who are unable to read and write the English language should be made compulsory. The school at Sing Sing Prison should be reorganized without delay."

The report questioned the advisability of permitting other than civilian guards to accompany women about the prison. It was said, the report set forth, that convicts had been acting as women's guides.

The commission makes these among other recommendations:

That as long as there are vacant cells in other prisons there be no "doubling up" of prisoners at Sing Sing.

That the Osborne plan of administration be fairly tried out over a sufficient period to demonstrate its success or failure.

That the prison be removed to a farm site as soon as possible and buildings of modern construction be erected by prison labor in accordance with a definite plan of construction.

That the prison school be reorganized so as to provide instruction for most of the inmates in the institution, and that the attendance of prisoners unable to read or write the English language be made compulsory.

That recreational sports and entertainments be encouraged.

EX-GOV. DIX INSOLVENT.

Friendly Creditors Take His Affairs to Bankruptcy Court.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 21.—Ex-Governor John A. Dix is insolvent. Friendly involuntary petitions in bankruptcy were filed today in the United States District Court at Utica against Mr. Dix, individually, and against the Moose River Lumber Company of McKeever, of which he is the chief stockholder.

No statement of assets or liabilities was made public today. The written statement accompanying the petition acknowledged the inability of Mr. Dix and the company to meet their obligations. It was announced that the private financial affairs of Mrs. Dix were not affected by the proceedings. Ex-Senator Edgar T. Brackett is the attorney of record for both ex-Governor Dix and the lumber company.

"Poor business conditions and consequent inability to dispose of a large stock of lumber on hand are assigned as the causes of the failure," was the only statement Mr. Brackett would make. The petitioning creditors in the Dix application were Loomis & Carson, insurance agents of Glen Falls; Hiram C. Todd, a Saratoga attorney, and John Dix Coffin, a nephew of the former Governor. Those petitioning against the company were Ray C. Truscher, Loomis & Carson, and George Sterrett of Saratoga.

While there is not attached to the papers any statement of assets and liabilities, it was said tonight by a person familiar with the tangled affairs of the former Governor, and the Moose River concern that the liabilities may exceed $500,000.

From the Dix Summer home at Thomson, near Schuylerville, Mrs. Dix said today that the former Governor was unable to answer the telephone. Mr. Dix has been indisposed for some time, but his condition is not regarded as critical.

"Mr. Dix has no future plans. I cannot say whether he will continue in the lumber business," said Mrs. Dix. "His physical condition is no worse than it has been. He is up and about the house every day, but today he is unable to come to the telephone."

John P. Cloonan of Hudson Falls was appointed receiver for the lumber company by Judge Ray at Norwich today.

BUFFALO, July 21.—A judgment for $21,000 has been filed in the County Clerk's office against John A. Dix. The judgment was taken upon default upon a note given to the Third National Bank of Buffalo, bearing date of Feb. 1, 1915. Another judgment for $5,000 was filed against the Moose River Lumber Company on default upon a note, the original of which was $21,000. Both judgments were taken in Albany County.

DOCTORS CONFIDENT FRANK WILL RECOVER

His Temperature Continues to Fall and He Is Permitted to See Newspaper Men.

Special to The New York Times.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., July 21.—Leo M. Frank's physicians today expressed the opinion that his recovery was practically certain unless there should be some unexpected development. His temperature continues to fall, and the patient is in better condition than at any previous time since his throat was slashed Saturday night by the life convict, J. W. Creen. Mrs. Frank said: "I feel greatly encouraged."

The physicians today allowed Frank to see newspaper men. Frank, who speaks with difficulty, greeted the newspaper men by putting forth a bandaged hand. In his efforts to ward off his assailant he received a slash across both hands.

Frank lay on his back on his cot, his head slightly turned. On account of the wound, which etxends from the back of the neck to the front, and the bandages, he was unable to move his head at all. Mrs. Frank sat beside the cot and constantly soothed his fevered forehead with her hand.

As the newspaper men were leaving, Frank smiled and said: "I have nothing to fear. I hope the Lord will forgive Creen."

With his legs manacled, chained to a concrete post, Creen today declared he was "justified" in attacking Frank. At the time of the interview, he had just read a newspaper story that he was crazy.

"This insanity talk is nothing but bosh," he said. "I guess the truth will come out and the whole thing be cleared up some day. I've got sense enough to know what I'm doing, and I knew what I was doing the other night. I intend to tell Governor Harris when he comes Saturday my reason for attacking Frank, and I am sure the Governor will say I did right."

Prison officials are confident Frank did nothing to incite the malice of Creen. The two probably never spoke to each other. They worked in different quarters and their cots were on opposite sides of the room.

Creen reads incessantly and does not like to be disturbed. He is well supplied with tobacco and smokes constantly, apparently unconcerned.

THAW OUT OF HUMOR.

Pittsburgh Papers Refused to Publish His Latest Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, July 21.—The affairs of the Thaw family are approaching normal now that Harry has been home for a couple of days and has had a chance to get acquainted with the new home his mother has prepared for him. The police guard has been removed.

Thaw would not say much today. He was out of humor because the local newspapers refused to publish his latest statement, issued last night, recounting his latest legal troubles in New York and calling upon the people of the United States to petition Congress to enact a law giving a man liberty in every State after he had been adjudged sane in one.

Mrs. Thaw has persuaded Harry to postpone his trip to the Pacific Coast for a few days, consequently he will remain here at least over Sunday. The mother would like for him to stay at home and not go to the exposition at all. She fears the excitement consequent upon the crowds there following him would not be good for him. Thaw motored about the city this afternoon viewing familiar places and renewing a few acquaintances. Part of the forenoon he whiled away at the piano.

One man in Pittsburgh has great influence with Thaw, and that is Roger O'Mara, ex-Chief of Police, but now, unfortunately, O'Mara is ill at home and hence not able to give Mrs. Thaw the assistance she desires. Harry has a great affection for O'Mara and listens to his advice.

It is believed in the Thaw family that Harry will settle down and strive to rehabilitate himself—possibly a hard task, for the newspapers are advising the public to regard Harry not as a hero, but as a lucky man.

TO RANSOM CATTLEMEN.

Relatives Will Pay $6,000 to Free Idaho Citizen.

IDAHO FALLS, Idaho, July 21.—The father and relatives of E. A. Empey, cattle and sheep man, kidnaped from his ranch east of here Saturday, decided today to pay the $6,000 ransom demanded by his captor.

Mr. Empey's father has asked the Sheriff to recall his posse. Relatives fear that efforts to capture the outlaw will result in Empey being killed.

The RHEINAROON in this cartoon Is Little Alcohol; To represent Rheingold's per cent We *have* to draw him small.

Rheingold Beer

There is nothing healthier, more refreshing, and more temperate for a summer drink than Rheingold Beer.

S. Liebmann's Sons Brewing Co.

EIGHT ARRESTED FOR $50,000 FRAUD

Numerous Band Alleged to Have Swindled Merchants with Commission Agent's Aid.

BAMBERGER MAY BE CHIEF

One of Accused Said to Have Been Della Fox's Husband, and Valeska Surratt Goes on Bond.

When the case of Leon Bamberger, accused of using the mails to defraud, was presented to the Federal Grand Jury several days ago Assistant United States District Attorney Roosa struck a trail that indicated that the accused was acting in concert with a great number of confederates.

The alleged scheme of Bamberger was the old plan of answering advertisements of merchants seeking agents, accepting employment on a commission basis, and then sending goods to confederates. These confederates, it was charged, would dispose of the goods for cash in this city or elsewhere, the agent would collect his commission, and then agent and confederates would meet and divide the proceeds.

Mr. Roosa was sure from the information he had obtained that the business, under the management of Bamberger, had grown to large dimensions, that more than a score of men had been engaged in it for five years, and that the goods fraudulently obtained by them were worth at least $50,000. The facts in Mr. Roosa's possession were submitted to United States Commissioner Houghton, who issued a number of warrants and gave them to Post Office Inspectors Barber and Schaeffer to serve.

The inspectors yesterday arrested eight men, who were held in bail. Warrants are out for nineteen more. Those arrested yesterday represented almost every walk in life. They are Henri P. Alexander, Joseph B. Schwartzberger, Jack Levy, Francis E. Smith, Charles W. Scherer, Herman Roth, Sigmund Weitzenblum, and Harry S. Goldman. Levy was said to have been the husband of Della Fox, the actress. Valeska Surratt, the actress, went on his bond. Alexander and Schwartzberger were held in $2,500 bail each, and the others in $1,000 each.

Inspector Barber said that Bamberger, who is about 60 years old and of good appearance, apparently engineered the scheme. He is alleged to have represented to the men who employed him as an agent that he had an exclusive clientele, that the orders he turned in came from men who were financially responsible, and that payment for the goods was certain. It was said he wormed himself so deeply into the confidence of several of his victims that he ruined them.

WOMEN SAVE MRS. FEROLA.

Governor Whitman Commutes Death Sentence to Twenty Years.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 21.—Answering the plea of the delegation of New York club women who have interested themselves in saving Mrs. Madelina Ferola from the electric chair, Governor Whitman today commuted Mrs. Ferola's sentence to twenty years' imprisonment. Mrs. Ferola was to have been executed within the week of Aug. 2 for the murder of her fiancé.

Pleas were made by Miss Alice Carpenter, Mrs. Clarence Burns, Miss Maita Craigen, Mrs. Frank Cothran, and Miss Grace Phelps.

Assemblyman S. A. Cotillo, representing the Italian Chamber of Commerce, presented petitions from six Italian organizations, representing 40,000 persons, asking that clemency be extended. The women will continue their labors in an effort to obtain a complete pardon for Mrs. Ferola.

STOLEN JEWELRY RETURNED

Gems of Mrs. Whitman's Mother in District Attorney's Hands.

Mrs. Oliver N. Hitchcock, mother-in-law of Governor Whitman, said yesterday at Quogue that five pieces of diamond and pearl jewelry, valued at $2,000, stolen from her home on July 10, were in the hands of the authorities. Mrs. Hitchcock said the burglar had negotiated for the return with the understanding that there was to be no prosecution.

Attaches of the District Attorney's office said the jewelry has been returned, but refused to discuss the case.

BECKER'S STORY DOESN'T IMPRESS GOV. WHITMAN

Continued from Page 1.

know. This was long before Rosenthal's troubles were ever heard of. So that Rosenthal's affairs and his subsequent murder did not drive Tim Sullivan crazy, as has been said. It only affected him so far as to aggravate his disease in the knowledge that a boy that he thought a great deal of had been murdered in cold blood, and that his name in some way might unwarrantedly be brought into it.

Sullivan Worried Over Talk.

"When Herman Rosenthal's troubles commenced to be aired about the city, and the statements about Becker appeared in the papers, people came to Tim and told him that Herman was going about town saying these things and telling people that he, Tim, was back of him in his holler. It also worried Tim in his mental condition, fearing that it would be made public that Tim loaned Herman the money, and that his position would be falsely construed, and for over a week he was after me every day telling me to go and bring Charlie Becker to him, so that he could explain that he was not back of Rosenthal.

"Rose told me how Herman had been talking about his wife. He was very bitter over it, and made the remark that some one ought to croak Rosenthal. I immediately protested at such a thought, and Becker spoke up and said, 'No they hadn't. He wants to be left absolutely alone. No friend of mine must harm a hair on his head, for if they do it will be blamed to me, and I can beat this thing all right.'

"There was never any proposition made to Herman Rosenthal from Tim Sullivan, or from me acting for him to go away, or to receive any sum of money, for, as before indicated, Herman always stood ready to do anything Tim asked him to do, so that it was not necessary to bribe him, and I do not believe that anyone could.

Chief Magistrate William McAdoo issued a statement yesterday in reply to references to him by Becker. He said:

"I have every desire to be charitable to a man in the position of Becker, but the statement with which he couples my name in this morning's papers is absolutely and entirely unfounded in fact. He says: 'My men got in on the 15th or 16th of April, and on the 17th I sent them to get warrants from Magistrate McAdoo. I knew McAdoo and Larry Mulligan were friends, and I feared a leak might occur by which Rosenthal would learn of the intended raid.'

"I issued practically all of the warrants upon which Becker made his raids on gambling houses and disorderly resorts, and there never was one case of leakage. I know Larry Mulligan officially, as I know hundreds of men of all kinds and in all walks of life, but Becker's statement that I was a friend of his to the extent that I might leak official information is grossly libelous. I could make this statement harder and stronger in connection with Becker if it were necessary."

Funston Denies Becker Story.

Lieutenant William Funston, who, according to Becker's story, told Becker that Jack Rose was a friend of his and asked Becker to do what he could for Rose, made this statement yesterday to Second Deputy Commissioner Frank Lord:

"I made the acquaintance of Rose fifteen years ago while visiting in Danbury, Conn. Rose was at that time Manager of a baseball team and I saw more or less of him. From that period to 1911 I saw Rose now and then on the street, perhaps two or three times a year. I knew that his reputation was that of a common gambler. You will bear in mind that at no time since I have been on the police force have I ever been assigned directly or indirectly to securing evidence of gambling; never participated in raids nor had anything whatsoever to do with securing evidence in gambling cases.

"I didn't ask Becker to take care of Rose or to refrain from doing anything against Rose on account of my acquaintance with Rose. I simply told him that I had known Rose for a number of years and that was all there was to the conversation."

Samuel S. Koenig, Republican County Chairman, who, Becker quoted Rose as saying, was a friend of Rose and would see that his brother Morris, then an Assistant District Attorney, would "take care" of Rose's men before the Grand Jury, denied yesterday that he ever knew Rose.

Denials from the Koenigs.

Magistrate Morris Koenig also denied that there was any foundation for the story.

Magistrate McQuade and ex-Deputy Police Commissioner Douglas I. McKay would not comment on references to them in the story.

District Attorney Perkins said he had not read Becker's statement, but that he intended to do so.

Lawrence Mulligan, "Big Tim's" half brother, said that Becker's references to him were absolutely untrue. "I never met Becker in my life as the result of an appointment and I never had more than ten words with him," he said. "All that I know about Becker is from having seen him around New York. To say that 'Big Tim' was interested in Rosenthal's gambling house is a lie. I never met Becker in Luchow's, nor did I tell him that Sullivan wanted to see him."

Jerome Recalls a Meeting.

Ex-District Attorney William Travers Jerome, at his home in Lakeville, Conn., listened last night while the following passage from Becker's statement was read to him over the telephone from THE TIMES office:

> I went back to my office and about 6:30 P. M., (on July 16, 1912, the day of the murder,) Hart called me on the phone and said I should meet him at the Bar Association, Room 14, at 8 P. M. I went there and met Hart and Jerome in Room 14. Mr. Jerome asked me what kind of a man Rose was. I told Jerome I would not trust Rose, that he was my stool pigeon and had given up his best friends to me, and that he was a vacillating creature who would give up his mother.
>
> Jerome said if such was the case he should get Rose's affidavit that night if possible. Having Rose's address and phone number, I stepped to the phone in Room 14 and within the hearing of Hart and Jerome got Rose on the wire, 5400 Audubon, and asked him if he would make an affidavit, if my lawyer called for it, as I had been advised to get it that night.

Mr. Jerome was asked if this was correct. He said:

"Yes, that is perfectly correct."

When he was asked why John Hart, then the lawyer for Becker, had called upon him, he said:

"John Hart had been an assistant in my office for a number of years and was a close friend of mine."

This part of Becker's statement was written to show how he had come to take steps on the day of the murder to get the affidavit from Rose. Becker said the fact that he did act so quickly had been represented as a suspicious circumstance.

SULLIVAN'S DEATH ACCIDENTAL

Hallucinations Noticed Three Weeks After Rosenthal Murder.

Timothy D., better known as "Big Tim" Sullivan, disappeared from the Eastchester section of the Bronx, where he had been under the care of guards and nurses after being adjudged incompetent, at 4 o'clock on the morning of Aug. 31, 1913. Hallucinations had pursued him with growing intensity for more than a year. His mental breakdown became marked about three weeks after the death of Herman Rosenthal.

A general alarm for him was sent out. The hospitals in this city were searched and the morgues visited. Pictures and descriptions of Sullivan were sent broadcast.

On Sept. 13 Policeman Purfield, who was on duty at the Bellevue Morgue, looked over an unidentified body when it came from the Harlem morgue, and instantly recognized the face of "Big Tim." Later in the day the identification was placed beyond question.

It was learned that the body, crushed by an engine of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad near Pelham Parkway, had been taken to the Westchester police station and from there to the Fordham Morgue. When it was not identified there it was removed to the Harlem Morgue and later to Bellevue. In spite of the fact that the face had not been injured by the train, dozens viewed the body and failed to recognize it.

"The investigation did not produce a single fact which indicated that the death could have been otherwise than accidental," said Coroner Jerome Healy, who conducted the inquest. "Sullivan got out of the house at 4 o'clock in the morning while his guard was asleep and walked down the tracks along a route that he had often taken in walks before. There is no reason to believe that it was a case of suicide and not a shred of suspicion that it was foul play."

"Big Tim" Sullivan's relations with Herman Rosenthal, the murdered gambler, were never brought out in any court proceeding. For a time there was talk in the District Attorney's office of having Sullivan before a Grand Jury to explain the $2,500 note indorsed by Sullivan, which Rosenthal had tried to negotiate shortly before he was murdered.

Sullivan disappeared suddenly in the middle of August, 1912, after it had been printed that he was to be interrogated concerning the note. His whereabouts remained a mystery for several weeks, when it was learned that he had gone West, stopping some time in Hot Springs, Ark. By the time that he had been heard from again, the intention of questioning him about the murdered gambler had been given up. On Sept. 20, 1912, when Frank Moss, who was preparing the case against Becker, was asked about Sullivan, he said that no subpoena had been issued and that no subpoena would be issued for him.

"OLD STUFF," SAYS JACK ROSE.

Informer Says Nothing Can Save Becker from the Chair.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., July 21.—"Becker throwing up his insides thinks he can save himself, but he's doomed to hang next Wednesday," was the terse but inelegant statement of Jack Rose, who passed through New Haven today on his way to Madison. He dropped off the train here this morning and made a bee line for the newsstand, where he bought every available New York newspaper. He buried himself in these for fully half an hour, paying great attention to the articles dealing with Becker's fight for life.

"Becker is just as guilty of murder as the other men who went to the chair," he said. "There are certain influences trying to save him, but they cannot do it. This so-called eleventh-hour appeal is a fizzle. Everything Becker has said in his latest statement is old stuff and common knowledge, and I know that Mr. Whitman, after prosecuting him cannot now pardon him."

SAYS ROSE CLEARED BECKER.

Cockran Has Deposition from Friend of Informer.

Special to The New York Times.

DANBURY, Conn., July 21.—Ex-Deputy Sheriff Edward G. Ginty, in response to a telegram from W. Bourke Cockran, Becker's lawyer, went to New York yesterday and made a deposition regarding what he says Jack Rose told him concerning the Becker case. Ginty declined to repeat what he had said in the affidavit, but upon reading in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning Becker's statement he declared that what he had told Mr. Johnston would coincide in substance with what Becker had said.

"Did Rose tell you that Becker had any connection with Rosenthal's murder?" Ginty was asked.

"Rose told me that Becker did not know of it until after it was over," he replied.

NAVY WORKMEN APPEAL.

Take Wage Grievance to White House—Assail Blacklist.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Representatives of the employes of the Washington Navy Yard called at the White House today to appeal to President Wilson to take a hand in the restoration of the old wage scale which existed prior to July 1. Another point at issue had to do with what was described as a "blacklist" for men who quit work at the navy yard to accept offers from private munition plants.

The charge was made that the discharge cards prepared for the men leaving the yard to work in other plants bore the inscription in red ink: "Quit work at a time that the Government needed his services."

This latter charge was minimized in importance late this afternoon when it was learned that only one card had been issued with such an inscription, that this card had been cancelled, and cards would not be thus marked in the future.

Captain Edward W. Eberle, commandant of the Navy Yard, conferred with Secretary Daniels this afternoon regarding the wage situation. It is understood that a confidential record will be kept of the names of employes who quit work at the Navy Yard, when their services are needed, to accept outside employment. Captain Eberle denied published reports that many men were leaving the Navy Yard to accept outside employment. There were only two resignations last week, he said, and these came in the normal course of business. The percentage of resignations, he explained, was not above the normal.

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Pantasote

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AGREE ON TAX PLAN TO REMEDY ABUSES

Constitutional Convention Committee Would Enlarge the Powers of the State Board.

LONGER TERM FOR GOVERNOR

Committee Favors Four-Year Tenure and No Re-election—Educational Qualification for Voters Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 21.—The Constitutional Convention Committee on Taxation, of which Martin Saxe is Chairman, has completed its final draft of a new article on taxation which it is proposed shall be embodied in the revised Constitution. In the present Constitution the clauses governing taxation are found in Articles III., VII., and XII. The proposed new article will be presented to the convention at its session tomorrow. Here is the full text of the article:

Section 1. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended, or contracted away. No property shall be exempt from taxation except as expressly provided by law. Laws granting exemption from taxation, whether heretofore or hereafter enacted, shall be subject to modification or repeal. Hereafter no exemption shall be granted except by general laws and upon the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each House.

Section 2. Taxes shall be imposed by general laws and for public purposes only. The Legislature shall prescribe how taxable subjects shall be assessed and provide for officers to execute laws relating to the assessment and collection of taxes, any provision of any other article of this Constitution to the contrary notwithstanding. The Legislature shall provide for the supervision, review, and equalization of assessments.

Section 3. For the assessment of real property, heretofore locally assessed, the Legislature shall establish tax districts, none of which, unless it be a city, shall embrace more than one county. The Assessors therein shall be elected by the electors of such districts or appointed by such authorities thereof as shall be designated by law. The Legislature may provide that the assessment roll of each larger district shall serve for all the lesser tax districts within its boundaries. The Legislature may, however, provide for the assessment by State authorities of all the property of designated classes of public service corporations.

Section 4. The Legislature may empower State authorities to review the assessment of the real property of a municipal corporation not within the limits of such corporation and to order a reassessment thereof subject to judicial review.

The new article, without destroying home rule with regard to taxation, paves the way for legislative action to confer on the State Tax Department enlarged powers of review and equalization. One marked change is made possible through the provision in Section 3, authorizing the Legislature to confer on the State Tax Board the power of assessing the property, as it now does the franchises, of public service corporations throughout the State. Property in this category, up to the present time, has been subject to local assessments, and there have been many grave abuses.

Section 4 was drawn at the request of delegates from New York City, who believe the assessment for taxation purposes of New York City property in rural counties would be attended by greater fairness if it were in the hands of the State Tax Department. It has been pointed out that property acquired by the city in rural districts for aqueduct purposes frequently has been assessed on the basis of improved city property.

The new article was adopted by the Committee on Taxation by a vote of 15 to 1. The lone dissenter was James L. Nixon, a Buffalo editor, who is sponsor for a proposal to amend the Constitution so as to abolish the present exemption in favor of church and institutional property and who was chagrined at the failure of the committee to incorporate such a provision in the new article. Mr. Nixon said he intended to continue his fight on the floor of the convention.

The Committee on Governor and other State Officers of which Frederick C. Tanner is Chairman will report favorably tomorrow a proposal extending the term of Governor and Lieutenant Governor from two to four years, and increasing the salary of the Governor from $10,000 to $20,000. It is also provided that the Governor shall not be eligible for re-election. The new provision would become effective in 1918, which would place the gubernatorial election midway between Presidential elections and leave the odd year following a Presidential election available for municipal elections and the odd year preceding a Presidential election open for the election of Judges.

"The four-year term of Governor and the proviso that he shall not be eligible for re-election," said Chairman Tanner today, "in the opinion of members, would give the Governor time to see through any new policy that he might initiate, and if not eligible for re-election he would be free from the temptation of building political fences, a labor that not infrequently in the past has diverted the attention of Governors from the work the people elected them to do."

There are other States of the Union, notably Indiana, where such constitutional provisions are in force now. There was only one dissenting vote in the committee.

The Committee on Suffrage with a decisive majority has voted to report favorably the proposal presented by Charles H. Young, Republican delegate-at-large, which provides an educational qualification for voters. Under this plan voting, beginning in 1918, would be conditional upon ability to read or write the English language.

BARS CLASS LEGISLATION.

Committee to Report Barnes Proposal to Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 21.—A proposal introduced by William Barnes directed against what he characterizes as "class legislation," which he sees exemplified in the Workmen's Compensation act, the widows' pension law, and the proposed Minimum Wage act, will be reported favorably to the Constitutional Convention at tomorrow's session by the Committee on Legislative Powers, of which Mr. Barnes is Chairman. It will prohibit legislation along these lines:

Granting hereafter to any class of persons any privilege or immunity not granted equally to all members of the State.

Providing for or authorizing the expenditure of any public money to be paid to any person except for services rendered upon employment by the State or a political division thereof.

Establishing a minimum wage scale for service to be paid to any employe by a private employer.

Amending the charter of a city, except upon the written petition of the Mayor or Common Council, and after the affirmative vote of the majority of representatives in both houses of the Legislature from the city or parts of the city.

Amending the charter of a village except upon the written petition of the President or the Trustees and after the affirmative vote of the representatives of the village in both houses of the Legislature.

All of the Democratic members of the committee dissented with reference to the three first named provisions and three negative votes were cast by ex-Lieut. Gov. Sheehan, and District Attorney Martin of the Bronx, Democrats, and Samuel Phillips of Beacon, Republican, as to the home rule provisions. By unanimous vote two clauses of the proposal restraining the Legislature from meddling in party management, prescribing the methods of nominating candidates, will be reported to the convention "for consideration."

This memorandum from the Committee on Legislative Powers will accompany the report:

"This proposal is based upon the principle that the granting of a privilege or immunity to any class of individuals in the State is properly a constitutional and not a legislative function.

"Privilege in its essence is contrary to the spirit of American institutions, but the right of the voters to grant privilege is inherent in their sovereign power. The committee, therefore, holds that in the event that certain citizens desire that the State shall grant similar privilege as has been done in the case of the Workmen's Compensation amendment to the Constitution their appeal should be made directly to the voters through constitutional amendment."

The Barnes proposal is attacked very generally as a reactionary measure. Mr. Barnes, however, declares that it is a measure of "progressive radicalism" and brands the opposition as reactionary.

SUBWAY TO QUEENS TO RUN IN TUNNEL

Estimate Board, by a Unanimous Vote, Adopts Substitute for Bridge Plan.

ADDS $1,937,000 TO COST

Public Service Commission Expected to Withdraw Opposition—Benefits in Change.

Action taken by the Board of Estimate at a special session yesterday practically insures the construction of a tunnel under the East River for Fifty-ninth Street Subway trains from Manhattan to Long Island City. The original plan was to use the Queensboro Bridge for this purpose. A resolution introduced in the meeting by George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen, was carried unanimously. It provided for the abandonment of the bridge connection and the substitution of the tunnel.

The McAneny resolution carried notification to the Public Service Commission that the Board of Estimate believed the tunnel should be built and was prepared to supply the necessary funds. The commission was asked to adopt the necessary change of route, in the Dual System plans.

The Public Service Commission leans strongly toward the bridge plan, but the Board of Estimate is not obliged to vote the necessary funds for the reconstruction of Queensboro Bridge, which would be essential. The commission is not expected further to oppose the tunnel plan. It is conceded, however, that it can deadlock the situation.

$4,500,000 Bid Promised.

The original plan for the Fifty-ninth Street Subway route provides for one track through Fifty-ninth Street, the other through Sixtieth. Michael J. Degnon, head of the Degnon Contracting Company, which has the contract for this section, has offered to give the city a bond that in the event of the river tunnel being authorized, he will put in a bid not to exceed $4,500,000. The contractor further agreed that if the two tracks were routed through Sixtieth Street alone he would submit a bid for the construction of the tunnel which would not exceed $4,000,000.

Mr. McAneny, as Chairman of the Estimate Board's Transit Committee, said the Mayor and the Controller fully agreed that the board ought to adopt the tunnel plan. The maximum cost of constructing the tunnel, including overhead charges and the dredging of the channel, would be $4,840,000, Mr. McAneny said.

"The estimated cost of the bridge plan is $2,340,000, or $2,500,000 less than that of the tunnel plan," he added. "As against this increased cost we would get the freedom of the bridge for vehicular traffic. The Borough of Queens is developing rapidly as a residential community and as a manufacturing centre, and it is of great consequence therefore that the freedom of the bridge should be maintained. Subway trains can be operated better and quicker through the tunnel than over the bridge."

Answers Objection Over Delay.

The Public Service Commission has contended that it would require a longer time to construct the tunnel than it would take to put the bridge into operation, and inasmuch as the whole dual system was bound up in the bridge plan it would cause a delay in which the city's interest would suffer because of the pooling arrangements. In discussing this point Mr. McAneny quoted Mr. Degnon as saying that the work could be done in thirty months, which is about the same period as would be required under the bridge plan.

Maurice Connolly, President of Queens, said that the people of Queens would wait willingly during any additional time required to build the tunnel system. To this Borough President Pounds of Brooklyn added:

"There are a good many other people besides Queens who would be willing to wait, but you are likely to lose six months when it goes back to the Public Service Commission."

"Oh, I don't think that," replied Mayor Mitchel. "There ought to be an incentive for the Public Service Commission to expedite construction."

Mr. McAneny later gave out these corrected figures comparing the cost of the two plans in detail, the figures quoted at the meeting having been rough estimates:

TUNNEL.	
Bid of Degnon Company	$4,500,000
Interest, engineering, &c., at 12%	540,000
Total	$5,040,000
Less rebate on 59th St. work	500,000
Total	$4,540,000
BRIDGE.	
Changes in bridge structure necessary to carry subway trains	$2,456,000
Interest charges	147,000
Total	$2,603,000
Excess of tunnel over bridge	1,937,000

If $300,000, the cost of dredging at the Queens side of the river, be charged to subway, and not to docks, the excess difference would be $2,237,000.

ROCKEFELLER ORDERS DOGS

Tenants on Estate to be Repaid Cost of Better Protection.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., July 21.—John D. Rockefeller has given orders to all tenants on his estate to purchase first-class watch dogs. Two of the tenants bought fox terriers today, paying $20 for each. Mr. Rockefeller will reimburse them. He wants the dogs for additional protection to his estate.

Louis Pillods, who escaped from Sing Sing the other day, eluded his pursuers when he got on the estate, it is said. Mr. Rockefeller had all his guards and dogs out aiding the guards looking for Pillods, but the search was unsuccessful.

The Rev. Arthur T. Brooks, pastor of the Rockefeller Baptist Church, announced today that he would tender his resignation on Sunday morning to accept the position on Oct. 1 as Field Secretary of the Judson Memorial Church in New York. He has been here five years.

Sues Freece on $700 Horse Deal.

Godfrey Freece, a well known exhibitor and dealer in show horses, was sued yesterday for $700 in the Bronx Supreme Court by Miss Dorothy D. Inslee, a wealthy horse fancier of Newton, N. J. The complaint says that in 1913 Miss Inslee bought from Freece for $700 a horse on the understanding that it was suitable for use as a lady's saddle horse and that it later proved to be unfit.

Drowns Herself with Child.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 21.—Mrs. Frank Keuhlwein, 61 years of age, committed suicide today by jumping into a pond with a year-old adopted child in her arms. The child was also drowned.

COUNT MORE TRAINS IN THE SUBWAY RUSH

Health Inspectors Report the Winter Service Has Not Been Cut Down.

5,084 CARS RUN ON JULY 14

Success Claimed in Crusade to Stop Overcrowding by Threats to Fine Interborough.

Health Commissioner Goldwater yesterday gave out figures showing that his crusade against overcrowding in the subway during the Summer months had been successful thus far. He explained that, while there still was overcrowding, conditions had been much improved as a result of the Board of Health's order forbidding the Interborough Rapid Transit Company to reduce its train service in Summer.

The figures given out by the Commissioner showed that for the first time the Interborough had maintained its full Winter schedule despite the annual Summer falling off in the number of passengers. When the Health Department issued its order last April, the company was warned that unless it maintained the maximum train service in Summer as well as Winter the city would take steps to collect fines for each violation of the order. According to Dr. Goldwater, the annual reduction in train service in the subway was without justification except on the theory that if the public would put up with overcrowding in Winter it would put up with it to the same degree in Summer.

When the order was issued, Dr. Goldwater announced that health Inspectors would be assigned regularly to the subway and would keep the service under observation. He also obtained from Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough, official figures of the number of passengers using the subway in the last twelve months. These showed that the travel was lightest in August, 1914, when 22,900,952 passengers were carried, and that the heaviest months were December and March, when the number jumped to more than 32,000,000. The falling off began in June and lasted until October.

Dr. Goldwater has had a squad of thirty health Inspectors stationed at points in the subway during the rush hours and the figures given out yesterday were based on the actual number of trains that these men counted in operation. Express service was observed from the Brooklyn Bridge, Fourteenth and Seventy-second Street stations, while local trains were counted at Eighteenth and Thirty-third Streets. The count was taken in the morning from 7 to 10 o'clock, and in the evening between 5 and 7. Both the number of trains and the number of cars to each train were noted.

For purposes of comparison Dr. Goldwater yesterday selected the counts taken by his men on April 10—when the Winter schedule was still in operation—and on July 14, when in former years the Summer schedule was the rule. Both in the number of trains and number of cars, according to the report, the service has remained practically constant for the first time.

The number of trains noted at these points on April 10 was 635 and the number of cars 5,098. On July 14 the number of trains was 637 and the number of cars 5,084. There were some discrepancies in the number of trains and cars at certain times of the day, but these were so slight as to be ignored.

"There is still overcrowding, of course," said Dr. Goldwater; "but there has been a very decided relative improvement. A comparison of the number of cars in service on April 10 and July 14, considered in connection with the official passenger counts, indicates that the order of the Board of Health has been complied with. The business judgment of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company is thus vindicated."

Dr. Goldwater added that his men would continue to observe the service and report any falling off during the remainder of the Summer.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1915.

WAR'S LESSON IN THRIFT.

British statesmen have been anxiously exhorting the public to save. The war obliges the Government to borrow at the rate of more than five billions a year, whereas the amount of capital saved by the British people for investment in securities of all kinds had been in normal times only one and one-half to two billions a year. How, asked Premier Asquith, in a recent speech at Guildhall, could a people suddenly and enormously increase their power of expenditure, especially as the great emergency which made it necessary for the Government to borrow heavily was at the same time operating to derange finance, commerce, and industry? He considered the possibilities of borrowing abroad and found that the amount of capital available abroad would be almost insignificant in proportion to the amount required. He dismissed also the preposterous thought that Great Britain could liquidate her enormous foreign investments, amounting perhaps to twenty billion dollars—capital employed all over the world in every conceivable kind of wealth-producing enterprise.

The rate at which fixed capital can be liquidated is after all very limited. As the rate of interest rises in Europe holders of American bonds and shares that yield less will sell them and reinvest the proceeds in war loans. That takes place automatically and slowly. But if Great Britain undertook concertedly and by wholesale to convert her foreign investments into liquid capital, that is, into money or war goods, she would cause the world to suspend payment. She would not get the money and she would stop the supply of goods. She is in the position of a person who, as an investor, owns the bonds of a great department store and who, in spite of that fact, is obliged to pay cash over the counter for goods, just as any other customer does. If the owners of the bonds and shares of a department store should propose to take the goods off the shelves of the store without paying for them, that would end the business and destroy the earning power of their own capital.

That is England's position. She has tremendous investments in the means of the world for producing and distributing goods, but as a consumer of those goods she must pay for them, as everybody else does, in other goods, in credit, or in money. Ordinarily she pays in goods. But now the account is running more heavily against her than at any time in her economic history. She is buying from the world, on account of the war, two to three billion dollars' worth of goods more than she is able to sell to the world in spite of the war, and the state of the trade balance between England and other countries, as Mr. Asquith said, affords grounds perhaps not for anxiety, but for serious thought.

The miracle to be performed is that a people who normally save only one and one-half or two billions a year shall find five or six billions a year to lend to their Government for war. Mr. Asquith could see only one way. There is but one way. After having borrowed what they can abroad, the British people must save the rest. Therefore, as Mr. Asquith said, the people must diminish their expenditures, from the rich, who should dispense with man servants and other forms of luxury, down to the very poor. Everybody can save something.

Now abruptly the Government gets back its own advice. The virtue of thrift can be practiced by a Government as well as by its subjects. In the House of Lords Viscount Midleton has this week moved a resolution that the Government should take immediate steps to reduce the "civil expenditures" of the Government, which in twenty years have increased from one billion to three billions of dollars annually. Civil expenditures embrace the cost of old age pensions, unemployment insurance, labor exchanges, social uplift, education, and administration. The resolution was adopted, after "efficient" had been substituted for "immediate," and the purpose at least was served that the Government was put on notice to set an example in thrift.

Never was the necessity for saving so great, so imperative and relentless as in Europe at this time, being, in fact, no less important than valor; and never perhaps in a thousand years was thrift less fashionable in the world than in the years just preceding the war. Individuals, corporations, and Governments were all extravagant. Private and public expenditures were limited only by the means, and as the means were enormously greater than ever before in the world's history, and multiplied faster, expenditures may be said to have been until now unlimited. There is almost no measure of what people can save, that is, do without, when they begin to try. That is because they have never tried since the present standards of production were set. The British people may be able to double, even to treble, the difference between what they consume and what they produce. That is capital. It is perfectly feasible. Any prosperous people could do it under sufficient incentive, because, in normal times, the percentage of production saved is very small. An overwhelming majority of the people in this world still consume all they produce from year's end to year's end, and in Great Britain they had got into the habit of consuming more and looking to the Government for the rest.

BECKER'S APPEAL.

> If I have actually committed the crime of which I have been found guilty no criminal ever went to execution who more thoroughly deserved the punishment inflicted on him. I was an officer of the law, and as such I was equipped with extraordinary power, to be exercised first, and above all, for the safety of life and property. If I have really and in fact abused these powers conferred on me for the protection of life by perverting them to accomplish the destruction of life, then indeed I am doubly guilty. To the heinous crime of murdering a fellow-being I have added a species of treason against the community. To a criminal so depraved I freely concede there could be neither warrant nor justification for clemency.—Becker.

He did not ask for clemency on the ground of mitigating circumstances, but on the ground of his innocence. His innocence was asserted before two juries, each of which heard and examined the evidence and determined that he was guilty. What he set forth in his appeal for intervention was only a reassertion of what he asserted on his two trials. It would be too much to ask that in such an appeal he should prove his innocence, but he should have produced such a convincing array of facts as to suggest that the jury erred in deciding the one question at issue, which was that of innocence. Either the jury system is worth standing by or it should be discarded; there is no room for a middle course by which, after it has been invoked twice, the result it attains should be thrown aside solely because of a subsequent reassertion of innocence.

Two juries did decide that Becker was the kind of criminal he describes, that he added "to the heinous crime of murdering a fellow-being" "a "species of treason against the com-"munity." He then asked that an ex parte act by the Governor should nullify those verdicts because he had made a statement of certain circumstances and probabilities that in his opinion tended to justify his reassertion of innocence. They produced in the mind no such serious doubts of the juries' two decisions as would warrant a public official in taking it upon himself to overthrow the ordinary process of law. Nothing that he said really gave much color to such a doubt, except the declaration that Timothy D. Sullivan had reason to fear Rosenthal and hence an interest in his death; and to show that not Sullivan alone but a dozen others wished Rosenthal out of the way would not of itself justify the upsetting of the jury's decision that, howsoever many men there may have been who wished Rosenthal out of the way, Becker was the man who put him out of the way.

There have been cases in which the jury system obviously failed, as where bribery was used, where the jury were intimidated by mob violence or swayed by passion, and in such cases it was right and proper to go behind their verdict. It would be right and proper to go behind it if, though they rendered their verdict honestly and intelligently, they were not in possession of important facts which would have necessitated a different decision. Nothing in this case even suggests that any one of these considerations exists.

A PERTINENT QUESTION.

It was at midnight on July 31, 1914, that the German Ambassador at St. Petersburg, under instructions from his Chancellor, communicated to M. Sazonoff the notification that Germany would mobilize her armies at once "unless Russia ceases within "twelve hours all warlike measures "against us and Austria-Hungary "and gives us definite assurance "thereof." At the expiration of the time set, Russia having given no assurance that she would cease mobilization, the German Emperor "or-"dered the mobilization of the entire "German Army and the Imperial "Navy at 5 P. M. on Aug. 1." According to the German White Book, "Russian troops crossed our border "and advanced on German territory "as early as the afternoon of Aug. 1. "By this move Russia began the war "against us." At the present moment the German troops under von Hindenburg and Mackensen are investing the great city of Warsaw. They have steadily driven the Russians from the advanced positions they had occupied. The fall of Warsaw is imminent. It is reported that the Kaiser in a telegram to his sister, the Queen of the Hellenes, has asserted that he has "paralyzed Russia for six months to come."

Is it not then time for the German people to ask their Government what it is fighting for? We know very well what the military class in Germany is fighting for. It is fighting for its very existence. Now that Russia, denounced by Germany as the aggressor, as the Power that began the war, has been beaten back so that Germany is no longer in peril of her, why should the Imperial Government continue to make war? Not for the interests of the German people, certainly. Their suffering and sacrifice have been beyond all measure. Yet to persist in the conflict will bring upon them immensely greater loss and pain. They may have been deluded by their imperial masters into the belief that the ultimate triumph of Germany is certain. That can never be. Italy has joined the Allies, Mr. Asquith's significant reference to like action on the part of other nations now neutral portends a further augmentation of the allied forces. France is united, resolute, determined; she offers a splendid example of patriotic devotion to the national cause. England, at the end of a year of war, is approaching the state of real preparedness. Russia is merely baffled, she cannot be beaten. If the German people could understand the true position of Germany, if they could rightly measure the perils that environ her, would they not insist that their Government take account of its actual situation and seek to end the war before the coming of inevitable disaster?

The Social Democrats have protested against the annexation of territory by Germany. They would be willing to see the German troops withdrawn from France, Belgium evacuated. Ultimately the Germans will be driven out of France, out of Belgium. The cost to the Allies will be terrific, it will be greater to Germany. She would escape the crushing cost of continuing the war, she would save the lives of countless thousands of Germans, if she would now move for peace. Opportunity is at her door and knocks somewhat loudly. The Imperial and military party may not open the door, very likely they will persist in blind confidence of an impossible triumph. Thereby they will show, what they have shown from the beginning, a willingness to pour out rivers of German blood and uncounted millions of German treasure to save their own skins.

THE RAILWAYS' PRESENT AND FUTURE.

The Interstate Commerce Commission's bulletins upon the condition of the railways are reminiscent of the Republican tariff statistics. Whatever the figures, the interpretations always were favorable to the Republican tariff. In like manner the Commission can see nothing injurious to the railways, whatever the facts. Its latest figures are for May. The gross and net earnings are larger, therefore all is well. But the comparisons are with greater losses for the preceding year, so that the railways regained only part of their own. And this is true as the comparisons are carried further back. If it is desired to make a true comparison the Commission should go back to 1913 and previously, when the railways earned scores of millions more net, with hundreds of millions smaller investments.

When the Commission is giving its roseate views it ought also to consider other things than the railways. They are not operating by themselves. Their traffic comes from other branches of business, which feel the depressing effect of the railways' lack of earnings, and consequent inability to spend as freely as they would like and ought to spend. On the same day with the Commission's statement for May appears the statement of interest and dividend disbursements for August. Neither of them reflects the excellence of the conditions in the Commission's figures. Both classes of securities report diminished distribution of profits, and the industrials' dividends shrunk more than the railways'. Dividends are less because interest payments have grown twice as much as dividends have shrunk. The bubble in the industrial shares is a matter of the market, reflecting the future rather than the present, hopes rather than accomplishments.

In that lies the best hope for the railways. It is no more possible for the industrials to prosper without the railways than for the railways to prosper without the industrials. Their fortunes as a whole are inseparable. The industrials languished before the railways' earnings declined. The railways ran for a time on momentum and then followed the protracted decline, which there is reason to hope has reached bottom. In the reverse direction the sequence would be reversed. The industrials must begin to make the goods for the railways to move before railway traffic can grow. The earliest sign of betterment or deterioration is the bank clearings. They are faster to move in either direction than either the railways or industrials. True to their custom the bank clearings revived first, the industrials followed, and now there is a sentiment that the railways will follow soon. There can be only moderate prosperity for them until then.

When that time arrives it will be profitable to remember the times through which we have passed and allow the railways to enjoy the prosperity which they are as much entitled to as others. It was envy of their alleged excessive profits which caused their discipline. It was wholesome in some respects, but it has been more rigorous than the rest of the country could endure. The railways work by the piece, by the ton, or by the passenger, and they can get nothing without earning it. Neither can other enterprises make money without the help of the railways, and what they pay the railways they get back again from the consumer. The railways are entitled to their place in the sun, and others than the railways will have cause for regret if they are not allowed to have it.

A DUBIOUS PLAN.

Possibly Secretary Daniels may obtain the kind of naval advisory board he wants by his newly devised plan of accepting two members chosen by vote from each of eight scientific and technical societies. These sixteen members, with Mr. Edison, Mr. Ford, and Mr. Orville Wright, will make a rather cumbersome body for advisory purposes, and one in which disagreements will be more likely to occur than in a smaller board. There will be rivalry among the members of the various societies for the honor of being named for work of so great national importance. To be sure, one of the purposes of much of the superficial activity in army and navy matters just now is to impress the public mind with the need of strengthening our defenses on land and water. To do this public support will be required. The appropriations for both the army and the navy next year must be much larger than usual, at a time when economy must be practiced in the general appropriations. Mr. Daniels, by placing the selection of members of his advisory board among eight societies, takes a step which inevitably increases the publicity of his plan to make use of the knowledge and experience of inventors, engineers, and chemists in the upbuilding and equipment of the navy.

We can see no other particular benefit to be derived from thus delaying the completion of the board. A dozen men, if so many are needed, could be selected by the Secretary himself with very little delay and small chance of error. As Mr. Simon Lake observed the other day, no American could refuse service on such a board. Perhaps the dozen men Mr. Daniels would name will all become members through the votes of the societies, perhaps not. There may be persons named who have no national reputation at all. A board may be chosen more remarkable for its numbers than its average of efficiency and more or less ill feeling may be generated in each of the societies because of the result of the voting. Nevertheless, Edison, Wright, and Ford will be on hand, and their services should be valuable.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

"Chivalry" in Political Debate.

There is something too cheap, easy, and glib about the frequent pronouncement concerning some utterance by a woman that it is "characteristically feminine." Very often such an utterance is characteristic not of femininity, but of foolish human nature; and generally the criticism is to be avoided. But no hesitation or reservation is necessary in the case of the delightful letter signed "A Stenographer-Suffragist" and printed in The Times yesterday. It is altogether feminine, and no man could be guilty of such delicious logic. It is of interest, too, as stirring a speculation about how many women will reason as the letter writer does when they get the vote.

The writer flames with indignation because Richard Harding Davis and Everett P. Wheeler criticised the recent sapiences of Jane Addams, whom some humorist abroad had cozened into the belief that men are better disciplined and better able to carry out a difficult military operation when they are drunk than when sober. Mr. Davis and Mr. Wheeler are "no gentlemen" to criticise "such a noble woman." "Is American chivalry dead?" asks the indignant lady, and she concludes with a suggestion that "the organized womanhood of the city should take cognizance of this particular case."

When "the cause" is won how many of the new voters will display such charming unreason in their treatment of public questions? How many of them will insist on the right to fight without being hit back? How many will demand the liberty to make charges and deny the liberty to make reply? How many will demand the pleasure and excitement of public action without its drawbacks and responsibilities? How many will insist on using the weapons of man and claiming the immunity of woman? How many will be hurt and angry over criticism, while insisting on the freest use of it by themselves? How many will insist that womanhood, particularly "noble womanhood," involves privileges and nothing else? How many will go into a fight insisting on "chivalry" from the other side, and interpreting "chivalry" as the willingness to receive a blow without returning it? It is needless for the intelligent leaders of opinion among women to deny that they will do anything of the kind, and to disavow such troublesome foolishness as that characterizing this letter; but that will hardly do. The intelligent leaders will not be the only voters; they will be in a minority, and the vote will go to all women. The argument that it will include ignorant women is met by the argument that there are also ignorant men; but how dispose of this strictly "feminine" cast of mind—a cast of mind which, if it dominated the minds of many women, would be a sure proof of the danger of letting them vote?

The Reilly They Speak of So Highly.

If the British soldiers are determined to give up "Tipperary," it will be a pleasure to many Americans not yet very aged to learn that the substitute for it is "Is This Mr. Reilly?" Really, Mr. Atkins shows a good deal of sense in his ditties. He might assail the enemy to some such inanity as "You Gotta Love 'Em, That's All," but he performs his valorous deeds under the influence of nobler ballads; and he has the good taste to take the old ones instead of the latest drivel. "Tipperary" was an old song when Tommy popularized it, but it was a mere infant compared with "Mr. Reilly." Pat Rooney wrote it in 1883, and Pat belonged to the healthy vaudeville school of those days, which never thought of calling itself vaudeville and contented itself with the humbler title of "variety"—the school of which Tony Pastor was the shining light, before Lottie Gilson was a favorite. Can Jane Addams be right, and is it an old man's war? And yet one does not have to be either old or very far gone in middle age to remember Pat Rooney and the constantly recurring question about the identity and health of Mr. Reilly and his prosperity as a Boniface.

There was in those days a publication held in much disesteem by parents and guardians, and in secret reverence by many small boys, because it published stories with flaming titles about bandits and trappers and detectives. The name of it was "The Boys of New York." It "kept a humorist," who masqueraded under the nom de plume of "Ed," though his name was Ten Eyck; and he convulsed his furtive and guilty audience of small boys by conducting, with great seriousness, an investigation into the real words of the chorus of "Mr. Reilly." Everybody knew "Mr. Reilly," but for some reason nobody could remember the chorus accurately. There was one little boy who went forth from a reading of "Ed's" pretended search determined to learn the real chorus, and he did; but he cannot remember it now. Is this Mr. Reilly, who keeps the hotel? Yes, it is, and all speak of him highly; but what comes next? "Be heavens, John Reilly, ye're looking rale well"? Or is it "Well, then, Mr. Reilly, you're looking quite well"? What is the use? If nobody could remember it then, how can anybody remember it now, thirty years after? Is there any other small boy of the eighties who can tell us? For it is a problem as irritating as "Punch in the presence of the passenjare." If all the small boys of the eighties are as helpless in the presence of the problem as this particular one, perhaps Tommy Atkins can enlighten us; he is singing that chorus now.

A Death House Argument.

A convict who has reason to suppose that he is within a week of paying his debt to society, and who has the ability to express himself, is high authority on the question of the abolition of capital punishment, now pending before the Constitutional Convention. Becker's views on the subject are all the more convincing because they are given indirectly. He was speaking with reference to his pardon, or the commutation of his sentence, rather than regarding capital punishment, when he said:

> If I were given the choice between dying a felon's death in the electric chair and living a felon's life in a prison cell I should certainly not be inclined to prefer the longer over the shorter agony.

It is true that is the preference of only one condemned to death, and that others doomed might have another preference. But Becker's words raise a question about the abolition of capital punishment which those who favor it have been accustomed to overlook. They say that society has no right to take a criminal's life, but they have no hesitation about taking his liberty. Now comes a condemned man and says that he would prefer that his life should be taken rather than his liberty. Have those who would decline to take life for sentimental reasons, for the easing of their own minds, thought how the matter would be regarded by criminals? There is no reason why the views of those who have forfeited life or liberty should be consulted before the good of everybody else in the community. But when those views also are the views of the community there is no reason for yielding to sentiment. It is said that life imprisonment is more humane than capital punishment, and yet the records show that life imprisonment is a rare occurrence. Escapes, pardons, and other conditions modify life imprisonment to sentences which would be recognized as too short to fit the crime if they were given at the time of the crime. All humane persons favor the mildest sentences compatible with justice and social security, but in the matter of capital punishment it is always desirable that the reform should begin with those committing the crime. There would be no capital punishment if there were no murders, and to that method of abolishing capital punishment there is no objection.

Wottog Oo Siam.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the Bronx Zoo tragedy of Dame Canada and Madam Alberta, related in today's Times, there seems to be nothing for Madam Alberta to do but shout the Siamese war cry, "Wottog oo Siam!" (The three words are pronounced as one.) E. S. J.

New York, July 19, 1915.

TRIAL BY JURY.

The Lord of Life through endless starry ages,
About His zone His peopled earth hath spun;
And born of varying fires in varying stages,
Twelve natures mark the children of the Sun.

Twelve gateways open from the throne celestial,
Twelve jewels flash the radiance of the Light
Adown long pathways to this sphere terrestrial,
That swings its lonely way along the night.

Twelve Princes ruled in Israel's division,
Twelve were the followers of its lowly King;
And 'mid the lilies in the Fields Elysian,
Twelve times twelve thousand holy angels sing.

Now, down long corridors of times and places,
Whose lost traditions held the world in awe,
Before the Judge with gravely smiling faces,
See twelve men sit in judgment on the Law!

M. E. BUHLER.

WHERE BOHEMIANS STAND.

A Protest Against Any Thought of Disloyalty to America.

New York, July 20, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reference to an article published in The Times on July 19, under the heading "Talk in Hungary of Outbreak Here," I beg the courtesy of space in your estimable paper to state that there are about 1,000,000 Bohemians in the United States who do not wish to be called Austrians, and also about 1,000,000 Slovaks who do not wish to be called Hungarians; that some three-fourths of the "Austro-Hungarians" here are Slavs, anti-Austrian in their sentiment; that both the Bohemians and the Slovaks renounced their allegiance to the Dual Monarchy, and must, together with their Slavic brethren, be subtracted from the total number of "Austro-Hungarians" available here for any kind of mobilization that Count Tisza might think fit to undertake. A large part of the Bohemians and Slovaks came over to the United States to free themselves from the political and cultural oppression that they had to suffer at home; the rest because they could not find the bare means of a livelihood and the chance of further development under the Austro-Hungarian misrule. None of these love Austria, and there is a strong spirit of resentment and condemnation for the mischievous propaganda which certain German publicists try to spread in this country.

The Bohemians in the United States gave the best expression of their sentiment by forming an American branch of the Bohemian National Alliance, a world-wide organization, joining all Bohemians of America, England, France, Russia, Italy, Switzerland, Servia, Bulgaria, and Rumania into one solid body whose aim it is to support the political leaders of Bohemia in their work for the re-establishment of an Independent Bohemian State. With men like Professor T. G. Masaryk of Prague University, member of the Austrian Parliament, (now in exile,) and Professor Ernest Denis of Sorbonne, at the head of this organization, they see their only hope in a decisive victory for the Allies, and would not stand for any action that might impede the output of munitions and war materials intended to hasten this victory.

The Bohemians of the United States in a full appreciation of the hospitality of this country in several proclamations, mass meetings, &c., have pledged their entire support to the policy of the present Government and offer it their services whenever needed; they would not only emphatically rebuke any attempt on the part of Austria-Hungary to gain their co-operation in any agitation tending to foster ideals and tendencies foreign to the democratic spirit of the American Constitution, but would do their utmost to frustrate any such attempt with all the influence and power they possess.

JAROSLAV CISAR,
Secretary of the Eastern Branch of the Bohemian National Alliance in America.

Mr. Bigelow's Riddle.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your German correspondent who insists that civilian gentlemen of genius are welcome at the Court of Berlin rests his case on the charge that I myself have been among those selected for Imperial favor. Much as it revolts me to deny that I have genius or the qualities of a gentleman, it is needful, it seems, to point out that I am not Prussian. My remarks on the genus gentleman as a Germanic evolution should not be affected by any Imperial whims regarding social selection. The German Emperor has frequently entertained Americans, particularly those whom he has met on yachting cruises—mainly wealthy captains of industry, from whom he has extracted much information. But social vagaries were never allowed to disturb the Court policy toward Prussians of plain ancestry.

The Emperor's tutor, the late Dr. Hinzpeter, once said to me with that charming frankness which distinguishes Berlin diplomacy: "It has always been a mystery to me why the Emperor made so much of you." There is no answer to such an obvious reflection, save to admit that we must die with many a riddle unsolved. My German friends will all die before comprehending that, however much I love the German, I love my own people more.

Perhaps Voltaire handled this thorny theme in the fewest words, when he was guest of Frederick II., just 100 years before I was born. Writing to the mathematician d'Alembert from Potsdam, he sums up his homesickness in these words: "Il y a prodigieusement de bayonettes, et fort peu de livres!" A Franklin would have substituted libres for livres. POULTNEY BIGELOW.

Malden-on-Hudson, July 9, 1915.

If Gates Were Kept Down.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Recently there have appeared in your columns a number of letters and other articles, some of them being reports of interviews with Long Island Railroad officials, with reference to the great danger and numerous accidents occurring at grade crossings, as a result of the careless and reckless driving of automobilists. Most of these accidents are caused by the attempt on the part of the auto drivers to cross railroad tracks before the approach of a train and before the gates are lowered. The writer would suggest, therefore, that instead of having the gates raised, to be lowered only previous to the approach of a train, that these gates be kept down at all times and only raised at the approach of automobiles or other vehicles. In this way, no auto could pass until the gateman had raised the gates, which of course he would not do if a train was approaching. This would compel every autoist to slow up or come to a full stop before crossing the tracks, and would undoubtedly result in the saving of many lives and limbs. JOSEPH RENHALL.

New York, July 17, 1915.

Of What Stock the Prussian Is.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The safest ethnological test is language. The Bulgars were originally Tatars from the Volga, but when they immigrated to the Danube Valley and adopted Slav speech they became kinsmen of the Russians, Serbs, and Poles. The old Prussians were members of the Letto-Lithuanian race, but they took out German naturalization papers when they changed their Letto-Lithuanian tongue for German.

I thought my recent reply to Poultney Bigelow in The New York Times had made the point clear. But "E. M." makes confusion worse confounded. The Lettish stock is a "dark matter" to him, and he bluntly states that ethnologists are agreed on the non-Aryan nature of the Letts. Quite the contrary is the case. "E. M." only proves the old saying that a little knowledge is a dangerous thing.

"E. M." again blunders when he calls Bismarck a "distinctly Turanian name." It is Aryan to the core, and as good German, or rather Christian, as the man who bore it. It is derived from the original estate of the Bismarck family, bordering on a Bishopric, and is short for Bishopmark.

E. P. HORRWITZ.

New York, July 16, 1915.

Cremation in Pittsburgh.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Just a few words concerning your editorial on "Potter's Field and Cremation." As you say, the proposal of Miss Davis to do away with the Potter's Field on Hart's Island is to be commended on humane and sanitary grounds. The objections, you state, are religious and financial. Until three or four years ago it was the custom in Pittsburgh to bury all unclaimed bodies in a Potter's Field. Now they cremate them. In the Allegheny County Morgue there has been built a crematory from an old boiler. The reconstruction of the boiler into a crematory cost very little. Identification marks are noted closely and these are recorded. The ashes are placed in bottles and kept for five years. The system is cheaper than the older one of burying. There has been no religious objection to cremation there. It seems most unlikely that relatives or religious bodies would object to cremation here when they do not object to the burying of three bodies in one grave, one on top of the other.

J. M. HAMMER.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 18, 1915.

THE BRAIN A DARK CONTINENT TO SCIENCE.

Great Areas of It Are Still Unexplored, Hence the Confusion of Opinion About Insanity and Ignorance of Nervous Disorders.

By H. C. McCOMAS,
Assistant Professor of Psychology, Princeton University.

Princeton, July 21, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial, "A Prophecy Fulfilled," you express the thoughts and feelings of a large number of your readers concerning the Thaw case. The long struggle between the State and a family of great wealth has resulted in what seems to be a failure of the State to execute justice. It is easy to decry our clumsy system of administering justice, but in the present issue the fault would seem to lie elsewhere. If it were possible to diagnose and classify the different cases of insanity accurately, and if it were possible to predict the course and development of such cases, the Thaw case would have had no such career in the courts as you so justly deplore. Nor does the fault for the eccentricities of this case lie entirely with the alienists who rarely agreed in their diagnoses.

Of course, some alienists may be venal, but many of them certainly are not. Their problems are most difficult and intricate and are not yet of a character to enable them to make their decisions upon a thoroughly scientific basis. Many of the slight peculiarities which are evidences of an unbalanced mind cannot be detected by instruments of precision, but are noted only by the observations of specialists. Such observations are often not in accord and the interpretations of them vary with the training, the experience, and the predilections of the specialists. There can be no certainty in any diagnosis of insanity until mental disorders, especially the functional disorders, can be detected by means which do not permit the personal equation to enter.

If it were possible in all cases of insanity to make a blood test and show the presence of certain germs which cause certain disorders, then the microscope would be the court of last appeal.

This, of course, is not practicable. Nevertheless, every psychiatrist looks forward confidently to a future when all serious mental defects will give a distinct evidence of their presence, an evidence which cannot be doubted or denied.

Here, then, is a scientific problem in which the whole of society is interested. It cannot be left to a remote future for its solution. It is as urgent, indeed more urgent, than campaigns against smallpox, cancer, or tuberculosis. It is not enough to say a criminal is insane after he has committed his crime. It is necessary in our present social order to detect the potential criminal, to find the individual whose nervous instability may lead him to shoot McKinley, White, Roosevelt, Gaynor, or Morgan.

To a layman such a program may seem quixotic. It is not at all chimerical to the psychologist or the psychiatrist. Much has been already attained in study of mental diseases, though the subject is in inchoate form. With our present inadequate methods we can detect some of the future criminals in the schools. These methods are effective in dealing with extreme cases, and easily indicate many of the mentally defective, but they cannot detect the emotionally abnormal types with any accuracy whatever. Enough has been accomplished, however, to prove that the abnormal adult gives evidence of his mature abnormalities while in his youth. This field of research is difficult and full of pitfalls—as are the beginnings of any branch of science. It demands scientists of training, with great patience and ingenuity. Such men should be entirely free from distractions and should have every facility for prosecuting their work.

A great foundation, thoroughly equipped and generously endowed, dedicated solely to the investigation of the functions and disorders of the nervous system, would achieve a most important benefit to civilization.

There is no limit to the serviceableness of such an institution. The community is shocked and aroused by the conduct of neurotics like Muenter and Thaw, but has become calloused to the spectacle of thousands of men and women who have ignorantly abused their nervous systems and are today victims of scores of nervous troubles. Patent nostrums for the "overworked business man," the "tired feeling" woman, the youth of the "wasted manhood," and all the other "before and after" specimens would disappear—bankrupt—when the real causes and remedies for nervous troubles are known. Many a man learns how to take care of his stomach after years of experience, and remains ignorant of the first principles of care for his much abused brain and nerves. Some of this abuse his physician can point out and correct, some of it no one understands nor can explain. Stomachs, livers, lungs and kidneys have all had their day in the medical world. Surely it is time the brain had its turn. Our ignorance of the organ is stupendous. Whole areas are like unexplored continents. We know nothing of them except that they exist. A pitifully small fraction of the cortex and subcortical regions is understood at all.

I do not wish to give the impression that a great deal of splendid work has not been done or is not being done in this field. Many excellent scientists have done notable work here and are doing it. The fact remains that the difficulties are so great that their efforts are rewarded by meagre results. Indeed, the difficulties in this form of research are so many that those so engaged should not be compelled to encounter needless ones, and it is the needless troubles which can be obviated.

Practically all great hospitals for the insane have some research work as part of their program. This work is invariably hampered by lack of funds and insufficient equipment. Often it is conducted by busy men whose time is engrossed with their practice. They cannot give their whole time and thought to their investigations in the laboratory. In the universities very much the same conditions prevail. There the main interest is in the normal activities of the brain, and psychology has advanced along lines which do little service to psychiatry.

Without doubt the time is at hand when this branch of knowledge must be advanced. The endowment of research foundations or bureaus in other lines of science points the way to advance in this. The State or some public-spirited citizens should make it possible for a selected group of scientists—neurologists, physiologists, psychiatrists, anatomists and psychologists—to devote their time and talents in united efforts for building up a science of mental hygiene.

Certainly our present ignorance is intolerable. Is Mr. Thaw insane or has he ever been insane? Who knows? Your editorial professes to know; you state "if Thaw is sane now he was sane on that June night nine years ago when he killed Stanford White." That is pure assumption. Unfortunately, assumption is all we have to go on. We do not know whether his form of disorder varies from time to time from an uncontrollable passion to an average, normal propensity. Foreman Robinson pronounces upon a most involved psychiatrical diagnosis, and his opinion in this is as accurate as it would be in any other sphere of specialized science, but none can confirm or deny what he says. To cap the climax sovereign States are to be at odds on this issue. Thaw may be sane in one State and insane in another! In one he may be seen as your prophecy indicates, an insane murderer "set free to direct his homicidal inclinations against some other citizen;" in another State as a much abused defender of the unwritten law, a martyr to legal forms and unscrupulous lawyers. Which is he? Answer according to your pleasure, for science gives no proofs for or against you. Should this astonishing and ominous state of affairs arouse us to a realization of our needs, some good could come out of the unsavory Thaw case.

H. C. McCOMAS.

THE WOMAN INVENTIVE.

Detachable Collars and Good Signals Products of Her Genius.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial, July 20, tells of the discovery made by the University of Minnesota, that bread placed in cold storage will retain its freshness; and proceeds to claim the credit of the new method as an achievement of the male brain, saying that though stale bread has bothered women from the earliest times, it was not women who have discovered this easy way to keep it fresh. The University of Minnesota is co-educational, so neither sex can make this absurd claim. The idea was probably hatched out in the domestic science department, taught by women, mainly for women.

To retort in kind: Men have been for centuries troubled with soiled collars; why was it left for a woman, Mrs. Hannah Montague of Troy, to invent the detachable shirt collar, so that Brother Man may look cleaner than he really is? And out of her simple invention grew the great collar factories of Troy. To signal effectively at night from the darkness of the sea has been a sailorman's problem ever since men went down to the sea in ships; why did they wait until Mrs. Martha J. Coston come along and invented the pyrotechnic system bearing her name? It is true, as you state, that women did not invent the sewing machine. They were probably too busy pushing the needle by hand. But since then, women have invented about 125 improvements to the sewing machine.

Between the years 1790 and 1890 women took out something less than 3,000 patents. In the eighteen years following they had taken out over 3,000 patents, and in recent years they have won about two or three hundred patents every year, covering every field of usefulness. When women lived lives of domestic drudgery, financially dependent, excluded from all but the most rudimentary education, it is not to be wondered at that their inventions were few, and that less of these ever found the Patent Office. Perhaps women were resting upon their laurels; it was primitive woman who invented or discovered all the various arts and sciences upon which our civilization depends. The story is most beautifully told by Otis Tufton Mason, in his book "Woman's Share in Primitive Culture."

But what, anyway, is the connection between invention and the vote? The inventor is a genius, a "sport" from the tree of life. The vote is—or ought to be—the expression of the will of the great common people, divided equally into women and men.

MARTHA WENTWORTH SUFFREN.

New York, July 21, 1915.

An Alibi for Shakespeare.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the "damn" controversy your Trenton, N. J., correspondent in The Times of today says: "Doesn't Shakespeare make one of his characters 'damn with faint praise,' something which does not suit him?" None of Shakespeare's characters ever said so, but Alexander Pope did say it in his "Satires." Shade of Macaulay's Schoolboy. How can anybody confound Pope with the immortal William! B. B. VALLENTINE.

New York, July 19, 1915.

OUR VANISHING GAME.

A Plea for National Legislation to Preserve Wild Life in America.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The wild game of all the States and Territories belongs to the people of the whole country and not to the people of a certain locality. Anything that goes from one State to another can be controlled by the Government. Game does not recognize State lines; large game will travel clear across a State. I have seen quail fly across the Ohio River in low-water time from Kentucky to Illinois. At one time the elk wintered on the great plains and the foothills of the Rocky Mountains and summered in the mountains from Canada to Mexico. Settlers killed them and starved them off by keeping them from their Winter range until there are about 100,000 left. Ninety-five per cent. of these range in and around the Yellowstone National Park in Wyoming and Montana. The reason they stay in this part is that it is the wildest and roughest country in the United States.

The local residents bordering on the park use their influence to keep out hunters from other States. To do this Wyoming passed a law that each non-resident had to hire a guide. Some guides want a cook, horse-wrangler, and a number of horses. It is claimed each bull elk killed in Wyoming by a non-resident sportsman brings $1,000 into the State. This is done to help people live in a country where they could not unless they got support from people outside the State. Some, who will not work, will keep people from finding game as long as they can to make the job last. If people do not object to this, they should object to these same guides killing game in and out of season. Of course, the State does not approve of this practice, but who is to enforce the law against them, when the appointments are secured through politics and the appointees live in the neighborhood where the settlers think they have a right to get all the meat they want, as long as they get it in a quiet way?

Any citizen of Wyoming, on payment of a small license, is entitled to kill two elk a year, (even as scare as elk are getting now.) No person should ever be permitted to kill more than two elk in his lifetime. I have been told by residents of Jackson Hole, Wyoming, that the elk would not last long the way they were being killed off.

This has occurred for years, and will continue so long as the game is under State laws. The only way to preserve our game is for the United States Government to protect it. D. B. JACOBI

New York, July 17, 1915.

A Place for Phonographs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The New York City Visiting Committee wishes to call the attention of the public to the great need of phonographs and records in the New York City children's hospitals and schools on Randall's Island. A familiar tune frequently brings joy and contentment to the sick child and turns his mind from his own distress. Phonographs and records sent to Room 710, Charities Building, 105 East Twenty-second Street, Manhattan, will be acknowledged and distributed.

J. F. THOMAS, Secretary.

New York, July 19, 1915.

SUFFRAGISTS LOSE IN RING DECISION

Yelling, Hooting Crowd in St. Nicholas Rink Best Their Orator.

WOULDN'T LISTEN TO HER

Appealed for Votes for Women, but Even Her Companions Realized It Was Useless.

There was a woman at the Charley White-Kid Lewis fisticuff carnival at St. Nicholas Rink last night who had as much courage as both the boxers put together. She was Mrs. Frances H. Brewer, suffragist from Richmond County. Before a crowd of boxing fans, who wanted boxing and red-hot, slam-bang boxing at that, Mrs. Brewer made a speech on woman suffrage. She stood right up in the centre of the ring, and, although no one knew just what she was saying, Mrs. Brewer kept right on talking.

Perhaps Mrs. Brewer won no votes for the cause last night, but she won a whole lot of admiration. In the face of hooting, cat calls, and whistling, the smile never left her face as she talked. Like an after-dinner speaker, however, she was stretching it out a bit too much, and Joe Humphreys had to touch her on the shoulder and tell her where to end the last paragraph.

It was very much like a missionary making his first speech to a band of Hottentots. It was the rudest audience that ever listened to a speech. The men in the galleries left their manners outside. When Mrs. Brewer began to talk, some one yelled, "Put on a fight." Another one asked Joe Humphreys about the weights.

Went to Ask for Votes.

What the speaker and a squad of about a dozen suffragists went to the boxing bout for was to ask the men to cast their votes on Nov. 2 for the amendment in favor of "Votes for Women."

The fact of the matter is that most of the men who go to boxing bouts have not known in advance for years just how they would cast their votes. If any one wants to change his vote it is necessary to interview somebody else. In the crowd were well-known figures from Broadway, the race tracks and the extreme west and east sides. They are about as interested in "Votes for Women" as an Eskimo is in straw hats.

An unusually large number of "high-brows" were also present, many of them acting as if they had never seen a boxing bout before. When the boxing started the suffragists looked on somewhat shocked, except Mrs. Brewer, for, after her experience at making a speech, nothing as tame as rough boxing could shock her.

Mrs. Brewer climbed into the ring just before the main bout. She was profusely introduced by Joe Humphreys, whose duties have mostly been in proclaiming "prides of the east side" and "terrors of the west side." The speaker had not spoken two minutes before the gallery began to yell for the main bout. She addressed her hearers as "men who love a fight." This expression was received with much noise, which continued until Mrs. Brewer left the ring.

The crowd made a tremendous noise with its feet and began to whistle "Marching Through Georgia." A few men around the ring heard what Mrs. Brewer was saying, but her voice was lost in the shouting. Mrs. Brewer's suffragist friends became so nervous that they sent word for her to stop speaking, but the message was also lost in the noisy outbreak.

"Our country is the only country in the world," said Mrs. Brewer, "which is trying the experiment of democracy."

Even the Gong Was Disregarded.

"Louder," yelled the crowd.

"I can't," answered Mrs. Brewer in despair.

Manager James Johnson and Announcer Humphreys tried in vain to quell the disorder, but the crowd wanted to see a boxing match and refused to be silenced. During much of Mrs. Brewer's speech the timekeeper kept clanging the big timer's gong, but even this failed to have the quieting effect it usually has at a boxing bout.

"I am here," Mrs. Brewer said, "to ask you men to use your votes to carry our constitutional amendment at the polls next November." The rest was lost in the outburst of hooting.

Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse got up and tried to wave Mrs. Brewer down from the ring, but the talker failed to see the signal. Two of the other women came over to the ringside and tried to attract the speaker's attention. The delegation had all come to the conclusion that it was a hopeless task to try to talk on votes for women before this mob. Never before had they ever encountered an audience which was so frank in its disapproval. Announcer Humphreys finally came to the rescue and touched Mrs. Brewer on the arm and she stopped talking.

The party of women sat through eight rounds of the ten-round bout between White and Lewis and then walked out. It was the first boxing match they had ever witnessed and also the last, they said.

Some of the women in the suffragist party were Mrs. Whitehouse, Miss Mary White, Mrs. Jerome Meyers, Miss Ida Proper, Miss Ethel Plummer, and Miss Alice Morgan Wright.

BOND FOR DR. SHAW'S AUTO.

If Suffrage Leader Furnishes $300, Gift Car Will Go Free.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Argument today in the injunction suit brought by Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, the national suffrage leader, in Media, to restrain the Delaware County Tax Collector from selling "Eastern Victory," the little yellow suffrage automobile which was seized because of Dr. Shaw's nonpayment of State taxes, was concluded with an agreement whereby the owner is to have possession of the car provided she puts up a bond for $300 to cover the taxes due. It is quite likely that Dr. Shaw and the County Commissioners will recognize the justice of this proceeding, and probably by tomorrow morning Miss Lucy Anthony, Dr. Shaw's secretary, will be on the road at the wheel of the gift car.

By giving this bond, Judge Johnson pointed out, Dr. Shaw would not only get immediate possession of the auto, but the public sale, scheduled for next Saturday, would be stayed and the question as to whether or not she was liable to the State tax would be fought out in a court of equity, the proceedings probably covering a period of a year or more.

THEIR GEM TROUBLES OVER.

Men Who Brought In Diamonds Undeclared Set Free.

Emil Propelle and Adam A. Tischer, who arrived here on the Mauretania April 24, 1914, with $57,000 worth of uncut diamonds, and who faced one criminal proceeding and were threatened with another suit involving possession of the diamonds, were freed of their court troubles yesterday by an order signed by Judge Hand of the Federal Court. It was shown that Propelle and Tischer had grubstaked an old prospector in German Southwest Africa in 1914 and that the diamonds represented their share of the speculation.

Not knowing that the diamonds were subjected to a duty of 10 per cent., they did not declare them. Later, when trying to dispose of the stock they were arrested as smugglers, tried, and acquitted. Then the German Government sent word that the diamonds had been taken from the Colonial Mining Company's sorting department, and a new suit was begun to determine ownership. The German Government allowed its claim to lapse and Judge Hand consented to a discontinuance of the suit, on the payment of the duty and penalties, aggregating about $8,000.

10-CENT STORES ASK TIME.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler Director in the American Concern.

The American 5 and 10 Cent Stores, a corporation with offices at 315 Fifth Avenue, and a chain of stores in various cities, and in which Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, of Columbia University, is a director, is asking creditors for an extension, which has, it is said, already been accepted by the large creditors. The corporation proposes to pay 100 cents on the dollar—10 cents in cash and 10 cents every three months until the debts are paid. The liabilities are $218,000, and the assets $442,000.

The company was incorporated in September, 1911, with a capital stock of $1,000,000. The company had twelve stores, in Mount Vernon, Perth Amboy, Baltimore, Cleveland, St. Louis, Muncie, Ind., and other cities. The officers are John T. Holmes, President; Richard H. Strong, Vice President, and Fred B. Hinchman, Secretary and Treasurer. A committee of creditors has been appointed so that a plan of settlement can be put into operation.

The sales for 1914 amounted to $1,388,000. A complete change was made last year in the management, and the affairs of the company have been going through a reorganization in its buying departments and in all of its stores. The condition of the company is laid to poor merchandising and unfavorable contracts, and the company needs more working capital. Among the creditors who have accepted the plan are George Borgfeld & Co., A. J. Bien Braid Company, Walter Emmerick & Co., Pacific Novelty Company, and Benedict & Bodner.

BEVERLY D. HARRIS WEDS.

New York Banker Marries Miss Lee After a Quick Change in Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 21.—Beverly D. Harris, Vice President of the National City Bank of New York, was married tonight to Miss Elaine Lee of Greenville, Miss.

The wedding was held in St. Louis after a quick change in the couple's plans, in order to provide for a honeymoon tour of Colorado and California.

Mr. Harris said he and Miss Lee had planned to be married in October. A short time ago they arranged to meet in St. Louis, have the ceremony performed quietly, and go West.

Mr. Harris formerly was Vice President of the Southern Texas Commercial National Bank of Houston, Texas, and prior to that had been Cashier of the City National Bank of Dallas. He was one of the best known financial men in the Southwest. He became Vice President of the National City Bank of New York City in January.

The couple will be at home in New York City in September, Mr. Harris said.

MISS WARREN ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Warren to Wed H. S. Murray.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elliot Warren, of New York and Cedarhurst, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Susanne Elizabeth Warren, to Herman Stump Murray, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Murray of New York and Goshen. Miss Warren, who made her début two seasons ago, is a member of the Daughters of the Cincinnati. Mr. Murray is a graduate of Harvard, class of '13, and is a member of the Harvard Club, this city and the Royal Societies Club of London, England.

Mr. Murray, senior, is a member of the Union Club and the University Club. Miss Warren's father is President of the Lincoln National Bank, and is a member of the Army and Navy, New York Yacht Club, Piping Rock and Sleepy Hollow Country Clubs, the St. Nicholas Society and Union League of New York.

No date has been set for the wedding.

PROF. W. A. SPECK MARRIED.

Yale Instructor Wed His Brother's Widow, Mrs. Sarah R. Speck.

Special to The New York Times.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., July 21.—It became known here today that on Saturday evening last Professor William Alfred Speck of Yale University was married to Mrs. Sarah Renie Speck, widow of his brother. The ceremony was performed in the Methodist Episcopal Church here, the Rev. Frank Wade Smith, the pastor, officiating.

Professor Speck is instructor in German at Yale, and is 51 years old. His bride gave her age as 43. They are spending their honeymoon at the camp meeting grounds at Jamesport, where Professor Speck has a cottage.

MISS MARY FANNON A BRIDE.

Married to Thos. Sullivan in Church of St. John the Evangelist.

The wedding of Miss Mary E. Fannon, daughter of Francis Fannon, Superintendent of the hall of the Board of Education, and Thomas Sullivan, of this city, was celebrated at 9 o'clock yesterday morning in the Church of St. John the Evangelist. The Rev. John J. Donovan officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white crepe de chine with a large tulle hat, and carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies of the valley.

Her sister, Miss Anna C. Fannon, was her only attendant. She was in pink taffeta and net with a pink tulle hat, and carried pink Killarney roses. Dr. Vincent O'Neil, of Highland Falls, N. Y., was best man.

A reception followed at the home of the bride, in East Fifty-seventh Street. Later the couple left for Maine on their honeymoon trip. They will reside in Brooklyn.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Mary Victoria Green of Philadelphia, whose engagement to Griswold A. Lorillard, son of Pierre Lorillard of New York, was announced last week, is visiting Mrs. C. C. Adams at Cedarhurst, L. I. Mr. Lorillard is also a guest at the Adams home.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wellford Leavitt have gone from Westchester County to their camp in the Adirondacks for the remainder of the Summer.

Mrs. Alexander V. Blake of 745 Madison Avenue is with her sister, Mrs. Harry Van Cortlandt Fish, at North Hatley, Quebec.

Mrs. Lewis B. Woodruff, who recently returned to New York from the South, has gone to Litchfield, Conn., to be the guest of Mrs. Charles H. Woodruff at Ash Grove.

Lindenmeyr-Moffett Engagement.

The engagement is announced of Miss Matilde M. Lindenmeyr of 895 West End Avenue to Dr. Rudolph Duryea Moffett of 830 Park Avenue. Miss Lindenmeyr is a daughter of the late Henry Lindenmeyr. Dr. Moffett is an assistant attending physician of the German and the Metropolitan Hospitals. No date has been set for the wedding, but it will probably take place in the early Autumn.

To and from Europe.

Some of those booked to sail today for Liverpool on the Orduna are:

S. Alexander, A. S. Burns, Robert Eddie, Dr. J. H. Jones, Mrs. J. Levens, Mr. and Mrs. C. Martin, Mrs. B. Forbes Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Prosser, Miss J. R. Prosser, Miss M. S. Prosser, Mrs. S. J. Scholes, J. D. Sky, and the Rev. R. E. Young.

Among the arrivals yesterday from Copenhagen on the Oscar II. were:

Miss Anna Anderson, Miss E. Anderson, Miss Alma Boman, Joseph Busath, A. Borris, Mrs. A. Decker, E. Christensen, Dr. Carl Eggers, Dr. Salomon Gavelin, C. C. Haage, Dr. John Lancer, and Miss C. Nielson.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Rehearsals of "Brother Masons," a farce by Seymour Browne and Harry Lewis, which H. H. Frazee will produce next month, will be begun today. The principals will be Frank McIntyre, George Parsons, De Witt Jennings, and Maude Eburne.

"The Bank's Half Million," a melodramatic playlet by Paul Armstrong, will be presented in the Palace next week. Robert Armstrong and Phoebe Hunt will be included in the cast.

The Lasky Feature Play Company has secured the motion picture rights to James Forbes's farce, "The Chorus Lady." Work on the picture will be begun soon in the Lasky studios at Hollywood, Cal.

One of the five "Twin Beds" companies Selwyn & Co. are organizing to tour the country the coming season gave a special performance of the farce yesterday afternoon in the Harris Theatre.

David Horsley has made an arrangement with the Mutual Film Corporation whereby he will release a single reel comedy and a two-reel animal picture through that concern every week and a four-reel feature every five weeks.

DENY MRS. FLAGLER IS OIL MAN'S WIDOW

Woman Who Promised $20,000 Salary Held on $800 Charge of Clerk.

EXECUTOR DENIES CLAIM

Lawyer in Chicago Says Story Is True That She Married Henry M. Flagler in Washington.

The woman who describes herself as Mrs. Zora Emma Flagler of the Hotel Marseilles, the widow of Henry M. Flagler of the Standard Oil Company, was held in $5,000 bail by Magistrate McQuade in the Yorkville Court yesterday for examination tomorrow. The complainant, Frank J. Mahoney of 70 East 106th Street, a clerk for the Municipal Civil Service Commission, said he had paid her $800 after she had represented that she was to receive $15,000,000 from the estate of Mr. Flagler. Assistant District Attorney Heilbron said he had information that the woman had obtained money from other people in a similar manner.

Lawrence C. Haines of 92 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, representing the Flagler estate, was in court and swore the prisoner's claim that she was the widow of Henry M. Flagler was false.

In his affidavit, Mahoney said he was engaged by the prisoner to act as her secretary at a salary of $20,000 a year. She requested money from him, he said, so that she might get at safety vault boxes containing securities which were negotiable May 30, two years after Mr. Flagler's death. He said he gave her $800 in the Waldorf on May 17, and lost $4,435 altogether.

George S. Scofield of 63 Wall Street, attorney for Henry M. Flagler's estate, gave out a formal statement last night, saying that Zora Emma Flagler's story is untrue, and that she never made any claim against the estate, he said. W. H. Beardsley of 26 Broadway, executor of Henry M. Flagler's estate, said he never heard of the woman until a few weeks ago, when inquiries were made by tradesmen and hotel keepers concerning credit given her.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 21.—J. Edward Newberger, the lawyer whom Mrs. Zora Anna Howe Flagler, under arrest in New York, said could identify her, made this statement tonight:

"I understand this woman married Mr. Flagler in Washington several years ago. If she wants me to go to New York to identify her I shall be glad to do so. At one time she lived in Chicago, but I do not feel at liberty at the present time to discuss her affairs."

NEW FIRM OF PRODUCERS.

The Savoy Has Adolf Philipp as Its Stage Director.

The Savoy Producing Company is the name of a new theatrical firm that will enter the producing field shortly. Paul Philipp is its general manager and Adolf Philipp its stage director. The latter built and operated during the first two years of its existence the Fifty-seventh Street Theatre, now known as the Bandbox. He is co-author and composer of a number of musical plays performed in recent years, among them "Adele," "Alma, Wo Wohnst Du?" and "The Midnight Girl."

Mr. Philipp, with Paul Herve and Jean Briquet, has written and composed the first musical comedy the new company will produce. It is called "Two Is Company." Among the other offerings of the firm will be "That Night," a farce comedy by Mr. Philipp; "Three Good Things," a musical comedy by Paul Herve and Jean Briquet; "The Bank Cashier," a comedy by François Regaut; "My Shadow and I," a three-act play by Jules Fabre, and a musical comedy entitled "Sh! It's a Secret."

HOPES WE WON'T JOIN WAR.

Australian Thinks Mexicans and Germans Would Give Us Trouble.

J. W. G. Alford, head of a big machinery company in Adelaide, Australia, has written to his Brooklyn friend, J. H. Johnston, of 389 Clinton Street, a letter which may indicate the views of British colonial business men in that part of the world on the position of the United States in regard to the war. Says Mr. Alford:

"I do not of course know, and it is hard to read between the lines, exactly what position America will take in connection with this great war, but the fact that the Germans have torpedoed innocent merchant ships, utterly regardless of whether they carried neutrals or not, and the sinking of the Lusitania with so many Americans on board, and also the sinking of ships owned exclusively by Americans, should, I think, be the means of breaking the last weak link of diplomacy between your great country and Germany. As the latter country has broken every law of international warfare, we of Australia cannot understand any civilized nation either countenancing or shutting its eyes to these stern facts.

"By this I do not mean that America should take an active part by declaring war against Germany; far from it, indeed, because in the first place it would mean the raising of an army in your peaceful country under circumstances which would be extremely difficult and perhaps lead to internal rupture, inasmuch as probably from 5 to 10 per cent. of the people in your cosmopolitan country are Germans, and in addition to international troubles and intrigues, you people have to deal at the present time with Mexico, and while under present conditions you can keep these people quiet, they would, in all probability, if the United States were engaged in a world-wide war, take advantage of it; and then again, if America, too, were engaged in this war, your navy is only sufficient for your own protection and the conveying of your transports to the seat of war.

"Another great reason why it is better for America to remain neutral is the fact that we—I mean the British and the Allies—are able under the present conditions to purchase arms and ammunition from your people, which are at the present time urgently needed, and we do not wish these supplies to be curtailed in any way.

"Judging from the cables, it is evident that within the next few days diplomatic negotiations between the United States and Germany will be absolutely cut off, and we, as Australians, and part and parcel of the British Empire, together with our allies, will be quite satisfied if this is done, and a protest made in no uncertain way that civilized America deprecates and abhors Germany for her terrible crimes."

DENIES KAISER'S PROPHECY.

Tageblatt Insists He Never Said War Would End in October.

BERLIN, July 21, (via London.)—The statement attributed to Emperor William, which has appeared in foreign newspapers, that the war would end in October, is asserted by the Tageblatt to be "a plain invention."

The Tageblatt says it has learned that competent official circles know nothing of such a declaration.

843,000 SOLDIERS MARRIED.

Britain Has Paid Wives and Children of These Men $125,000,000.

LONDON, July 21.—Speaking for the Government in the House of Lords today, Lord Newton said that the number of married men at present in the British Army was approximately 843,000.

The aggregate cost of separation allowances paid to wives and children of these men has been £25,000,000, ($125,000,000.)

VOTING SCHOOL FOR WOMEN

Suffragists to be Taught Duties of Watchers at Jamaica.

A model of a polling place is to be fitted up in one of the suites of offices in the Post Office at Jamaica, L. I., and there the suffragists of Queens Borough are to have a school for watchers at the polls on Aug. 6. It will be in charge of Mrs. Alfred J. Eno of Jamaica, Borough Chairman of the Woman Suffrage Party.

Men are to impersonate poll clerks, election officials, party watchers, policemen, and even drunken voters. Husbands of suffragists will impersonate ward heelers. Ballots will be cast and recorded, several "voters" will be challenged, and a make-believe policeman will arrest "repeaters." There will also be lectures during the day by political leaders of the borough.

Dr. Armand Mueller.

Dr. Armand Mueller, a prominent chemist and known in the business as "Dr. Mueller-Jacobs," died on Monday at his home in Huntington, L. I., in his sixty-first year. He was native of Switzerland, where he received his education, and at the age of 25 went to Warsaw, Russia. Here he made discoveries in sulphanated oils and shortly after came to this country. One of his greatest discoveries was a turkey-red dyeing process, patented in 1881, which supplanted the old and more expensive method of using sheep's tongue. He also patented a process of making permanent photographs by etching the impression on the glass and doing away with the film. His latest discovery was an emulsifier for oils, now widely used in wool and worsted spinning and in tanning. Dr. Mueller also wrote poetry in French, German, and English. His widow survives him.

Mrs. Isabel Waldron, Actress, Dies.

Mrs. Isabel Waldron, a once prominent actress, whose last appearance was in "The Deep Purple," died yesterday at Jamaica, L. I. She was born in 1848 and made her first appearance on the stage in 1863 at Macauley's Theatre in Louisville, Ky. Four years after she became the leading ingenue of MacVicker's Theatre in Chicago. About this time she married George B. Waldron, the leading man. Later Mr. and Mrs. Waldron starred for a number of years in the West and then appeared in support of many stars, including Fanny Davenport, Charles Fechter, Edwin Booth, and Lawrence Barrett. In 1880 they went to England with McKee Rankin's company in "The Danites," and three years later Mr. Waldron died. Since then Mrs. Waldron had appeared with Mrs. Patrick Campbell, David Warfield, Mary Mannering, and the late Richard Mansfield. She married William C. Anderson in 1897.

Henry A. De Meli Dies in Italy.

Henry Anthony de Meli, until forty-five years ago a resident of this city and a member of the first class that was graduated from the Columbia School of Mines, died on Tuesday at Catania, Italy, in his seventy-fourth year. After leaving college he went to Georgetown, Col., where he had a mining property, but retired in 1870 to live in Europe. Mr. de Meli had a home in Catania as well as in Dresden, Germany, and was noted for his shooting trips into Africa. His son, Henry G. D. de Meli, lives in this city, and a daughter, Mrs. Marie L. Royer, makes her home in Geneva, Switzerland.

Obituary Notes.

HENRY C. PERRINE, President of the First National Bank of South Amboy, N. J., died from pneumonia at his home yesterday. Three months ago his wife died, and he had not recovered from the shock. He was born March 6, 1843, at Spotswood, N. J., and was graduated from Columbia. From 1867 to 1875 he lived in New York, where he was a wholesale provision merchant. Mr. Perrine organized and became President of the First National Bank of South Amboy, in 1888.

STEPHEN S. DE HART, 83 years of age, builder of the First Methodist Church and many other buildings in New Brunswick, N. J., died suddenly at his home yesterday. He was prominent also as a fireworks manufacturer. Mr. De Hart is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Etta Clist, wife of the Rev. Charles Clist, a Dutch Reformed minister of Brooklyn.

WILLIAM SPICER, 78 years old, one of the five survivors of Drake's Veteran Zouaves, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Frederick Kaufman, of 122 Franklin Street, Elizabeth, N. J. For thirty-three years Mr. Spicer was an employe in the Central Railroad shops of Elizabeth. He served in the One Hundred and Nineteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, a Philadelphia regiment, during the civil war. Mr. Spicer was a member of Elizabeth Council, Sons of the American Revolution.

DR. C. P. HOOKER, a widely known physician of Springfield, Mass., died last night at Fortune Rocks, Biddeford, Me., where he was passing the Summer. He was 60 years of age.

SAMUEL PHILIP BURRELL, for thirty years in business in Church Street as a commission merchant and a son of the late William Burrell, at one time Controller of the City of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 218 Park Place, Brooklyn. Mr. Burrell was born in that borough sixty-three years ago, and was a member of the Montauk Club, the Brooklyn Bowling on the Green Club, and one of the oldest members of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church.

WILLIAM SIMPSON, 81 years old, a retired ship chandler, formerly head of the firm of Simpson & Shaw, in Manhattan, died on Tuesday at his home, 619 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Simpson had been a member of the Board of Trustees of the Lewis Avenue Congregational Church for twenty-one years and for fourteen years Treasurer of the church. He left a widow and two sons.

Mrs. MELISSA TILLOTSON HOWES, widow of Elbert C. Howes, who was a part owner of the Howes Great London Circus and Menagerie, one of the earlier big circus combinations, died on Tuesday at the home of her son-in-law, Elbert C. Concklin, 952 President Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 77 years. Mrs. Howes was born in Putnam County, N. Y., and was a lineal descendant of Archbishop Tillotson of Canterbury, England.

Miss MARY A. T. MOLOW, for several years head of the Model School of the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers, died yesterday morning at her home, 1,242 Dean Street, Brooklyn, as a result of her grief over the death of her sister, Ann, who died last month. Miss Molow, who was 68 years old, became a teacher in the public schools of Brooklyn in 1864 and rose through all the grades until she became head of the Model School. She retired two years ago.

Miss FLORENCE N. NICHOLS, a daughter of the late George M. Nichols, at one time an Alderman at Large of the old City of Brooklyn and a Civil Service Commissioner of that borough during the first Low administration, is dead at her home, 359 Carlton Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 32 years.

W. W. L'HOMMEDIEU, 84 years old, and for many years a resident of Islip, L. I., died in the Southside Hospital at Babylon on Tuesday from a complication of diseases.

FRANK C. SKINNER, foreman for the Wright & Cobb Lighterage Company, is dead at his home, 1,807 Church Avenue, Flatbush, aged 53 years. He left a widow, a son, and a daughter.

Mrs. ELIZABETH LENT, wife of Abraham Lent of Plattsburg, N. Y., and mother of Dr. Abraham F. Lent, a former Assemblyman and prominent in Republican politics in Brooklyn, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Shem, 126 Linden Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Lent was 65 years of age and formerly lived in Brooklyn for thirty years.

CHARLES GOELLER, a lawyer and a brother-in-law of Justice Dugro, died on Tuesday at his home, 103 East Tenth Street, in his sixty-eighth year. He was a native New Yorker and a graduate of New York University. Mr. Goeller had law offices for many years at 99 Nassau Street. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention, the Bar Association, the National Democratic Club, the Tammany Society, and was a Director of the Corn Exchange Bank.

Mrs. CAROLINE A. LAUTEN, widow of Edward A. Lauten, a manufacturer, died on Tuesday at her home, 59 South Tenth Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y. She was a member of the Westchester Women's Club and a Director of the Mount Vernon Hospital and a number of other charitable organizations.

Mrs. HENRIETTA A. KAUFFMAN, wife of Warren L. Kauffman, Principal of Public School No. 19, Yonkers, died on Tuesday at her home there, in her forty-seventh year. She was born in Camden, N. Y., and was a graduate of Syracuse University and at the time of her death was head of the history department of the Yonkers schools.

Mrs. FREDERICKA S. BRAUN, widow of John Braun, a clothing manufacturer, died on Tuesday at her home, 421 West 129th Street, in her seventy-eighth year. She was born in Germany, but had lived here for more than fifty years. Four daughters and two sons survive her.

JOSEPH HELLENSTEIN, a retired manufacturer and a brother of Coroner Herman Hellenstein, died yesterday from heart disease at the home of the Coroner with whom he lived, at 275 Seventh Street, in his sixtieth year. He was a member of several social organizations and besides the Coroner, is survived by a sister.

POMPEIAN
OLIVE OIL
ALWAYS FRESH
PURE-SWEET-WHOLESOME

MRS. E. LONGFELLOW DANA.

Poet's Daughter Dies at Her Summer Home at Manchester, Mass.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass, July 21.—Mrs. Edith Longfellow Dana, daughter of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow and wife of Richard Henry Dana of Cambridge, died at her Summer home at Manchester today. She was married Jan. 10, 1878, to Richard Henry Dana, who, like herself, came of notable ancestry, and ever since their marriage they had lived in Cambridge, with a Summer residence for many years at Manchester-By-The-Sea, where their place overlooks what is known as Dana's Beach.

In addition to her husband and her sisters, Miss Longfellow and Mrs. Thorpe, Mrs. Dana is survived by four sons and two daughters. The sons are Richard Henry Dana, Jr., of New York, Harvard, 1901; Henry W. Longfellow Dana, Harvard, 1903; Allston Dana, Harvard, 1906, and Edmund Trowbridge Dana, who married Miss Jessie Holliday of England, whose death by drowning was a recent occurrence. The two daughters are Mrs. Henry C. Derham, 2d, of New York, who formerly was Miss Frances A. Dana, and Mrs. Robert H. Hutchinson of Philadelphia, who before her marriage was Miss Delia F. Dana.

The sisters, of whom the poet wrote in "The Children's Hour," are Miss Alice Longfellow, who still resides in her father's historic home, Craigie House, Cambridge, and Mrs. James C. Thorpe, formerly Annie Allegra Longfellow, whose home adjoins that of the Dana family in Cambridge.

ELMORE W. HURST DEAD.

Illinois Democrat Who Was Offered an Ambassadorship.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., July 21.—Elmer W. Hurst, one of the wealthiest and best known Democrats in the State, died at his home in this city this morning from heart disease. He was a member of the State Legislature in 1888 and in 1898. In 1896 he was an elector on the Bryan and Sewall ticket, and in 1900 was Chairman of the Illinois Democratic State Convention at Springfield. Both in 1908 and 1912 he was repeatedly mentioned in connection with the Gubernatorial nomination.

In 1912 Mr. Hurst was a delegate at large to the Baltimore National Convention and the choice of the Illinois delegation for nomination for Vice President. He was offered the Ambassadorship to St. Petersburg before it was tendered to H. M. Pindell, Peoria, and also might have been made Minister either to Belgium or to Denmark, but refused because of his failing health.

Mr. Hurst, who was 63 years of age, was born in this city and was prominent in financial and legal circles.

JAMES M. GREENFIELD DIES.

Manufacturer of Chocolate Was Founder of Montclair Riding Club.

Joseph M. Greenfield President of E. Greenfield's Sons, manufacturers of chocolate, of 200 Fifth Avenue, died yesterday morning at his home, 52 Pleasant Avenue, Montclair, N. J., in his fiftieth year. He had lived in that city for the last twelve years and his home was one of the finest there.

Mr. Greenfield was a member of the Essex County Country Club, the Montclair Golf Club, the Montclair Club, and St. Luke's Episcopal Church. He was founder of the Montclair Riding and Automobile Club, and President of the Montclair Horse Show Association, and was making preparations for its annual show in September when taken ill two weeks ago. His widow survives him.

Vice Consul Gassett Dies in Japan.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Walter Gassett of Boston, American Vice Consul at Kobe, Japan, for the last ten years and formerly a member of the Boston Stock Exchange, died on Sunday at the Naval Hospital at Yokohama. A State Department dispatch from Yokohama today said he died of embolism of the pulmonary artery. His body will be cremated and buried at Kobe. Mr. Gassett was 60 years old. His brother, Percival Gassett, is Consul at Malaga.

Mrs. E. T. Greenfield Drops Dead.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., July 21.—Mrs. E. T. Greenfield, wife of Colonel E. T. Greenfield of New York City, dropped dead tonight at Kiamesha Casino, an amusement place near here. Colonel Greenfield earlier in the evening returned to New York City, where he is connected with the Sprague Electric Company.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged

FOSTER—REINERS.—Martha I. Reiners to Hugh F. Foster.

PELTZ—SCOTT.—Beatrice D. Scott to L. Robert Peltz.

Married

COHN—PECK.—Mr. and Mrs. Carl Peck announce the marriage of their daughter Elsie to Martin B. Cohn, Jr.

POPE—MUIR.—Tuesday, July 20, 1915, at the Church of the Transfiguration, New York City, by the Rev. G. C. Houghton, D. D., Margaret, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Muir, to Dr. Edward Sutphen Pope.

STEVENS—PAUL.—On July 21, 1915, at the residence of the bride, 333 Rich Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., by the Rev. H. H. Beattys, George M. Stevens, Jr., to Leah Franklin Paul.

Brooklyn.

JEFFERSON—HOLMES.—July 19, Elma S. Holmes to Richard Jefferson.

Long Island.

DONALD—COAD.—July 18, Corona, Sadie Coad to Hugh Donald.

Newark.

MURPHY—KARGI.—July 18, Armin A. Kargi to Jeremiah D. Murphy.

SCHOTT—EATON.—July 18, Violet Eaton to William B. Schott.

Died

BIE.—Anson Broch Bie, infant son of Emil and Katrine Hvidt Bie, on Monday, July 19, at the Brooklyn Hospital. Services at 311 Washington Av. Thursday, July 22, at 10:30 A. M.

BUCHANAN.—On July 19, 1915, Edna Greene, beloved wife of Allan Buchanan and daughter of Mary Kelly and late Edward Greene, aged 26 years. Funeral from late residence, 512 West 179th St., Friday morning, 9:30. Requiem mass Church of Incarnation 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary.

BURRELL.—On Tuesday, July 20, 1915, Samuel P. Burrell, in his 63d year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 218 Park Place, Brooklyn, on Thursday, July 22, at 2 P. M.

CONNORS.—On Tuesday, July 20, Catherine, widow of James and beloved mother of James P., Peter H., and Cecelia N. Connors. Funeral from her late home, 415 West 115th St., on Thursday at 10 o'clock, thence to Corpus Christi Church, West 121st St., near Broadway, where solemn requiem mass will be celebrated.

DANAHAR.—Suddenly, July 21, 1915, Hugh, beloved husband of the late Winifred Danahar, and late of the Ninth Ward, Manhattan. Funeral from his late residence, 327 East 145th St., Saturday, July 24, at 10 A. M., to Church of St. Rita, 145th St. and College Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated. Interment Calvary.

Crouch & Fitzgerald
Reliable Luggage
For the Exposition, Mountains, Seashore, or Week-End Visit.
WARDROBE TRUNKS
14 West 40th St.
154 Fifth Ave., at 20th St.
177 Broadway

Died

DE MELI.—Henry A., on July 20, 1915, at Catania, Italy, in his seventy-third year, son of the late Anthony A. and Antoinette L. de Meli. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DONAHUE. — May. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Thursday, 10 o'clock. Auspices Actors' Fund.

FRASER.—On Wednesday, July 21, 1915, William Fraser, son of John and Elizabeth Fraser, at late residence, 68 Pearl St., New York City. Funeral at 9:30 A. M. Thence to Holy Rosary Church, 7 State St., New York. English papers please copy.

GOELLER.—Suddenly, on Sunday, July 18, Charles Goeller, dearly beloved husband of Emily Shotwell. Funeral services at Merritt's Mortuary Chapel, corner 8th Av. and 18th St., on Thursday, July 22, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

GORDON.—William J. Gordon, son of the late Charles Gordon and Mary Smythe Gordon, husband of Edith R. Gordon and brother of Mrs. Franklin D. Pelton and Mrs. Morton Stelle, at Reno, Nev., July 16, 1915. Interment at Stoneridge, Ulster Co., N. Y., Thursday, July 22 in the family vault.

GREENFIELD.—On July 21, 1915, Joseph McClelland Greenfield, husband of Addie Chisholm, in his 50th year, at his home, Rose Brae, Montclair, N. J. Funeral private.

HELLENSTEIN.—Joseph Hellenstein, on Wednesday morning, July 21, suddenly, of heart failure. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 275 7th St., Thursday, at 12:30.

HOWES.—On July 20, 1915, at the residence of her son-in-law, Henry S. Concklin, 953 President St., Brooklyn, Melissa, widow of the late Elbert C. Howes. Funeral Friday, July 23, at 2 P. M., at St. Andrew's Church, Brewster, Putnam County, N. Y. Friends and relatives are invited.

IZEN.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, July 21, Rose Izen, beloved mother of Mrs. C. S. Lefcourt. Funeral service at her late residence, Frost Lane, Cedarhurst, L. I., Friday, 10 A. M. Interment Acacia, Bayside Cemetery.

KELLY.—At "The Priory," Summerside, Prince Edward Island, Canada, July 16, 1915, Marianne H. Campbell, widow of the late Judge Kelly. Toronto papers please copy.

McCOOK.—On Wednesday, July 21, 1915, Marshall McCook. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, 616 Syms St., West Hoboken, on Friday, July 23, at 2 P. M.

MEIGHAN.—July 20, Josephine, daughter of W. J. C. Meighan. Requiem mass 10 A. M., Thursday, July 22, Church Holy Trinity, West 82d St.

MEINIKHEIM.—On July 20, 1915, Harriet A., wife of Charles L. Meinikheim, at Castleton Corners, S. I. Funeral services at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Thomas McFadden, 542 West 156th St., New York, on Thursday at 1:30 P. M.

MINOR.—At Hudson, N. Y., July 21, 1915, Sarah E. Clark, wife of the late Stephen B. Minor and daughter of the late James and Mary Clark. Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Lucius Moore, 421 Allen St., on Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

MOLOW.—Suddenly, at her residence, 1,242 Dean St., Brooklyn, Mary A. T. Molow. Funeral from St. Gregory's R. C. Church, Brooklyn Av. and St. John's Place, on Friday, 9 A. M. Friends are invited to attend. Interment private.

MORRIS.—John B., Jr., suddenly, July 20, in his forty-second year, son of John B. Morris, Esq., of Baltimore, Md., and beloved husband of Violet Willing Morris. Baltimore and Philadelphia papers please copy. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Advent, Westbury, L.I., at 5 o'clock, Thursday afternoon, July 22, 1915.

O'KEEFFE.—On Monday, July 19, 1915, Elizabeth G., beloved wife of John G. O'Keeffe. Funeral from her late residence, 10 West 123d St., at 10 A. M. Thursday, July 22, 1915. Thence to All Saints' Church, Madison Av. and 129th St., where mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul. Members of St. Joseph's Alumnae of Brentwood are invited to attend. Kindly omit flowers.

PENDREIGH.—After lingering illness, Wednesday, July 21, Helen Guthrie Scott, widow of George Pendreigh, in her 75th year. Funeral services at her son's residence, 1,216 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Friday, July 23, 3 P. M. Interment private.

Died

ROSENTHAL.—Marks N., beloved husband of Fannie and father of Alex, George, Leon, Edie, Blanche, and Mrs. Louis Ablowich. Funeral services at the home of his son, 16 Fort Charles Place, (near 225th St. and Broadway,) on Thursday, 1 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Texas papers please copy.

SAGE.—At Hartsdale, N. Y., July 20, Elizabeth Sage, in her 72d year. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her son, Robert H. Sage, Maple Av., Grey Rock Manor, on Thursday at 2 P. M.

SCHELLER.—On July 21, Ida Scheller, wife of Hugo Scheller of 55 South 9th St., Brooklyn, mother of George, Elsie, Irene, and Fred W. Scheller. Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building,) on Saturday afternoon, 3 o'clock. Interment private.

SIMPSON.—On Tuesday, July 20, 1915, William Simpson, in the 82d years of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 619 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, on Thursday, July 22, at 2:30 P. M. Nova Scotia papers please copy.

SMITH.—On Wednesday, July 21, 1915, Augustus B. Smith, in his 55th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,701 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn, on Friday, July 23, at 8 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. Detroit papers please copy.

SMITH.—At Strasburg, Va., on Wednesday, July 21, Mrs. L. L. Smith, wife of the late Rev. L. L. Smith and mother of Rev. Charles J. Smith of New York, in her 67th year.

SPEAR.—On Tuesday, July 20, 1915, Alfred W., son of the late Alfred W. and Agnes K. Spear. Funeral services Friday morning, 11 o'clock, at his late residence, 71 East 56th St. Kindly omit flowers.

STEINER.—Phoenix W. & O. A. Society Brothers are requested to attend and pay their last respects to our late brother, Jacob Steiner, who died July 20, 1915. Funeral services from his late residence, 6 West 103d St., Thursday, July 22, 9:30 A. M.—N. L. Weill, Rec. Sec.; N. A. Bartow, Pres.

STRIKER.—At Goshen, Conn., July 21, 1915, George W. Striker of 84 Lexington Av., New York. Funeral notice hereafter.

WALLACE.—At his home, 451 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, July 20, 1915, William H. Wallace, in his eighty-fifth year. Funeral from his late residence Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

WILLIAMS.—At her residence, 777 Madison Av., on Tuesday, July 20, Katharine Gordon Breed Williams, wife of Harrison Williams. Funeral services at her late residence Friday morning, July 23, at 11 o'clock.

WORTHINGTON.—On July 20, 1915, Charlotte Bloomer, wife of the late George Worthington. Funeral services at her late residence, 116 Gates Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, July 22, at 3 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

BURNS.—Thomas, 2,351 2d Av., July 20. Funeral tomorrow.

CRONIN.—Catherine, 535 West 142d St., July 20. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

DAUS.—Margaret J., 237 East 42d St., July 20.

DUFFY.—Thomas, 300 East 42d St., July 19. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

FLORENCE.—Harry A., 130 East 4th St., July 20. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FOY.—Thomas J., 218 West 146th St., July 20. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

GRIMM.—Richard, 509 West 160th St., July 20. Funeral service today.

LUSCOMBE.—Alfred E., July 19. Funeral 171 8th Av., private.

McMANUS.—Andrew, 507 10th Av., July 19.

MAHON.—John J., 214 East 123d St., July 19. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

MERZ.—Agnes, 145 West 62d St., July 20. Funeral tomorrow.

MURPHY.—Bridget, Rosebank, S. I., July 19. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BENNETT.—Daniel L., 583 18th St., July 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BOYCE.—William H., 99 Milton St., July 21. Funeral service July 26.

CRANE.—Kate, St. Peter's Hospital, July 19. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DELEMORE. — Mary, 639 Washington Av., July 20. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

DOLAN.—Michael, 63 Henry St., July 20. Funeral tomorrow.

FORD.—Katherine, 435 Gold St., July 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FORD.—Patrick, 84 Stockton St., July 19. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

GATELY.—Bridget, 424 Prospect Place, July 19. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

HENRY.—D., 241 Clifton Place, July 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HEROLD.—Fanny, 51 East 10th St., July 20, aged 27. Funeral tomorrow.

HIGGINS.—Mary A., 76 Clifton Place, July 20. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

Died.

HOLLAND.—Margaret, 549 Clinton St., July 20. Funeral tomorrow.

KUHN.—Catherine A., Mutual Hospital, July 19.

LAWLER.—Florence M., 6,820 17th Av., July 20, aged 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LENT.—Elizabeth, 126 Linden St., July 20. Funeral tomorrow.

McGIVNEY.—Agnes V., 9 Warren Place, July 20. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

NICHOLS.—Florence M., 359 Carlton Av., July 20. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

O'MEARA.—Bridget, 379 6th Av., July 19. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

PIELHOP.—May, 91 Rockaway Av., July 18, aged 23. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

PIGRIM.—Elizabeth, 374 Grand St., July 20. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ROSCOE.—Judith, 546 Classon Av., July 20, aged 75.

RUTHER.—Henriette, 354 Marcy Av., July 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCHMIERER.—Joseph, 308 Cooper Av., July 19, aged 53. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

SCHRODER.—Henry, 241 Clifton Place, July 19. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SKINNER. — Frank C., 1,807 Church Av., July 19. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

SMITH. — Augustus B., 1,701 Albemarle Road, July 21, aged 55.

THOMPSON.—Oscar, 566 57th St., July 19.

VOGEL.—Andrew, 360 East 141st St., July 20. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

ARATA.—Ethel, 125 Madison St., Hoboken, July 19.

CAUFIELD.—James, 20 South 13th St., Newark, July 20.

CRANE.—Charlotte M., 990 3d St., Newark, July 20. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

GEISEL.—Theodore H., 20 Von Wagenen Av., Jersey City, July 19, aged 35.

GRONBECK.—Edith, 219 Manhattan Av., Jersey City, July 20. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

HALL.—Emma, St. James's Hospital, Newark, July 21.

HARTFORD.—Ella C., 119 South 8th St., Newark, July 20.

HORN.—Elizabeth, 12 Sherman Place, Jersey City, July 20, aged 67. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

LOHMANN. — Herman, Hoboken, July 20. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

McCABE. — Thomas, 196 Mercer St., Jersey City, July 20. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

McKIERNAN. — Farrell, Newark, July 20. Funeral today.

McMAHON.—Michael, 243 Monmouth St., Jersey City, July 19.

MORNINGSTERN.—Lahar, 265½ Garside St., Newark, July 21. Funeral July 24.

SMITH.—Patrick, 185 10th St., Jersey City, July 21. Funeral notice later.

WALL.—William E., 53 Richelieu Terrace, Newark, July 19. Funeral today, 9:15 A. M.

WOLFE.—James, 244 13th St., Jersey City, July 20.

Long Island.

HENNE.—Karl, Ridgewood, July 19, aged 51.

KAZANJY.—Thomas, College Point, July 19, aged 37.

LITTERELLO. — Alfred, Corona, July 19, aged 10 months.

L'HOMMEDIEU.—W. W., Babylon, July 20, aged 84. Funeral today.

MOVIO. — Margaret, Ozone Park, July 19, aged 65.

RIEHN.—Charles, Glendale, July 19, aged 7.

SCHOENDORF. — Joseph, Richmond Hill, July 19, aged 82.

WETTKE.—Katharine, College Point, July 20, aged 48.

WOLINYETZ. — Joseph, Maspeth, July 19, aged 3 months.

In Memoriam

KLEBAN.—Joseph M., died July 22, 1914. Gone, but not forgotten by his dear friend, Morton C. Langfelder.

O'ROURKE.—Dr. Michael F., mass, Church of St. Francis Xavier today, 9 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL 241-3 W 23d St

CEMETERIES.

KENSICO CEMETERY
Send for Book of Views and learn the reasons for the location of this burial park in the beautiful Westchester Hills. City Office, 103 Park Avenue. Tel. Murray Hill 1842.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolleys. Lots of small size for sale. Office, 20 East 22d St., New York.

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The New York Times
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Among the more than seventy first-choice pictures:

Britain's Munition Problem
Enlisting Munition Workers. Transportation of Workers. Scottish Munition Factory. Method of Boxing Shells. Cases for High Explosives. Making Trench Periscopes. Students Making Munitions. English Peer a Factory Hand.

Strategic Value of Souchez
Bavarians Approaching Souchez. Germans Approaching Souchez. Windmill Destroyed by French. Capture of Bavarian Soldiers.

The Allies' Western Front
Detachments of French Sappers. Kitchener Meets Joffre. British Captured Near Lille. Ruined Street in Neuville. French Advancing at Double Quick. A Bevy of German Prisoners. The End of a Convoy.

German Armies in East
German Infantry on Baltic. A German Baggage Cart. Russian Flier Bombarded. Breakfasting with German General. Borgslau's Burning Oil Fields. Decorating an Austrian Nurse.

Germany Memorializes Battlefields
Monument at Lowicz. Monument at St. Mihiel. Memorial Tablet in Northern France.

Munich Prays for Success
King Ludwig in Festival Procession. Celebrating the Festival Mass. Service in St. Michael's Place.

An Exchange of Prisoners
English Gifts for Germans. English Prisoners in Flushing. Ship Carrying Exchange Prisoners.

Wireless in Wartime
Wireless Room at Sayville. Giant Tower at Sayville. Naval Officer in Charge of Station.

Portraits of Royal Couples
Czar Nicholas of Russia. The Czarina. The Queen of Spain. The King of Spain.

Latest from Austro-Italian Front
Bersaglieri Cyclists Exploring. Italian Commissariat on March. King Victor Emmanuel at Front.

Shell Search for Hidden Battery
Russians Have Modern Equipment
English and French Hospitals

Troops from Far India
Commander of Canadian Forces
British Submarine in Canada

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BASEBALL POOL PROMOTER HELD FOR FEDERAL GRAND JURY—BROOKFEDS WIN TWICE

BASEBALL POOL PROMOTER HELD

National Commission Aiding Government to Eradicate the Lottery Evil.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 21.—The National Baseball Commission took official cognizance today of the so-called nation-wide baseball pool which the Post Office Department at Washington has been investigating when Attorney John E. Bruce of Cincinnati, Secretary of the National Baseball Commission, appeared as a witness in the case of Edward Hardy of this city, who is charged with conspiracy and promotion of a lottery.

The hearing was before the United States Commissioner, Joseph Adler, who at its conclusion held Hardy to the Federal Grand Jury at Philadelphia in bond of $1,000. Hardy gave the bond required for his appearance next September before the Grand Jury of that city, where, it was stated by Commissioner Adler, all of the cases growing out of the Federal investigation of the alleged baseball pool will be taken up.

Secretary Bruce in his testimony spoke of the danger of the so-called pool to the sport of baseball, and, as a representative of the commission, requested that it be eliminated. Secretary Bruce said:

"Baseball will be the great national sport only as long as it can be kept clean. One of the ways in which it has always been kept clean is in the prevention of gambling. We have seen other sports degenerate because of that evil. Racing, boxing, wrestling, and many others have lost ground with the public because the gambling connected with them became greater than the sports themselves. The aim of the leaders of organized baseball has been and is today to keep as far away from gambling as they can. They have routed out and eliminated it wherever they found it. They even employ detectives in some cities to watch the crowds in the stands and to prevent the making of bets. To permit continuance of this so-called baseball pool would be against the best interests of baseball, and as a representative of the National Commission I can honestly request that it be eliminated."

Post Office Inspector Frank Smith of Philadelphia testified that the Weekly World and the slips alleged to be a part of the pool were printed at Allentown, Penn. He said that the scheme had been worked out by a professor of a large university and perfected by expert mathematicians. Smith estimated that the returns secured by the office at Allentown amounted to about $9,000 a week. He declared that the winning numbers were arranged so that there would be but little opportunity for the holders of the slips to win large amounts. Smith stated that he had participated in the arrests of several men at Allentown and Wilkes-Barre, who are alleged to be the leaders of the scheme.

COMISKEY SCORES UMPIRES.

Their Work Worst He Has Ever Seen in American League, He Says.

CHICAGO, July 21.—President Comiskey of the Chicago Americans today protested to President Johnson of the American League against the suspension of Manager Rowland, who, according to the White Sox clubowner, has been all season the victim of the "worst umpiring he has ever seen in the American League." The charge was first made that Rowland was suspended for profanity, but President Comiskey said that later the umpires admitted that the suspension was caused by Rowland's lack of speed in leaving the field when ordered to do so.

"Poor umpiring has cost my club seven or eight games this year," said Comiskey. "It looks to me as if Rowland is being made a mark. Umpires have called balks on my pitchers in Detroit, but failed to do so when they made the same motions in St. Louis; they beat us out of a clean triple play when we were at Boston; last Monday Mayer was hit by a pitched ball, but was not allowed to go to first because the umpire said he allowed himself intentionally to be hit.

"The chasing of Rowland was senseless. He went out to protest, as he had a right to do, and as I would expect him to do. He told me he did not swear until after he had been thrown out of the game."

President Johnson of the American League, when asked today whether he had received the protest from President Comiskey, said he had no comment to make at this time. He said, however, that the American League umpires needed no defense and that their work this year had been entirely satisfactory.

Ness Still Making Hits.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 21.—Jack Ness of the Oakland (Cal.) Club hit in his forty-ninth consecutive game today. His single to left in the fifth inning of the game with Vernon brought in a run. Ness established a new world's record for hitting in consecutive games on July 13, when he passed the previous record of hits in forty consecutive games, made by Ty Cobb.

New Third Baseman for Detroit.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—"Bobby" Jones, third baseman of the San Francisco Club of the Pacific Coast League, has been sold to the Detroit American League Club, according to an announcement made here today. As part payment San Francisco receives Pitcher Castet, a left hander, who is expected here Saturday.

Near-Sighted Pitcher for St. Louis.

MOUNT VERNON, Ill., July 21.—Frank Ellerman, a pitcher with the Mount Vernon club, was signed today by the St. Louis Federals. Ellerman, who is near-sighted, wears spectacles while pitching. He recently struck out nineteen men in a game.

Umpire Mullen for Federals.

CHICAGO, July 21.—John Mullen, an umpire of the Western League staff, will leave organized baseball and join the Federal League staff, President O'Neill announced today. Mullen officiated in the American League two seasons ago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT JERSEY CITY.

R.H.E.
Providence ...4 3 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—9 13 0
Jersey City...0 0 1 0 2 0 1 0 0—4 13 2

Batteries—Schultz and Casey; Verbout, Crutcher, and Reynolds.

AT HARRISBURG.

R.H.E.
Richmond ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 5 4
Harrisburg ...2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 .—3 5 0

Batteries—Cottrell and Schaufle; Goodbread and Heckinger.

AT BUFFALO.

Buffalo-Toronto game postponed; rain.

AT MONTREAL.

R.H.E.
Rochester ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 6—9 13 0
Montreal ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 6 2

Batteries—Huenke and Williams; McHale and Howley.

There's something about them you'll like—
Trade Mark
Twenty for a Quarter
Herbert
Tareyton
London Cigarettes

BASEBALL

Results of Yesterday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York—Rain.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn—Rain.
Philadelphia, 1; Chicago, 0.
(Called in fifth; rain.)
Cincinnati, 2; Boston, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston, 4; St. Louis, 2.
Philadelphia, 4; Detroit, 3.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 4; Chicago, 0.
Brooklyn, 9; Chicago, 8.
(Ten innings.)
Baltimore, 7; St. Louis, 0.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Providence, 9; Jersey City, 4.
Harrisburg, 3; Richmond, 0.
Rochester, 9; Montreal, 1.
Toronto at Buffalo—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Philadelphia	44	34	.563
Brooklyn	43	38	.531
Chicago	43	39	.524
New York	38	39	.494
St. Louis	42	43	.494
Pittsburgh	40	41	.494
Boston	39	44	.470
Cincinnati	33	44	.429

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Boston	53	29	.646
Detroit	52	32	.619
Chicago	53	33	.616
New York	42	41	.506
Washington	42	42	.500
St. Louis	33	50	.398
Philadelphia	30	53	.361
Cleveland	29	54	.349

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Kansas City	48	34	.585
Chicago	49	37	.570
St. Louis	46	37	.554
Pittsburgh	43	38	.531
Newark	43	41	.512
Brooklyn	39	48	.448
Buffalo	38	51	.427
Baltimore	32	52	.381

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

	W.	L.	PC.
Providence	48	24	.667
Buffalo	41	30	.577
Harrisburg	40	34	.541
Montreal	38	38	.500
Rochester	34	40	.459
Richmond	35	42	.455
Toronto	35	44	.443
Jersey City	29	48	.377

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at New York—2 Games.
St. Louis at Brooklyn—2 Games.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
(2 Games.)
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Chicago.
Washington at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Boston at St. Louis.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Newark at Pittsburgh.
Baltimore at Chicago.
Buffalo at Kansas City.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Rochester at Buffalo.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Connie Mack's Recruit Pitcher, Sheahan, Defeats Detroit, 4 to 3.

DETROIT, Mich., July 21.—Philadelphia turned on Detroit today and won the final game in the series of five, 4 to 3. The Tigers rallied late in the contest and almost succeeded in tying the score. Cobb, Crawford and Veach failed to hit in the eighth, however, after the three preceding batters had got on bases. Sheahan, a recruit, pitched a fine game for the Athletics. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Healy, 3b.	5	1	1	1	3
Walsh, cf.	3	2	1	2	0
Strunk, rf.	4	0	2	2	0
Schang, lf.	0	1	0	0	0
Lajoie, 2b.	3	0	1	2	7
McI's, 1b.	4	0	1	15	0
Lapp, c.	4	0	1	2	0
Kopf, ss.	4	0	0	3	7
Sh'han, p.	4	0	0	0	2
Total	31	4	7	27	19

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vitt, 3b, 2b.	3	1	1	1	6
Young, 2b.	3	0	0	2	1
Cobb, cf.	4	1	1	1	0
C'ford, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Veach, lf.	4	0	2	4	1
Burns, 1b.	3	0	1	11	1
Bush, ss.	2	0	1	4	3
St'ge, c.	4	0	1	3	1
Boland, p.	2	0	1	0	-
C'leskie, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Kav'gh	1	0	1	0	0
†Moriarty, 3b	1	1	0	0	1
‡McKee	1	0	1	0	0
§Baker	0	0	0	0	0
Total	32	3	10	27	15

*Batted for Boland in eighth inning.
†Ran for Kavanaugh in eighth inning.
‡Batted for Young in eighth inning.
§Ran for McKee in eighth inning.

Errors—Young, Stanage.

Philadelphia ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0—4
Detroit ....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 0—3

Two-base hits—Strunk, McInnis, Lajoie, Burns. Stolen base—Cobb. Earned runs—Philadelphia, 2; Detroit, 3. Sacrifice hit—Bush. Sacrifice flies—Lajoie, Burns. Double plays—Young and Bush; Lajoie, Kopf, and McInnis; Kopf, Lajoie, and McInnis; Vitt, Burns, Bush, and Vitt; Kopf and McInnis. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Detroit, 6. Bases on balls—Off Boland, 5; off Sheahan, 2. Hits—Off Boland, 7 in eight innings; off Coveleskie, none in one inning. Struck out—By Coveleskie, 1; by Sheahan, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Nallin. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes.

Ruth Makes Record Home Run.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—George Ruth today hit the longest home run ever witnessed at the local American League park. Then he doubled twice and brought in three of the four runs, with which Boston took the first of a seven-game series from St. Louis, by the score of 4 to 2. Ruth held St. Louis to two hits until the eighth inning, when the locals filled the bases on a walk and two singles, but excellent fielding prevented St. Louis scoring. In the last inning St. Louis threatened to tie the score, when Ruth weakened. Wagner fumbled Pratt's grounder, Ruth passed Walker and allowed Walsh to single, scoring Pratt. Wood relieved Ruth and passed Lavan. With the bases full and only one out Wood fanned two pinch hitters. Ruth's home run in the third went clear over the right field bleachers across Grand Avenue and landed on the far sidewalk. The score:

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'per, rf.	5	0	2	3	1
Wag'r, 2b.	4	0	0	3	1
Sp'ker, cf.	4	1	1	2	0
H'lit'l, 1b.	2	0	1	10	0
Lewis, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
G'dner, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
Scott, ss.	4	0	0	2	4
Thomas, c.	4	2	1	5	1
Ruth, p.	4	1	4	0	2
Wood, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	4	11	27	11

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'ten, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Austin, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0
Leary, 1b.	4	0	0	9	2
Pratt, 2b.	4	1	0	3	8
W'ker, rf.	3	0	0	3	0
Walsh, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Lavan, ss.	3	1	1	2	3
Agnew, c.	3	0	2	3	1
James, p.	1	0	0	2	2
*Severeid	1	0	1	0	0
†Sisler	0	0	0	0	0
H'ton, p.	0	0	0	0	0
‡Howard	1	0	0	0	0
§Ruel	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	5	27	16

*Batted for James in eighth inning.
†Ran for Severeid in eighth inning.
‡Batted for Agnew in ninth inning.
§Batted for Hamilton in ninth inning.

Errors—Wagner, 2; Lavan.

Boston ....0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1—4
St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2

Two-base hits—Agnew, Ruth, (2.) Three-base hit—Hooper. Home run—Ruth. Earned runs—Boston, 3. Sacrifice hits—Hoblitzel, James. Double plays—Pratt, Lavan, and Leary; Lavan, Pratt, and Leary. Left on bases—Boston, 6; St. Louis, 7. First base on errors—Boston, 1; St. Louis, 1. Bases on balls—Off Ruth, 2; off James, 1; off Wood, 1. Hits—Off James, 10 in 8 innings; off Hamilton, 1 in 1 inning; off Ruth, 5 in 8 1-3 innings; off Wood, none in two-thirds of an inning. Struck out—By Ruth, 3; by James, 1; by Hamilton, 1; by Wood, 2. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Wallace. Time of game—Two hours and three minutes.

Colonial League.

At New Bedford—New Haven, 5; New Bedford, 1. New Bedford, 5; New Haven, 0.

At Springfield—Springfield, 5; Pawtucket, 4.

Brockton at Hartford—Postponed; rain.

PHILADELPHIA WINS BEFORE RAIN FALLS

League Leaders Get Run in Third Inning and Chicago Is Shut Out, 1 to 0.

PHILADELPHIA, July 21.—Philadelphia won today's game with Chicago, 1 to 0, play being stopped by rain in the visitors' half of the sixth inning with one man out and Fisher on first base as the result of a single. After a wait of half an hour the grounds were in such a muddy condition that Umpire Rigler called the game. The lone tally of the contest was scored in the third inning on Byrne's single, Bancroft's sacrifice, and Becker's double. Alexander retired Chicago in order in the first four innings, only one ball being batted out of the infield. In the fifth Zimmerman singled and reached third on Williams's single. Phelan fanned, and before Bresnahan struck out Williams stole second. Archer was purposely walked, filling the bases. Alexander then fanned McLarry, who batted for Adams. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	2	1	1	0	0
B'c'ft, ss.	1	0	1	0	5
B'ker, lf.	2	0	1	1	0
C'vath, rf.	2	0	0	0	0
N'hoff, 2b.	2	0	1	0	1
W'ted, cf.	1	0	0	0	0
Lud's, 1b.	2	0	0	8	2
Kil'fer, c.	2	0	0	4	0
Alex'r, p.	2	0	0	2	0
Total	16	1	4	15	8

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Good, rf.	2	0	0	1	0
Fisher, ss.	2	0	0	2	0
Sch'te, lf.	2	0	0	0	0
Z'man, 2b.	2	0	1	0	1
W'ms, cf.	2	0	1	1	0
P'lan, 3b.	2	0	0	2	2
B'han, c.	2	0	0	2	1
Archer, 1b.	1	0	0	7	0
Adams, p.	1	0	0	0	2
St'd'ge, p.	0	0	0	0	1
*McLarry	1	0	0	0	0
Total	17	0	2	15	7

*Batted for Adams in fifth inning.

Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0—0
Philadelphia ....0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Becker. Earned run—Philadelphia, 1. Stolen bases—Williams, Becker. Sacrifice hits—Bancroft, Whitted. Bases on balls—Off Adams, 1; off Alexander, 1. Left on bases—Chicago, 3; Philadelphia, 3. Hits—Off Adams, four in 4 innings. Struck out—By Adams, 1; by Standridge, 1; by Alexander, 4. Wild pitch—Adams. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Hart. Time—Fifty-five minutes.

Reds Beat Braves in Ninth.

BOSTON, July 21.—Cincinnati defeated Boston 2 to 1 today, scoring the winning run in the ninth inning on singles by Rodgers, Killifer, and Griffith. Prior to that time Davis had allowed only four hits. The visitors had an unusual number of assists during the game, due to many men handling the ball on one double play and when runners were caught off base. The score:

CINCINNATI.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Groh, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1
H'zeg, ss.	4	0	0	4	8
R'dg's, 2b.	4	1	1	1	4
Killi'r, lf.	3	0	1	0	0
Grif'h, rf.	4	0	2	2	0
Clarke, c.	4	0	0	2	2
Will's, cf.	3	1	1	2	1
Moll'z, 1b.	3	0	1	14	3
Dale, p.	3	0	0	0	5
Total	32	2	7	27	24

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Evers, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2
Con'ly, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
Magee, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Sch'dt, 1b.	2	0	1	7	0
Smith, 3b.	3	0	2	0	3
Mar'e, ss.	1	1	1	4	4
Gowdy, c.	3	0	1	6	2
Davis, p.	3	0	1	1	2
Total	27	1	6	27	13

Errors—Williams, Gowdy.

Cincinnati.......... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Boston.............. 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Williams, Smith, Davis. Double plays—Dale, Herzog, and Mollwitz; Herzog, Groh, Rodgers, and Groh; Maranville, Evers, and Schmidt. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 4; Boston, 3. Bases on balls—Off Dale, 6. Hit by pitcher—Killifer. Struck out—By Dale, 2; by Davis, 4. Wild pitch—Davis. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Cockill. Time of game—One hour and forty-one minutes.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn Wins Double-Header at Chicago—Bluejacket in Form.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 21.—Brooklyn made it four victories out of six games today by twice defeating Chicago, 4 to 0 and 9 to 8. In the first game Bluejacket allowed the locals only three hits and only one man reached third base, while Hendrix presented no difficulties.

In the second game, Chicago's nine errors spoiled a fair exhibition by McConnell, while Kauff's third home run of the series, Magee's four singles and daring base running by Myers helped the visitors win in ten innings. The score:

FIRST GAME.

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
And's'n, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
Magee, 2b.	4	2	2	2	3
Cooper, lf.	4	0	0	3	0
Kauff, cf.	3	1	1	3	0
B'dley, 1b.	3	0	0	8	2
Holt, 3b.	3	0	0	2	0
F.S'th, ss.	4	0	2	2	4
Simon, c.	4	0	0	5	0
B'j'ket, p.	3	1	1	2	1
Total	32	4	6	27	10

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Zeid'r, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1
H'f'rd, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Fischer, c.	4	0	1	4	4
Zwil'g, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Fritz, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1
J'kson, 1b.	3	0	0	11	4
Mann, lf.	2	0	1	4	0
J.S'th, ss.	3	0	0	2	5
H'drix, p.	3	0	0	2	2
Total	31	0	3	27	17

Errors—Magee, Zeider, Fischer, J. Smith.

Brooklyn ....0 1 2 0 0 1 0 0 0—4
Chicago ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Kauff, Bluejacket. Stolen bases—Fred Smith. Earned runs—Brooklyn, 2. Sacrifice hits—Bradley, Holt. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 4; Chicago, 5. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off Hendrix, 1; off Bluejacket, 1. Struck out—By Hendrix, 2; by Bluejacket, 4. Umpires—Messrs. McCormick and Shannon. Time of game—One hour and thirty-six minutes.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
A'son, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Magee, 2b.	4	3	4	0	2
C'per, lf.	2	1	0	3	0
Kauff, cf.	4	2	2	1	1
B'dley, 1b.	3	0	1	15	1
Mey's, 1b.	0	1	0	1	0
Holt, 3b.	4	1	0	1	2
F. S'h, ss.	5	0	2	4	7
H. S'h, c.	5	0	2	4	1
Seaton, p.	0	0	0	0	0
W'ker, p.	4	0	0	0	5
Wiltse, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Helfrich	0	1	0	0	0
Total	38	9	11	30	19

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Z'der, 2b.	3	1	0	3	1
Hanf'd, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Wilson, c.	2	0	0	5	1
F'cher, c.	3	0	1	3	2
Z'ling, cf.	5	0	0	4	1
Fritz, 3b.	4	1	2	1	2
Beck, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0
Mann, lf.	3	2	0	1	0
J. S'h, ss.	4	1	0	3	5
McC'l, p.	4	1	2	0	1
P'gast, p.	0	0	0	0	0
†Tinker	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	8	8	30	15

*Batted for Walker in ninth inning.
†Batted for Beck in tenth inning.

Errors—Cooper, F. Smith, (2,) Wilson, (2,) Fischer, (2,) Beck, Mann, J. Smith, 2,) Zeider.

Brooklyn ....0 0 0 4 2 0 0 0 2 1—9
Chicago ....0 4 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0—8

Two-base hit—Hanford. Home run—Kauff. Stolen bases—Bradley, Holt, (2,) F. Smith. Earned runs—Brooklyn, 5; Chicago, 7. Sacrifice hits—Cooper, Holt. Double play—Beck, (unassisted.) Left on bases—Brooklyn, 8; Chicago, 5. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2; Chicago, 1. Bases on balls—Off McConnell, 5; off Seaton, 1; off Walker, 2. Hits—Off McConnell, 10 in 8 1-3 innings; off Pendergast, 1 in 1 2-3 innings; off Seaton, 3 in 1 1-3 innings; off Walker, 5 in 6 2-3 innings. off Wiltse, 0 in 2 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Wiltse, 1. Struck out—By McConnell, 7; by Walker, 2; by Wiltse, 1. Wild pitch—Seaton. Umpires—Messrs. McCormick and Howells. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-seven minutes.

Bailey Allows St. Louis Two Hits.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 21.—Bailey allowed only two hits today and shut out St. Louis, 7 to 0. His team mates played errorless ball and batted Groom and Herbert hard. Tobin's single in the sixth was the first hit off Bailey. Miller's single in the eighth came after two were out and was useless. Score:

BALTIMORE.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Knabe, 2b.	3	2	1	3	0
McC's, cf.	5	1	1	2	0
D'can, lf.	5	1	3	3	0
Evans, rf.	3	0	2	2	0
Walsh, 3b.	5	1	2	2	3
Owens, c.	4	0	1	5	0
D'lan, ss.	4	1	0	2	4
Agler, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0
Bailey, p.	4	1	0	0	0
Total	37	7	11	27	7

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tobin, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
V'ghn, 2b.	3	0	0	0	1
Miller, lf.	3	0	1	4	0
B'ton, 1b.	3	0	0	7	0
Drake, cf.	4	0	0	1	1
C'man, c.	4	0	0	8	2
J'nson, ss.	4	0	0	4	4
W'zil, 3b.	2	0	0	3	4
Groom, p.	0	0	0	0	0
H'bert, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	29	0	2	27	15

Error—Vaughn.

Baltimore ....2 0 0 0 1 0 2 2 0—7
St. Louis.............0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Three-base hits—Evans, Knabe, Owens. Stolen bases—Miller, Evans, Westerzil. Left on bases—Baltimore, 7; St. Louis, 7. Bases on balls—Off Groom, 2; off Herbert, 1; off Bailey, 4. Hits—Off Groom, 2 in no inning; off Herbert, 9 in nine innings. Hit by pitcher—By Bailey, (Westerzil;) by Herbert, (Evans.) Struck out—By Herbert, 6; by Bailey, 5. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Corcoran.

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'$1,000,000' FIELD TO GO.

Building Going Up on Winter League's Fifth Avenue Grounds.

No more will Judge Kernochan, Hamilton Fish Benjamin, S. O. Vander Poel, George L. Wrenn, E. Pierrepont Hicks, J. H. Mellick, C. R. Schultz, A. R. Fish, Howard Homans, Jack De Saulles, J. D. Pell, B. B. Tilt, George Brokaw, H. Tweed, G. Stebbins, Geoffrey Taylor, A. Coppell, Judge Corrigan, and other clubmen of the Winter Baseball League frolic around on the Fifth Avenue baseball grounds in their flannels and woolens. No more will the Winter ball players defy the elements, and play their interclub games in driving snowstorm or drenching rain on the "million-dollar" diamond. The baseball lot at Fifth Avenue and Seventy-second Street, where the clubmen played their games throughout the Winter months, will in a short time be turned over to building contractors, and a twelve-story apartment house will commence to rise on the site where the ball players were wont to slide through an ocean of mud in getting safely to bases.

The new grounds for the Interclub League have not as yet been selected, but because of the encroachment of business on their present home the league has no idea of disbanding or stopping their unique baseball contests. The league has been using the Fifth Avenue grounds for the last two years, having moved there from a vacant lot at Thirty-first Street and Madison Avenue. The lot at Thirty-first Street was owned by Carl Schultz, and when that was no longer available the clubmen moved uptown to the property owned by W. K. Vanderbilt.

During the Winter months, while the professional ball teams were resting after their Summer activities, the interclub teams have furnished the only outdoor ball playing in New York. The games have been very exclusive, and admittance has been by invitation only. The small stand at the ball lot has been occupied by prominent New Yorkers, and they have shown great interest in the games. The clubs belonging to the league are the Racquet and Tennis, University, Union, Knickerbocker, Calumet, and the Twelfth Infantry.

WELLMAN'S BOXING IDEA.

Wants Commission to Allow Bouts Without Aid of Referee.

William H. Wellman, who will conduct the boxing in Madison Square Garden, requested yesterday of the State Athletic Commission that the services of a referee be dispensed with in the coming Johnny Dundee and Jack Britton ten-round bout, which will reopen Madison Square Garden for boxing on the night of July 29. Wellman contends that the third man in the ring has no power under the New York State laws that could not be exercised by the timekeeper, and this would only apply in the case of a knockout, when as a matter of fact the timekeeper should toll off the ten seconds in conjunction with the referee.

Wellman also says that the style of both Britton and Dundee, two of the most aggressive men in the ring, is such that it certainly does not require a man to break them, and the eagerness of either boxer to win decisively from the other will keep the contest lively at all times. Then, the manager of the bout asks, Why should the view of certain spectators be marred at all times by the presence of a third man in the ring? Wellman asserts the reputation of both boxers guarantees that the fans will see a real contest, and if there is no referee the cry of favoritism cannot be raised by either boxer.

It is hardly likely that the State Athletic Commission will grant this unusual request, as it would result in the holding of a sporting contest without proper jurisdiction. Although the duties of a referee at a boxing bout in this State are somewhat perfunctory, his presence is necessary to enforce such rules and regulations as the sport demands. In addition, there are a number of things which might occur during the course of a bout where a referee or some person with authority would have to interfere to prevent disaster.

NOTES OF THE TURF.

D. J. Leary, owner of Thornhill, found the winning of the Gramatan Handicap, a race with selling conditions, at Belmont Park yesterday, an expensive proposition. When the horse was offered for sale, Emil Herz appeared as a willing buyer and bid $2,500 for the horse, which was entered to be sold for $1,800. The owner by the usual bid of $5 protected Thornhill and Mr. Herz came back a hundred at a time until the price was raised to $3,000. An additional bid of $3,005 saved the horse for Mr. Leary. The purse he won amounted to $440 net, so that it actually cost Leary $765 to win the race. As $600 of that surplus went to the owner of the Greentree Stable which ran second, Virile actually received $700 for running second, which was a hundred more than the added money, and $250 more than he would have received had he actually won the race.

L. H. Johnson yesterday reported the sale of his race mare Lady Panchita, which is said to have won sixty-five races—most of them at Juarez and over other "bush tracks"—to J. Umbesetta of Mexico for $2,000. She will be used as a brood mare on a stock farm in Texas.

John E. Madden continues to receive flattering offers for his two-year-old White Hackle. Trainers for two members of the Jockey Club's official staff, H. C. Hallenbeck, an agent of John W. Schorr of Memphis and at least two others have made definite offers for the youngster, but Madden holds out for his original price of $25,000.

A quiet investigation into the running of The Finn in the race for the Knickerbocker Handicap on Tuesday is being made by the Stewards of the Belmont Park meeting.

Agents of South American parties are in negotiation with James Johnson, owner of the Quincy Stable, for the purchase of his racehorse, Andrew, which has broken down in his training. He is wanted in the Argentine as a stock horse, on account of his breeding, he being by Disguise out of Half Crown, a mare by Cyllene, the English horse for which the Argentine Government paid $150,000 some years ago as a foundation stock horse for the Government stud, to which the late Marcus Daly and J. B. Haggin sold a number of their best broodmares.

Weights for the Empire City Handicap, which is to be run at Belmont Park on Saturday, over a course of a mile and an eighth, were made public by Handicapper W. S. Vosburgh yesterday. He thinks Roamer the best of the lot of entries and gives him the post of honor with 129 pounds, which it is understood his trainer will not accept. Borrow comes next with 125, and Stromboli gets a pound less. Harmonicon, which will probably be a starter, is in at 118, four pounds more than Hodge and Buckhorn are asked to carry. The Finn, in spite of his miserable showing in his last race, heads the list of three-year-olds with 113, Pebbles getting in with six pounds less, Iron Duke with 106, Comely with 102, and Sam McMeekin with 100. Other possible starters are Rock View, 112; Gainer, 109; Sam Jackson, Tartar, and Robert Bradley, 105 each; Coquette, 104; Tetan, 103; Flying Fairy, and Figinny, 100 each; Bayberry Candle, 102; Addie M., 99, and Booker Bill, 95.

American Association.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 5; Cleveland, 4, (twelve innings.)

At Milwaukee—Louisville, 6; Milwaukee, 3.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 12; Indianapolis, 11, (eleven innings.) Kansas City, 10; Indianapolis, 6.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 3; Columbus, 0. St. Paul, 4; Columbus, 2.

New England League.

At Lynn—Lynn, 2; Lowell, 1.

At Portland—Lawrence, 3; Portland, 1. Portland, 3; Lawrence, 0.

At Worcester—Worcester, 5; Fitchburg, 1. Worcester, 2; Fitchburg, 1.

At Lewiston—Lewiston, 8; Manchester, 5. Lewiston, 4; Manchester, 2.

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COMPLIMENT FIRST IN EASTVIEW 'CHASE

Mission, Favorite, Falls and Then Widener Entry Takes Lead and Wins.

Six of the best steeplechasers in training answered the call to the post when the Eastview Handicap Steeplechase was run at Belmont Park yesterday. Compliment, from the J. E. Widener string, was substituted for his stable companion, Skibbereen, to fight it out with Mission, which carried the Belmont colors and was the favorite for the event. The eleventh hours substitution proved a good one, as Compliment won the race for the Philadelphian after the Belmont jumper came to grief at the eighth jump, when the race had been about half run.

Cabaret, the speedy but hard-headed and wilful candidate of the Greentree Stable, started away in front when the riders got the word to go, and set a pace which indicated that his rider, Powers, had decided to let the erratic brute run as he willed, instead of trying to place him for strategic purposes later in the race. So Cabaret started off like a quarter horse, and, taking the first three jumps in splendid fashion, sprinted around the turn for the first trip past the grand stand. He was twenty lengths in front of a pretty compact field, led by Shannon River, with Compliment the trailer. Powers put on the brakes as his mount swung for the straight track to the hurdle. Cabaret, however, refused to answer, shook his head defiantly, and carried his rider out of the course to the extreme outside fence before Powers could stop him. It took only a few seconds for the field to pass him, and all were well over the brush and on their way to the water jump before Cabaret could be brought back to the course, and then he was out of the race for good.

With one of the dangerous ones thus disposed of, Shannon River and Ballybay, with Compliment now close up, showed the way around the lower turn, Election Bet being close up and Mission the trailer. Moving for the run down the back stretch Haynes sent Mission up, where he would be in the running, as Compliment, fencing cleverly and running easily, promised to be a very dangerous factor. The first fence was cleared all right, but reaching the second of those back-stretch jumps, Haynes seemed to take a grip on Mission's bridle just as he reached the brush. Mission resented it, broke his stride, hit the brush with his hind fet, and, turning a complete somersault, sent Haynes flying out on the green a half dozen feet away. That, of course, disposed of the favorite. After that Compliment had things all his own way, as Tuckey sent him to the front, taking the last hurdle except one in stride with Shannon River. On the flat there was little trouble for the Widener horse to outrun Shannon River, while Election Bet's delayed run was not at all effective, and he had to be content with third money.

Whimsey, which won the second race, was disqualified for bumping and Sky Pilot was placed first, Lord Rock Vale second, and Mustard third. The summary:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and up, non-winners of two races since May 20, 1915; selling; purse, $500; one mile. Time—1:39.
Harry Shaw, O. W. Parry's b. c., 4 years, by Sain-Hand Ball, 112 pounds, 1 to 3 and out, (Buxton)..........1¹
Lazuli, J. F. Adams's ch. m., 5, 107, 8 to 1 and 6 to 5, (T. McTaggart)..........2²
Ben Quince, E. Witte's ch. g., 4, 99, 15 to 1 and 3 to 1, (J. McTaggart)..........3³
Orotund, Little Nearer, Old Ben, and Jesse, Jr., also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds which have not won $1,000; purse, $500; five furlongs, straight. Time—1:00 2-5.
Whimsy, Cleveland Stable's br. g., by Burgomaster-Whimsical, 104 pounds, 7 to 1 and 8 to 5, (J. McTaggart)..........*1½
Sky Pilot, Quincy Stable's ch. c., by Star Shoot-Frances Hindoo, 107 pounds, 7 to 1 and 7 to 5, (McCahey)..........2ⁿᵏ
Lord Rockvale, August Belmont's br. c., 107, 1 to 2 and out, (Turner)..........3¹
Mustard also ran.
*Disqualified for fouling Sky Pilot, which was placed first, second money going to Lord Rockvale, and third to Mustard.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, mares only, selling; purse $500. Six furlongs.
Fenmouse, August Belmont's b. f., 3 years, by Rock Sand-Flittermouse, 106 pounds, 2 to 5 and out, (Turner)..........1¹
Dinah Do, J. O. Talbott's blk. f., 3, 100, 5 to 1 and 4 to 5, (Hopkins)..........2¹
Lou Blue, H. McDonald's ch. f., 3, 98, 100 to 1 and 20 to 1, (Lilly)..........3¹
Azyiade and Amans also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Gramatan Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse, $600. One mile. Time—1:39.
Thornhill, D. J. Leary's ch. c., 4 years, by Hastings-White Thorn, 116 pounds, 18 to 5 and 11 to 10, (Turner)..........1¹
Virile, Greentree Stable's ch. g., 5, 120, 6 to 5 and 1 to 3, (T. McTaggart)..........2⁴
Polarius, David Gideon's b. g., 3, 105, 3 to 1 and even, (Fairbrother)..........3²ʰ
Wooden Shoes also ran.
Winner, entered to be sold for $1,800, bid up to $3,000 by Emil Herz and bought in by owner for $3,005.

FIFTH RACE.—East View Steeplechase Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; value to winner, $985; about two miles. Time—4:13.
Compliment, J. E. Widener's ch. g., aged, by Ort Wells-Adeek, 162 pounds, 7 to 2 and 6 to 5, (Tuckey)..........1³
Shannon River, Ral Parr's blk. g., aged, 145, 7 to 2 and 6 to 5, (coupled with Ballybay,) (Allen)..........2¹⁰
Election Bet, Shoshone Stable's br. f., 4, 135, 10 to 1 and 3 to 1, (Booth)..........3⁵
Ballybay also ran. Cabaret ran out and Mission fell and did not finish the course.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse $500; five and a half furlongs, straight. Time—1:05 1-5.
Tralee, R. T. Wilson's ch. f., by Celt-Sanci, 104 pounds, 1 to 4 and out, (McCahey)..........1³
Stellarina, Mizpah Stable's b. f., 101, 16 to 5 and 2 to 5, (Lilly)..........2¹ˢ
Navigator, Quincy Stable's b. c., 107, 20 to 1 and 3 to 1, (McKeever)..........3²
Venture also ran.

Belmont Park Entries Today.

FIRST RACE.—Two-year-olds; selling; five furlongs, straight, Edith Olga, 104 pounds; Breslien, 109; Marchena, 104; Belle of the Kitchen, 104; Al Mancini, 112; Little Alta, 109; Broomvale, 109; Emily R, 104; Blue Rock, 112; Murphy, 107; Corfu, 104; Dr. Gremer, 104; Bob Redfield, 109; Sal Vanity, 108.

SECOND RACE.—Three-year-olds and upwards, selling, six furlongs, main course. Borax, 114 pounds; Noureddin, 108; Belamour, 126; Wanda Pitzer, 121.

THIRD RACE.—Three-year-olds and upwards, the Tuckahoe Handicap, one mile. Transit, 104 pounds; Rhine Maiden, 97; Holiday, 100; Rock View, 122.

FOURTH RACE.—Two-year-old fillies, the Demoiselle, five and one-half furlongs, straight, Celandria, 122 pounds; Miss Puzzle, 110; Bonnie Tess, 119; Pleione, 122; Feminist, 110; Malachite, 110.

FIFTH RACE.—Three-year-olds, selling, one mile, Alhena, 105 pounds; Regular, 99; Yodeles, 110; Lady Teresa, 108; Brian Boru, 106; Watertown, 109; All Smiles, 112; Commauretta, 96; Jesse, Jr., 109; Devil Fish, 103.

SIXTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward, conditions, one mile, Bearded Lady, 101 pounds; Gammon, 101; Northlight, 111; Sam Slick, 101; White Metal, 101; Lithauer, 106; Iron Duke, 110; Cy Merrick, 118.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Midsummer Clearance Sales now on Sharp Reductions
Dark Mahogany Low Shoes $2.95 & $3.85
Were $4, $5 & $6
In Complete Sizes
Clearance of Higher-Priced Shoes
Corts $7 Wing Tip Oxfords at $5.00 of Imported Russia Calf
$7 Russet Cordovan (Horse Hide) at $5.00

PETER SCOTT'S OHIO STAKE.

Tommy Murphy's $30,000 Horse Takes North Randall Feature.

CLEVLAND, Ohio, July 21.—The Ohio Stake for 2:09 trotters which brought out the real trotting talent of the country for its first 1915 brush, was the feature of today's Grand Circuit program at North Randall. Peter Scott, Tommy Murphy's $30,000 horse, took the honors, but had a real battle with Peter McCormick. Following the third heat, protest was made to the judges that Dick McMahon, driving King Clansman, had aided Peter Scott to win by letting him out of a pocket and forcing Peter McCormick wide by so doing, but no action was taken.

Every one of the twelve heats on today's card went in better time than 2:09. In the opening event Lou Jennings, fresh from a string of victories on the big half-mile tracks, annexed first money, but was forced to step the second heat in 2:06¾ to beat Guy Nella. Bingen Pointer, the favorite, was an easy winner in the 2:15 pace. In the 2:09 pace, however, the talent received its hardest bumping of the week, Fred W., the favorite, failing to push his nose in front until the third mile. Major Ong showed the way in the other two heats.

2:11 Class.—Trotting; purse, $1,200.

Lou Jennings, br. m., by Todd, (Brennen)	2	1	1
Guy Nella, b., (Geers)	1	2	3
Laramee Lad, b. g., (McDonald)	5	4	2
Lulu Lumine, b. m., (Murphy)	3	3	4
Fair Virginia, br. m., (Cox)	4	6	6
Pass All, blk. h., (Colburn)	6	5	5
John R. Dillon, b. h., (Andrews)	Dist.		
Baby Doll, b. m., (Quinn)	Dist.		

Time—2:07¼, 2:06¾, 2:08½.

2:15 Class.—Pace; purse, $1,200.

Bingen Pointer, b. h., by King Bingen, (Snow)	1	1	1
Billy Law, blk. g., (Squires)	2	2	8
Rella E., b. m., (McAllister)	7	6	2
Jean, b. m., (Murphy)	3	3	3
Vandola, ch. g., (Powell)	4	5	4
Rex Heart, b. h., (Valentine)	6	4	6
Crescent Simmons, br. h., (McMahon)	5	7	7
Presolite, blk. m., (Geers)	8	8	5

Time—2:06¼, 2:06½, 2:08¾.

Ohio Stake, 2:09 Class.—Trotting, value $3,000.

Peter Scott, br. h., by Peter the Great (Murphy)	1	2	1
Peter McCormick, blk. h., (Shuler)	2	1	3
King Clansman, br. h., (McMahon)	3	4	2
Worthy Prince, b. g., (Cox)	4	3	4
McCloskey, b. g., (McDonald)	6	5	5
Albaloma, br. h., (Quinn)	5	7	6
Lizzie Brown, b. m., (Andrews)	7	6	7

Time—2:06½; 2:05½; 2:07¾.

2:09 Class.—Pacing, purse $1,200.

Major Ong, b. g., by Major Gantz (Murphy)	1	1	4
Fred W., b. g., (White)	3	2	1
Tredel, b. h., (Ray)	5	3	2
Altaxwood, g. m., (Valentine)	4	5	3
Aconite, b. h., (Cox)	6	4	5
Symbol Meath, br. g., (McDonald)	7	6	6
Fleeta Dillon, b. m., (Shuler)	8	8	7
Ruby M., b. m., (Dempsey)	9	7	dr
Fred Russell, b. g., (Hersey)	2	dist	

Time—2:04¾; 2:06¼; 2:08¼.

WHITE AND LEWIS DRAW.

Chicagoan Lands Hard Blows and Staggers Englishman.

The fact that there were a number of women, including the Suffragist delegation at St. Nicholas Rink last night, did not encourage Charley White of Chicago to plant his famous knock-out on the jaw of Ted "Kid" Lewis of England. The lightweights pounded each other hard through ten rounds, and at the end it was about even. White's friends were all sure he had won, and Lewis's friends were quite positive that he had the better of it. It was a draw.

White landed the stiffer and cleaner blows. Several of his punches staggered the Englishman, who was game enough, however, to withstand them and come right back at Lewis. Ted was more aggressive most of the way. White had Lewis close to a knockout in the fourth round, but he could not follow up the advantage and it counted for little.

In this round, White opened with a left hook to Lewis's jaw as the Englishman came rushing in. He danced out of the way again and jabbed White with his left. White punished Lewis every time he ran into a clinch, and toward the end of the round the Chicago boy sent a cross-right to the body and a left hook to Lewis's mouth which made him totter. If the blow had landed on the Englishman's jaw he would have gone down.

When the fifth round came, both boxers slowed up considerably, as White was tired after his vicious attack, and Lewis was extremely cautious and kept backing away. They just sparred and ran into clinches during most of the fifth session. Lewis had made a good start in the second round, after White had hit him hard in the opener. The third round gave White an opportunity to pound Lewis's body in the clinches and he did this with a vengeance, with one arm free.

Lewis began to force matters in the sixth, and in the seventh and eighth the Englishman jabbed White so often in the face that the lad from the stock yards was plainly surprised and baffled. He kept getting in left hooks to the body and jaw, however, which hurt Lewis and sent him back out of danger.

Lewis danced around White in the eighth and got in three wicked jabs in quick succession. It was a game of hit and run away. In the last two rounds White got somewhat the better of the exchanges and landed several blows which made Lewis shiver. A left hook to the jaw in the ninth, while Lewis was at close quarters, sent the Englishman off his balance, and he hugged White to save himself. White then went at Lewis so savagely that he lost the advantage and almost slipped out of the ring.

SHORT SPORTS OF INTEREST.

George Stovall, manager of the Kansas City Feds, whom President Somers recently declared to have been the best manager Cleveland ever had, sat with Somers during the first part of a game between the Indians and Yankees last week. His presence started the rumor that the former Nap was in Cleveland at Somers's request to confer over the management of the Indians. Both Somers and Stovall, however, denied that there was possibility of such a deal. In response to a question Stovall said:

"Come back here as manager? Not just yet. I have a team that will finish one-two-three, one that is likely to win a pennant, and I don't care particularly about running a tail-ender. This club here does not look much like a real Cleveland team, and I never thought the crowds here would be so small. Out in Kansas City we are drawing 2,500 or 3,000 throughout the week and 10,000 or more on Saturdays."

Somers said: "Such a thing as his becoming manager was not mentioned. It is scarcely to be thought of, for he is ineligible and is in Ban Johnson's bad graces because of his raids upon organized baseball."

A baseball team of brothers plays in Bode, Iowa. The team, known as the Sorlein Brothers Club, has a line-up of nine brothers, ranging in age from 17 to 30 years. Six of the nine are graduates of Luther College.

Toledo baseball promoters announced last week that the failure of the Cleveland American Association baseball team to be transferred to Toledo was due to the fact that Ban Johnson, President of the American League, failed to send that $25,000 check he promised the day the Detroit and New York teams played an exhibition game in Toledo. Local men refused to put up money when the big league boss failed to make good his promise.

HARTLAND
A Delight to the Eye
A Comfort to the Wearer
Ide Silver Collars
2 for 25c
GEO. P. IDE & CO. Makers, TROY, N.Y.

FOWNES PUT OUT OF WESTERN GOLF

Medalist's Defeat by H. P. Bingham a Surprise—"Chick" Evans in Form.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 21.—Surprises were recorded in the second round of match play in the Western amateur golf championship over the Mayfield links today. The defeat of W. C. Fownes, Jr., Pittsburgh, former national champion, by H. P. Bingham, Mayfield Country Club, Cleveland, was a distinct shock. No one had reckoned on Bingham's ability to dethrone the man who recorded low medal score for the course the day before with a card of 72. But Fownes was beaten by superior playing, 4 and 3.

"Chick" Evans had an easy time disposing of K. P. Edwards of Chicago, and showed the large gallery a brand of game that dispelled all doubts as to his ability to fight for the title this year in true Evans style.

But the real herculean task fell to D. E. Sawyer, Chicago, who faced Paul Hunter, Chicago. Hunter recorded low medal score for the thirty-six-hole qualifying round, and he was expected to give Sawyer trouble. Many picked him to win, but Sawyer won, 6 and 5.

Two real thrillers were staged when E. H. Bankard of Chicago, defeated Howard B. Lee, Detroit, and J. D. Standish, Jr., Detroit, last year finalist, eliminated W. H. Gardner, 2d, of Buffalo. Bankard won 1 up in 37 holes and Standish won by the same score without the extra hole.

Standish and Gardner halved but nine holes. Standish led the collegian 4 up on the 26th hole, but Gardner won four straight and the rest of the battle was even up to the finish, when the Detroiter holded out in five, while his opponent required six strokes.

The course is in excellent shape, and the visitors evidently have mastered the intricacies of one of the hardest golf links in the country. Tomorrow will see some interesting clashes. The pairings for the eight remaining stars are as follows:

D. E. Sawyer, Chicago, vs. Jack Neville, Oakland, Cal.; "Chick" Evans, Chicago, vs. G. A. Miller, Detroit; H. P. Bingham, Cleveland, vs. Dewitt Balch, Cincinnati; E. H. Bankard, Chicago, vs. J. D. Standish, Jr., Detroit. Evans has been made a favorite by the followers of golf at the Mayfield Country Club, with Sawyer picked as a close second.

OUIMET'S GOLF A RECORD.

Champion Plays Woodland Course Six Strokes Under Best Mark.

NEWTON, Mass., July 21.—Francis Ouimet, champion amateur golfer of the United States, won the qualifying round at the Massachusetts amateur championship tournament at Woodland today, leading a field of 104 starters. His score of 71 was 6 better than the record for the course.

The outside score for qualifying was 86. Several prominent golfers failed to come within the limit, among them being Percival Gilbert, former State champion, and T. M. Claflin, a former member of a Massachusetts team that won the Lesley Cup.

The pairings for tomorrow with the scores of the thirty-two qualifiers in the medal play follows:

Paul Tewksbury, (78,) Woodland, vs. L. B. Paton, (82,) Homestead; B. S. Evans, (86,) Belmont, vs. R. M. Purves, (81,) Woodland; B. W. Estabrook, (85,) the Country Club, vs. S. K. Sterne, (80,) Tatnuck; J. F. Reid, Jr., (85,) Scarboro, vs. R. D. Pierce, (79,) Braeburn; A. H. Goodale, (82,) Woolaston, vs. J. B. Chase, (86,) Woodland; R. Hornblower, (86,) Braeburn, vs. H. Selfridge, (81,) the Country Club; E. K. H. Fesseden, (83,) Albemarle, vs. R. W. Brown, (85,) Meadow Brook; W. C. Chick, (85,) Braeburn, vs. V. S. Lawrence, (84,) Woodland; W. S. Wait, (84,) Braeburn, vs. R. L. Pullen, (85,) Vesper; P. Schofield, (86,) Albemarle, vs. C. D. Noyes, Jr., (85,) Crow Point; C. K. Dellamy, (86,) Springfield, vs. R. R. Gorton, (80,) Braeburn; R. Lyons, (79,) Albermarle, vs. J. H. Sullivan, Jr., (80,) Woodlawn; L. J. Malone, (86,) Woodlawn, vs. A. G. Lockwood, (86,) Belmont; P. W. Whittemore, (77,) the Country Club, vs. R. J. Ouimet, (86,) Woodland; A. C. Colombo, (84,) Woodland, vs. Fulton Cutting, (84,) Essex; Francis Ouimet, (71,) Woodland, vs. W. E. Stiles, (86,) Braeburn.

DIFFICULTIES OF TIMING.

Error Shows Timers and Watches Make Mistakes.

The recent announcement of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association, reducing the time of all the crews in the Poughkeepsie regatta by one minute, calls attention to the fact that neither timers nor stop watches are infallible. In the case of this race, the watch of the chief timer "jumped" a minute at the start, and as a result the time of Cornell, the winning crew, was given as 20 minutes 36 3-5 seconds instead of 19 minutes 36 3-5 seconds.

While such mistakes are unusual, errors do occasionally creep into the records and are not always corrected as was done in this case. The stop watch used for timing athletic and sporting events is an exceedingly delicate piece of mechanism and has to be handled with care and respect. It contains about four times the amount of machinery that goes to make up an ordinary watch and there is consequently four times as much mechanism to get out of order. It requires a full day's work on the part of an expert watch repairer to correct a fault or break and careful timers keep from two to three watches on hand and have them inspected at least once a month.

They range in price from $65 to $250, and the highest price watches have six hands all working when timing an event. Three moves are necessary in timing. One press of the finger starts the watch, a second stops the hands registering the time and the third sends the hands back to normal again. Nothing but porpoise head oil is used to lubricate the works and the oil, costing $150 a gallon, is dropped in with a morphine needle. These watches are set to tick at the rate of five to the second, 300 per minute and 18,000 per hour. Some of the older watches tick at the rate of four times per second, giving quarter-second time although the watch dial shows fifth-second time.

SPORTING EVENTS.

RACING
AT
BELMONT
PARK
By Empire City Racing Ass'n
TODAY
$2,000 Demoiselle Stakes
Tuckahoe Handicap
and 4 Other Attractive Races
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
Special Trains leave Penna. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave., also Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:30 and at intervals up to 1:55 P. M. Also by trolleys.
General Admission, $1.
Grand Stand & Paddock, $3. Ladies, $1.50
INFIELD FREE ON SATURDAY.

Baseball, Polo Grds., today. 2 gms.; 1st gm., 1:45 P. M. Giants vs. Pittsburgh.

FAVORS AMERICAN CARS.

Chicago Speedway Offers $25,000 for Development of Racers.

The proposed plan to buy a number of foreign racing cars for campaigning throughout the United States next season fails to find favor with the Chicago Speedway Park Association, according to David F. Reid, President of the organization. Rumors were current that Chicago would link its interests with similar organizations in this country, but these are denied. President Reid believes the automobile engineers in the United States are capable of turning out cars as speedy as those of European make. In order to demonstrate this the Speedway Park Association will give $25,000 for a race of 300 miles on Oct. 16.

"The Speedway Park Association never will enter into an agreement with any speedway or automobile racing association for the purpose of buying foreign speed cars," said President Reid last week. "I want the public to know that racing always will be conducted honestly here. We will purchase no cars nor will we enter into an agreement to purchase as a member of a syndicate any cars, much less those of foreign manufacture. It is my belief that as soon as speedways begin to buy cars and support racing teams public confidence will fall away from the sport. To me it would look like hippodroming no matter how squarely the sport might be conducted and I believe the public would get the same idea before the cars had been raced under such conditions a year.

"If it is necessary for the speedways to finance teams that the plants worth millions of dollars may have talent for races I am more in favor of setting aside some of the big prize money now being offered to American manufacturers as a sort of subsidy to encourage the building of more domestic racing cars.

"We have today five great builders of racing automobiles in this country. They are Harry C. Stutz of the Stutz Motor Car Company of Indianapolis, Ray Harroun of the Maxwell Motor Car Company of Detroit, E. H. Delling of the Mercer Automobile Company at Trenton, N. J.; F. S. Duesenberg, manufacturer of the Duesenbergs at Minneapolis, Minn., and Findley R. Porter at Port Jefferson, L. I. These men are in no way inferior to any foreign designer. I should consider it an insult if my organization should go to Europe for its cars when such men as these and many others probably equally capable are available in America.

"I appreciate the value of foreign entries from a producing standpoint. For the past year they have been remarkably successful, but it seems to me that instead of encouraging American defeats by expensive importations it is up to the speedway owners of this country to encourage the building of American machines to beat the foreigners.

"As I understand it, our engineers now are working on motors that will give forth a speed equivalent if not greater than that ever turned out of a foreign motor. Believing in our manufacturers' ability, we will give $25,000 for a race of 350 miles on Oct. 16 of this year, so that the development of the Summer may have its trial against the imported cars on our speedway this Fall.

"We have shown that Chicago has the fastest track in the world. We believe that the vogue for motor-car racing only has begun. It is our sentiment and our desire that no speedway shall ruin a work so satisfactorily started by introducing a feature the American public will not stand for.

Point Judith Wins at Polo.

Point Judith Freebooters defeated Great Neck Wanderers in the semi-final match for the Blizzard Cups yesterday at the Rockaway Hunting Club, Cedarhurst, L. I. The score was 14¾ to 6¾ goals. The winners allowed their opponents three goals by handicap. The aggregate was 13 to 16, respectively. Soon after the game started Morgan Belmont, who was playing No. 2 for the Narragansett team, had a bad fall. Belmont's mount stumbled and threw him. The other players surrounded the fallen rider. After a few minutes' delay he got up and resumed play, little the worse for the fall. The lineup:

Point Judith Freebooters—W. A. Hazard, Jr., M. Belmont, (3,) R. Belmont, (4,) D. Milburn, (9.) Total, 16.

Great Neck Wanderers—M. Heckscher, (1,) R. La Montagne, (7,) Seward Cary, (1,) J. G. Milburn, Jr., (4.) Total, 13.

Point Judith Sand Pipers Win.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 21.—The Point Judith Sand Pipers defeated the Aiken Bluebirds in a special polo match today, 6 to 2. The first round of the annual tournament for the Randulph cups will be played tomorrow.

New York State League.

At Syracuse—Elmira, 6; Syracuse, 3, (thirteen innings.)

At Utica—Utica, 5; Binghamton, 3.

At Wilkes-Barre — Wilkes-Barre, 6; Albany, 3.

Troy at Scranton—Postponed; wet grounds.

Southern Association.

At Birmingham—Little Rock, 6; Birmingham, 1.

At Atlanta—Atlanta, 1; Nashville, 0. Nashville, 3; Atlanta, 1.

At New Orleans — Memphis, 4; New Orleans, 2.

At Mobile—Mobile, 3; Chattanooga, 1.

'Twill be a tight squeeze to get through the Summer without a "featherweight" suit.

Our vestless suits of thinnest Summer fabrics come in *all* sizes, $16 to $30.

Does vacation mean a new trunk?

Make it a good one this time—one of the "wardrobes."

Choice of "berth-high" "upright-steamer," "three-quarter" and "full" size—each a little better in quality than the average trunk at $25. Other "wardrobes" of course.

Everything men and boys need on vacations, including swimming suits and bags to carry them in.

Sporting goods in all stores.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at Warren
"The Four Corners"
Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

LARCHMONT YACHTING—TENNIS

IROLITA HAS CLOSE RACE WITH KATRINA

E. Walter Clark's Schooner Wins by Small Margin in Larchmont Race.

After a day of rest for the amateur sailors, racing was resumed at the Larchmont Yacht Club yesterday, the third active day of race week, and a fleet of 110 yachts crossed the starting line. Weather conditions were favorable in a moderate way. The temperature, considerably lower than that of previous days, made the really hard work of racing easier, and there was a fair sailing breeze from about northeast that held all through the day.

The courses were laid out so that the yachts had windward work to the first mark, a run, or almost a run, to the second, and a reach across the Sound to the finish line. The schooners and the yachts of the fifty-foot class and of Class M were sent to Greenwich Point on the Connecticut shore, thence to the racing buoy between Prospect and Mott's Point in Hempstead Harbor and thence home, 20¾ miles in all. Yachts of Class P, the Buzzard's Bay, and the thirty-foot class, and the first division of the Handicap Class went to a racing buoy off the westerly end of Great Captain's Island, thence to the buoy in Hempstead Harbor, and thence home, 15¾ miles. All others sailed a course to the Scotch Cape Buoy, thence to a mark boat in the middle of the Sound, and thence home, twice around for all larger than Stars, 11 miles in all, and once around for the "mosquito fleet."

The term "mosquito fleet" has assumed considerable importance these days. About one-third of the number of craft that crossed the line yesterday were of the size so classified. Of the stars alone there were 18, and the skill shown by George A. Carry, Commander Fry, Young "Jack" Alley, E. G. Unitt, Jr., and others commanded the admiration of men who appreciate good seamanship, but who shy at sailing such small craft.

Among the largest yachts of yesterday's fleet were three schooners, including the flagship Katrina; eight of the fifty-foot class, eight also of the thirty-foot class, three of class P, twenty of the handicap class, in four divisions; four of class Q, two Buzzard's Bay one-design boats, eight of the Larchmont Inter-class, and four Jewels.

The start of the fifty-foot class was the liveliest of the season. All were close to the line some seconds before the whistle was blown, and there was some clever manoeuvring of a crisscross sort, partly in effort to secure the windward berth and partly to kill those superfluous seconds of time. At the end of it, Ventura obtained the windward berth and the lead as well, and in the ensuing three or four minutes drew well clear. Grayling, sailed by George Nichols, was in second best position at the outset, and soon overcame the advantage held by the leader. In the end, she crossed the finish line more than two minutes ahead of the Barbara, sailed by Harry Maxwell, which had come up into second place, while Ventura was third.

In the schooner class E. Walter Clark's Irolita, formerly the racing sloop Istalena, beat Katrina over the line by nearly 4 minutes, but this margin was cut down to 14 seconds when the time allowances were figured. The start of Class P was particularly good. Josephine and Amoret struck the line almost abreast and close to the signal, Josephine having the windward position. It was Josephine's race, too, for she beat Amoret by 1 minute and 37 seconds at the finish. Of the thirty-foot class, Minx, owned by Wilson Marshall, the younger, got the best of it at the outset, but was not able to hold her place. Hope was the winner by 35 seconds, and Okee secured second place from Lena by 29 seconds. Winners in other classes were: Class M, Eleanora; Buzzard's Bay class, Mashnee; handicap class, first division, Lenora; handicap class, second division, Nadia; handicap class, third division, Twinkle; Class Q, Virginia; Class R, Joyetta; handicap class, fourth division, White Cap; Larchmont interclub class, Wild Thyme, by 42 seconds over Whiff; Jewel class, Opal, by 25 seconds over Brilliant; Manhasset Bay one-design class, Mile. Boss; Indian Harbor one-design class, Huiheehee; Orienta one-design class, Alcyone; bird class, Curlew; star class, Altair; special mixed class, Shadow; New Rochelle one-design class, Virginia; dory class, Tautog; catboat class, Peewee. The summary of the larger classes follows:

SCHOONERS—CLASSES D AND F.

Start, 2:10. Course, 20¾ Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Irolita, E. Walter Clark	4:57:39	2:47:39
Katrina, J. B. Ford	5:01:20	2:51:20
Miladi, G. W. Scott	5:26:36	3:16:36

Corrected Time.—Irolita, 2:47:39; Katrina, 2:47:53; Miladi, 2:57:03.

SCHOONERS—CLASS D.

Start, 2:10. Course, 20¾ Miles.

Irolita, E. Walter Clark	4:57:39	2:47:39
Katrina, J. B. Ford	5:01:20	2:51:20

Corrected Time.—Irolita, 2:47:39; Katrina, 2:47:53.

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB—50-FOOTERS.

Start, 2:05. Course, 20¾ Miles.

Grayling, J. P. Morgan	4:47:48	2:42:48
Barbara, H. P. Whitney	4:50:05	2:45:05
Ventura, G. F. Baker, Jr.	4:51:03	2:46:03
Iroquois II., R. N. Ellis	4:51:44	2:46:44
Acushla, H. Steinbrugge	4:53:57	2:48:57
Spartan, J. M. Macdonough	4:54:59	2:49:59
Carolina, P. Jones	4:56:10	2:51:10
Samuri, W. E. Dodge	5:00:43	2:55:43

BUZZARD BAY SLOOPS.

Start, 2:20. Course, 15¾ Miles.

Mashnee, W. S. Pardee	5:07:08	2:47:08
Gamecock, R. P. Tyler	5:08:21	2:48:21

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB 30-FOOTERS.

Start, 2:15. Course, 15¾ Miles.

Hope, I. E. Raymond	4:57:29	2:42:29
Okee, J. H. Mahlstedt	4:58:04	2:43:04
Lena, O. M. Reid	4:58:33	2:43:33
Alera, R. P. Cutler	5:03:39	2:46:39
Banzai, Edmund Lang	5:03:14	2:47:14
Silhouette, E. H. Prentice	5:03:53	2:47:53
Alerion II., J.W.&E.P. Alker	5:04:03	2:49:03
Minx, W. Marshall, Jr.	5:03:27	2:50:27

SLOOPS—CLASS Q.

Start, 2:25. Course, 15¾ miles.

Virginia, J. S. Blackton	5:06:02	2:41:02
Alice, G. Davis	5:07:09	2:42:09
Arvia, P. W. Rouss	5:09:27	2:44:27
Dixie, J. F. Lalor	5:11:43	2:46:43

SLOOPS—CLASS P.

Start, 2:10. Course, 15¾ miles.

Josephine, A. G. Hanan	4:43:24	2:33:24
Amoret, R. B. Budd	4:45:01	2:35:01
Anita, G. P. Granbery	4:49:09	2:39:09

LARCHMONT INTERCLUB CLASS.

Start, 2:40. Course, 11 miles.

Wild Thyme, A. H. Morris	4:30:19	1:50:19
Whiff, W. R. Manney	4:31:01	1:51:01
Barbara, C. Shields	4:31:39	1:51:39
Dagmar, R. P. Tierney	4:31:59	1:51:59
Skid, H. O. Curry	4:32:13	1:52:13
Hamburg II., M. M. Goldschmidt	4:33:48	1:53:48
Lewanna, Spence Brothers	4:34:49	1:54:49
Yuron, W. S. Mackintosh	4:33:28	1:53:28

NEW RECORD FOR LANGER.

California Swimmer Does Half Mile in Open Water in 12:08 2-5.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 21.—Ludy Langer, of the Los Angeles Athletic Club, won the half mile open water Amateur Athletic Union Swimming Championship today at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in 12:08 2-5, breaking the American record by 10 seconds.

The former record was made by Charles M. Daniels, New York Athletic Club, in 1909. His time was 12:18 2-5.

Joseph Wheatley and Bud Goodwin, both of the New York Athletic Club, were second and third, respectively.

There were eight starters. The race was over a 110-yard course, requiring seven turns, and was held off the Marina, in the yacht harbor.

Kramer Falls on Wet Track.

What was really responsible for the postponement of the bicycle races at the Sheepshead Bay Velodrome from Tuesday night to Saturday was a spill Champion Frank Kramer had after the drizzle, which came just before it was time to start the races. Kramer thought that a light rainfall would not affect the surface of the track, and offered to give a demonstration. On the second lap, going at a fair clip, Kramer's wheel slipped from under him and Kramer got a fall. Beyond a few slight bruises and scratches he was unhurt, but he informed the management that it was impossible to race on the track.

KING'S TENNIS VICTORY.

Columbia Student Defeats Allen Behr 2 Sets to 1 at Park Hill.

George King, the young Columbia University student, defeated Allen Behr in the feature match of the championship tournament of the Hudson River Lawn Tennis Association yesterday on the courts of the Park Hill Country Club, near Yonkers. The match went three sets with King in the lead at 3—6, 6—4, 6—3. The victory of King was not entirely unexpected, as the Columbia player has shown excellent form during the past month. He killed many of Behr's lobs and was all over the court. Behr tried repeatedly to pass his opponent, but the latter anticipated nearly every one of his opponent's moves and easily outmanoeuvred him. King dropped the first set, but once he mastered his opponent's style of play, he had no difficulty in winning.

After an absence of nearly two years, Mrs. P. L. Burdick made her reappearance in tournament play and showed much of the brilliant form that made her a notable player in tennis circles. Mrs. Burdick scored a victory over Miss Bessie Holden in straight sets, at 6—2, 6—3, after she had eliminated Miss Wupperman in two love sets. After the double victory in the singles, Mrs. Burdick, with Herbert W. Forster, the runner-up for the junior Metropolitan title, won a clever match from Miss Katherine Browning and A. F. Thurber, at 6—3, 6—0. The summary:

Hudson River Lawn Tennis Association Men's Singles.—Second Round—F. Wupperman defeated W. C. McGuire by default; George King defeated D. Todd by default.

Third Round—Dr. S. H. Rowe defeated F. Wupperman, 6—2, 6—1; George King defeated Allen Behr, 3—6, 6—4, 6—3.

Women's Singles.—First Round—Miss V. Tyler defeated Mrs. William H. Pouch by default; Miss Bessie Holden defeated Miss D. Graef, 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. P. L. Burdick defeated Miss Wupperman, 6—0, 6—0.

Second Round — Miss Katherine Browning defeated Miss V. Tyler, 6—2, 6—2; Mrs. P. L. Burdick defeated Miss Bessie Holden, 6—2, 6—3.

Mixed Doubles. — First Round—Miss Louise Sheets and E. Sheets defeated Mr. and Mrs. A. Bailey, 6—1, 6—3; Mrs. P. L. Burdick and Herbert W. Forster defeated Miss Katherine Browning and A. F. Thurber, 6—3, 6—0.

A NEW TENNIS CLUB.

Edwin Gould and Friends Building Indoor Courts in Long Island City.

One of the most complete structures wherein indoor lawn tennis may be played is being erected in Long Island City, not more than five minutes' automobile ride from the Queensboro Bridge Plaza, for the Pastime Tennis Company, an organization composed of some of the most prominent society people in and about New York City. When completed in October the building and its contents will be valued at about $100,000. David M. Taylor, a lawyer of 165 Broadway, is President of the Pastime Tennis Company, and Edwin M. Gould is a prime mover in the company, although his name does not appear among the incorporators. Mr. Taylor is also a member of the Union League and Lotos Club. He declined yesterday to give out much information about the new building, which will contain two of the best clay courts that can be built indoors; other than that the company, or club, which is erecting it will be composed of a number of prominent men and that its use will be exclusively for their benefit.

Reports indicate that during the coming Winter the leading tennis players of the country will be invited to play exhibitions on the Pastime courts, but this could not be verified by Mr. Taylor, who said he was still uncertain just what plans would be followed after the opening of the clubhouse.

The establishment has a frontage of about 50 feet, facing on Thompson Avenue, and runs back on Packard Street 125 feet, the room required for the courts in the rear extending from both sides of the house. This building will be a pretty affair when completed, and will contain lounging rooms, a grillroom, showers, lockers, and all the requisites of a complete indoor tennis plant.

Part of the roof covering the courts will be of glass, providing plenty of light for the players, and the ventilation system will be such that the dust which accumulates fast from indoor clay courts will be quickly carried off.

There will be a balcony to accommodate about forty persons.

NEW YORK Y. C. CRUISE.

Fleet Will Sail to Gloucester—Cup Yachts to Race.

Sailing instructions for the annual cruise of the New York Yacht Club were issued yesterday to Captains of the fleet. The rendezvous will take place at New London on Monday, Aug. 2, and the first day's run will be on the following day to Newport. This is the first time in several years that the club will do any extended down-East cruising, and the itinerary, besides including a trip through the new Cape Cod Canal, promises many interesting diversions from what in recent years has become an almost fixed program.

Astor Cup Day will be Wednesday, Aug. 4, the race being held as usual off Newport. Captain Vincent Astor will this year offer three cups, one for schooners, one for sloops, yawls, and cutters, and a special trophy for the America's Cup candidates, Resolute and Vanitie.

Instead of sailing the King's Cup race off Newport, the fleet will continue on to Buzzard's Bay on the following day, and after a night at anchor in that port will tow through the canal to Provincetown on Friday, Aug. 6. Incidentally, the instructions contain a warning to yacht skippers to give the wreck of the old transport ship Yankee a wide berth on the run from Newport to Buzzard's Bay. The wreck is marked by a buoy and lies directly in the path the fleet will take. At low tide portions of the old vessel are close to the surface.

From Provincetown the fleet will go to Marblehead for Sunday and then on to picturesque Gloucester, returning to Marblehead for the King's Cup race on Wednesday, Aug. 11. A special cup is offered for Vanitie and Resolute on that day. The fleet will disband on Thursday.

Safeties Cost Deal Whites Polo Game

Special to The New York Times.

OCEANPORT, N. J., July 21.—Two safeties by Frederick Gillman and H. R. Guggenheimer lost for the Whites by one-half point today's fast polo match played on the Deal Polo Club field against the Deal Blues, the final score being 3 goals to 2½. A goal by Guggenheimer within thirty seconds after the start of play and a pretty goal made by Joseph E. Meier for the Blues from the centre of the field were features. In several periods neither side was able to score. A large crowd witnessed the interesting match. Another game will be played Saturday. The summary:

BLUES.	WHITES.
1—G. C. Sherman.	1—M. Goodman.
2—N. J. Stern.	2—W. G. Stonebridge.
3—J. E. Meyer.	3—Frederick Gillman.
Back—M. D. Bamberger.	Back—H. R. Guggenheimer.

Goals: For Blues—Meyer, 2; Sherman, 1. For Whites—Stonebridge, 1; Gillman, 1; Guggenheimer, 1. Referee—Mr. Strauss.

Walkers After Weston's Record.

Albert Payson Weston's New York to Buffalo walking record will be attacked next month by three amateur pedestrians, representing the American Walkers' Association, an organization formed after internal trouble in the Walkers Club of America. Frank Gage, pathfinder of the Walkers' Association, Gilbert M. Swartz, assistant pathfinder, and William Probst, intend making the 444-mile journey, starting on Sunday, Aug. 8, and expect to arrive in Buffalo in less than nine days after they leave here. Gage has mapped out a course that will take the walkers through most of the leading cities on the way to Buffalo, where they will be checked, and means taken to have their records verified so that they will be accepted by the Amateur Athletic Union. On the first day the men plan to go from Times Square to Fishkill, 61.5 miles; the second from Wappingers Falls to Saugerties, 45.8 miles; on the third from Evesport to Schenectady, 50.8 miles; from Amsterdam to St. Johnsville, 46.9 miles on the fourth day; on the fifth day out they will walk from Little Falls to Vernont, 51.2 miles; on the sixth from Oneita Castle to Sennett, 58.6 miles. For the seventh day Gage has planned a forty-seven mile journey from Auburn to Canandaigua, and on the eighth from East Bloomfield to Batavia, 48.4 miles. The last leg on the ninth day will take the men from East Pembroke to Buffalo, a distance of 38½ miles.

MAN BEATS LE ROY ON ROCKAWAY COURT

Wet Turf Aids Yale Player in Tennis Victory—Four Men in Semi-Final Round.

Playing in his best form, Alrick H. Man, Jr., the former Yale racquet wielder, advanced another round in the invitation tennis tournament of the Rockaway Hunting Club yesterday on the turf courts at Cedarhurst, L. I., when he defeated Robert Le Roy two sets to one at 6—4, 4—6, 6—4. The match was the feature of the third day's playing and held the close attention of a big gallery. It was an interesting contest in that it was an open question which player would win until the final stroke put Man on top. There were several other well-played matches, including doubles, but the Man-Le Roy engagement held the crowd.

During the present tournament Man has shown a return to his last season's form. He has been hitting the ball with more confidence and has displayed a greater variety of shots. His attack against the most approved methods of defense disclosed by Le Roy was of an aggressive style, and he placed the ball accurately when playing for the side lines. It was a pretty exhibition, with the players alternating in the lead. Man was all activity, and in addition to his hard driving he used good judgment in keeping his opponent busy in different parts of the court. The former Yale student was also aided by the courts, which were wet from the showers which fell intermittently during the afternoon. Man appeared to get a better footing than his opponent.

There was very little to choose between the pair in the first set until the ninth game, when Man succeeded in breaking through Le Roy's service and won his own. Le Roy appeared to better advantage in the second set, and by adopting forcing tactics equalized the score. The third and deciding set found the pair at their best, but Man outgeneraled Le Roy and won his way into the semi-final round.

Vanderbilt B. Ward also advanced to the semi-final round through a straight set victory over Frederick C. Inman, Jr., at 6—4, 6—2. The latter was handicapped by the wet turf and could not obtain as sure a footing as his young opponent. Ward got his left hand serve working with plenty of speed, and earned many points with his swift returns. Ward will play Theodore R. Pell in the next round. The latter disposed of his old court rival, Walter Merrill Hall of the Seventh Regiment, at 6—4, 6—1. Pell played a hard, driving game, and did not let up during the two sets. Hall was unable to come up to the net, and Pell repeatedly passed him. The fourth survivor in the semi-finals, S. Howard Voshell, the Long Island champion, easily defeated Seton Porter of the Rockaway Hunting Club, 6—2, 6—3, and will oppose Man in the lower section of the draw.

Three matches were played in the doubles. Harold H. Hackett found an efficient partner in T. R. Pell. The combination worked well, Hackett proving the steadying power, with Pell forcing the pace. They defeated Clarence C. Pell and Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, 6—4, 6—3. E. P. Larned and Frederick C. Inman scored a crushing victory over Walter L. Pate and C. L. Johnston, Jr., at 6—4, 6—2. Larned was again particularly effective in volleying across the court, and seldom failed to take advantage of the openings, while Inman was strong in his overhead play. S. Howard Voshell and Frederick C. Baggs showed good teamwork in their match with Bernon S. Prentice and C. Frederick Watson, Jr., scoring a straight set victory at 6—4, 6—2. The summary:

Rockaway Hunting Club, Invitation Men's Singles, Second Round.—Seton Porter defeated Karl H. Behr by default.

Third Round.—Theodore R. Pell defeated Walter Merrill Hall, 6—4, 6—1; Vanderbilt B. Ward defeated Frederick C. Inman, 6—4, 6—2; Alrick H. Man, Jr., defeated Robert Le Roy, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4; S. Howard Voshell defeated Seton Porter, 6—2, 6—3.

Men's Doubles, First Round.—S. Howard Voshell and Frederick C. Baggs defeated Bernon S. Prentice and C. Frederick Watson, Jr., 6—4, 6—2; Edwin P. Larned and Frederick C. Inman defeated Walter L. Pate and C. L. Johnston, Jr., 6—4, 6—2; Harold H. Hackett and Theodore R. Pell defeated Clarence C. Pell and Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, 6—4, 6—3.

JUNIOR TENNIS SERIES.

West Side and Borough Park Youngsters in Team Match.

Junior lawn tennis players of the West Side Tennis Club and the Borough Park Club are to play in the first of a series of team matches next Wednesday, July 28, on the courts of the former organization at Forest Hills, Long Island. The necessity of pushing forward the development of the younger wielders of the racquet has greatly impressed such far-sighted administrators of the game as Robert D. Wrenn, Raymond D. Little, Julian S. Myrick and Jerold Donaldson, the latter the President of the Borough Park Club. It is planned to play six singles and three doubles and the Board of Governors of the West Side Tennis Club at its meeting last night appointed Frederick B. Alexander to act as referee.

While the actual competitors remain to be selected by their respective clubs, it is likely that on the team of the West Side organization Goddard Saunders will have a place. The boy who recently donated the splendid cup for the Junior Metropolitan Championship has been playing tennis ever since he was big enough to hold a racquet. He has performed creditably in New Rochelle, Seventh Regiment and other tournaments. At the recent meeting of the West Side Tennis Club governors, Saunders was unanimously elected to a junior membership.

As was pointed out by Raymond D. Little, the movement to bring out the junior players started by the West Side Club is less than a year old. Already more than fifty tournaments exclusively for boys under eighteen years of age have been played on courts of Eastern States. The idea is finding great favor, as it has resulted in bringing out several youngsters of remarkable promise.

Winners in Newport Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 21.—In the second round of the handicap mixed tennis doubles reached today at the Casino, with a large assembly of Summer residents again, George I. Scott and Mrs. W. Earl Dodge defeated Charles E. Sands and Miss Ruth V. Twombly, 6—2, 6—1. F. E. Dixon and Miss Christine Biddle defeated Willing Spencer and Miss Edna Barger, 7—5, 6—3. Craig Biddle and Mrs. Barger-Wallach defeated T. Suffern Tailer and Miss Margaret H. Busk, 6—1, 6—2.

Acceptances of invitations to the tennis tournament for Aug. 16 at the Casino have been received from N. W. Niles, E. F. Torrey, S. Colket Caner, M. E. McLoughlin, W. M. Johnston, C. J. Griffin, Richard Stevens, and T. R. Pell.

The Ladies' Tennis Committee of the Casino—Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Jr., Mrs. Barger-Wallach, and Miss Maude K. Wetmore—have arranged these tournaments for July and August: July 27, women's doubles, scratch, subscription; Aug. 3, mixed doubles, handicap, subscription; Aug. 10, mixed doubles, scratch.

Fink Leads Maplewood Golfers.

Special to The New York Times.

MAPLEWOOD, N. H., July 21.—Charles L. Fink of Dunwoodie led a field of thirty-four players here this morning in the qualifying round of the July handicap tournament, obtaining the medal for low gross with 74. His play was equally good going out and coming in, 37 being the tally in each case. Two divisions qualified. Results in the first sixteen:

Charles M. Fink, Dunwoodie, 74, 5—69; Wm. R. Rice, Houston, 82, 7—75; P. T. Bodge, Maplewood, 84, 5—79; Paul H. Sherwin, Wollaston, 84, 5—79; Lester Russell, Dunwoodie, 84, 14—70; W. R. Caldwell, Dunwoodie, 85, 6—79; H. A. Waldron, Maplewood, 87, 6—81; I. J. French, Woodlawn, 90, 10—80; John H. Phelps, Wollaston, 90, 10—80; E. L. Childs, Long Meadow, 90, 7—83; John H. Blue, Forest Hills, 91, 12—79; General G. F. Elliott, Chevy Chase, 92, 20—72; T. O. Buckner, Compeigne, 93, 9—84; John H. Taylor, Huntington, 95, 12—83; H. A. Norton, Winchester, 97, 20—77; F. H. Luker, Maplewood, 99, 12—87.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The pressure continues high generally east of the Rocky Mountains and low off the Atlantic Coast. This distribution has been attended by moderate temperature generally east of the mountains, and local showers and thunderstorms along the Atlantic Coast and in the South Rocky Mountain region.

High temperatures prevail over the west plateau and in the interior of the Pacific States.

Indications are that the weather will be generally fair Thursday and Friday over the eastern half of the country, except that showers are probable on the South Atlantic Coast.

Moderate temperatures will continue over the eastern half of the country during the next two days.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the Atlantic Coast will be light to moderate, variable.

FORECASTS TODAY AND FRIDAY.

New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	67	68	4 P. M.	85	68
6 A. M.	67	67	6 P. M.	66	70
9 A. M.	70	70	9 P. M.	71	66
12 M.	78	73	11 P. M.	71	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 70; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 68; at 8 P. M. it was 67. Maximum temperature, 74 degrees at 11:30 A. M.; minimum, 66 degrees at 1 A. M. Humidity, 79 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 69 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.91 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.98 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

P.M. Tues. Loss.

11:45—106 1 St.; St. Nicholas Church..Slight

A. M. Wed.

12:20—153 W. 28 St.; P. Antonio......$1,000

1:15—2,531 3 Av.; A. Weinberger.........$200

6:45—2,466 Hughes Av.; Marie Ciccarelli..Slight

7:55—538 W. 45 St.; F. Ontunosich....Slight

9:45—115 W. 11 St.; Miss F. Barr......Slight

9:45—113 E. 118 St.; Minnie Bloom....Slight

P. M.

12:10—701 2 Av.; Reisner & Schreiber.Slight

3:35—1,470 So. B'v'd; Nellie Crowley..Slight

4:40—512 W. 181 St.; John Fowler.....Slight

6:05—784 8 Av.; I. W. Weisenberger....Slight

7:50—558 W. 165 St.; H. Richardson...Slight

7:40—78 Grand St.; Rodman Brothers.$1,000

8:20—91 Christopher St.; N. Untoro.....Slight

8:40—251-253 E. 121 St.; M. Nugent...Slight

8:45—469 2 Av.; John Wagner..........Slight

9:20—338 E. 95 St.; H. Bernstein......Slight

10:35—522 E. Houston St.; H. Reiss....Slight

EDUCATION NOTES.

The local School Board of District 39 asks that a high school be erected at once on the site purchased for that object at Brownsville. The school population has grown to 25,925. Of the 3,528 pupils graduated from the elementary schools of the district nearly 60 per cent. went to high schools. The local School Board also urges that two additional elementary schools be built in this section of Brooklyn.

An examination of eligible men and women applicants for license as teachers of an ungraded class of mentally sub-normal pupils in elementary schools will be conducted on Oct. 4 and 5 at 9 A. M. at the Board of Education Hall. Applicants must be at least 21 years of age and not over 40 years, and must have had at least three years of successful experience in teaching.

The Principals' reports for June, 1915, show that Brooklyn has 597 more elementary school and 1,629 more high school pupils than Manhattan, a total of 2,226. This is an increase of 425 pupils over the May reports.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended equipment of rooms for crippled children in Public Schools 26, 59, and 125, Brooklyn.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 21.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., and Ga.—Cloudy Thur. and Fri., probably showers near the coast; light to moderate, variable winds.

Fla.—Fair in n., probably showers in the peninsula Thur. and Fri.; light to moderate, variable winds.

Ala., Miss., and La.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; light n. winds.

E. Tex.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; moderate n. to e. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair Thur. and Fri.

Okla.—Fair Thur. and Fri.

Tenn., Ky., and Ark.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; moderate temperature.

Ind., Lower Mich., Upper Mich., and Ohio—Fair Thur. and Fri.; moderate temperature; light, variable winds.

Ill.—Fair Thur. and Fri., warmer.

Mo.—Fair Thur. and probably Fri., warmer.

Wis.—Fair Thur. and Fri., warmer.

Minn.—Fair Thur. and Fri., warmer.

Wis.—Fair Thur. and Fri., warmer.

Minn.—Fair Thur. and Fri., warmer Thur. in s. and w.

Iowa—Fair Thur. and Fri., warmer Thur.

N. Dak.—Fair Thur. and probably Fri.

S. Dak., Neb., Kan.—Cloudy, with probably showers Fri. and in w. Thur.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Taormina, at Genoa, July 19.

SS Seaconnet, at Copenhagen, July 15.

SS Ulabrand, at Copenhagen, July 16.

SS Franklyn, at Havre, July 18.

SS Hanovian, at Havre, July 19.

SS Meissonier, at Havre, July 19.

SS Malaes, at Gibraltar, July 19.

SS Wascana, at Rio Janeiro, July 19.

SS Ghazee, at Hull, July 20.

SS Buenos Aires, at Cadiz, July 20.

Sailed.

SS Adriatic, from Liverpool, July 21.

SS Merton Hall, from Colombo, July 16.

SS Capri, from Marseilles, July 17.

SS City of Bristol, from Manila, July 19.

SS Ardgryfe, from London, July 20.

SS Saxonia, from Liverpool, July 21.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 24, SS New York.

France—Close at 11 A. M. July 24, SS La Touraine.

Belgium—Service suspended.

Liberia—No sailings at present.

Netherlands—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 24, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.

Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 22, SS Veendyk, and at 7:30 A. M. Aug. 3, SS Noordam.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. July 29, SS Oscar II.

Norway—Close at 8:30 A. M. July 24, SS Bergensfjord.

Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. July 24, SS Ancona.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Aki Maru	July 22
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Ixion	July 23
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	July 23
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Manchuria	July 26
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West,) and New Zealand, (specially addressed,) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma	July 29
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver)—Niagara	July 30
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	July 31

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, June 21; Hongkong, June 23; Shanghai, June 26; Yokohama, June 4, and Honolulu, July 14—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Manchuria, were dispatched east on July 20, and are due in New York on the morning of Sunday, July 25.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:47|Sun sets..7:26|Moon sets..12:12

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:18	3:56	9:26	10:31
Governors Island	3:21	4:10	9:51	11:02
Hell Gate	5:11	6:00	11:31	12:42

Arrived—Wednesday, July 21.

SS Oscar II., Christiansand, July 10.

SS St. Joseph, Lisbon, July 7.

SS Santa Clara, Balboa, July 13.

SS Bratsberg, St. Lucia, July 12.

SS Manchioneal, Jamaica, July 6.

SS Manzanillo, Progreso, July 14.

SS Ryswyk, Havana, July 16.

SS Catherine Cuneo, Jamaica, July 15.

SS Marengo, Boston, July 18.

SS Nepos, Guanica, July 10.

SS Navajo, Balboa, July 11.

SS Huron, Mobile, July 13.

SS El Valle, Galveston, July 15.

SS San Marcos, Jacksonville, July 15.

SS Nickerie, Port Spain, July 12.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Dante Alighieri	Palermo	July 10
Merity	Rio Janeiro	June 23
Aboukir	Balboa	July 11
Monkburn	Liverpool	July 5
Drome	Bordeaux	July 7
Mongineso	Lisbon	July 2
Banilla	Balboa	July 11
Dwinsk	Archangel	July 7
Devon City	Cherbourg	July 6
Rotterdam (tank)	Avonmouth	July 6
Samland	London	July 10
Narragansett	London	July 10
Pannonia	St. Nazaire	July 11
Proteus	New Orleans	July 17
Monadnock	London	July 8
Carrillo	Santa Marta	July 13
Philadelphia	San Juan	July 17

DUE TOMORROW.

Arabic	Liverpool	July 14
Large Law	London	July 10
El Sud	Galveston	July 17
Great City	St. Nazaire	July 9
Earl of Elgin	Saloniki	June 20
Colon	Cristobal	July 17
Mayaro	Grenada	July 16
City of Montgomery	Savannah	July 20
Comal	Galveston	July 17

DUE SATURDAY.

Alfred Nobel	Havre	July 10
Achilles	Marseilles	July 9
Wirral	Havre	July 10
Antiope	Algiers	July 8
Highland Prince	London	July 9
Cacique	Havre	July 12
St. Stephen	London	July 10

DUE SUNDAY.

Philadelphia	Liverpool	July 17
Carpathia	Liverpool	July 17
America	Naples	July 14
Avra	Glasgow	July 11
Frixos	Liverpool	July 10
Wielaston	Havre	July 10
Woolston	Cardiff	July 10
Mar Caspio	Balboa	July 9
Justin	Pernambuco	July 7
Lampasas	Mobile	July 20
City of Savannah	Savannah	July 22

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Orduna, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Veendyk, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Allianca, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Tapajoz, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
El Siglo, Galveston		12:00 M.
Sant' Anna, Marseilles		3:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Borinquen, San Juan		12:00 M.
Lenape, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Cymric, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
R. M. Thompson, Santiago		3:00 P.M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Ancona, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
New York, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bergensfjord, Bergen	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Touraine, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Calamares, Havana	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Byron, Argentina	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Cristobal, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Tuscania, Glasgow		10:00 A.M.
Pinar del Rio, Havana		12:00 M.
Huron, Tampa		1:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville		1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
El Sud, Galveston		12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Roma, Lisbon		3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JULY 21.

SS Dante Alighieri, Naples to New York, was signaled; time and distance not given; due 22d, forenoon, Italian Lines.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Vesta, Port Arthur to New York, was 11 miles S. E. of Alligator at noon.

SS Comal, Galveston to New York, was 824 miles S. at noon.

SS Colorado, Galveston to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 3 P. M.

SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 215 miles S. at noon.

SS Radiant, New Orleans to New York, was 170 miles S. at noon.

SS El Dia, New Orleans to New York, was 112 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 264 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Perfection, Port Arthur to New York, was 272 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 100 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Siberia, Kingston to New York, was 35 miles S. of Hatteras at noon.

SS Philadelphia, La Guayra to New York, was 108 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Navajo, Balboa to New York, was 18 miles S. at 3 P. M.

Eastern Steamship Lines
All-the-Way-by-Water
BOSTON Metropolitan Line Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS and BUNKER HILL Lve. Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., every day 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Same service returning. Unsurpassed facilities for expeditious handling of Automobiles, Horses, and Freight—Express Service.
Portland Maine Steamship Line Steamships
NORTH LAND and NORTH STAR. Lve. Pier 19, N. R., Tues., Thurs., and Sats., 5 P. M.; also Mons., 10:30 A. M.
Tkts. and information at Piers, also at all Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices.

INTER-STATE PARK HIGHLAND LAKE
BEAR MOUNTAIN
45 MILES
UP THE BEAUTIFUL HUDSON
Str. "HIGHLANDER" Weekdays and Sundays. Lvs. Battery 9:15, West 22d St. 9:45, Yonkers 10:45 A. M.
DANCING. REGULAR DINNER 50c.
Str. "MARY POWELL" Weekdays Lvs. W. 42d St. 10:20, W. 129 St. 10:40 A. M. (Str. "NEWBURGH" Sundays and Holidays.) Round Trip—Weekdays, 50c. Children, 25c. Sundays & Holidays, 75c. Children, 50c. McALLISTER ST'B'T CO. Tel. Broad 853 & Mary Powell St'b't Co. Tel. Spring 4141.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
BOSTON $2.80
Via Boat and Rail. ROUND TRIP $5.40
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.75
ROUND TRIP $3.30.
COLONIAL LINE
First-class service, catering to the best people. Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Phone Spring 8491.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $4.00
Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5:30 P. M. Music.
Providence Line: Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., week days only, 6:00 P. M.
New London Line str. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.
New Bedford Line: Strs. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only at 6:00 P. M.
New Haven Line str. lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Sundays, 9:30 A. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3:00 P. M.; Sundays, 10:00 A. M.
Bridgeport Line, week days only, str. lv. Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3:15 P. M. Sundays, 4:45 P. M.

SEE NEW YORK FROM THE WATER. River Breezes Away from Heat and Dust.
AROUND MANHATTAN ISLE
YACHT CLIFTON Lvs. Hudson River Day Line Pier ft. West 42d St. twice daily, 10:30-2:30. Cruise 40 Miles; 3 Hours; Music; Lecturer. Tel. Bryant 3628. 50c Mornings. 75c Afternoons. Sat. and Sun. 75c Mornings. $1 Afternoons.

A DAY'S PLEASURE
EXCURSIONS
New Jersey Central
HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—COMFORT
Lake Hopatcong $1.00
Next Sunday also every Sunday and Holiday
Lv. W. 23d St. 8.50; Liberty St. 9.00 a.m. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 9.17 a.m.
Lv. Broad Street, Newark, 8.30 a.m.
Atlantic City $2.50
Next Sunday also Wednesday, July 28
Lv. W. 23d St. 7.50; Liberty St. 8.00; Lv. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8.17; Lv. Broad St., Newark, 7.55 a.m.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

FOR SALE.
VICTORS VICTROLAS
On Easiest Terms.
$1 Down; $1 Weekly and up.
Complete stock of records Open Evenings.
Write, call, phone 632 Col.
A. H. MAYERS,
1,933 B'way, near 61th.
790 9th Av., near 53d St.

UP THE HUDSON BY DAYLIGHT
All Service Daily Except Sunday.
Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. All through tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M.; landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.
Also Desbrosses St., 9:40; W. 42d St., 10; W. 129th St., 10:20; Yonkers, 10:50 A. M., for Bear Mountain, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie.
One Day Outings to Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, West Point or Bear Mountain.
Afternoon Boat
for Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P. M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outings to Bear Mountain and West Point, returning by Str. "ROBERT FULTON."
Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring, N. Y.
Hudson River Day Line

SEARCHLIGHT ROUTE
NEW YORK—ALBANY—TROY and the NORTH.
Daily, including Sunday.
Capital City Line—Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 5:30 P. M., W. 132d St., 6:00 P. M. Leave Troy 6:00 P. M., Albany 8:00 P. M. Fare $1.00.
New Night Express—Pier 32, N. R., 9:00 P. M., West 132d St., 10:00 P. M. Leave Troy (except Sunday) 9:00 P. M., Albany, daily, including Sunday, 11:00 P. M. Fare $2 one way, $3.50 round trip.
People's Line—Pier 32, N. R., 6:00 P. M., W. 132d St., 6:30 P. M. Leave Albany, 8:00 P. M. Fare $2.00 one way, $3.50 round trip.
Sunday morning boat for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point and Albany, leaves Pier 32, N. R., 9:30 A. M., W. 132d St., 10:00 A. M. Leaves Albany, 10:00 A. M.
Tel. Spring 9400, day or night.
Largest River Steamships in the world.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

Iron Steamboat Co.
SPECIAL NOTICE
The Public is cautioned that the ONLY ticket office of the IRON STEAMBOAT CO. at WEST 129TH ST. is on the DOWN-TOWN SIDE of dock. IRON STEAMBOATS are NOT operated from WEST 23D ST. STEEPLECHASE PIER is the only landing at CONEY ISLAND.
A DAY ON THE OCEAN TAURUS Deep Sea Fishing Str.
Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1, N. R., ONLY.
CONEY ISLAND
Strs. Leave W. 129TH ST. & PIER 1, N. R. Full Time Tables are on inside of back cover of Telephone Directories. Telephone Rector 872.
ROCKAWAY BEACH
Str. "GRAND REPUBLIC"
Lve. Yonkers, 8:35 A.M.; W. 129th St., 9:40 A.M., *1:15 P.M.; Pier 1, N. R., 10:20 A.M.; 2:15 P.M.; Rockaway Beach, 12:30, 5:30 P.M.
*Transfer to Str. "Grand Republic."

GLEN ISLANDS
"The World's Pleasure Grounds"
Every seaside amusement; fine bathing, boating and fishing; Bayne's band concerts; "The Zoo"; restaurant; plants and flowers; clambake dinner and a la carte; dancing; "Klein Deutschland"; The Dairy. Steamers leave Battery 9.45, 10.30, 11.15 A.M., 1.30, 2.30, 4.00 P.M. East 24th St. half hour later. Extra Boats Sundays. Round Trip 50c.

Delightful Afternoon Trip to Bear Mountain Park or WEST POINT
Str. "Albany" Returning on Swift
Str. "Robert Fulton"
Leave Desbrosses St. Daily except Sunday, 1:45 P. M.; West 42d St., 2 P. M.; West 129th St., 2:20 P.M.; Yonkers, 2:45 P. M. $1 round trip. 1½ hours at Bear Mountain or ample time at West Point to drive around the Post. Orchestra. Restaurant.
BEST TRIP FOR SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
Splendid Steamers leave Pier 43, N. R. (foot Christopher St.), 6:30 P. M., Yonkers 7:30 P. M., Daily, (except Sunday), for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie and way landings. Direct connection for Cairo, Palenville, Otis Summit, Haines Falls, Tannersville and all points in the Catskill Mountains.
SATURDAY SPECIAL, to Malden, ($1.00,) Catskill, and Hudson, FARE $1.25. Leave Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers, 1:45 P. M.
REDUCED FARE TO MALDEN $1.00 IN EACH DIRECTION
Tickets and information mailed on request, or can be obtained at tourist and ticket agencies in Greater New York. Phone 1097 Spring.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.55
Via Boat and Trolley, $2.25. Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50. STATEROOMS, $1.00, $1.50 AND $2.00. Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M. From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y. Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St. Write for Illustrated Folder.

HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
MANHATTAN LINE
$1.00 TO ALBANY
Dining Room Service a la Carte. THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS. Autos and Horses at Low Rates. Steamers Lv. daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 131st St., 6 P. M. Telephone 9328 Spring.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS
STEAMER "CASTLETON" FARE 10 Cts.
Automobiles Carried. Capacity 30 cars. This Route for All Jersey Coast Resorts. Lvs. Daily ft. of B'way, near South Ferry, 10 A. M., 2 P. M. | Lvs. Atlantic Highlands 11:45 A. M., 5 P. M. Tel., Broad 179 or 3263. Passenger Capacity Is Limited to 1,250.

CONEY ISLAND
ROCKAWAY BEACH
TIME TABLE FOR TODAY Strs. ROSEDALE and CIMBRIA
Will Leave West 129th St. 9:30, 10:30; W. 23rd St. 10, 11; Battery Pier 10:30, 11:30; Coney Island 6, 7; Rockaway 5, 6.
EXCURSION TICKETS, 50c.

ROUND TRIP RED BANK LINE 50 CENTS
For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Week days, lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 8:30 a. m.; 2:30 p. m.; Battery, 8:55 a. m.; 2:55 p. m. Suns. & Hols., Franklin St., 9:15; Battery, 8:55 a. m.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lve. Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373. To Sandy Hook and the Ocean 1:30 P. M.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND AND SAG HARBOR.
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier ft. 34th St., E. R., Tues. and Thurs., 5:30 P. M.; Sat., 1:00 P. M.

TO NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS Sandy Hook Route, New Jersey Central.

Here's a Cool Trip!
Where crisp sea breezes bring rest, health, relaxation
SUPERIOR SERVICE and LOW FARES to
SAVANNAH JACKSONVILLE MACON AUGUSTA
ATLANTA BIRMINGHAM MONTGOMERY
and all other Southern Points
CONSULT ANY TICKET OR TOURIST AGENT OR
Literature and all information upon request
Savannah Line
NEW YORK OFFICE 501 FIFTH AVENUE Phone 2365 Murray Hill

THE GREAT WHITE FLEET
Sailing Under the American Flag
WHY not include the West Indies and the Panama Canal in your trip and see the countries that have made the California Expositions possible?
To California
Circle Tours between New York and New Orleans via West Indies and Panama Canal, in connection with the California Expositions.
$101.25 and $134.70
Between New York and New Orleans via Havana, Cuba. $54.00
Sailings from New York to Panama Wednesdays and Saturdays via Kingston and Havana.
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
Passenger Dept.
17 Battery Place New York
City Ticket Office, 1254 B'way.

OCEAN TRIP
A VACATION on the WATER
Cool, restful and refreshing.
$95 New York to Havana and return; 6 days at sea, 4 days on shore, including hotel expenses.
$60 California Expositions side trip, New York, Havana, New Orleans, by steamer, going or returning.
Write Dept. E for "The Ideal Vacation."
WARD LINE
New York & Cuba Mail S. S. Co.
General Office, Pier 14, E. R., N. Y.

CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE via LIVERPOOL
Orduna.......Thurs.July 22,10A.M.
Saxonia......Thurs.,Aug.5, 10 A.M.
Orduna.......Sat., Aug. 21, 10 A.M.
*Tuscania.....Fri., Aug. 27, 5 P.M.
Saxonia......Sat., Sept. 4, 10 A.M.
*Cameronia...Fri., Sept. 10, 5 P.M.
Orduna.......Sat., Sept. 18, 10 A.M.
*EN ROUTE TO GLASGOW.
ROUND THE WORLD TOURS
Through bookings to all principal Ports of the World.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

THE BEST VACATION
A 17-Day Cruise To or From
CALIFORNIA
Through the Panama Canal
Aboard Large American Trans-Atlantic Liners
FINLAND AND KROONLAND
From Pier 61, N. R. NEW YORK: JULY 31 10:00 A. M., AUG. 26, SEPT. 16
From SAN FRANCISCO: AUG. 3, AUG. 24, SEPT. 18
and every three weeks thereafter.
FIRST CABIN, $125 and up.
INTERMEDIATE, $60 and up.
Including meals and berth.
Best of cuisine and service.
ASK ABOUT COMBINATION TRIPS
WATER ROUTE ONE WAY
RAIL ROUTES OTHER WAY
PANAMA PACIFIC LINE 9 BROADWAY NEW YORK

American Line
AMERICAN STEAMERS
Under the American Flag
N. Y.—Liverpool. Pier 62, N. R., Noon
New York, July 24 | Philadelphia, July 31
White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool. Pier 60, N. R., Noon
†Cymric.....July 23 | †Arabic.....July 28
†Cabin and Third Class Passengers Only.
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa.
Canopic, August 12, 10 A. M.
Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector.

Largest, Finest and Fastest Vessels to
SOUTH & EAST §AFRICA BY UNION-CASTLE LINE
*†‡SOUTH AMERICA
The World's Fastest Growing Continent
†Peru-Chile EXPRESS SERVICE to & from PANAMA.
16 Days New York to Callao
23 Days New York to Valparaiso.
SERVICES TO †Colombia & Ecuador
Also Express Services to
Brazil and the Argentine
*The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
§The Union-Castle Mail S. S. Co. Ltd.
†The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
‡The Nelson Lines
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 26 Broadway, N. Y.
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE
Only direct line to RUSSIA
S. S. Dwinsk, July 27
S. S. Kursk, Aug. 7
S. S. Czaritza, Aug. 18
1st Class, $90; 2d, $65
Daily through service to Petrograd, Moscow, etc.
Regular 11 Days' Service to Archangel.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Agts., 37 B'way, N. Y.

ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
‡Italia Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
To PARIS and all other EUROPEAN POINTS
Via the MEDITERRANEAN
To Naples and Genoa.
‡ANCONA.............JULY 24, NOON
*America..July 31, noon | *Duca d'Aosta....Aug. 14
†Europa....Aug. 4, noon | †Stampalia.......Aug. 21
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., One State St.

NORWEGIAN AMERICA LINE, 8-10 Bridge St., New York.

12-Day, All-Expense Northern Cruise $60. Booklet free Red Cross Line, New York.

"NIAGARA TO THE SEA" by Canada S. S. Lines, Ltd., 132 Victoria Sq., Montreal.

RAILROADS.

N. J. CENTRAL POPULAR OUTINGS. Sundays, Holidays. See ads. or agents.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for BORDEAUX
TOURAINE . July 24, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . July 31, 3 P. M.
ESPAGNE . Aug. 7, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . Aug. 14, 3 P. M.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
COMPANY'S OFFICE 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Broad 4600.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Sailing Under Neutral Flag.
N. Y.-London Via Falmouth Rotterdam
Twin-Screw Sailings Carry U. S. Mail.
*N. Amst'm.July24,noon | *Ryndam......Aug. 10
†Noordam..Aug. 3,noon | *Rotterdam....Aug. 21
†Rotterdam Direct. *Via Falmouth.

SOUTH AMERICA
BARBADOS, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AYRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Frequent sailings from New York by new and fast (12,500 ton) passenger steamers.
Busk & Daniels, Gen. Agts., 8 Broadway, N. Y.

New Zealand—Australia
Via HONOLULU and SUVA
PALATIAL PASSENGER STEAMERS
"NIAGARA," 20,000 tons displacement
"MAKURA," 13,000 tons displacement
Sailing every 28 days from Vancouver, B. C. Apply Canadian Pacific Railway, 1241 Broadway, New York, N. Y., or to the Canadian Australasian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Geared Turbines
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
TUSCANIA, Sat., July 24, 10 A. M.
CAMERONIA, Sat., Aug. 7, 10 A. M.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

TO FRANCE BY
LLOYD ITALIANO
CASERTA, AUG. 7 | TAORMINA, AUG. 11
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Under Italian Flag. Rates, $65 & $90 up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

FABRE LINES TO PARIS
VIA NAPLES AND MARSEILLES
SANT' ANNA....July 22 | PATRIA (new)...Aug. 12
Azores, Lisbon, Gibraltar and Barcelona
ROMA.........July 26 | ROMA.........Sept. 21
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

ALL LINES—ATTRACTIVE RATES, Europe, Bermuda, Panama, West Indies, South America, California, Honolulu, Newfoundland and Great Lakes Cruises. E. H. Low, Agt., 1123 B'way, N.Y. Tel. 5930 Farragut

COOK'S EXPOSITION TOURS
Weekly departures. Send for booklet.
THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y., NORWAY, SWEDEN, DENMARK.
A. E. Johnson & Co., Inc., Agts., 1 B'way, N.Y.

DAILY AND SUNDAY TRIPS TO
Interstate Park Landings
(ALONG THE PALISADES.)
STR. KINGSTON leaves W. 129th St. at 10 A.M., 2 and 5 P.M. FARE 35c. Round Trip.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 p. m. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

FORECLOSURE SALES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, as Substituted Trustee, etc., Plaintiff, against WOLF SOMERSTEIN and RAY SOMERSTEIN, his wife; MORRIS KESSTENBAUM and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 15th day of July, 1915, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 12th day of August, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by SAMUEL GOLDSTICKER, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

ALL that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the easterly line of Third Avenue, distant twenty-five feet eight and one-half inches northwardly from the northeasterly corner of said Third Avenue and 95th Street; running thence eastwardly parallel with said 95th Street, and part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred feet; thence northwardly parallel with Third Avenue, twenty-five feet; thence westwardly, again parallel with 95th Street, and part of the distance through another party wall, one hundred feet, to the easterly line of Third Avenue; and thence southwardly along said easterly line of Third Avenue, twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning.

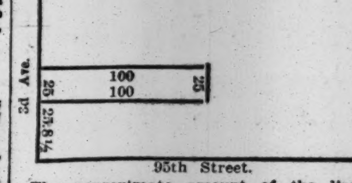
Said premises being now known by the street number 1697 Third Avenue.

Dated New York, July 19th, 1915.

POWELL CRICHTON, Referee.

GELLER, ROLSTON & HORAN, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 22 Exchange Place, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 1697 Third Avenue.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $25,132.00, with interest thereon from the 14th day of July, 1915, together with costs and allowance amounting to $386.19, with interest thereon from the 15th day of July, 1915, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $276.72 and interest.

Dated, New York, July 19th, 1915.

POWELL CRICHTON, Referee.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On July 19th, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named court on behalf of the United States against 350 BAGS SHELL PEANUTS upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure, and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of sections Food and Drugs Act of the United States Revised Statutes, June 30th, 1906.

Pursuant to the monition of said court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares, and merchandise, or interested therein to appear before said court in the General Post Office Building on August 4th, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

THOS D. McCARTY, United States Marshal.

July 19th, 1915.

H. [illegible] MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

A Higher Yield

from sound securities than is ordinarily possible can be obtained now. We have selected a number of sound bonds and stocks as deserving of special consideration. Send for our latest circular No. A-52, which gives description of these investments.

Hodenpyl, Hardy & Co
Incorporated
Investment Securities
14 Wall Street, New York

First and Refunding
Mortgage Bonds
To Yield 6%
Net Earnings 2¼ Times Interest

Both gross and net earnings have increased largely every year for a long period of years.

Corporation serves prosperous portion of a State, whose population increased from 1900 to 1910 about three times the ratio of the entire United States.

Further particulars and chart of earnings upon request for our Circular AG-60.

N.W.Halsey & Co
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco
Boston Baltimore St. Louis

THE BEST INVESTMENT
in times like these is a
SOUND SHORT-TERM BOND
We are offering bonds, due in 1916 and 1917, which are
1. Exceptionally well secured.
2. Readily convertible into cash.
Price, par and interest,
To Yield 6%
Circular T 22 describes these bonds fully. Call or write for a copy to-day.
Commercial Security Company
(Resources in excess of six millions).
Knabe Building, 5th Av. at 39th St.

Railroad Bonds
Information Comparisons

We have prepared a booklet on Railroad Bonds which gives in convenient form some of the principal factors regarding the bond issues of most of the principal railroads in this country. It also includes the income account, management, capitalization and other information of interest to investors.

We will be pleased to mail to investors a copy of Booklet No. 210

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

Laclede Gas Light Co.
ST. LOUIS
5% Debentures
Due Feb. 1, 1919
To Yield 5.45%
Curtis & Sanger
Members New York, Boston, and Chicago Stock Exchanges.
49 WALL STREET
Boston New York Chicago

Wm.A.Read & Co.
Investment Bonds
Nassau & Cedar Sts., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston London

Municipal Bonds
Send for Offerings
Redmond & Co.
33 Pine Street - New York

W.C.Langley & Co.
Investments
115 Broadway, New York City

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Violent Advances Continue in a Few Stocks—Railroads Halt Again as Specialties Rise.

Were the business and financial situation in the United States less sound than it is there would be more reason than actually exists to regret the violent speculation which is going on in certain of the war order stocks which yesterday flared up afresh in spectacular manner. The railroad stocks which had been improving while the industrials were showing signs of having been sobered halted again yesterday. They gained small fractions or receded while a number of the industrials were being traded in on a very large scale and were being moved up rapidly. There is no doubt that the war orders which have been coming to hand promise unexpected profits to a number of manufacturing concerns, but however good the basis for a rise in prices the headlong character of the movement which has been under way in some stocks invites market unsettlement upon any occasion when the speculative fever is chilled by some untoward happening.

There is important work for the business and credit machinery of the United States to do and it would be regrettable to dissipate any part of the country's resources in speculation of a sort which makes market profits or market losses, but which does not stimulate trade nor give any genuine encouragement to the investor, for he is warned off rather than attracted by unduly violent price movements. But even those who deprecate the headlong character of some current speculation recognize the factors which are making that speculation possible. Fortunately one of those factors, the great ease in money, helps not only speculation but genuine trade as well.

This week's market has been disposed to dismiss from its mind the coming rejoinder of this Government to the latest German note. The news that our note would go forward within forty-eight hours caused not even momentary concern over the possible bearing of this note upon our relations with Germany, nor over the ultimate solution of the differences which exist between Washington and Berlin. Neither was the spread of labor troubles looked upon as a thing for the market to concern itself with. The prevailing disposition was to look for settlements of these troubles without serious interference with the work which the companies concerned have in hand. That was partly due to the feeling on one hand that any reasonable demands are more likely now than usual to be met by employers, and on the other that proof of the allegations regarding the motive back of these labor troubles would go far toward frustrating the work of the agitators.

The establishment here of a $40,000,000 credit for Canada in the shape of one and two-year notes is another reminder of the demands which the war is causing to be transferred to this market. This is a loan which ordinarily would be sought in London—it is the first time that the Canadian Government has borrowed in the United States—but London's resources are amply occupied with home demands or with those demands arising outside of England which cannot be provided for elsewhere. England is today extending to her allies the credit which ordinarily she would have at the disposal of her colonies. Our trade relations with Canada have long been important. The financing of the Dominion's needs in this market should serve to make those trade relations still closer.

LONDON MARKET DULL.

Money Tight as a Result of Transfer of War Funds.

LONDON, July 21.—Money was tight today as a result of yesterday's huge transfer in connection with the war loan. Discount rates were steady.

The stock market was dull. About the only item of interest was the announcement that dealings in the new war loan with conversion rights would be allowed on July 29 and ex-rights Aug. 3. Russian securities were flat, and sellers were unable to find purchasers for the stock coming on the market. Copper shares were firm, but oil and rubber issues closed weak.

American securities were inactive but steady.

The Stock Exchange here will be closed on Saturday, July 24.

Paris Prices Irregular.

PARIS, July 21.—Prices on the Bourse today were irregular. Three per cent. rentes, 69 francs for cash. Exchange on London, 26 francs 90 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4	4	4½	5
New York	4	4	4½	5
Philadelphia	4	4	4	5
Cleveland	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	4	4	4½	5
Atlanta	4	4	4½	5
Chicago	4	4	4½	5
St. Louis	4	4	4½	5
Minneapolis	4	4	4½	5
Kansas City	4	4	5	5
Dallas	4	4	4½	5
San Francisco	3½	4	4½	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days..........2⅛@2¼
Ninety days..........2¼@2½

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2	1¾	1¾	2

ON TIME.

60 days..........2¼@2½ | 5 mos..........3
90 days..........2½@2¾ | 6 mos..........3@3¼
4 months..........2¾@3

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months.....3¼@3½ | 6 months.....3¼@3¾
Sixty to ninety days.....3 @3¼

Other Names.

4 months.....3½@3¾ | 6 months.....3¾@4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.76⅝	$4.76⅜	$4.76½
Cables	4.77⅛	4.77	4.77⅛

Closing Rates.

	Demand, (or Check.)	Cable.
London	4.76½	4.77⅛
Paris	5.62¼	5.61½
Berlin	.82¼	.82⅜
Austria	15.15	15.20
Russia	..	30.00
Switzerland	5.36	5.35
Scandinavia	25.60	25.65
China—		
Hongkong	42.70	42.90
Shanghai	55.00	55.75
Singapore	57.50	..
Greece	5.24½	5.23½
Holland	.40⅛	.40¼
India—		
Bombay	33.00	..
Calcutta	33.00	..
Italy	6.19	6.18
Japan—		
Kobe	49.37	49.45
Yokohama	49.37	49.45
Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.62	49.75
South America—		
Buenos Aires	41.75	41.90
Rio	25.50	25.60
Spain	19.25	19.40

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial.— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¾	$4.69½	$4.71¼	$4.69¼

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $334,642,276; balance, $20,258,053; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $94,522. The local banks have gained $293,000 in their Sub Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 45c premium; Montreal, [illegible]

Bar Silver.

London, 22 9-16d, unchanged; New York, 47⅜c, unchanged.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	745,224
Same day last year	163,269
Year to date	69,865,959
Same period last year	41,734,208
Average price and change 50 stocks	71.00 + .58
Same day last year	66.20 — .05

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	73.36	Apr. 30	58.99	Feb. 24
Same period last year	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Range year 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Note—In stocks in which trades in odd lots were reported on the tape yesterday at prices higher or lower than the range on 100-share lots the range on odd lots is shown separately.

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
34½	34⅝	900	Alaska Gold Mines	34⅛	34½	34⅛	34½	+ ¼
23⅝	23¾	20,500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	23½	24½	23⅝	23¾	+1¼
63	63½	5,150	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	62¼	63½	62	63	+1
73	73⅛	6,700	Amalgamated Cop	74¼	74⅝	73	73	— ⅜
47¾	48¼	900	Am. Beet Sugar	48	48⅝	48	48	+ ½
104	105¾	100	Am. B. S. & F. t. r.	103	103	103	103*	—1⅞
163	164	100	Am. B. S.& F.pf.t.r.	163⅞	163⅞	163⅞	163⅞	+ ⅞
56¾	57	108,200	Am. Can	55	58⅝	54½	56⅞	+2⅞
104½	105¼	800	Am. Can pf	105⅜	105½	104½	104½	— ½
56¾	57⅛	3,800	Am. Car & Fdry	57	57½	56¾	56¾	+ ½
132	133½	700	Am. Coal Products	134	134	131	131½	—3¼
46½	47	2,800	Am. Cotton Oil	46¼	48½	46	47	+2
6¾	7	3,600	Am. H. & Leather	6⅞	7⅜	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
35⅛	35¼	5,100	Am. H. & Leath.pf	34¾	36¼	34¾	35¼	+1¼
25	25⅛	400	Am. Ice Securities	25½	25½	25¼	25¼	— ¾
49½	50	5,600	Am. Locomotive	49	50½	49	49½	+1⅛
94	96	100	Am. Locomotive pf	95⅛	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	...
94	96	50	do., odd lot	95	95	95	95	...
5½	6	100	Am. Malt	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
78¼	78¾	3,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	79¼	79½	78¾	78¾	+ ¼
147	160	100	Am. Snuff	149	149	149	149	+4
39½	40	1,700	Am. Steel F'dries	38⅝	40⅜	38⅝	40	+1½
107	109	100	Am. Sugar Ref	108	108	108	108	—1⅜
112	114	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	114	114	114	114	...
112	114	33	do., odd lot	113½	113½	113½	113½	...
121⅛	121½	100	Am. Teleph. & Tel	121½	121½	121½	121½	...
225	229	200	Am. Tobacco	227	227	225¼	225¼	— ¼
106	106¾	500	Am. Tob. pf., new	106	106	106	106	— ½
34¾	34⅞	3,800	Anaconda Cop. Co	35	35⅝	34¾	34¾	...
5	5½	100	Assets Realization	5½	5½	5½	5½	+ ⅛
100⅝	100⅞	1,000	Atch., Top. & S. F.	100¾	100⅞	100½	100⅝	+ ⅞
73½	73¾	23,000	Baldwin Loco	72⅝	74	72½	73⅜	+1¾
102½	103⅛	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	+ ¼
77¼	77¾	2,700	Baltimore & Ohio	77⅞	78	77¼	77⅞	— ½
71	72	200	Baltimore & O. pf	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼	— ½
..	..	12	Bank of Commerce	160	160	160	160	...
200½	201½	6,200	Bethlehem Steel	199½	204	198	201½	+3½
121	123	600	Bethlehem Steel pf	121	123	121	123	+2
70⅛	70½	1,400	Butte & Superior	70	70½	70	70½	+ ½
30	36	60	California Pet. pf	30	30	30	30	...
142	142⅝	12,000	Canadian Pacific	144¼	144⅜	141⅛	142	—1⅛
42½	42¾	16,000	Central Leather Co	42¼	43½	42¼	42⅝	+1⅛
103¾	104¼	200	Central Leather pf	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	...
39¼	39¾	1,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	39¼	40¼	39¼	39¼	+ ⅝
11	11¼	100	Chi. Great Western	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	...
28½	29¼	400	Chi. Gt. West. pf	28½	28¾	28	28	— ½
80⅝	80⅞	3,550	Chi., Mil. & St. P	81⅜	82¼	80½	80¾	— ¾
12⅝	13	3,700	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	13⅜	13½	12¼	12⅝	— ⅜
45¼	45⅜	1,200	Chino Copper	45⅜	45¾	45⅜	45⅜	— ⅛
32¼	34	100	Clev., C., C. & St.L	32¼	32¼	32¼	32¼	+ ¼
35⅝	35¾	7,120	Col. Fuel & Iron	35½	36	34⅝	35½	+ ⅝
10	12	300	Comstock Tunnel	*11	12	11	12	+2
127	128	400	Consolidated Gas	127½	127½	126¾	127½	— ½
67½	68½	100	Continental Can	68	68	68	68	+ ½
14⅛	15	1,156	Corn Products Ref	14¾	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞	+ ½
79	79¾	500	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	79	79	79	79	+ ½
46¼	46½	93,500	Crucible Steel	42¼	49½	42¼	46¼	+5½
97½	99	1,200	Crucible Steel pf	96	98¾	96	98¾	+2¾
103	104	2,100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	99	103¾	99	103⅝	+6¾
25¼	25⅜	2,000	Distillers' Secur	24½	25½	24½	25½	+1
23¾	23⅞	5,600	Dome Mines	22⅛	23⅛	22¾	23¾	+1
25¾	26⅛	2,600	Erie	26⅜	26⅜	25⅞	25⅞	— ½
40	40¼	900	Erie 1st pf	40¾	40¾	40⅜	40½	— ⅛
25	30	100	Federal Min. & S.	32	32	32	32	—4
45	52	100	Federal M. & S. pf	50	50	50	50	...
270	277½	71	General Chemical	270	279½	270	270	...
109	112	100	Gen. Chemical pf	110	110	110	110	...
167	168	3,400	General Electric	165¾	167¼	165½	166¾	+1⅛
186	187	1,300	General Motors	184⅛	187	184⅛	186½	+1½
51½	51⅞	5,400	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	50⅛	52½	50⅛	51½	+1¼
105	..	300	Goodrich pf	104¾	105⅛	104⅝	105⅛	+ ¾
116½	117	1,100	Great Northern pf	117¼	117½	117	117	...
37	37¼	2,800	G. N. certs.ore prop	36⅞	37⅜	36⅞	37	+ ¼
61	61½	500	Guggenheim Explor	61¼	61½	61	61	— ¼
30¾	31	8,450	Inspiration Copper	31½	31⅝	30⅝	30¾	— ¼
19⅜	19½	800	Inter.-Met. v. tr.cfs	19¼	19⅜	19¼	19⅜	+ ⅛
73	73½	200	Inter.-Met. pf	72½	73	72½	73	+1
19⅜	19½	100	Interboro Consol	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅜
36	37	200	Int. Paper pf	36½	36½	36½	36½	— ½
23¾	24	300	Kansas City South	23¾	24	23¾	23¾	— ⅝
57	58½	100	Kan. City South. pf	58	58	58	58	+ ½
47½	48⅞	600	Lackawanna Steel	47	48¾	47	48⅜	+1⅜
142½	143	100	Lehigh Valley	142	142	142	142	— ½
108	108½	300	Louisville & Nash	112	112	108½	108½	—2½
35½	36¼	400	Maxwell Motors	36	36¼	36	36¼	+ ½
83½	84¾	200	Max. Motors 1st pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	...
72¼	72⅞	1,300	Mexican Petroleum	71	73⅛	71	72¼	+1⅛
27	27¼	600	Miami Copper	27⅛	27¼	27⅛	27⅛	— ¼
13¼	15½	100	Min. & St. Louis	14	14	14	14	+1
5½	6	400	Mo., Kansas & Tex	5¾	6	5½	6	...
15	16	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex.pf	15⅝	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	+ ⅞
3	3⅛	2,726	Missouri Pacific	3	3⅛	2⅞	3	...
19½	19⅝	4,400	Nat. Enam. & St	19¼	20	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅝
62½	63	300	Nat. Lead Co	62½	63	62½	62½	+ ¾
108	109½	10	Nat. Lead Co. pf	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	109⅜	...
5	5½	200	N.Rys.of Mex.2d pf	5	5	5	5	...
14½	14¾	100	Nevada Con. Cop	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
100	101	1,700	N. Y. Air Brake	101½	101½	99½	101	+2
86½	87	600	N. Y. Central	87	87	86¾	86¾	— ¼
58	59	320	N. Y., N. H. & H.	58	58	57½	57½	— ¾
26½	27	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	27	27	27	27	...
103½	104	300	Norfolk & Western	104	104	103¼	103½	— ½
105	105½	1,760	Northern Pacific	104⅝	105½	104⅝	105	+ ½
34⅞	36	3,100	Pacific Mail	35	37	34⅞	34⅞	+ ¼
106⅜	106½	900	Pennsylvania R. R.	106⅛	106⅜	106¼	106⅜	+ ¼
116½	117½	200	People's Gas, Chi	116⅛	117½	116½	117½	+ ½
55	57	1,000	Pettibone, Mul. Co	64¾	64¾	56	56	—7
55	57	75	do., odd lot	55½	55½	55½	55½	...
76	77	1,200	Philadelphia Co	80½	80½	77	77	—3
22½	23	1,100	Pittsburgh Coal	23⅝	23⅞	22½	22½	— ¾
49¼	49¾	2,250	Pressed Steel Car	49¼	50¼	49	49¾	+1
160	162	700	Pullman Co	158½	162	158½	162	+6
34	34¾	1,000	R'way Steel Spring	33	34	32⅝	34	+1⅝
22¾	23⅛	800	Ray Consol. Copper	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝	22¾	— ¼
147¼	147½	6,700	Reading	147½	147⅞	146¾	147¼	+ ½
35¼	35½	30,900	Rep. Iron & Steel	34¼	36	34¼	35¼	+1¼
91½	92	800	Rep. Iron & S. pf	91¾	92½	91	91⅞	+ ⅞
3¼	3½	800	Rumely (M.) Co	4	4	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅝
8¼	9	500	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	9¼	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	+1⅝
4½	5	1,300	St. Louis & San Fr	4½	4½	4	4	— ⅛
5½	5¾	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	5½	5½	5½	5½	— ¼
12	13	300	Seaboard Air Line	12⅞	12⅞	12½	12½	— ⅜
32½	33	100	Seaboard Air L. pf	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ ¼
146½	147½	600	Sears, Roebuck Co	147	147½	146⅝	146⅝	+ ⅛
38⅛	38½	1,300	Sloss-Shef.Steel & I	38	38⅝	37½	38⅛	+1⅛
84⅝	85	4,200	Southern Pacific	85⅛	85½	84	84¾	— ⅛
14⅛	14¼	1,500	Southern Railway	14¼	14⅜	14⅛	14¼	— ¼
55	56	200	Standard Milling	56	56	56	56	+ ⅛
72	74	100	Standard Milling	73	73	73	73	...
83	83⅛	15,330	Studebaker Co	80¾	83¾	80½	83¼	+3¼
37¾	38	1,000	Tennessee Copper	38	38	37¼	37¾	+ ¼
132	133	200	Texas Co	133	133	133	133	...
51½	51¾	800	Third Avenue	51⅜	51¾	51¼	51¾	+ ½
99	99¾	100	Tobacco Products	99¼	99½	99½	99½	+2½
6½	6¾	300	Union Bag & Paper	6¼	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	+ ⅛
126⅞	127⅛	10,500	Union Pacific	127⅝	127⅝	126¼	127⅛	+ ⅛
80⅛	80⅞	100	Union Pacific pf	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	— ½
101	103	100	United Cigar Mfr.pf	103	103	103	103	+1¾
19¾	20	1,300	United Rys. Invest	21¼	21⅜	19⅞	19⅞	—1¼
36¾	37½	1,800	United Rys. Inv.pf	38	39	36¾	36¾	—1⅛
2	3	200	U. S. Red. & Ref	2	2	2	2	—1½
45	45¾	2,100	U. S. Rubber	45½	45⅝	44½	45⅝	+ ⅝
103½	104	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	+ ⅜
64	64¼	10,500	U. S. Steel	63⅞	64⅝	63½	64⅛	+1
66½	67	2,000	Utah Copper	67	67	66¼	66½	+ ¼
32⅞	33	1,910	Va.-Carolina Chem	31	38½	31	32½	+1¾
38½	44	200	Va. Iron, Coal & C	44	44	44	44	— ½
69¼	69¾	400	Western Union Tel	69½	69⅞	69	69⅞	+ ⅞
109¾	110	129,500	West'house E. & M.	101⅞	110	101⅞	109½	+8½
125	130	100	West'house 1st pf	125	125	125	125	—2⅞
¾	1	100	Wheeling & L. E.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	...
¾	1	100	Wheel. & L.E.2d pf	1	1	1	1	— ¼
134½	135	600	Willys-Overla'd x d	134	135	134	135	+1½
102⅞	104⅛	100	Willys-Overland pf	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	+ ⅜

*Cents per share.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of those two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Railroads	69.24	68.54	68.71	— .25
Industrials	74.11	72.04	73.30	+1.41
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
July 14	70.18	69.24	69.56	+ .15
July 15	70.40	69.26	70.26	+ .70
July 16	70.99	69.81	70.56	+ .30
July 17	70.94	70.21	70.53	— .03
July 19	70.93	69.51	70.06	— .47
July 20	70.81	69.58	70.42	+ .36
July 21	71.67	70.29	71.00	+ .58

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Jy. to date	71.67	July 21	66.96	July 10	71.00
July, 1914	69.08	July 7	57.41	July 30	57.77
July, 1913	70.24	July 28	65.80	July 9	69.34
July, 1912	82.76	July 3	79.75	July 12	81.80
Yr. to date	73.36	Apr. 30	58.99	Feb. 24	71.00
Year, 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.47	July 30	60.20
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.30

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explosives	142	152	135	145
Aetna Explosives pf.	82	86	82	86
Atlas Powder	212	222	210	220
Bliss, (E. W.)	365	380	350	370
Bliss, (E. W.,) pf	125	140	130	150
Canadian Car & Fdy.	72	75	66	69
Canadian Explosives	300	350	300	330
Can. Explosives pf	101	109	101	109
Colts Arms	440	460	455	465
Du Pont Powder	675	690	680	700
Du Pont Powder pf.	99	101	97	101
Electric Boat	230	233	192	196
Electric Boat pf	222	224	192	196
Hercules Powder	415	425	415	425
Niles-Bement-Pond	113	116	113	116
Savage Arms	250	300	250	300
Win. Rep. Arms	1675	1725	1675	1725

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	104	109	103	107
American Cigar pf	98	100	98	100
Am. Mach. & F'dry	80	90	80	90
Conley Foil	300	350	300	325
Johnston T. F. & M.	130	150	130	150
J. S. Young	165	175	165	175
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	15½	15¾	15⅝	15¾
Atlantic Refining	545	550	545	550
Borne-Scrymser	265	275	265	275
Buckeye P. L.	99	100	99	100
Chesebrough Mfg	700	715	700	715
Colonial Oil	135	145	130	140
Continental Oil	223	228	223	228
Crescent P. L.	40	42	40	42
Cumberland P. L.	46	49	45	48
Eureka P. L.	220	223	220	223
Galena S. Oil pf.	135	140	135	140
Galena S. Oil	144	146	144	146
Illinois P. L.	133	135	133	135
Indiana P. L.	96	98	96	98
In'al Pet. Co. Ltd.	8¼	8½	8¼	8½
National Transit	29	30	29	30
N. Y. Transit	203	207	203	207
Northern P. L.	92	95	92	95
Ohio Oil	134	136	134	136
Penn-Mex. Fuel Co.	50	55	50	55
Pierce Oil	9¼	9½	9¼	9½
Pierce O. cv. 6s, '24	73	76	73	76
Prairie O. & G.	308	311	307	310
Prairie P. L.	158	161	158	161
Solar Refining	216	225	220	230
Southern P. L.	208	212	208	212
South Penn Oil	269	273	270	275
Southwest Penn	108	112	108	112
St'd Oil of Cal	274	277	273	275
St'd Oil of Ind	395	400	395	400
St'd Oil of Kan	340	350	340	350
St'd Oil of Ky	250	255	250	255
St'd Oil of Neb	305	315	305	315
St'd Oil of N. J.	400	402	400	402
St'd Oil of N. Y.	183	185	184	185
St'd Oil of Ohio	420	430	420	430
Swan & Finch	110	115	110	115
Union Tank	79	81	79	81
Vacuum Oil	198	201	198	201
Washington Oil	32	35	32	35

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin	36.75	37.25	36.25	36.75
Lead	..	5.60	..	5.60
Iron, No.2 X f'dry	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Spelter	*20.25	..	*20.00	..
Antimony	35.00	36.00	35.50	36.50
Quicksilver	$92.00	$94.00	$92.00	$94.00
Aluminium	†31.00	33.00	†31.00	33.00

*Sales. †Nominal.

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, was quoted 19¾@20c per pound, unchanged, in the open market. London market quotations were:

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Copper, spot	75 15 0	74 10 0
Copper, futures	77 2 6	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Regular weekly cable to local Metal Exchange: [illegible] Hallett's, £125; ordinary brands, £123.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Bit in Their Teeth.

As a broker put it, the speculators in war stocks yesterday took the bit in their teeth and ran away from the urgings of caution that have been heard of late in some quarters. A strong opening, evidently influenced considerably by the settlement of the Bridgeport strike, was prolonged into later dealings and in the last hour of business a dazzling display of fireworks occurred, leaving the war stock market close to the top at the close. The traders discussed not at all the possibilities lying in President Wilson's third note to Germany, and, in fact, appeared to think of nothing save the millions of profits involved in ordnance and ammunition orders. Mr. Wilkinson's words on Crucible Steel were forgotten, as was evidenced by the 5½-point rise in the company's stock.

⁂

Economic Worth of War Orders.

A banker pointed out yesterday that too much stress might be laid on the fact that the extra business being done by arms and ammunition making concerns is of a temporary sort. The profits entailed, he said, would not prove to be simply an unexpected inflow of cash to be distributed to stockholders and considered merely as a gift of fortune. The extraordinary earnings would be used in part to strengthen the position of many companies for the future, funded debts in the way of long term issues as well as temporary loans would be liquidated and working capital sufficient for increased manufacturing needs would be laid aside. Knowledge of this far-reaching value of war orders, the banker thought, was receiving more consideration from thoughtful investors than the desire for big extra dividends.

⁂

Orgy in Westinghouse.

Westinghouse shares have enjoyed a number of days of surprising activity since huge war contracts began to receive attention, but no previous session witnessed such a stirring of quotations as yesterday's. Most of it was in the last half hour. There were comparatively few sales so small as 100 shares, the average being closer to 500 shares, with long strings of quotations appearing on the tape for lots running from 1,000 to 2,700 shares each. Of course, as Westinghouse is a "half stock," the parity being $50 instead of $100 a share, the totals were not so impressive as though Steel had been the issue. At 2:45 o'clock sales were made at 105, and within ten minutes 110 had been reported on the ticker. In late dealings it was not at all unusual for a half-point difference to exist between consecutive transactions.

⁂

Westinghouse Bonds and Stock Draw Apart.

The advance of Westinghouse was so violent that the new convertible 5 per cent. bonds, selling on the curb, were at times unable to keep pace with the stock. As the bonds are convertible into stock par for par until the end of 1916, they would naturally maintain a market value equal to that of the shares. In the closing burst of strength in Westinghouse stock, the bonds were at one time a full point below the quotation on the big board, and they closed at 108¾ against a quotation of 109½ for the stock. Here was displayed the unusual condition of a 5 per cent. bond, theoretically a sounder investment than a stock, selling well below a 4 per cent. stock into which it was convertible on terms of equality.

⁂

Bethlehem Crosses 200.

In view of the day's craze for the war stocks it could surprise nobody that Bethlehem Steel crossed 200. More than that, it held enough of its gross rise from 198 to 204 to end the day well over the double century mark. Naturally, the rampant bulls had to alter their calculations about the future probabilities of the stock's career. Since 200 had been reached without much difficulty, said they, their guess as to the maximum figure possible of attainment might as well be raised to 250.

⁂

Lower Trade Acceptance Rate Sought.

Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York discussed at a meeting yesterday the question of lowering the discount rate on trade acceptances. This matter has been before the Directors before, and the product of much thought was a recommendation to be put before the Federal Reserve Board that the rate be made lower than on other forms of commercial paper. The board will receive the recommendation for discussion at a meeting today.

⁂

Wabash Reorganization Plan.

About 98 per cent. of the refunding 4 per cent. bonds of the Wabash Railroad have been deposited under the plan to reorganize the railroad. About 20 per cent. of the stoc has been deposited. Under the plan the stock is assessed $30 a share, but the holders of the refunding bonds may underwrite any part of the cash payments which the stockholders refuse to make. This practically assures that the underwriters, who stand behind the bondholders with an additional guarantee, will have little cash to raise. General satisfaction is expressed with the reception of the plan by security holders.

⁂

War and Jam.

The war has cut down the shipments of jams and preserves from England to South America. A report circulated yesterday in the financial papers said that this was the time for American jam producers to get to work. Sales of bread spreads made in this country were on the increase, it was said. But Wall Street was not much interested. There are no jam specialists on the New York Stock Exchange.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction Wednesday by Adrian H. Muller & Sons, auctioneers, Exchange Salesrooms, 14 Vesey Street:

$5,000 Lake Erie & Western Railroad second mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1941, 69.

13 shares Mercantile National bank, in liquidation, (twelve dividends paid,) $46 lot.

$3,000 Indiana, Decatur & Western Railroad first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1935, (Equitable Trust Company of New York deposit certificates,) 5.

$14,000 Cincinnati, Indianapolis & Western Railway first refunding 4 per cent. bonds, due 1952, (Equitable Trust Company of New York deposit certificates,) 5⅛.

550 shares Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company assenting common, $50 each, 102⅝.

50 shares Cities Development Company, $50 each, $1.35 per share.

7 shares First National Bank of Jamaica, $100 each, 55.

48 shares Cambridge Book Corporation preferred, $100 each, $1.05 per share.

$750 New Mexico, Colorado Coal and Mining Company, Series A, income bond 1,459, due August, 1941, October, 1912, coupons attached, $12 lot.

2½ shares New Mexico, Colorado Coal and Mining Company common trust certificates, $100 each, $4.

3 shares New York Mortgage and Security Company, $100 each, 112¼.

20 shares American Chicle Company common, $100 each, [illegible]

[illegible]

100 shares American Process Company, $50 [illegible]

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales July 21, 1915	$1,706,000
Same day last year	2,888,500
Year to date	429,385,700
Same period last year	404,751,100
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.04 + .05
Same day last year	85.35 — .30

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	84.48	Apr. 29	81.51	Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42	Feb. 4	85.35	July 22
Year 1914	89.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan, 2d Series	
13,000	73⅛
German stamp	
12,000	71
5,000	71⅛
N Y State 4½s	
1,000	103¾
N Y City 4s, '59	
1,000	94½
N Y City 4¼s, '60	
1,000	98
4,000	98⅛
N Y City 4¼s, '64	
4,000	98⅛
N Y City 4½s, Nov, 1957	
2,000s20f	101⅞
N Y City 4½s, '63	
5,000s5f	101¾
6,000	101⅞
1,000	101¾
N Y City 4½s, '65, temp rects	
60,000	101⅞
Alaska G Mines conv deb 6s	
4,000	135
Am Ag Cm cv 5s	
1,000	99⅞
Am Cotton Oil 5s	
2,000	92¼
Am Tel & Tel conv 4½s	
12,000	100¾
col 4s	
2,000	87½
Atch, Top & S F gen 4s	
4,000	90¼
5,000	90⅜
30,000	90½
2,000	90⅜
1,000	90½
500	90
9,500	90½
adj 4s, stpd	
3,000	82
5s	
2,000	101⅝
Trans S L 4s	
1,000	85⅝
Atl & C A L 4½s	
5,000	93
Atl C L 1st 4s	
10,000	89
Balt & Ohio prior lien 3½s	
11,000	90¼
3,000	90⅜
gold 4s	
20,000s30f	86¼
1,000s30f	85¼
3,000	86⅜
3,000	86½
2,000s30f	86½
conv 4½s	
5,000	85⅜
2,000	85⅛
P, L E & W Va 4s	
2,000	79⅜
S W Div 3½s	
10,000	87½
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s	
11,000	94¾
500	95¼
6,000	94⅞
92,000	95
ext 5s	
2,000	101
1,000	101¼
Bklyn R T 5s, '18	
8,000	100
B Un El 1st 5s	
1,000	100
1,000	99¾
Cent Leather 5s	
18,000	99½
Cent Pac gtd 4s	
3,000	86⅛
3,000s30f	86¾
17,000s30f	86¼
19,000	86¼
10,000	86⅜
500	86
gtd 3½s	
2,000	86
Ches & O con 5s	
5,000	103
C & N W gen 4s	
4,000	92⅝
C, R I & P gen 4s	
1,000	82
6s	
1,000	102
deb 5s	
1,000	48
1,000	43⅜
11,000	43½
ref 4s	
2,000	61½
2,000s30f	61½

C, B & Q gen 4s	
5,000 t e	90½
jt 4s	
6,000	96
1,000	96⅛
5,000	96
10,000s30f	96⅛
1,000	96
5,000	96⅛
1,000	96
5,000	96⅛
Ill Div 4s	
1,000	92
Neb Ext 4s	
1,000	95½
C & E Ill con 6s	
5,000	96¼
C, M & St Paul conv 4½s	
25,000	94¾
gen 4½s	
5,000	99¾
3,000	100
cv 5s, Ser B, sub rcts, f p	
10,000	102⅝
32,000	102¼
25,000	102⅛
1,000	102¼
4,000	102¼
D & Gt So 5s	
1,000	100½
Chile Copper 7s	
2,000	114⅞
5,000	115
5,000	114¾
8,000	115
Cin, Day & Ir 5s	
3,000	25
Col & South ref & ext 4½s	
2,000	80⅞
Con Gas cv 6s	
5,000	115½
Cuban-Am Sugar col tr 6s	
10,000	99¾
Del & Hudson deb 4s, 1916	
1,000	100¼
Den & Rio G 1st & ref 5s	
2,000	44⅝
2,000s30f	44½
Den & R G con 4s	
500	70⅝
2,000	71
Dis Secur Corp 5s	
1,000	64½
9,000	65
7,000	64
10,000	63½
Du Pont De Nem Powder 4½s	
10,000s5f	95
5,000s5f	95⅛
4,000	95¼
1,000	95
5,000s5f	95
17,000	95
10,000s5f	95
2,000	95
5,000s5f	95
Erie 1st con 4s	
2,000	79¼
conv 4s, Ser A	
2,000	61
Series B	
2,000	67
Granby Con cv 6s, Series A	
2,000	103
Great Nor ref 4¼s	
3,000s30f	95½
Hudson Co Gas 5s	
2,000	101½
Ill Cent 4s, 1952	
3,000	81⅝
4s, 1953	
2,000s20f	80½
1,000	80½
10,000s20f	81
Illinois Steel 4½s	
3,000	86½
1,000	86¼
Insp Con Copper cv 6s, 1919	
5,000	128¾
5,000	129
5,000	129½
conv 6s, 1922	
1,000	128¼
10,000	129
10,000	128½
1,000	129
3,000	128
Inter-Met 4½s	
2,000	74⅞
10,000	74⅝
I R T 1st & ref 5s	
3,000	97⅛
2,000 C	97¼
Int Mer Marine col trust 4½s	
3,000	54¼
5,000	53¾

ctfs of deposit	
10,000	54¼
Int Paper cv 5s	
5,000	79¼
Jamestown, F & Clearfield 4s	
10,000s30f	84¼
20,000s30f	84⅜
5,000	84⅜
Kan City So 5s	
2,000	87⅞
Lacka Steel 5s, '23	
3,000	91
1950	
20,000	73¼
6,000	73½
3,000	73⅝
5,000	73⅜
Laclede Gas Lt of St L 1st 5s	
2,000	101
L E & W 1st 5s	
1,000	90
L S & M S 4s, '28	
1,000	91¼
1931	
7,000s30f	89¾
Liggett & M 7s	
5,000	122½
Liggett & M 5s	
3,000	101½
Long Island ref 4s	
3,000	83
Lorillard Co 5s	
1,000	100
1,000	99⅞
2,000	99½
Lorillard Co 7s	
1,000	121
Louis & N unif 4s	
1,000	90⅜
6,000	91
Met Tel & Tel 5s	
1,000	100½
Mo, K & E 1st 5s	
4,000	95
Mo, K & T 1st 4s	
2,000	75½
2d 4s	
1,000	51
1st & ref 4s	
2,000	51
Mo Pac 1st 6s	
1,000	97⅞
5s, 1917	
1,000	80
5,000	81
10,000	81⅛
Mon Power 5s, Series A	
6,000	90
Nat En & Stmpg 5s	
25,000	94
N Y Cent deb 6s, sub rcts, f p	
4,000	103⅝
51,000	103¼
43,000	103⅜
gen 3½s	
1,000	77⅞
9,000	78
ref & imp 4½s, Series A	
1,000	87¼
N Y, N H & H cv deb 6s	
1,000	109
1,000	108⅜
N Y Rys ref 4s	
1,000	70⅛
4,000	70½
2,000	71
N Y Tel 4½s	
1,000	95
Norf & Wn con 4s	
18,000	88
2,000	87¾
conv 4½s	
1,000	102½
Nor Pacific 4s	
11,000	90⅜
30,000	90½
5,000	90⅝
1,000	90¾
Nor Pacific 3s	
6,000	62¼
1,000s20f	62½
1,000s30f	62½
Oregon & C 1st 5s	
3,000	100⅛
1,000	100⅜
1,000	100½
Oreg Short L gtd ref 4s	
2,000	89¼
1,000	89
1,000	88½
Oreg-W R R & N 1st & ref 4s	
2,000	80½
Pac of Mo 1st 4s	
1,000	86⅛
Penn Co gtd 3½s, Series B	
1,000	86

Penn 4s, 1948	
15,000	97¼
conv 3½s	
500	100⅛
1,000	100⅛
Penn R R con 4½s, temp c, full pd	
1,000	103
5,000	102⅞
1,000	103
gen 4½s, temp c	
11,000	97½
1st real est 4s	
4,000	96
P, C, C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser B	
5,000s30f	98¼
Reading gen 4s	
2,000	92⅝
2,000s30f	92½
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940	
4,000s30f	92½
St L & S F Ry gen 5s	
5,000	100
St P, M & M 4½s	
6,000	100½
4,000	100¼
So Pac col 4s	
27,000	80½
conv 4s	
1,000	80¼
25,000	80½
conv 5s	
12,000	97½
11,000	97¼
7,000	97⅛
1,000	97½
1,000	97¾
5,000	97½
1st ref 4s	
1,000	85¼
1,000	85⅜
20,000	85½
2,000	85¼
Southn Ry 1st 5s	
2,000	99¼
34,000	99¼
gen 4s	
3,000	61
1,000	60¾
7,000	60⅝
3,000	60⅞
Tenn Coal, I & R, Birm Div 6s	
1,000	101½
Tol, St L & W 4s	
5000	45
Union Pac 1st 4s	
2,000	93⅜
1st & ref 4s	
1,000 C	86¼
4,000	86
conv 4s	
2,000	89
1,000 c	89⅛
U R Rs of S F 4s	
3,000	42
U S Steel C s f 5s	
500	102
5,000	101⅝
4,000	101½
2,000	101⅝
2,000	101½
1,000	101⅝
1,000s30f	101½
7,000	101½
4,000	101⅝
registered	
500	101¾
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s	
5,000	95⅛
3,000	95
Wabash 1st 5s	
1,000	100⅜
Wab R R ref & ext 4s, Eq Tr Co ctfs of dep	
10,000	17¼
10,000	17
stamped	
25,000	15⅛
8,000	15¼
5,000	15½
Wab P Ter 1st 4s, Cent Tr ctfs	
30,000	¾
16,000	⅝
9,000	½
1st 4s, Colum Tr ctfs for Cent Tr ctfs	
6,000	½
West Un fund & real est 4½s	
1,000	91⅝
West Shore 4s	
1,000	89
Westingh El & M 1st conv s f 5s	
8,000	105¼
ctfs of dep	
26,000	105
5,000	105⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97	98
2s, c, 1930	97	..
3s, r, 1918	100¼	..
3s, c, 1918	100¼	..
4s, r, 1925	109	..
4s, c, 1925	110⅛	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅛	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	100⅛	..

Closing quotations for United States Gov-
were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	90	91½
Am Ag Ch.	50	51½
Do pf.	93	95
Am B Sug pf.	83	85
A C & F pf.	114½	116¾
Am Coal.	80	..
Am C Prod pf.	116¾	117
Am Cot O pf.	89½	94
Am Exp.	86	90
Am Lin.	10	11
Do pf.	26½	29½
Am M pf.	24	28
A S pf. B.	79	81
A S & R pf.	107	107⅞
Am Sn pf.	103	108
A T & C.	60	67
Am Wool.	20	25
Do pf.	81	86
Am Wr Pa pf.	5⅜	7
A M 1st pf.	..	95
Do 2d pf.	..	98½
A, T & S F pf.	97⅞	97⅞
Atl C L.	99⅞	100¼
Booth Fish	..	40
B R T.	87	87½
B Un G.	125	129
Brown Sh.	23	30
Do pf.	66	75
Bruns Ter.	5	6½
B, R & P.	75	95
Do pf.	101	..
But'k Co.	28	30
Calif Pet.	11	12¼
Canada So.	54	54¾
Case (J I) pf.	70	79
C R R of N J.	240	300
C & S A Tel	121	..
Chi & Alt.	..	9
Do pf.	12⅛	25
C, M & St Paul pf.	124	125
C & N W.	122	124
Do pf.	160	170
Chi, St P, M & Om.	112	125
Do pf.	126	150
C, C, C & St L pf.	60	61
Cleve & P.	155½	..
Cluett-P.	55	60
Do pf.	101½	103½
Col & So.	25	28
Do 1st pf	45	49
Do 2d pf.	37	45
Cont C pf.	100	100⅞
Crex Carp.	40	45
C-Am Sug pf.	103	104
D & Co pf	85	95
Del & H.	144½	145
D, L & W.	400	422
D & R G.	4	5½
Do pf.	7	8½
D M & Ft D	5	7
Do pf.	25	30
Det Ed.	114	115
Det & M.	70	..
Do pf.	80	..
Det U Ry.	58	63
D, S S & A	2	4
Do pf.	2	6
East Kod.	500	..
Erie 2d pf.	31	33
Gen M pf.	105	107
Granby C.	82	88
Hav E Ry, L & P.	..	82
Do pf.	..	98¼
Helme (G W) Co.	170	180
Do pf.	110	118
Hock Val.	..	112
Homest'ke.	117	..
Ill Cent.	101	103
Int C pf.	71	71¼
Int Agric.	6	12
Do pf.	22	29
I H, N J.	99	100
Do pf.	..	114
Int H Cor.	60	62½
Do pf.	97	..
Int Paper.	9½	9¾
Iowa Cent.	6¼	10
Do pf.	15	20
K C, Ft S & M pf.	62	..
Kayser (J) [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lacl Gas.	99⅞	102½
L E & W.	6	9
Do pf.	17¼	21
Ligg & M.	223	227
Do pf.	116	120
Long Isl'd.	30	35
L-W Bis.	17¾	19
Do 1st pf	92	98
Do 2d pf.	..	63
Lorill'd Co.	170	180
Do pf.	..	117½
M'kay Cos.	70	79¾
Do pf.	64	66¾
Man B'ch.	2	8
Man Elev.	125½	128
Man Shirt.	51	..
Do pf.	100¾	105
Max M 2d pf.	32	34
M Dep Sts.	35	36
Do pf.	95	98
Mex P pf.	77	80
Mich Cent.	105	120
M & St L pf.	30	40
M, St P & S S M.	110	113½
Do pf.	122	127
Do l l.	70	73
Mon Pow.	46½	49½
Do pf.	102½	105
Mor & Es.	163	166
M & B pf.	64	80
N, C & St L.	110	120
Nat Bis.	119½	121
Do pf.	122	126
Nat C & S.	70	72¼
Do pf.	104	105½
N C & S.	104	105½
Nat En pf.	85	87
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	18
N Y C & St L.	..	29
Do 1st pf	50	75
Do 2d pf.	..	60
N Y, L & West	111	120
Norf South	15	20
N & W pf.	82	85
North Am.	74	75
N W Tel.	105	..
Ont Min.	2½	3½
Pabst B pf	..	88
P T & T.	29	32
Do pf.	91	94
Peo & E.	6½	10
P-M 1st pf.	90	100
P, C, C & St L.	..	69
Do pf.	..	91
Pitts C pf.	92⅝	94
P, Ft W & C.	157	..
Pitts S pf.	85	90
P S C pf.	99	100
P S, N J.	100	107
Quicksilver	2¼	2½
Do pf.	4	4½
Ry St Spr pf.	85	91
Rdg 1st pf	80	82½
Do 2d pf.	80½	83¾
Rock Isl'd.	⅛	⅜
Do pf.	⅜	½
Rutland pf	15	..
St L & S F 1st pf.	9	11
St L S W.	13½	14¼
Do pf.	..	35
Sears-R pf.	120¼	124
S-S S & I pf.	85	95
So P R S.	65	80
Do pf.	84	100
So Ry pf.	48	49
So R, M & O ctfs.	66	80
Studeb Co pf.	100	101
Tex Co, f paid	125	128
Tex Pac.	12	12½
T P L Tr.	105⅛	..
T, St L & West.	1¾	3
Do pf.	6	9½
T C R T.	90	93
Und Type.	66½	70
Do pf.	100	107
U B & P pf.	25	27
Un Cig M.	45⅛	46
Un Dry G.	..	50
Do pf.	58	60
U S C I P.	14	15¾
Do pf.	30	35
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Vul Detin.	5	16¼
Do pf.	..	35⅛
Wabash	⅛	¼
Do pf.	¼	⅜
W F Exp.	94	97
West Md.	22	24
Do pf.	25	42
Weym-Bru.	233	280
Do pf.	111	120
W & L E 1st pf.	3	5
Wis Cent.	28	30
W'w'th (F W)	104	105
Do pf.	120⅛	122

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1915	101⅛	101⅛	2.75
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	100½	100⅞	5.25
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1917	100	100⅜	5.75
Argen. Govt.	6	May, 1920	98¼	98⅝	6.55
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99½	100⅛	4.85
City of Q'b'c.	5	Apr., 1920	98½	99½	5.20
French Govt.	5	Apr., 1916	98	98½	7.10
German Govt.	5	Jan., 1916	96½	97	12.00
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1916	99½	100	6.00
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1917	99½	100	6.00
Swedish Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	99⅝	100	6.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅛	100	5.00
Swiss Govt.	6	Mar., 1918	96¼	96⅞	6.30
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	96¼	96⅝	5.80

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1916	100⅛	101¼	3.70
Am.T.&T.sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100⅜	101	3.60
Ana. Copper.	5	Mar., 1917	100½	100¾	4.50
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1917	99⅝	99⅞	4.75
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1918	98⅝	98⅞	4.95
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅞	100⅛	4.95
Canadian Pac.	6	Mar. 2,'24	101⅝	102	5.70
Ches. & Ohio.	5	June, 1919	90⅝	91	7.45
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sep., 1915	99¾	100⅛	4.00
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	94⅝	95⅝	9.55
Con. Gas, B.	5	May, 1917	100	100¼	4.98
C. P. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	98	99	6.30
Con. Pow. Co.	6	May 1, '17	97½	99	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅞	100⅛	4.90
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100¼	100⅜	1.40
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	98⅞	99¼	5.95
Gen. Rubber.	5	Dec., 1918	98⅛	98⅝	5.65
Gr. Rap. Ry.	5	June, 1916	100	100⅜	4.52
Gr. Rap. Ed.	5	May, 1916	100¼	100½	4.30
Hav. El. Ry.	6	Sep., 1916	98½	99½	6.25
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1915	100⅜	101	2.15
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15,'18	100	100¼	4.95
L. Gas & El.	6	Apr., 1918	97	98¼	6.55
Lack. Steel.	6	Mar., 1917	98⅛	98⅞	7.15
L. S. & M. S.	5	Sep., 1915	100⅛	100⅛	1.00
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100½	101	2.35
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	98⅛	100	6.00
Min. Gen. El.	6	June, 1917	100	101	5.50
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	95	98½	6.95
N. Eng Nav.	6	May, 1917	94½	95½	8.25
North St. P.	6	June, 1917	99¼	100	6.00
N. Y. Central.	5	Sep.15,'15	100⅛	100¼	1.75
N. Y. Central.	5	Oct., 1915	100¼	100⅜	1.40
N.Y.,N.H.& H.	5	May, 1916	100⅛	100⅜	4.50
Pa. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100⅛	100⅜	1.70
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	3.80
Seab'd Air L.	5	Mar., 1916	100	100¼	4.60
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	100	100¼	4.75
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	97¾	98¼	6.15
Sulz. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	100⅝	101¼	4.70
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	98	100	5.00
Union Type.	5	Jan.15,'16	94½	95½	14.80
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	101⅝	102¼	4.75
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	98⅞	99⅜	5.25
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	99½	101	5.80
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	97	98⅜	6.65
West. Power.	6	Mar., 1917	98	99	6.50

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis.

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.58	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.55	4.45
Buf., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.55	4.40
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	4.95	4.80
Car., Clinch. & O.	1915-'24	5	5.15	4.80
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'24	4½	4.95	4.65
Chicago & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.25
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-'23	4½	5.12	4.88
C., R. I. & P. Ry.	1915-'25	4½@5	7.50	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	4.80	4.60
C., C., C. & St. L.	1915-'29	5	5.25	4.90
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.55	4.45
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	5.10	4.80
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.95	4.65
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.62	4.50
Louisville & Nash.	1914-'23	5	4.50	4.40
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'23	5	6.25	5.25
Mo. Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.50	5.50
N. Y. C. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.05	4.75
Norf. & Western	1915-'24	4½	4.55	4.35
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	5	5.00	4.70
Penn. Gen. Frgh.	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.45	4.25
St. L., I. M. & So.	1914-'24	5	5.75	5.00
Seaboard Air L.	1914-'23	5	5.12	4.88
Southern Railway	1914-'24	4½@5	5.00	4.70
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.60	4.40
Virginia Railway	1914-'19	5	5.10	4.80

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

Washington, July 21.—Receipts and expenditures:

	July 20.	This Mo.	Fisc. Yr.
Customs	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Int. rev., (ord.)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Int. rev., (corp.)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Miscellaneous	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Expenditures	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Deficit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Substantial Gains Made in Some War Order Stocks—Mining Issues Active and Strong.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 287,797 shares of stock and $905,000 of bonds.

The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 58,438; oils, 149; railroads, 100, and mining, 229,110. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,600	Am. Zinc	56	57⅞	56	57
300	British-Am. T. Co., ordinary	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
1,550	Can. Nat. G. C.	2⅜	2 7-16	2⅜	2⅜
3,500	*Car, Lt. & P.	6⅝	6½	6⅛	6¼
990	*Central Fdy.	9¼	9¾	9¼	9½
700	*Cramp. Ship	65	65⅛	64	64
4,700	*Electric Boat	197	248	195	235
3,500	*Electric B. pf.	195	235	195	230
830	Emerson Phon.	15	15	14⅝	14⅝
750	*Hendee Mfg.	41½	42½	41	41
300	*Inter. Mer. M.	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
250	*Int. M. M. pf.	5½	5⅜	5½	5⅜
300	Interc'l Rubber	7½	7½	7½	7½
100	*Int. Petro'm.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
100	Kelly S. Tire	160	162	160	162
1,500	Marconi of Am.	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½
10	J. G. McC. Co.	54	54	54	54
1,050	Man. Transit	¾	13-16	¾	13-16
25	*N. J. Zinc, new	255	255	255	255
200	N. Y. Trans'n	17	17	16⅜	16⅜
3	Pyrene M. Co.	12½	12½	12½	12½
1,500	Riker & Heg.	6⅜	6⅝	6⅜	6½
8,500	*Stand. Motors	9⅞	10⅜	9⅞	10½
300	Sterling Gum	2⅞	2 13-16	2⅞	2 13-16
1,500	*St. J. Lead	12½	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝
130	*United Cig. S. Co. of Am.	97	100	97	100
16,000	U. C. S., new	9⅞	10½	9⅝	10⅜
1,300	United Cig. S. pf., new	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
1,000	Un. Profit S.	2 7-16	2⅞	2 7-16	2⅞
2,500	*Ven. Con. Oil	13	13½	13	13½
1,000	*World Film	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
44	Galena-S. Oil	146	145	146	+ 2
10	Illinois Pipe L.	134	134	134	..
2	Indiana Pipe L.	96	96	96	— 1
10	Nat. Transit	29	29	29	— 2
55	Prairie P. L.	160	160	160	..
10	P. Oil & Gas	310	310	310	— 1
10	S. Oil of Ind.	395	395	395	— 6
3	S. Oil of N. J.	400	400	400	— ½
5	Vacuum Oil	198	198	198	..

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	*Wabash pf (b)	21	21	21	21

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	*Alaska Juneau	12⅛	12½	12⅛	12½
2,500	*Alta-C. M. Co.	82	82	81	81
12,500	*†Atlanta	32½	32½	31	32
3,000	*†Big Cotton	6	6	6	6
900	Big L. D. Co.	1⅞	1⅞	1¾	1⅞
6,100	*†Booth	52	52	49	51
400	Braden Cop.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
100	Canada Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,000	†Carboy	6	6	6	6
100	*Chile Copper	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞
1,300	Con. Ariz. Sm.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
2,700	Cons. Nev.-U.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
4,000	Crown Reserve	½	½	½	½
1,000	D. Black Butte	3	3	3	3
5,000	*†Dome Ext.	27	27	27	27
12,000	*†Emma Cop.	34	38	34	38
1,250	†Florence	50	50	48	48
300	†Gen. V. Cop.	42	42	42	42
100	Gold. Cons.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
6,700	*†Gold. Mer.	23½	23½	22	23
550	Greene-Can.	41	42	41	41
500	Howe Sound	3¼	3¼	3	3
400	†Iron Blossom	69	69	67	67
7,650	Jumbo Ext.	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1⅝
7,500	Kenne. Cop.	33½	33⅞	33½	33⅞
225	Kerr Lake	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
2,500	*†Kewanas	14	14	13	13
100	La Rose	½	½	½	½
1,200	Magna Copper	13¼	13½	12⅞	12⅞
1,000	†McK.-Dar'gh.	21	22	21	21
1,100	†Majestic M.	78	78	70	75
70	Mason Valley	2	2	2	2
2,350	*M'tana Con.	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1½
75,000	*†Mother Lode	26½	31	26	27
1,200	Nev. Hills	22	22	20	20
480	N. Utah Bing.	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2⅝
590	Nipiss. M. Co.	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½
8,500	*†Oro	8	8	8	8
500	*†Sells	30	30	30	30
1,500	*†Silver Pick	10	10	10	10
1,800	St'd Sil.-L.	1½	1 9-16	1½	1½
4,900	Stewart	2	2	1⅞	2
7,500	*†Success M.	91	93	91	92
2,300	†Super. M. Co.	24	24	24	24
2,300	†Ton. J. But'r	79	80	75	80
900	†Ton. Merger	39	39	37	37
5,500	Ton. Exten.	2 7-16	2½	2 7-16	2½
4,575	Ton. Mining	6⅜	6⅝	5½	5½
4,100	Ton. of Nev.	6⅜	6⅜	5½	5½
2,000	Tri-Bull'n	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
7,500	Tuolumne C.	½	½	½	½
500	*Wasatch	1¼	1½	1¼	1½
4,700	†West E. Con.	74	74	69	70
650	Yukon G. M.	2⅜	2⅜	2¼	2¼

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	K'cott Cop. 6s	118	118	118	118
900,000	*Westing. El. cv. 5s	106½	108⅜	106½	108⅜

†Sell cents per share. ‡Odd lot. *Unlisted.

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	July 21. Bid.	July 21. Asked.	July 20. Bid.	July 20. Asked.
Alliance Film	⅝	⅞	¾	⅞
Brit.-Am. Tob. Co., ord. bearer	15	15½	15	15¼
Central Foundry pf.	15	19	15	19
Inter. Motors	18	19	17½	18½
Inter. Motors pf.	42	43	42	44
Inter. Nickel	159	162	158	161
Inter. Nickel pf.	103	105	103	105
Inter. Steam Pump pf	10	14	10	14
K. S. T. new 1st pf.	85½	86½	85½	86½
K. S. T. new 2d pf.	150	160	150	160
Leh. Val. Coal S. Co.	160	170	160	170
Mutual Profit Shar.	7⅝	8	7⅝	8
Wayland Oil & Gas	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
RAILROADS.				
Mo. Pacific, w. i.	17	18½	17	18½
Mo. Pacific, w. i., pf.	35	37	35	37
Wabash w. i.	10	11	10	11
Wabash pf. (a)	43	44	43	44
MINING STOCKS.				
Arizona Duquesne	27	32	27	32
Caledonia	83	85	84	86
White Knob Cop. pf.	2	2¼	2	2¼
BOND.				
Calaveras 6s	180	200	180	200

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co	101	102
†American Light & Traction	311	315
†American Light & Traction pf	108	110
Adirondack Electric Power	14½	15½
Adirondack Electric Power pf	52½	56
*American Gas & Electric	94	95½
*†American Gas & Electric pf	46½	48
American Power & Light	60	62
American Power & Light pf	79½	82
American Public Utilities	28	32
American Public Utilities pf	62	65
American Waterworks & Electric	5	7
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	10	19
American W. W. & E. 1st pf	55	60
Cities Service	43	47
Cities Service pf	52	55
Colorado Power	17½	19
Colorado Power pf	90	92½
†Commonwealth P. R. & L.	48	50
†Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	78	80
Dayton Power & Light	28	32
Dayton Power & Light pf	81	86
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s	90½	92½
Electric Bond Deposit pf	63	66
†Electric Bond & Share pf	98½	100
Empire District Electric 5s	74	77
Empire District Electric pf	60	70
Federal Light & Traction	15	18
Federal Light & Traction pf	56	60
Gas & Electric Securities	65	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf	70	80
Lincoln Gas & Electric	12	20
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	18
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf	46	50
Northern States Power	28	29
Northern States Power pf	83½	85
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	41½	43
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	83½	85
Republic Ry. & Light Co	15	16
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	58	61
Southern California Edison	70	73
Southern California Edison pf	90	93
*Standard Gas & Electric	5	6
*Standard Gas & Electric pf	23½	24½
Tennessee Ry. Light & Power	5	7
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	26	29
United Light & Rys	39	42
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	67	70
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	65	69
Utah Securities	13	15
Western Power	14½	16½
†Western Power pf	50	54

*Par value $50. †Ex dividend.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
6s	Sept., 1915	100⅛	100⅜	100⅛	100¼
6s	Sept., 1916	102⅝	102⅞	102⅝	102⅞
6s	Sept., 1917	103⅝	103⅞	103⅝	103⅞
4½s	June, 1965	101⅛	101⅞	101⅛	101⅞
4½s	March, 1963	101⅛	102	101⅛	102
4½s	Nov., 1957	101⅛	102	101⅛	102
4½s	May, 1957	101⅛	102	101⅛	102
4½s	Nov., 1917	100⅞	101⅛	100⅞	101⅛
4½s	May, 1917	100⅞	101⅛	100⅞	101⅛
4¼s	March, 1964	97⅜	98⅛	97⅜	98⅛
4¼s	March, 1930-60	97⅜	98⅛	97⅜	98⅛
4¼s	Sept., 1960	97⅜	98⅛	97⅜	98⅛
4¼s	March, 1930-60	97⅜	98⅛	94⅛	94⅝
4s	May, 1959	94⅛	94⅝	94⅛	94⅝
4s	Nov., 1958	94⅛	94⅝	94⅛	94⅝
4s	May, 1957	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝
4s	Nov., 1956	93⅞	94⅝	94	94⅝
4s	Nov., 1955	93⅞	94⅝	94	94⅝
4s	Nov., 1936	93⅞	..	94	..
4	May, 1917	99⅛	..	98⅞	..
4s	Nov., 1918	98⅞	..	98⅞	..
4s	May, 1919	98⅞	..	98⅛	..
3½s	Nov., 1954	84½	85½	84	85½
3½s	Nov., 1954	84¼	85½	84	85½
3½s	May, 1954	84½	85½	84½	85½

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	Citizens Bank	43	43	43	43
20	Consol. Coal	94⅞	95	94⅞	95
90	Consol. Power pf.	113½	113½	113½	113½
25	Cosden	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
50	Fairmont Gas pf.	45	45	45	45
130	Northern Central	83½	83½	83½	83½
50	Wayl'd Oil & Gas	2½	2½	2½	2½
15	Western Bank	36½	36½	36½	36½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	A. C. L. uni. 4½s	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
1,000	City Balt. 4s, '61, S. L.	95½	95½	95½	95½
1,000	Con. Gas 4½s	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝
1,000	Con. Power 4½s	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
1,000	Elkhorn Fuel 5s	95½	95½	95½	95½
1,000	Mt. Ver.-Wash. Cot. Duck 5s	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼
3,000	State Md. 4s, '28	99½	99½	99½	99½
1,000	State Md. 4s, '27	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
5,000	United Rys. & Elec. inc. 4s	56	56	56	56
700	United Rys. & Elec. fdg. 5s	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼
1,000	Va. Ry. & P. 5s	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝

BOSTON.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Adventure	2	2	2	2
26	Ahmeek	95⅝	96	95⅝	96
870	Alaska	34⅜	34½	34¼	34½
102	Amalgamated	74	74½	73⅞	73⅞
8,800	Am. Zinc	56	57⅞	56	57
10	Anaconda	35½	35⅞	35	35½
220	Arizona Com.	7⅛	7⅛	7	7
50	Butte & Bal.	3	3¼	3	3¼
739	Butte & Sup.	70½	70¾	70	70½
80	Cal. & Ariz.	64¼	64½	64¼	64½
2	Cal. & Hecla	561	561	561	561
10	Chino	45½	45½	45½	45½
180	Copper Range	58⅝	58⅝	58⅜	58⅜
10	Daly West	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
40	Franklin	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
18	Granby	83⅞	84½	83⅞	84½
539	Greene-Can.	40½	41	40	41
50	Inspiration	31	31	31	31
100	Isle Royale	28	28	28	28
450	Kerr Lake	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
656	Lake	14⅝	15⅝	14⅝	15½
50	La Salle	6½	6½	6½	6½
10	Mayflower	4½	4½	4½	4½
100	Michigan	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
40	Mohawk	72	72½	72	72½
190	New Arcadian	11	11	11	11
100	New Idria	5	5	5	5
30	Nipissing	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝
96	North Butte	30⅝	30⅝	30	30½
10	Old Colony	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
5	Old Dominion	53	53	53	53
35	Osceola	82	82	82	82
235	Pond Creek	17	17	16½	16⅝
10	Quincy	86	86	86	86
10	Santa Fe	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
36	South Lake	6½	6½	6	6½
205	Sup. & Boston	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
55	Tamarack	39	39	39	39
55	Trinity	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,300	Tuolumne	47c	47c	47c	47c
1,000	U. S. Smelt.	40½	41½	40⅝	41½
80	U. S. Sm. pf.	46⅜	47	46⅜	47
890	Utah Apex	4¼	4¼	4	4¼
190	Utah Con.	13¼	13⅜	13¼	13⅜
25	Winona	4	4	4	4
5	Wolverine	61	61	61	61
100	Wyandotte	60c	60c	60c	60c

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
808	Boston Elev	73	73	73	73
243	Boston & Me.	20½	21	20	20
7	Mass. Elec. pf.	33½	33½	33	33
271	N. Y., N. H. & H.	58	58½	58	58½
13	West E. St. Ry	63	63	63	63

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. P. Svc. pf.	17	17	17	17
12	Am. Sugar pf.	114½	114½	114½	114½
283	Am. T. & T.	121½	121⅝	121⅝	121⅝
235	A., G. & W.I. pf	26½	26½	26½	26½
53	Gen. Electric	165½	166½	165½	166¼
420	Mass. Gas	90	91½	90	90½
9	McElwain pf	99½	99½	99½	99½
1	Mergenthaler	180	180	180	180
13	N. E. Teleph'e	132	132	132	132
23	Pullman	156	161	156	161
47	Swift & Co.	113½	114	113½	114
183	United Fruit	135⅝	135⅞	135	135⅞
76	United Shoe M.	50½	50½	50	50½
25	Un. S. M. pf.	29	29	29	29
1,140	U. S. Steel	64	64¼	63⅞	64
10	U. S. Steel pf.	111½	111½	111½	111½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
2,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	68½	68½	68½	68½
1,000	Swift 5s	96	96	96	96
1,000	W. T. & T. 5s	96	96	96	96

BOSTON CURB.

BOSTON, July 21.—The closing Boston Curb bid and asked quotations:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.70	.80	La Rose	.46	.52
Bay S Gas	.10	.12	McK.-Dar.	.20	.24
Bingham	9¼	9½	Mines of A	2¼	2½
Begole	.75	.95	Majestic	.70	.75
Butte & L.	.27	.28	Mex Met.	.23	.25
Boston Ely	.25	.30	Nev Doug.	.62	.63
Chief Con.	1⅛	1⅜	N Baltic	3⅛	3⅜
Con Cop.	1	1⅛	N Cornelia	7	7⅛
Crown Res	.50	.60	Ohio Cop.	.20	.21
Calaveras	1⅜	1½	Old D Rcts	6½	7⅛
Con Ariz.	.75	.85	Oneco	1	1⅜
Cortez	.40	.50	Riker-H.	6¼	6⅝
Champ Cop	.07	.09	Rav Cop.	.10	.12
Cal Corbin	.04	.05	S W Miami	1	1⅜
Davis-Daly	1⅜	1 7-16	Stew Min.	2	2⅛
E & B B.	1¼	1½	Ton Mines	5¼	5½
First N C.	2½	2⅞	Utah Met.	3⅝	3⅞
G'd'f'd Con	1⅛	1⅜	Un V Ext.	6	6⅛
Houghton	3¼	4	Ventura	12¾	13
Iron Blos.	.62	.67	Yuk Gold	2½	2⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
15	Am. Rad'tor	350	350	350	350
63	Chi. Pn. Tool	55	55	55	55
55	Chi. Ry. Ser. 2	18	19½	18	19½
10	Com. Edison	135½	135½	135½	135½
40	Mont.-Ward pf.	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼
200	People's Gas	117	117½	117	117
342	Sears Roebuck	147	147⅞	147	147⅞
625	Stew. Warner	65⅝	67	65⅝	66½
25	Swift & Co.	113½	113½	113½	113½
78	Un. Carb. rts.	4½	4⅝	4½	4½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$12,000	City Ry. 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
1,000	Com. Ed. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am. Can	56⅛	56½	56⅛	56½
10	Am. Loco	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛
10	Am. Gas N. J.	101½	101½	101	101
90	Am. Milling	6	6	6	6
15	Am. Rys. pf.	98½	98½	98½	98½
1,160	Baldwin Loco.	73	73½	72⅝	73
55	Bald. Loco. pf.	102⅝	102⅝	102½	102½
645	Cambria Steel	51⅞	51⅞	51⅝	51⅞
10	Crucible Steel	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
320	Elec. Storage	53½	53⅝	53½	53½
100	Gen. Asph. pf.	67½	67½	67½	67½
10	Ins. Co. N. A.	21½	21½	21½	21½
210	Lake Superior	8¼	8½	8¼	8½
16	Lehigh Nav.	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞
40	Lehigh Valley	71½	71½	71½	71½
10	L. V. Tr. pf.	29	29	29	29
10	North Penn.	90	90	90	90
526	Penn. R. R.	53⅛	53¼	53 1-16	53¼
10	Penn. S. Mfg.	88	88	88	88
5	Penn. Steel pf.	68	68	68	68
50	Pr. Steel Car	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞
525	Phila. Co.	40	40¼	39	39
20	Phila. Co. pf.	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜
130	Phila. Co. c. pf.	40½	40½	40½	40½
44	Phila. Electric	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
6	Phila. Traction	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛
15	Rep. Iron & S.	35	35	35	35
70	Reading	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞
100	Southern Ry.	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
1,871	Tonopah Bel.	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
6,552	Tonopah Min.	6⅛	6⅛	5⅝	5⅝
267	Un. Gas Imp.	83⅛	83½	83	83½
9	Un. Cos. N. J.	222	222	222	222
4,839	U. S. Steel	63¾	64¼	63⅝	64⅛
100	War. I. & S.	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9½
100	W'house Elec.	52¼	52½	52¼	52½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Bald. L. 1st 5s	102	102	102	102
2,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s	74½	74½	74½	74½
8,000	L. V. gen. 4½s	98	98	98	98
1,000	L. V. C. con. 6s	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝
1,000	P. R. R. g. 4½s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
500	Penn. R. R. cv. 3½s, 1915	100	100	100	100
8,000	Penn. R. R. con. 4½s	103	103	102⅞	102⅞
2,000	Phil. Co. con. 5s	80½	80½	80	80½
100	Phil. Elec. 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½
31,000	Un. Ry. Inv. 5s	66½	67½	66½	67

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
465	Col. Gas & E.	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞
150	Crucible Steel	43	49	43	48⅜
301	Crucible S. pf.	96½	98	96½	98
10	Elk Co. N. Gas	116½	116½	116½	116½
10	Harbison-W.	48	48	48	48
50	La Belle Iron	35	35	35	35
26	Mfrs. L. & H.	46½	46½	46½	46½
10	Nat. Fireproof	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
25	Nat. Firep. pf.	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞	18⅞
10	Ohio Fuel Sup.	41	41	41	41
10	Oklahoma N. G.	63	63	63	63
10	Pitts. Brew. pf.	14	14	14	14
50	Pitts. Coal	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼
100	Pure Oil	14½	14½	14½	14½
7,100	San Toy	16	16	16	16
40	Union S. & S.	101	101	101	101
315	Westin. Electric	51	53⅞	51	53⅞
50	Westin. Mach.	18	18	18	18

BOND.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	P., McK. & C. 5s	100	100	100	100

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Hall Switch and Signal Company has closed a contract with a representative of a foreign Government for shells amounting to $1,000,000 and over, according to a statement issued yesterday.

Directors of the Dillman Bakery, Inc., declared yesterday an initial semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent. on the preferred stock, payable Sept. 1.

John D. Ryan, President of the Anaconda Copper Company, sent a circular to stockholders yesterday, stating that new stock of a par value of $50 will be exchanged at the National City Bank for old shares of $25 each on and after July 22. One share of the new will be exchanged for two old shares. The Stock Exchange ruled that Amalgamated Copper shares will be stricken from the list on July 30, as the company is to be dissolved.

UPTURN IN COTTON ON SPOT BUYING

Reports on Crop and Weather Conditions Were in Favor of the Bear Side.

NET GAIN 8 TO 11 POINTS

Theodore H. Price Believes That the Pressure of Last Year's Surplus Has Spent Itself.

Considering the rather favorable character of crop and weather news, cotton yesterday showed a very good undertone. Fluctuations were irregular, but steadiness was pronounced in the late trading and prices closed at a net advance of 8 to 11 points. This upturn came in the face of reports of showers in Texas, Oklahoma and portions of the Eastern belt, from which sections complaints had been coming in regard to drought and high temperatures. The weekly weather report also was uniformly favorable, with the exception of some mention of damage from weevils.

The summary of the weekly weather report said:

> Warm nights in the cotton belt with generally sufficient soil moisture over central and eastern districts favorable to crop and good growth was generally reported. Dry weather prevails in Texas, but cotton is standing the drought well. It is said to be developing rapidly in Oklahoma and Arkansas. Cultivation has proceeded satisfactorily, and the crop is very generally clean. Boll weevils are less active in Texas, but they are now reported as far East as the Alabama-Georgia line and in Western Florida.

From private sources crop reports are somewhat conflicting. The Texas traveling crop expert of a prominent spot and commission house writes his firm that he expects deterioration to be shown for Texas in the next Government report, which will be issued on Aug. 2. On the other hand a well-known Texas cotton firm with headquarters at San Antonio has the following to say:

> The weather has been very favorable for the growing crop, as rains have fallen over almost the entire State during the first week of this month, and while the precipitation was light in some sections it was generally sufficient pro tempore. The plant is blooming in this neighborhood and seems to be fruiting heavily.

This statement is in direct conflict with complaints of crop damage due to hot dry weather in South Texas.

One reason for the strength of the market may be found in the improved character of spot advices. New England brokers reported a better demand from spinners, and several Southern shippers who were in the city yesterday reported that they had been able to sell more cotton in the last two days to Northern mills than for the last six weeks.

Theodore H. Price has the following to say in this week's issue of Commerce and Finance:

> Although the sharp upturn in the cotton future market is not significant of any radical change in the prospective relation of supply and demand, it is at least evidence that the pressure of the last crop has spent itself, that the surplus is in the hands of those who are content to hold it at present prices and that the weight of next season's production must actually be felt before it can have any effect upon prices. Much can happen in the six weeks that will lapse before new cotton shall make its appearance in quantity.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 10 points advance. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points advance, 9.25 for middling upland. The range of contract prices (closed steady) was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	8.78	8.72	8.79@ 8.82	8.68@ 8.70
Oct.	9.25	9.10	9.23@ 9.24	9.15@ 9.16
Dec.	9.54	9.39	9.52@ 9.53	9.43@ 9.44
Jan.	9.64	9.49	9.63@ 9.64	9.52@ 9.53
March	9.82	9.82	9.87@ 9.88	9.77@ 9.79
May	10.01	10.00	10.07@10.08	9.99@10.00

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	2,318	852	328
New Orleans	1,220	1,818	184
Mobile	10	....	....
Savannah	428	789	151
Charleston	39	24	....
Wilmington	26	376	....
Norfolk	24	158	277

Total port receipts, 4,177, against 1,251 same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	234	371	217
Memphis	115	721	552
St. Louis	238	901	465
Houston	1,583	1,857	137

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	—Today.—	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	1,700 to 2,200	1,893	794
New Orleans	150 to 250	1,487	357

Total exports yesterday, 7,347 bales; so far this season, 8,251,585, against 8,997,103 same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price. Middling.	—Stocks.— 1915.	—Stocks.— 1914.
540	New Orleans	8.63	167,184	65,049
....	Mobile	8.18	14,633	4,085
200	Savannah	8⅝	70,196	14,690
1,188	Galveston	8.75	122,952	60,543
....	Wilmington	....	36,014	10,193
....	Norfolk	8.38	47,927	17,513
173	Augusta	8.50	71,144	12,232
200	Memphis	8.75	84,036	18,333
....	St. Louis	8⅝	19,029	15,841
127	Houston	8.65	61,788	30,561

The Liverpool market was quiet. There was a good demand business in spot cotton, with middling unchanged at 5.14d. Sales, 12,000 bales. Receipts, 24,000 bales, including 22,000 American. Closed very steady.

STEEL TRADE IMPROVING.

Some Mills Now Taking Orders for Six Months Ahead.

Reports from steel trade centres indicate that production has increased materially this week, while prices of certain products are stiffening. The Iron Age says:

> The steel trade continues to gain ground, with enough lag at certain points in the industry to keep the advance from proceeding too rapidly. The feeling crops out here and there that prices on export business apart from war requirements may be put up too fast.
>
> Thus far, while domestic demand has continued at the high rate of June, there has been little indication that consumers are buying to forestall price advances. The disposition still appears to digest first those already made.
>
> The Steel Corporation's operations are now at about 91 per cent. of its ingot capacity, while the Carnegie Steel Company is employing close to 95 per cent. of such capacity. At Chicago the larger operations of the principal plants have been due to the transfer of orders that would naturally be rolled at Pittsburgh.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> No clearer index to the way business in the steel industry lately has increased is afforded than in the lengthening deliveries and the growing congestion in making shipments among the mills. The promptness of delivery with which buyers have been favored for several years past and upon which apparently they had based their policies in carrying stocks seems to be a thing of the past. On the ordinary run of heavy products, such as plates, shapes and bars the usual shipment promises of makers now run to three and four weeks, while on the larger sizes of steel rounds, where the demand for the manufacture of shells have been enormous, leading producers can take on little business before five or six months ahead.

Settles Insurance Dispute.

Announcement was made yesterday that Attorney General Woodbury had given an opinion to the effect that policy holders in the State Insurance Fund were not liable to assessment. This settled a controversy waged for some time between the management of the fund and representatives of casualty companies. The latter had maintained that a section of the insurance law made policy holders subject to an assessment levy.

IRON AND STEEL CO. GAINS.

Republic's Net Earnings for Half Year Increase $454,966.

The Republic Iron and Steel Company reports for the six months ended June 30 net earnings from operation amounting to $1,771,697, a gain of $454,966 over the similar period last year. Investments brought in $28,357 more and net profits of $1,435,067 remained after allowances had been made for depreciation of plant and mining fields. The surplus for dividends was $1,007,504, an increase of $338,728 and equivalent to 4.3 per cent. on the preferred stock.

Unfilled orders for finished products at the close of the half-year aggregated 308,016 tons, a gain of about 50 per cent. above the total a year ago.

John A. Topping, Chairman of the company, said in the statement for the six months yesterday, that the increase of profits was due chiefly to improvements, economy, and efficiency.

"One of the gratifying features of operations for the period," said he, "is that net earnings applicable to dividends were approximately 62 per cent. in excess of the earnings for the corresponding period ended June 30, 1914, although the prices of products sold during the current semi-annual period averaged approximately 6 per cent. lower than profits realized during the semi-annual period ended June 30, 1914. At present there are under construction extensions to the by-product coke works which will increase the output of by-products approximately 100 per cent."

Mr. Topping confirmed rumors of additional plant extension, and said that the Directors had authorized an increase of 50 per cent. in the capacity of the tube works and 20 per cent. in steel making capacity.

TWO DIVIDENDS INCREASED.

United Cigar Stores and American Brass Directors Act.

Directors of the United Cigar Stores Company yesterday declared a dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the common stock, raising the annual payment from 6 to 7 per cent. The dividend is payable Aug. 15 to stockholders of record Aug. 2. The company raised the disbursement from 5 to 6 per cent. last year, the increase being voted in the first quarter.

Another dividend change announced yesterday was that of the American Brass Company, which ordered an extra payment of 1 per cent. in addition to the usual quarterly disbursement of 1½ per cent. Three months ago the extra payment was 1½ per cent.

To Collect Checks at Par.

The New York Clearing House Association voted yesterday to establish a special department to handle check collections at par in behalf of outside banks which desired the service. A clerical force will be organized for the work and the banks in New York and neighboring States will be canvassed as to their opinion on the matter.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

With heavy sales of Crucible Steel, American Can, and Westinghouse Electric it was again a market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange dominated by the war stocks. There was activity on a lesser scale at advancing prices in others of the so-called war issues. So far as the list as a whole was concerned there was a good deal of irregularity shown. The railroad shares were again inclined toward heaviness, with Canadian Pacific particularly weak.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
750	Allis-Chalmers	24½	24⅝	23½	23⅞
430	Amal. Copper	74⅛	74⅜	73⅛	73⅛
20	Am. Beet Sug.	48	48⅝	48	48⅝
11,790	Am. Can	54⅝	58⅝	54⅛	56⅝
70	Am. Car & F.	57½	57⅞	57	57⅞
30	Am. Cot. Oil	47⅞	48⅛	47⅞	47⅞
40	Am. Loco.	49⅛	50⅜	49⅛	50⅜
240	Am. Smelting	79	79¼	79	79
90	Anaconda Cop.	35⅛	35⅝	34⅞	35⅛
20	A., T. & S. F.	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
560	Bald. Loco.	73	74	72⅞	73⅞
100	Balt. & Ohio	78¼	78¼	77⅞	77½
30	Beth. Steel	200	200⅛	199	199
1,170	Canadian Pac.	144¼	144⅛	141¼	142
1,250	Cent. Leather	42¼	43⅛	42⅛	42⅜
100	Ches. & Ohio	39⅛	40⅛	39⅛	39⅞
200	C., M. & St. P.	82⅝	82⅝	80⅝	80⅝
150	C., R. I. & P.	13¼	13⅝	12	12½
360	Col. Fuel & I.	35⅝	36	35½	35⅝
60	Corn Products	14⅛	14⅛	14½	14½
21,520	Crucible Steel	42½	49½	42½	46⅞
90	Dist. Sec.	25	25⅞	25	25
270	Erie	26⅝	26⅝	26	26
120	Goodrich Co.	50⅝	52	50⅝	52
20	Gt. Nor. pf.	37	37	37	37
70	Insp. Copper	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31¼
30	Inter.-Met.	19½	19⅝	19½	19⅝
20	Mex. Petrol'um	73½	73½	73½	73½
110	Miami Copper	27½	27¼	27½	27½
30	Mo. Pacific	2⅝	3	2⅝	3
10	N. Y. Central	87	87	87	87
10	N.Y., N.H.&H.	58	58	58	58
90	Pacific Mail	35⅛	35⅝	35⅛	35⅝
20	Pressed S. Car	50½	50½	50½	50½
1,700	Reading	147⅜	147⅝	146⅞	147⅛
950	Rep. Iron & S.	34⅞	36¼	34⅞	36⅛
380	Southern Pac.	85⅛	85⅛	84⅛	84⅞
30	Southern Ry.	14½	14½	14½	14½
830	Studebaker Co.	81⅝	83⅝	81	83
10	Tenn. Copper	37½	37½	37½	37½
1,140	Union Pacific	127⅛	127⅜	126⅞	127¼
310	U. S. Rubber	45	45¼	44⅞	45¼
18,290	U. S. Steel	63⅝	64⅝	63⅝	64⅛
10	West. Un. Tel.	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛
4,880	West. Elec.	101⅝	110	101⅝	109⅜
280	West. E.&M. rts	⅜	1⅛	⅜	1⅛
67,680					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	Atlanta	.31¼	.32	.31¼	.32
600	Comstock	.10	.11	.10	.11
500	Isabella	.16¼	.16¼	.16¼	.16½
1,100	Jumbo Ext.	1.67½	1.67½	1.60	1.60
2,200	Montana	.30	.41	.30	.41
300	Mexican	.40	.40	.40	.40
200	Portland	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42
400	Tonopah Ext.	2.52½	2.52½	2.50	2.50
500	Tono. Merger	.37	.37	.37	.37
300	Vindicator	1.73	1.73	1.73	1.73
300	West End	.72	.72	.72	.72
7,900					

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the second week of July show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Nine roads	$1,779,895	+$109,871
Thirteen roads	7,840,040	—1,265,559
Total (22 roads)	9,619,935	—1,156,188

Miscellaneous Earnings.

DETROIT EDISON CO. for June—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	$541,561	$454,479	$87,082
Net earnings	177,088	139,272	37,816
Surplus	89,402	70,618	18,784
6 mos. gross	3,730,731	3,155,816	574,915
Net earnings	1,407,422	1,112,372	295,050
Surplus	900,036	702,745	197,291

REPUBLIC IRON & STEEL CO. for the six months ended June 30—

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Net earn. from operation	†1,771,697	1,316,731	2,776,647
Int. and divs. from invest.	28,357	5,100	31,783
Total profits	1,800,053	1,321,831	2,808,430
Deprec., &c.	263,839	176,882	283,391
Exhst. of min.	101,128	106,285	112,145
Total deduc.	364,966	288,167	395,536
Net profits	1,435,087	1,033,664	2,412,894
Interest	427,583	414,888	440,473
Surplus	1,007,504	618,776	1,972,421
Preferred divs.	....	875,000	875,000
Surplus	1,007,504	*256,224	1,097,421
Prev. surplus	6,615,290	6,512,778	6,601,478
Total surplus	7,622,793	6,256,553	7,758,898
P. & L. sur.	7,622,793	6,256,553	7,758,898

*Deficit. †After deducting charges for maintenance and repairs, amounting to $673,495 for 1915 and $742,100 for 1914.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.10	Julia	.01
Andes	.06	Justice	.05
Belcher	.30	Kentucky Con.	.01
Best & Belcher	.07	Mexican	.37
Bullion	.01	Occidental Con.	.79
Caledonia	.21	Ophir	.15
Challenge Con.	.01	Potosi	.02
Chollar	.01	Savage	.08
Confidence	.10	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Cal. & Va.	.20	Sierra Nevada	.04
Crown Point	.10	Union Con.	.18
Gould & Curry	.03	Yellow Jacket	.30
Hale & Norcross	.05	Silver Bars	.47½
TONOPAH.			
Belmont	3.65	C. O. D.	.03
Jim Butler	.75	Comb. Fraction	.09
Midway	.14	D'field Daisy	.04
Mispah Exten.	.20	D'field B. B.	.02
Montana	.42	Florence	.47
North Star	.14	G'field Con. M.	1.35
Rescue Eula	.08	G'field Merger	.23
Tonopah Exten.	2.45	Jumbo Exten.	1.57½
Tonopah Merger	.36	Lone Star	.05
Victor	.28	Silver Pick	.10
West End	.71	Vernal	.03
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.20
Atlanta	.32	Round Mountain	.50
		MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.51	Man. Big Four	.05

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	10⅜	11	Gold Dol.	3	5
Elkton	35	39	Isabella	17	17¼
El Paso	92	100	Jackpot	6⅛	..
Findlay	..	4⅛	McKinney	37½	38⅛
Golden C.	177	178	Portland	142	143
Gold Sov.	5	6⅛	Vindicator	170	173

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

A "Sun" Editorial and Its Application
"Both the general financial condition of the country and the condition of its citizens will be more assured if the uninformed public lets the war stocks alone. The price movement of securities lacking the glamour of orders for munitions of war may be more sluggish and less exhilarating, but the rank and file of public followers of the stock market will be able to sleep better o' nights with such securities in their possession and they offer a sufficiently promising stake in the country's future."
When the Smoke of Battle Has Cleared Away
United Cigar Stores Company of America
will stand forth as it does today as our leading Industrial security. It combines safety of principal with an *attractive* and *progressive income* which should present its own appeal to the cool-headed investor.
We specialize in the Common and Preferred Stocks of this Company.
BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO.
25 Broad St. Phone 5501 Broad

Auditor's Report
Messrs. Perpall, Shaskan & Droge,
Gentlemen:
As a result of our examination of your affairs as of June 30, 1915, we beg to report as follows:
Securities on hand and accounts with Banks and Brokers have been verified. We have sent out statements to obtain the confirmation of your customers' Accounts and have, at this time, received a majority of the replies confirming the correctness thereof.
We hereby certify that we find the condition of the business on a liquidating basis as at June 30, 1915, to show the full capital intact and a remaining surplus on hand.
Loomis, Suffern & Fernald,
Certified Public Accountants.
Send for our weekly market review.
Perpall, Shaskan & Droge
50 Broad St. Telephone 1630 Broad
Correspondents
GROSSMAN & ZORK, 501 5th AVENUE
SMITH, LU BREW & CO., ELIZABETH, N. J.

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TO THE HOLDERS OF
Certificates of Deposit of the
Central Trust Company of New York
OF STOCK OF
THE LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY
Under the Agreement of May 25, 1914:

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Agreement, dated May 25, 1914, between holders of the stock of The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, who became parties to the Agreement by depositing their stock in the manner provided in the Agreement, and William A. Read, Henry Evans and Willis D. Wood, Stockholders' Protective Committee, that the Committee on the 14th day of July, 1915, filed with the Central Trust Company of New York its account of its actual expenses and disbursements.

Dated New York, July 14, 1915.
WILLIAM A. READ, Chairman;
HENRY EVANS,
WILLIS D. WOOD, Committee.

COUNSEL:
CADWALADER, WICKERSHAM & TAFT, New York.
OTTO KIRCHNER, Detroit, Mich.
H. M. DAUGHERTY, Columbus, Ohio.
F. E. MOWLE, Secretary, 28 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Milwaukee, at 12 o'clock, noon, Saturday, September 25, 1915.

The transfer books will be closed on Thursday, the 12th day of August, and reopened on the 27th day of September next.

H. R. WILLIAMS, Vice President.
July 2, 1915.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of GOTTFRIED & STECKLER, before at 530-538 East 72nd Street, and at 175 East 2nd Street, has this day been dissolved; and that Elias Gottfried will continue in business at 530-538 East 72nd Street, and that David Steckler will continue in business at 175 East 2nd Street, New York City.
(Signed) ELIAS GOTTFRIED.
(Signed) DAVID STECKLER.

The Times Leads by nearly Half a Million Lines.
During the first half of 1915
The New York Times
published 486,801 lines more advertising, help and situation wanted advertisements excepted, than any other New York newspaper.

FINANCIAL

To the holders of First Mortgage Four and One-Half Per Centum Gold Bonds of
BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA RAILWAY COMPANY
and of certificates of deposit representing said Bonds issued under the Bondholders' Agreement, dated April 15, 1910:

The undersigned Committee has terminated the Bondholders' Agreement, dated April 15, 1910, and has adopted in lieu thereof a Plan and Agreement of Liquidation, copies of which may be obtained from Bankers Trust Company, the Depositary thereunder.

Holders of certificates of deposit issued by Bankers Trust Company under said Bondholders' Agreement may become parties to said Plan and Agreement of Liquidation by presenting their certificates of deposit to the Depositary on or before August 10, 1915, and causing them to be stamped as provided in said Plan and Agreement.

Holders of certificates of deposit issued by Bankers Trust Company under said Bondholders' Agreement, who do not desire to become parties to said Plan and Agreement of Liquidation, may, upon surrender to the Depositary of their certificates of deposit in transferable form and upon the payment to the Depositary for account of the Committee of the sum of $10 per $1,000 bond represented by such certificates of deposit as the proportionate share apportionable to such certificates of the indebtedness, obligations and liabilities of the Committee, receive the bonds represented by such surrendered certificates.

Bondholders who have not deposited their bonds may become parties to said Plan and Agreement of Liquidation by depositing their bonds in negotiable form, (with May 1, 1910, and subsequent coupons,) under said Plan and Agreement, with the Depositary on or before August 10, 1915, upon the terms and conditions stated in said Plan and Agreement. Such depositors will receive certificates of deposit in form to be prescribed by the Committee.

New York, July 20, 1915.
WILLIAM SALOMON, Chairman,
GORDON ABBOTT,
ALEXANDER BROWN,
ASA S. WING,
H. H. POND,
Bondholders' Committee.
GEORGE G. HENRY, Secretary, 25 Broad Street, New York City.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Depositary, 14 Wall Street, New York City.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE 4% BONDS DUE AUGUST 1, 1990, OF THE KANSAS CITY AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY:

Your attention is called to the INDORSEMENT on each FIRST MORTGAGE 4% BOND of The Kansas City and Pacific Railroad Company, due August 1, 1990, calling for the delivery, ON OR AFTER THE 1ST DAY OF AUGUST, 1915, at its office in the City of New York, of a sheet of FIFTY COUPONS, for interest to become payable semi-annually thereafter to and including August 1, 1940.

The coupon sheet will be delivered to bondholders upon presentation of their bonds at the office of Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, 71 Broadway, New York City, ON AND AFTER THE DATE NAMED. The sheet of coupons will be attached to the bonds, in accordance with the recommendation of the New York Stock Exchange, and delivery made to the owners thereof with as little delay as possible.

J. B. BARNES, Assistant Treasurer.
May 15, 1915.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE SECOND MORTGAGE 4% BONDS DUE JUNE 1, 1990, OF MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY:

Your attention is called to the WARRANT attached to each SECOND MORTGAGE 4% BOND of this Company, due June 1, 1990, calling for the delivery, ON AND AFTER AUGUST 1, 1915, at its office in the City of New York, of sheets of ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY COUPONS, for interest to become payable semi-annually thereafter to and including June 1, 1990.

Coupon sheets will be delivered to bondholders upon presentation of their bonds at the office of the Company, 71 Broadway, New York City, ON AND AFTER THE DATE NAMED, with the warrant attached. The sheets of coupons will be attached to the bonds, in accordance with recommendation of the New York Stock Exchange, and delivery made to the owners thereof with as little delay as possible.

J. B. BARNES, Assistant Treasurer.
May 15, 1915.

DIRECT LINE TELEPHONE CO.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 16-22 William Street, New York City, for the sale to the Trustee under the mortgage of the Direct Line Telephone Company, dated July 1st, 1911, of a sufficient number of bonds secured by said mortgage to invest $3,005.00 of the Sinking Fund. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Proposals must be presented before twelve o'clock noon on July 23d, 1915, and should be directed as follows:

"Proposals to the Sinking Fund of the Direct Line Telephone Company, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, No. 16-22 William Street, New York City."

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.
New York, July 13, 1915.

"MUNITIONS SUPPLIES."
A large modern manufacturing plant in the Middle West, well equipped for machine work, structural and plate steel, and wood work, has at present, subject to prior sale, shop facilities available for special work of that character. Box E., Times, 2 Rector St.

DIVIDENDS.

ELECTRIC BOAT COMPANY.
New York, July 14, 1915.
PREFERRED DIVIDENDS NOS. 29 AND 30.

The Board of Directors has this day declared out of the surplus profits and earnings for the year ending December 31, 1914, a dividend of 8% on the preferred stock, payable September 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business August 20, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day also declared out of the net profits of the Company for that portion of the current year prior to the date hereof a dividend of 8% on the preferred stock, payable October 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 20, 1915.

COMMON DIVIDENDS NOS. 5 AND 6.

The Board of Directors has this day declared out of the surplus profits and earnings for the year ending December 31, 1914, a dividend of 4% on the common stock, payable September 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business August 20, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day also declared out of the net profits of the Company for that portion of the current year prior to the date hereof a dividend of 8% on the common stock, payable October 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 20, 1915.

The transfer books will not be closed. Dividend checks will be mailed.

MAURICE BARNETT, Secretary.

FIRST PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 4.
ORIGINAL PREFERRED DIVIDEND No. 38.
PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC CO.

A meeting of the Board of Directors has been called for 12:00 o'clock noon, July 31, 1915, for the purpose of declaring dividend (No. 4) of $1.50 per share upon the full-paid First Preferred Capital Stock and dividend (No. 38) of $1.50 per share upon the Original Preferred Capital Stock of this company, both dividends being for the quarter ending July 31, 1915, payable August 16, 1915, to those stockholders whose names shall appear of record on the books of the Company at 12:00 o'clock noon, July 31, 1915. Checks for the dividends will be mailed. The transfer books will not close, and owners desiring checks payable to themselves should have stock certificates issued in their own names on or before the last-mentioned date.

D. H. FOOTE, Secretary of the PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
San Francisco, California, July 9, 1915.

UNITED CIGAR STORES COMPANY OF AMERICA.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 11.

A regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% has this day been declared upon each share of Common Stock issued and outstanding, payable August 16th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business August 2d, 1915.

The stock-books will not be closed.
GEORGE WATTLEY, Treasurer.
Dated, July 21st, 1915.

Ludlow Manufacturing Associates,
111 Devonshire Street,
BOSTON, MASS.
DIVIDEND NO. 67.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share has been declared, payable on August 2, 1915, to shareholders of record July 14, 1915.

MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

Borden's Condensed Milk Company.
Common Stock Dividend No. 40.

A semi-annual dividend of 4% has been declared on the Common Stock of this Company, payable August 14th, 1915, to stockholders of record July 31st, 1915. Books close July 31st, 1915, at 12 M., and open August 16th, 1915, at 10 A. M. Checks mailed.

F. [illegible] OVE, Treasurer.

FEDERAL SUGAR REFINING CO.
July 21, 1915.

The regular quarte[illegible] dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER [illegible] ompany (1½%) on the Preferred Shares of [illegible] ompany will be paid August 2, 1915, t[illegible] ckholders of record at the close of busine[illegible] July 30, 1915. Transfer books will not close. A. H. PLATT, Sec'y.

PYRENE MANUFACTURING CO.
DIVIDEND NO. 11.

A dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable August 2d, 1915, to stockholders of record July 27th, 1915, at 3 P. M.

EDWARD A. CLAPP, Treasurer.
July 20, 1915.

HIGHER PRICES FOR WOOLEN GOODS

These Were Shown at the Openings of Different Manufacturers Yesterday.

FOREIGN ORDERS A FACTOR

One Purpose of Rise Said to be to Hold Business Secured Before the Opening.

The American Woolen Company opened up yesterday Department 1, Division A, consisting of staples, which include serges, unfinished worsteds, clays, French backs, &c., and Department 3, flannels, crashes, thibets, wool mixtures, and Venetians. In the low-priced goods advances are as high as 35 per cent., and the pivotal serge number 3,192 is quoted at $1.32½, an increase of 12½ cents over last year's opening price. The prices named, particularly on the cloths to sell below $1, are regarded as prohibitive and are explained in many quarters as a move to hold what business was secured before the opening. The contracts from foreign Governments which the company is working upon are also said to have had their influence in the direction of higher prices.

The company, in opening its lines for the Spring, announces that all its serges will be dyed according to the old standards, but urges its customers to put in their orders early, as the supply of dyestuffs is not unlimited.

Prices on the chief numbers are given below:

No.	1915.	1916.	No.	1915.	1916.
209½-1	.67½	.95	3190	1.15	1.27½
009-2	.87½	1.07½	3192	1.20	1.32½
609½-6	.97½	1.15	3194	1.45	1.62½
696-145	.92½	1.12½	1610-3	.92½	1.17½
2192	1.17½	1.32½	609-2	.87½	1.07½
9810-4	1.10	1.25	812-10	1.32½	1.42½
9710-11	1.07½	1.22½	696	.92½	1.12½
9110-46	1.17½	1.27½	9696	.92½	1.17½
9111-46	1.25	1.45	9709-1	1.00	1.12½
9811-4	1.27½	1.42½	2809-1	1.07½	1.17½
9809-2	1.07½	1.20	3844	1.65	1.87½
9709-1	1.00	1.12½	311-011	.75	1.05
982	1.05	1.20			

NEW NUMBERS.

No.	Weight. Ounces.	Price.	No.	Weight. Ounces.	Price.
2701	10	1.05	9145	8½	1.27½
6051	8½	1.07½	0413	9½	1.30
3105	9	1.15	0433	9	1.32½
6043	10	1.15	3163	12	1.35
9113	12-13	1.20	9140	11-11½	1.37½
9131	9	1.22½			

Patterson & Greenough opened Waterloo serges, unfinished worsteds, lightweight flannels, and covert cloths for Spring, 1916, as follows:

SERGES.

No.	Price.	No.	Price.
5110	$1.17½	5210	$1.22½
1511	1.22½	222 (special) 11-11½-oz.	1.27½
5410	1.20	5212	1.37½
5411	1.25		

Lightweight flannels, $1.25 and $1.30.

Coverts—14-oz., $1.50; 16-oz., $2.37½, and 17-18-oz., $2.75.

All worsted cloths of the Louis Walther Manufacturing Company were opened up at prices ranging from $1.17½ to $1.50.

H. W. T. Mali & Co. opened Olympic serges as follows: 30, $1.27½ net; 37, $1.27½ net; 41, unfinished, $1.37½ net. These prices show an advance of 10 cents over last year.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 21.—Twenty-three companies, with aggregate capital stocks of $546,000, were incorporated today. They include:

Sterling Realty Co., realty, construction, $220,000; D. F. Goodnow, J. B. McCarthy, G. R. Coughlan, 51 Wall St.

Pope Sawmill and Lumber Co., North Tonawanda, $50,000; A. E. Pope, F. R. Robinson, R. H. Bennett, North Tonawanda.

Plattsburg Industrial Co., Plattsburg, realty, brokerage, development, agency, $50,000; C. M. Miller, A. S. Hogue, W. E. Howell, Plattsburgh.

The Harriman Realty and Development Corporation, develop real estate, brokerage, mines, minerals, merchandise, $100,000; H. B. Wesselman, J. A. Noble, J. W. Harriman, 20 East 54th St., Manhattan.

Eduardo Sainz Co., merchandise, broker, factor, $130,000; F. W. Schaefer, M. O. Barquinero, E. Sainz, 395 Broadway.

Import Trimming Co., merchandise, tailoring, cloaks, suits, trimmings, $10,000; Julius and L. Rechtschaffen, M. Gor, 170 5th Av.

Courtessis Cigarette Co., tobacco, $20,000; C. B. Meredith, S. Minot, A. N. Courtessis, 56 Pine St.

C. L. M. Rosenbaum Realty Co., Bronx, realty, costruction, brokerage, $10,000; H. Troutfeldt, L. M. and C. M. Rosenbaum, 8 West Fordham Road.

Ilion Land and Improvement Co., Ilion, realty, deeds, mortgages, brokerage, $10,000; R. D. Leroy, G. W. Heacock, C. Kipple, Ilion.

Empire Taxi Service, Syracuse, $10,000; G. Clark, H. I. Mack, J. E. Motsiff, 556 Clarenden St., Syracuse.

Barbara Elizabeth, Inc., Beacon, soaps, powders, toilet articles, $5,000; C. H. Schoonover, W. Hamberger, H. Elizabeth Briggs, Beacon.

Hellwig Flower and Feather Co., artificial flowers and feathers, $5,000; E. Freeman, F. A. Hellwig, W. H. Otto, 53 Tonnel Av., Jersey City.

The Phonograph Shop, musical instruments, $5,000; H. Becker, A. I. and E. M. Buxbaum, 490 West End Av.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., July 21.—The following incorporations were filed in the office of the Secretary of State today:

B. Conlan & Co., Newark; to manufacture novelties, $150,000; Mary A. Clements, Bernard Conlan, Margaret Daly, Joseph Conlan, all of Newark.

Kelly Plumbing and Heating Co., Newark; to conduct heating and sanitary engineering; $125,000; James F. Kelly, Orange; Charles H. Fay, Newark; William Englert, East Orange.

Green Stone Realty Co., Newark; to conduct a real estate business, $100,000; Michael Silvers, Joseph E. Cohen, Isador Kauffman, Newark.

Auctioneers

whose announcements of sales appear on the Business Page of The New York Times:

Merchandise.

DAVID W. BIOW & CO., 520-522 BROADWAY.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise. 15 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4299.

HARRY M. MOSES, Auctioneer & Appraiser, 189 Broadway. Cortlandt 1233.

Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Van Praag & Co., 15-17 Greene, largest cash buyers; mdse., fixtures, machinery. Sp. 2248.

Michael M. Weisz buys all kinds mdse., machinery, fixtures. 7 Lispenard. 2847 Frank.

HENRY LILLY CO., 88-90 Reade St. Trade Sales of Shoes Every Wed. & Fri.

Gross, Franzblau & Co., 29 Greene, Actn. & Com. Merch's. Cash buyers mchny., mdse. Fixtures.

National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard St., F'n 4343. Largest Cash Buyers Mdse. & Fixtures.

In BROOKLYN, It's I. SINGER, 582 Broadway. Buys mdse., all descriptions, cash.

CASH for stores, plants, mdse., &c. B. R. S. Co., 32 Greene St. Spring 358.

Dan'l Greenwald, Act'r. to Sheriff, N. Y. County, 23 Lispenard St. Tel Frank. 1786.

LEOPOLD GANS CO., SALVAGE MDSE. 95 William St., Tel. John 325.

H. PERELMUTER, 208 Canal, pays liberal prices for cloaks, suits, and miscel. mdse.

William Livingston, Auct'r, 456 B'way. Tel. 9467 Spring. Com'n, cash; liberal advances.

Samuel Marx—Auctioneer & Appraiser, Woolworth Bldg. Telephones: 6911-12 Barclay.

Retail.

Art, Furniture, Rugs, etc.

Highest prices furniture, pianos, antiques, &c. A. Kaliski, 88 Univ. Pl. 'Phone 2377 Stuyv.

WISE, Auctr., 428 Columbus Av., 7175 Schuyler, pays highest cash prices, furniture, &c.

J. GORDON NOAKES, Auctioneer and Appraiser, 715 6th Av. Tel Bryant 431?

Works of art, pianos, bric-a-brac, paintings bought, any quantity. Broadway Galleries. 1,362 B'way.

AUCTION SALES.

REAL ESTATE.

AUCTION SALES.

REAL ESTATE.

ABSOLUTE AUCTION SALE

400 LOTS Edgemere Crest 7 HOUSES

EDGEMERE, LONG ISLAND

THE PRICE YOUR OWN

THE TERMS 10% DOWN
2½% PER MONTH

THE TIME THIS SATURDAY, AT 2

THE PLACE EDGEMERE, Long Island

In a Mammoth Tent

On the Ground Rain or Shine

Write for Illustrated Booklet.

MORGENTHAU JR. CO. & FITZJAMES E. BROWNE
ASSOCIATE AUCTIONEERS
111 BROADWAY NEW YORK CITY

MERCHANDISE.

ASSIGNEE SALE.
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer,
will sell on
FRIDAY, July 23rd, 1915,
at 10:30 A. M.,
at 25 West 31st Street,
New York City, the entire
STOCK, PLANT & FIXTURES
of the
Kaufman Costume Company,

consisting of a large line of SILKS, SATINS, IMPORTED DRESS MATERIALS, SUCH AS CHARMEUSE, CREPE DE CHINE, SILK VELVETS, EMBROIDERED BEADED TINSEL NETS, ALL-OVERS, BROAD CLOTH, GOLD AND SILVER CLOTH, PAN VELVET, LINENS, POPLIN, VOILES, and other various dress goods. And a large line of

LACES

such as TORCHON, VALENCIENNES, IRISH POINT, BEADED, and others too numerous to mention. SILK and VELVET RIBBONS, THREAD, BUTTONS, TRIMMINGS, Etc. Also a very fine line of

Costumes and Dresses

And one of the best equipped plants of machinery, consisting of 33 WILCOX & GIBBS TUCKER AND POWER TABLES, ONE WHEELER & WILSON HEMSTITCHING MACHINE WITH PATENT KNIFE CUTTING ATTACHMENT, MOTOR AND SWITCH BOX, CUTTING TABLE, WORK TABLES, CHAIRS, 50 UP-TO-DATE DRESS FORMS, WARDROBE TRUNKS, MIRRORS, PARTITIONS AND WALL CASES, GLASS TOP TABLE, ARM AND CANE CHAIRS, ELECTRIC FANS, CARPETS, TYPEWRITER, ROLL AND FLAT-TOP DESK, CABINETS, ELECTRIC CHANDELIERS, LARGE SAFE, Etc., Etc. This is one of the finest stocks sold this season.

SALVAGE SALE
Entire Stock of J. Birtman & Son, B'way, N.Y.
Manufacturers of Men's and Boys'
CAPS
Cap Trimmings,
Woolens, Remnants
90% in perfect condition.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, will sell tomorrow, Friday, July 23, '15, 10 A. M., at our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y.,
10,000 Lbs. Woolen Remnants
8000 Yards Woolens in original pieces
600 Doz. Men's and Boys' Caps
in original boxes, all high grade.
CAP TRIMMINGS OF ALL KINDS.
By order of LEOPOLD GANS CO.

MERCHANDISE.

Large, staple, high-class stock of Men's, Women's, and Children's

SHOES

in original lines, regular sizes. Store recently opened; removed from Ogdensburg, N. Y.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auct'rs, Sell Today, Thursday, July 22nd, 1915,

at 10:30 A. M., at our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y., 1,500 pr. high-grade Men's Shoes, as Hanan & Sons and Emerson, retailing from $3.50, to $8.00 a pair; also Bass Shoe Co., Foss, and other first-class manufacturers; 2,000 pr. ladies' very fine Footwear, as Patricians, La France, Grey Bros., Dorothy Dodd; 2,000 pr. Boys' and Children's Shoes of the following brands; Educators, Emersons, Lenox, etc.; Rubbers and Rubber Boots, Boston and Goodyear Glove; 2,500 pr. Men's, Women's, and Children's Rubbers, Rubber Boots, Combinations, Arctics, etc., in original cases. Also 20 folding opera chairs.

☞The above stock is without doubt the cleanest we have ever sold.

Van Praag & Co., Auctioneers will sell Tomorrow (Friday), July 23d, at 10:30 A. M., at our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y.
1,000 DOZEN HIGH-GRADE
Ostrich Plumes
in original boxes up to 24 inch.
Direct from the manufacturer.
1,000 Pieces Finest Quality
SILK RIBBONS
All widths, plain and fancy colors in Black, White, fancy patterns, etc.
SILKS AND SATINS
in Taffetas, Messalines, Crepes, Georgettes, etc.
ORIGINAL PIECES BEST QUALITY
VELVETS
in black and all shades

☞We call special attention of the millinery trade to the above sale as the merchandise is all original and salable.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the assignment of YANKEE WAIST CO., INC., to CHARLES M. ROSENTHAL, for the benefit of creditors.

The undersigned assignee will sell at public auction by Samuel Marx, auctioneer, on Friday, July 30, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 3 East 28th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the contents of a complete plant for the manufacture of women's waists, consisting of manufactured waists, silks, cottons and trimmings, machines, show-room and office furniture and fixtures, safe and typewriter.

Inspection daily.

Dated July 20, 1915.

CHARLES M. ROSENTHAL, Assignee.
STERN, BARR & TYLER, Attorneys for Assignee, 299 Broadway, New York City.

WABASH RAILROAD BRINGS $18,000,000

Creditors Buy $220,000,000 System at Receivers' Sale in St. Louis.

PLAN A REORGANIZATION

Thirty-Dollar-a-Share Assessment Expected to Furnish Funds for Financing New Company.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—The first step in a plan for reorganizing the Wabash Railroad and taking it out of the hands of receivers was taken today when a purchasing committee of the joint reorganization committee of the road's creditors bought the entire $220,000,000 system, with all its assets and liabilities, for $18,000,000.

The Wabash Railroad was sold at public auction under foreclosure to satisfy a $41,000,000 mortgage held by the Equitable Trust of New York. Robert Goelet and Henry Rogers Winthrop of New York, the purchasing committee of the creditors, presented the only bid, and as Judge Chester H. Krum, Special Master of the sale, accepted the bid, he said to the Eastern financiers: "And now, gentlemen, may God have mercy on your souls."

Among the New York financiers, in addition to Mr. Goelet, who attended the sale were R. H. Neilson, representing Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and Lawrence Greer and G. W. Murray of the Equitable Trust Company.

Bidders were required to put up $1,700,000, or Wabash bonds to the amount of $3,500,000.

The plan of the Reorganization Committee, it has been said, contemplates an assessment of $30 a share on the stock of the company, and by payment of this the stockholders become members of the new Wabash Company.

Immediately after the sale it was announced that E. F. Kearney, President and one of the two receivers of the road, would be retained as President of the new Wabash Railroad. The sale is subject to the approval of the Federal court, and will be passed upon probably within three weeks, after which the road will pass to the purchasers.

Although it was generally expected in railroad circles here that the lowest acceptable bid would have to be in the neighborhood of $30,000,000, Judge Krum in accepting the $18,000,000 bid said this amount was sufficient to pay for the outstanding receivers' certificates, interest on these certificates, and expenses of the sale. These obligations will be due Aug. 1.

A few minutes before the sale the New York Trust Company filed suit in the United States District Court here against the railroad company for $1,575,000 for the rental of cars and equipment.

The suit alleges that a contract exists between the Wabash and the Continental Trust Company of New York in which the latter agreed to furnish equipment for twenty years for $3,300,000. The New York Trust Company is successor to the Continental Trust Company and claims the right to the contract. The petition demands payment of $1,575,000 for the rental of rolling stock since March 1, 1901.

The Wabash Railroad Company went into the hands of receivers on Dec. 18, 1911. The receivers were appointed on petition of the Westinghouse Airbrake Company, which had a claim of $18,000 against the railroad.

On Jan. 1, 1912, obligations totaling $1,205,000 were due, and inability to provide for these and other payments brought on the receivership. When the road went into bankruptcy it was stated that the primary cause of the failure was the liability of the Wabash for a $9,800,000 note issue of the Wheeling & Lake Erie, the Wabash connection into Pittsburgh.

REFEREE FOR WABASH CASE.

Will Fix Sum Gould, Pierce, and Jeffery Must Pay.

The Appellate Division yesterday appointed Morgan J. O'Brien as referee in the suit of James Pollitz against George J. Gould, Winslow S. Pierce, and Edward T. Jeffery, three Directors of the Wabash Railroad who in 1906 sanctioned an exchange of Wabash securities which added about $20,000,000 to the Wabash's bonded indebtedness. Mr. O'Brien will take testimony and determine the amount of damage which the Wabash Railroad suffered through the bond transaction which the Appellate Division holds to have been illegal.

In the original judgment of the Appellate Division the amount of damage suffered by the Wabash, with interest since 1906, was fixed by the Court at approximately $6,000,000. It was decreed that Mr. Gould, Mr. Pierce, and Mr. Jeffery should pay this sum to the Wabash, a sum sufficient to buy a one-third interest in the Wabash Railroad at the price paid yesterday at the foreclosure sale in St. Louis. The defendants appealed from the judgment, however, and it was amended in yesterday's order, the Court agreeing to let the referee take evidence and report.

The three Directors accused in the Pollitz suit voted in 1906 to issue about $50,000,000 in stock and new securities, which securities were exchanged for $30,000,000 debentures. The plan went through and it was alleged by Pollitz that the road had suffered by the additional burden. There were other Directors who sanctioned the plan of exchange, but Mr. Gould, Mr. Pierce, and Mr. Jeffery were the only Directors served.

In the final order as entered the Court again attacked the method of exchanging securities, saying:

"The plan of exchange of the debenture mortgage bonds of the Wabash Railroad Company described in the complaint was, and is, illegal, void, and ultra vires as in violation of the Constitution of the State of Missouri, of the Constitution of the State of Illinois, and of the laws of the State of Michigan, as providing for a fictitious increase of the stock and indebtedness of such company."

It was said yesterday at the office of J. Aspinwall Hodge, attorney for Pollitz, that a request would be made to begin immediately the proceedings before the referee. The Pollitz case has been in the courts nearly eight years. One lower court brought in a verdict for Mr. Gould and his associates. Other courts fixed damages against the Directors ranging from an individual liability toward Pollitz of $21,000 to a corporate liability to the treasury of the Wabash Railroad of $6,000,000.

CONFER ON L. I. R. R. LEASE.

City Heads Will Discuss with Officials Rent for Tracks.

There will be a conference of the Public Service Commissioners, members of the Board of Estimate and officers of the Long Island Railroad at the office of the Public Service Commission at 10 A. M. on Tuesday to consider the proposal recently made by the company to lease to the city the use of its tracks to Whitestone and Little Neck, in connection with the new rapid transit line to Corona.

The commission decided upon the conference at its last meeting, when Commissioner Cram moved that the annual rent to be paid by the city be fixed at $150,000 a year instead of $250,000, as the company proposed. Commissioner Williams suggested a conference before any proposal as to rent be submitted.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

OPEN FOR JOBS in silk and cotton dresses, also cloth and wash skirts; submit samples; will pay cash; samples will be kept and paid for. Quality Skirt Co., Jobbers, Cleveland, Ohio.

ORDERS PLACED popular-priced silk and evening dresses; call with samples. 10th floor, 6 West 32d.

LARGE JOBBER OF DRESSES ready to look at Fall Serge and Silk Dresses, snappy merchandise only, Thursday and Friday mornings, between 10 and 12 A. M. Room 1,420, 1,133 Broadway.

LARGE JOBBER OF DRESSES ready to look at Fall Serge and Silk Dresses, snappy merchandise only, 10-12 A. M. Room 804, 7 West 22d St.

JOBBERS open for full line of leather and jewelry novelties. Apply after 2 P. M., American Innovation Corporation, 226 Lafayette St.

JOBBER LOOKING silk and serge dresses up to $6 each. Afternoon only, 11 East 26th St., sixth floor.

JOBBER OF WAISTS AND DRESSES looking at Fall merchandise; ready to place orders. Room 916, 220 5th Av.

JOBBER LOOKING AT EVENING, WEDDING and silk afternoon dresses; orders given. 32 West 27th, eighth floor.

JOBBER looking at Fall Coats. Rampion Cloak and Suit Co., 158 West 29th.

JOBBER looking at Popular-Priced Suits. 3d floor, 18 West 27th St.

JOBBER looking at children's coats to $2.75. 39 West 29th St., third floor.

JOBBER looking at Fall dresses and waists. 143 West 28th St., sixth floor.

FELLOWS, 31 Union Sq., will look at Fall lines silk and serge dresses.

WAIST CONTRACTORS WANTED—Bring your own samples. Afternoons, sixth floor, 11 East 26th St.

MANUFACTURERS of crepe de chine waists. Call with samples, 9th floor, 129 W. 22d St.

HAVE 2,000 dozen cotton and silk waists to close out at $4.50 to $9.00 per dozen; former prices $9.00 to $18.00 per dozen. La Rose Waist Co., 31 West 21st St.

300 WHITE and Colored Voile Dresses to close out; desirable styles. Star Dress Mfg. Co., 122 West 26th St.

WASH SKIRTS at a sacrifice; job $4 dozen. Hirsh Bros., 25 W. 27th.

TO CLOSE OUT, Palm Beach Coats and Suits. J. P. Slater & Co., 114 West 26th St.

150 DOZEN Latest Style Wash Dresses to close, $6 dozen. Room 806, 220 5th Av.

1,200 WASH SKIRTS at 50 cents; act quickly. Manhattan Mfg. Co., 136 5th Av.

JOBS IN COTTON DRESSES to close out at sacrifice. Vassar Dress Co., 39 West 32d.

300 CHILDREN'S DRESSES, 2 to 6 years, $2.25 dozen net; big value. S. Rosenman & Co., 110 West 14th.

100 DOZEN of organdie waists to sell out. 13 and 15 West 20th St., sixth floor.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION!—Circularizing and addressing service; list of 8,000 ready-to-wear buyers. Globe Advertising Co., 1,265 Broadway.

WILL BUY Ladies' High Grade Wearing Apparel. M. H. Spanier, 32 Greene St. Spring 358.

WILL BUY dresses, petticoats, waists, suits, &c.; cash. Weissman, 8 Lispenard. F'n 4343.

CASH for jobs ladies' wearing apparel. Gross-Franzblau Co., 29 Greene St. Spring 886.

WILL BUY woman's wearing apparel. Harris Bros., 40 West 22d St. Gramercy 2587.

OPEN FOR JOBS, coats, suits, and dresses, for cash. Handel's, 336 6th Av.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman wanted for out-of-town and resident buyers, by a ladies' and misses' coat house of the better grade; will only consider those who have traveled and have an established trade; commission basis. Answer, with references and full particulars, to L 29 Times.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced, to carry strong line of silk dresses for city and office trade; commission basis. Excel Mfg. Co., 145 W. 30th St.

SALESMAN with large following looking for strong line of children's dresses; live wire; commission basis. X 245 Times Annex.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3¼@3½ per cent. for the best names
Tuesday ..3¼@3½ " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

Ties for the Holidays.

With their Fall business all but concluded, the men's neckwear manufacturers are buying goods suitable for the holiday trade. Printed stripes seem to be very well favored in this respect, and moires are also being taken liberally. Bordered effects are also selling in tie silks. The tendency in goods to retail at 50 cents seems to be to make as large a scarf as ever, despite the small margins that are allowed the manufacturer. There is said to be a notable lack of demand in holiday goods for articles to sell at 25 cents, although this price is generally the one favored for the season. Navy blue is the color in chief demand.

⁂

Popular-Price Dresses Selling.

Good advance buying for Fall is reported here by manufacturers of popular-priced dresses, both in woolen and silk fabrics. Practically all of the models show considerable width of skirt, this being one of the dominant features of the season. In the fabric dresses serges, broadcloths, gabardines, novelty mixtures and poplins are moving well, while in the silk dresses the preference is being given to charmeuse, faille, taffeta, gros de Londre, crepe meteor and crepe de chine. Quite a little use of novelty taffeta is seen in conjunction with gabardines, serges and other fabrics of this nature. The colors are running strongly toward the more sombre lines, the favored ones being dark brown, green, blue, wine, black, and a shade known as field mouse.

⁂

Looking for More Supplies.

Percy G. Donald, a Director in the English firm of Rownson, Drew & Clydesdale, Ltd., who is making his headquarters while in this country at the National Association of Manufacturers, 30 Church Street, will assist American manufacturers who believe they have machinery that might be put to use in supplying Great Britain with war munitions and other necessities. Mr. Donald states that, since his arrival here, he has found many responsible manufacturers who have tried to secure English contracts only to fail owing to the fact that the present buying interests have a financial bias in placing orders in certain quarters. If any idle or part time works advise him what they could make, given sufficient inducement, he will see to it that the information comes before the proper authorities on the other side.

⁂

Lasting Tack Cost $80.

A man well-known to the local shoe trade tells of a case in which a single lasting tack in a shoe cost a retailer $80. The shoe in question was one of a pair of the boys' $2 variety, which a mother had bought without bringing her lad to the store. A few days later she came back with one shoe cut open to the toe. It developed from her explanation that the shoe had had a lasting tack pointing forward, which caused the boy so much pain when he tried to take it off that it was necessary for a physician to cut the shoe from his foot. The mother talked strongly of a law suit, which impressed the dealer so much that he gave her $50 as damages, in addition to $30 to pay the doctor's bill which was said to have been incurred. The retailer now takes the trouble to feel inside of every pair of shoes he sells before they go out of his store.

⁂

Tartar Products Go Up.

Further advances in prices for tartar products, and an excited market for oxalic acid have featured trade in drugs and chemicals in the last week, Weekly Drug Markets will say today. Tartaric acid, cream of tarter, and Rochelle salt were each marked up one cent, while the solution for seidlitz mixture was raised a half cent. Manufacturers of these products are becoming alarmed over the prospective shortage of argols, or crude tartar, for the coming season. These fears are based on reports from France, which say that, owing to the scarcity of labor, the wine casks are not being so thoroughly overhauled as they usually are before the new wine is put into them, and in consequence smaller quantities of argols are being recovered. The market for cod liver oil has been quiet this last week, and in the absence of transactions of moment prices quoted by dealers are nominal.

⁂

Fall Coat Styles Favored.

Buyers of coats and suits for women who are now in this city are said to appear more satisfied with the Fall showings of coats than for some time. In many of these garments the redingote note has been sounded strongly, while others are semi-fitted to the waist and made with a flare effect in the skirt. One pretty general feature is the closed high collar, in which the military idea is borne out by the use of large button fastenings. Models with raglan sleeves are meeting favor, and many of the new coats show deep yokes. Belts, placed close to the normal waistline, are also used quite freely by the designers. Fur collars and cuffs are quite generally shown, but some of the less expensive coats are finished with velvet or velveteen in place of fur. Quite a little preference seems to be shown for novelty materials in the bodies of the coats, notably striped goods and black and white checks.

⁂

Simple Trimmings the Rule.

Simplicity will be the keynote of the Fall millinery trimmings, according to men who have given the matter close study. Some of these trimmings will be of the kind that can be appliquéd to the shapes, while others are of the stick-up variety that shoot out at varying angles from crowns or brims. Bead trimmings of all kinds are expected to be popular, especially bands and buckles of beads. Spangles will also be good from all accounts, with the demand running quite strongly to the larger ones. Quite a future is predicted for appliqués of wool embroidery on the more popular-priced merchandise, particularly on hats for girls and young women. Buckle trimmings are well thought of, both in cut steel and nickel, and there is a considerable showing of ornaments of pyroxylin and similar compositions. In feathers, a much improved demand for ostrich is said to be in sight, especially in flat, "lone" plume, and pompon effects. Velvets will lead the ribbon trimmings.

⁂

Japan Is After Cotton Duck.

It was said in the local cotton goods market yesterday that quite liberal inquiries for sail and wide duck had been received here in the last few days from Japan. None of them has yet materialized into orders, but prospects are said to be good. Good inquiries for army duck from European sources were also told of. On lighter goods, such as sheetings, a pretty fair business is being done with the Red Sea districts and with Australia. Cuba and South America are taking narrow sheetings and drills well, it is said, the latter taking also considerable quantities of yarns and twines. A fair business with Manila is being done on prints and wash goods, as well as on certain gray and bleached fabrics. Promise of increased China business has not materialized to any great extent, which fact is a disappointment to the exporters. At present the tonnage problem is not so hard to solve as it has been, but greater difficulty in getting space is anticipated when the new crops begin to move. Still higher freight rates are predicted in some quarters.

⁂

Gray Goods Buying Improves.

Buying was more active in the gray goods market yesterday than on Tuesday, but the volume of goods moved fell well short of the amounts sold on the closing days of last week and on Monday. Buyers continued to bid for contract deliveries at current prices, which the mills did not see fit to accept, but it was said that in more or less isolated instances offers of a sixteenth to an eighth above current figures were made for shipments running to the end of the year. The constructions mentioned in this respect included 39-inch 68-72s and 38½-inch 60-48s. Buyers also showed more interest in goods for deliveries running up to Sept. 1 or so, and on the more popular staple constructions a quite good business was reported at figures quoted below. In no case, it was said, were individual sales large, but they aggregated a neat yardage. Sheetings and drills were again without feature, but fancies in the gray held their own pretty well. Spot prices of staple printcloth were:

39-inch, 80-80s	5⅝c	38½-inch, 64-56s	3⅝c
39-inch, 72-76s	5⅛c	38½-inch, 60-52s	3⅜c
39-inch, 68-72s	4⅞c	38½-inch, 60-48s	3¼c
38½-inch, 64-64s	*4c	27-inch, 64-60s	2¾c
38½-inch, 64-60s	3⅝c	27-inch, 56-52s	2⅝c

*Asked.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Jewelry and Plated Articles Among Things Passed On.

Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, were overruled yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers in the claim that paragraph 356 of the present tariff is limited to jewelry in chief value of metal. The Collector took 60 per cent. duty on certain jewelry under the paragraph referred to, whereas the importers maintained that the merchandise was properly dutiable at the rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem as jet wholly or partly manufactured into articles, or of which jet is the component material of chief value. The board found the contention to be without merit.

The Mark Cross Company and Kronfeld, Saunders & Co. imported goods consisting of metal frames for handbags, on some of which the knobs or catches as well as the rings and hasps are plated with gold or silver, as are the lower portions where the hinges are located. When made up into finished articles, all of the unplated portions are covered completely by the fabric of which the pocket book is composed, leaving only the plated metal portions exposed. The Collector levied duty at the rate of 50 per cent. under paragraph 167, as gold or silver plated articles. E. F. Jordan, counsel for the importers, claimed before the board that only such articles as are wholly or substantially plated with gold or silver are properly classificable under paragraph 167, and that it was not the intention of Congress to include within the meaning of the provision, articles only small portions of which are plated with gold or silver. Judge Fisher said that any such construction as sought by the protestants would be wholly unwarranted in view of the very clear and unambiguous language which Congress saw fit to employ.

The Surgical Importing Company was partly sustained by the board in protests relating to chemical glassware imported under the Act of 1909. The Collector took duty at 60 per cent. ad valorem as blown glassware, whereas the importers claimed a rate of 45 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of glass. The board sustained the claim as to dishes with plate glass covers but held that hollow containers and covers composed of blown glass were properly dutiable at the rate assessed.

William H. Stiner & Son were sustained in the claim that lamb skins tanned but not finished were properly free of duty. The Collector was reversed in returning the merchandise at 10 per cent. ad valorem as glove leather. The board reached the conclusion that the merchandise fell under the free list as "leather not specially provided for."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—A. Polsky Co.; H. O. Polsky, cloaks, suits; 353 4th Av.
ALBANY—John G. Myers Co.; W. A. Findlay, cloaks, suits, waists; 220 5th Av.
ASHEVILLE—Bon Marche; S. W. Lipinsky, general mdse.; C. R. Baughm, piece goods; 17 West 28th.
ATHENS, Ohio—D. Zenner Co.; T. Craig, ready to wear; 1,270 B'way.
BALTIMORE—S. A. Reinhard & Co.; S. A. Reinhard, woolens; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—D. Levy Sons; L. Levy, waistings; 156 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; H. L. McLanahan, hats; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frazier, laces, neckwear; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—S. Todes, white goods; G. H. Todes, linens; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—John E. Hurst & Co.; J. M. Parsons, linens, wash goods; 148 West 25th.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; A. M. Goldsmith, men's clothing; 470 4th Av.
BEAUMONT—J. J. Nathan & Co.; E. L. Hickey, housefurn. goods; Park Av.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; G. H. Guest, housefurn. goods; 31 Union Square.
BOSTON—G. G. Bean, piece goods; Latham.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; H. A. Cook, corsets, petticoats, muslin underwear; 432 4th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss K. Haukap, women's neckwear; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Meyer-Jonasson Co.; Mrs. A. Hogan, waists; 11 W. 25th.
BOSTON—Morse & Co.; L. Strauss, clothing, furnishing goods, hats; Algonquin.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.—Miss D. N. Killeen, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Mahoney, skirts; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; Miss Rice, hosiery, ladies', children's knitted underwear; 1,133 B'way.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; T. Moffatt, hosiery, gloves, furnishing goods; 18 W. 35th.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; H. F. Wilson, linens; 43 Leonard.
CHATTANOOGA—M. Yudd; clothing, furnishing goods, hats; Breslin.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; C. E. Parkhill, dress, wash goods; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; H. D. Harris, glassware; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; Miss M. E. Noonan, women's waists, sweaters; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bros.; Miss B. Ascheim, misses' coats, suits, dresses; Mrs. L. E. Franklin, muslin underwear, negligees; Mrs. N. Graves, women's coats, suits, dresses; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Miss E. Doherty, women's suits, costumes; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—M. Hirsch & Co.; L. Lee, coats, suits, 39 W. 32d.
CHICAGO—M. Hirsh & Co.; L. Lee, dresses, skirts; 39 W. 32d.
CINCINNATI—Liberty Clothing Co.; B. Schoengold, clothing, &c.; Herald Sq.
CLEVELAND—Clawson & Wilson Co.; Mr. Perkins, clothing; 43 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—Harrington Millinery Co.; G. L. Harrington, millinery; Breslin.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; F. Schnebly, hosiery, gloves, knit underwear, furnishing goods; 18 West 35th.
CLEVELAND—Hart & Co.; J. W. Mason, millinery; Claridge.
CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss Woodal, waists; 71 W. 23d.
COLORADO SPRINGS—Kaufman & Co.; W. H. Morrow, draperies; 621 B'way; Grand.
DALLAS—Neiman-Marcus Co.; E. D. Drummond, misses', children's garments; 13 E. 22d.
DALLAS—Fitche, Goettinger, Co.; D. S. Coles, carpets; 353 4th Av.
DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; J. R. Hallett, notions; 71 West 23d.
DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel Co.; J. Wilson, knit underwear, hosiery; 43 Leonard.
EASTON—M. Kowitz & Co.; M. Kowitz, carpets, furniture, stoves; Hermitage.
FALL RIVER—E. S. Brown Co.; E. E. Lewis, cloaks, suits, waists, furs, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; Latham.
HUNTINGTON, W. Va.—Zenner-Bradshaw Co.; Mr. Bradshaw, ready to wear; 1,270 B'way.
KANSAS CITY—Emery-Bird-Thayer Co.; Miss J. Coventry, millinery; 25 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Frankel, Frank & Co.; D. Frankel, silks, flowers, feathers; 200 5th Av.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; A. Proffitt, millinery; 23 E. 26th.
LINCOLN—Miller & Paine; Mr. Bushey, shoes; 2 Walker.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—M. M. Cohn Co.; A. D. Cohn, furnishing goods; 114 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—"Bullock's"; Mrs. G. G. Chase, art goods, 95 Madison Av.
LOS ANGELES—Coulter Dry Goods Co.; L. H. Kennedy, silks; 69 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Cutler Dry Goods Co.; Miss L. H. McGuire, millinery, neckwear, veilings, umbrellas; 69 5th Av.
MIDDLETOWN—Adams and Adams; G. A. Adams, clothing; Imperial.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; Miss McDermott, cloaks, suits, waists; 18 W. 35th; Aberdeen.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; G. E. Amluxen, woolen dress goods, silks; 2 Walker.
MISSOULA—Missoula Mercantile Co.; W. E. Hubert, millinery; 200 5th Av.
MONTREAL—Dupuis Freres, Ltd.; C. Gagnon, women's garments; Grand.
NORTH ADAMS—McCraw & Tatrow; W. J. Tatro, H. B. Tatro, cloaks, suits; Latham.
OMAHA—Byrne & Hammer Dry Goods Co.; W. Maloney, sweaters, muslin underwear; 51 Leonard St.; St. James.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; E. Goldman, waists, coats; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; A. G. Cressman, muslin underwear; Bway and 10th
PHILADELPHIA—Cantor Bros.; M. H. Cantor, manufacturers cloaks, suits; 1,328 Broadway; Collingwood.
PHILADELPHIA—Lichtenstein, Teichlin & Co.; M. Lichtenstein, manufacturers silk dresses; 1,261 Broadway; Aberdeen.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; J. Glaser, shoes; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; J. Robertson, silks, dress, wash goods; 23 E. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Brown & Finley Co.; H. M. Brown, millinery; Herald Sq.
PUEBLO—Pueblo Store Co.; A. C. Jones, millinery, ready to wear, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 220 5th Av.
PUEBLO—Crews-Beggs D. G. Co.; R. Bergstresses, laces, ribbons, jewelry; E. F. Brown, general merchandise, merchandise manager; E. Cooper, men's furnishing goods; 2 Walker St.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. S. McInoy, furniture; 2 Walker.
RICHMOND, Ind.—Adam H. Bartel & Co.; J. M. Coate, furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves; 43 Leonard.
ROCHESTER—Emporium World Millinery Co.; S. J. Glaser, millinery; 621 Broadway; Cumberland.
ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co.; H. L. Wertz, upholstery goods; 23 E. 26th.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; S. C. Taylor, dress goods; Prince George; W. H. Crumley, white goods; E. D. Montgomery, furniture; 432 4th Av.
ROCHESTER—Stein-Bloch Co.; S. Weill, piece goods; 200 5th Av.
ROME—F. E. Bacon Co.; Miss Diefendorf, laces, embroidery, handkerchiefs, neckwear; 315 4th Av.; Park Av.
SACRAMENTO—C. P. Nathan Co.; E. C. Nathan, J. Barnes, women's ready to wear; 11 West 25th.
SACRAMENTO—Hale Bros.; Mr. Middleton, general merchandise; 50 Union Square.
SALT LAKE CITY—Keith O'Brien Co.; M. Iberdorfer, cloaks, suits, furs, waists; 220 5th Av.
SALT LAKE CITY—Hudson Bay Fur Co.; J. H. Proval, cloaks, suits; 1,199 B'way.
SAN DIEGO—Ballard & Brockett; F. C. Ballard, coats, suits; 1,170 B'way.
SAN FRANCISCO—Newman-Magnin Co.; B. Mayer, dress goods, silks, linings; 353 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Rauer Bros. & Co.; S. H. Moses, laces, embroidery; 43 Leonard St.
SAN FRANCISCO—Livingston Bros.; Miss A. Schwab, waists, sweaters, neckwear; 303 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Steinberger & Kalisher; A. E. Steinberger, kid gloves; 114 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Mrs. E. Ezell, art needlework; 470 4th Av.
SEATTLE—Western Dry Goods Co.; C. Anderson, notions, laces, jewelry, stationery; 225 4th Av.
SHAMOKIN—Shapiro Bros.; L. Shapiro, furn. goods; Grand.
SPOKANE—Spokane Dry Goods Co.; C. T. Gillette, notions, leather goods; 225 4th Av.
STEUBENVILLE, Ohio—Munker Co.; Mr. Webber, ready to wear; 1,270 B'way.
ST. JOSEPH—Wheeler & Motter Merc. Co.; C. B. Farish, domestics; 320 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—S. Schultz, cloaks, suits; 1,161 Broadway.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss G. E. Gumbiner, costumes, dresses; 37 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Stix Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; L. Levy, carpets; 71 W. 23d.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; A. S. Harris, skirts, dresses; 71 W. 23d.
ST. LOUIS—S. Schultz, Fall suits; 7 W. 22d.
ST. PAUL—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; S. Finch, dry goods; 320 Broadway.
ST. PAUL—Stronge & Warner Co.; Miss B. Weir, millinery; 621 Broadway.
ST. PAUL—Lindeke, Warner & Sons; L. G. Sutmar, dress goods, silks, velvets; 350 B'way.
SYRACUSE—Woodhull, Goodale & Bull; C. B. Smith, clothing; 200 5th Av.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner Co.; B. M. Morris, men's clothing; 116 W. 32d.
TRAVERSE CITY—A. Rosenthal; G. Seidman, Fall suits; 1,161 B'way; Room 509.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; N. Goodman, boys' clothing; 15 West 26th.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss G. L. Carroll, women's cloaks, suits; 334 4th Av.
WHEELING—John S. Naylor Co.; H. L. Henderson, rugs; 101 Franklin.
WILMINGTON—L. Topkis, notions; Breslin.

A Permanent Merchandise Exhibit
of the Newest in Fall Merchandise of
Women's, Misses', Juniors', Infants' Wear and Furs—
and
Notions, Fancy Goods, Leather Goods, Jewelry and 20,000 items for the 5, 10 and 25c & General Stores.
Buyers are most cordially invited.
Irving M. Crane, Gen. Mgr.
WORLD'S MARKET CORPORATION
Open Week Days 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
28-30 W. 23D ST., NEW YORK CITY.

WOOLEN MARKET GOOD.

Business Also Improving in Cotton Fabrics, Says Trade Journal.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 21.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"The Boston wool market is still displaying great firmness, but has possibly been a trifle quieter on account of the prospective opening up of the new fleeces and territory wools, which are rapidly coming in. The West is becoming absolutely cleaned up of the new clip at prevailing prices. At the London sales the best merinos brought 82 cents clean. Australian cable advices are strong.

"In the woolen goods market the outlook is much more favorable. Manufacturers have only a comparatively small amount of heavyweight goods on hand. The lightweight season in Summer fabrics has been very satisfactory with some, and comparatively unsatisfactory with others. Conditions in regard to serges are very difficult, and it is not likely that fast colors in these goods can be delivered for any length of time, except in isolated cases. The women's wear trade is very quiet.

"The cotton goods market is in a moderately quiet condition. The total sales have been somewhat larger than a week ago, but the goods were more spot or early delivery than previously. The export situation is slowly improving. If the price of cotton does not remain firm, or declines radically, it will of course affect the price of goods. In the fine and fancy trade, the situation is still relatively satisfactory, although a smaller number of orders has been placed recently than previously on washed goods. Reordering is at present very satisfactory."

Lower Grades of Wool Decline.

LONDON, July 21.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today amounted to 8,480 bales. The selection was good and the demand was steady, but owing of the previous series. The lower grades, are 5 per cent. higher than at the close of the previous series. The lower grades especially slipes, are selling with a better spirit at 10 per cent. decline.

CAN MAKE DYES CHEAPLY.

Able, with Practice, to Compete with Germany, Manufacturer Says.

DETROIT, Mich., July 21.—Herbert H. Dow, President of the Dow Chemical Company of Midland, Mich., told the Federal Trade Commission today that American manufacturers could produce indigo and similar chemical products fully as cheaply here as manufacturers could abroad. All that is necessary for the cheap production of the chemicals is a little more experience and knowledge of the "tricks of the trade," he said.

Mr. Dow charged that, as a result of his company selling a certain bromide abroad, Germany had taken the United States trade in that chemical from the Michigan concern.

"We were warned," he said, "that for every pound we exported the Germans would put two pounds into the United States. We thought it was a bluff and continued to export the bromide. The result was that we did not sell a single pound in the United States. The Germans not only paid a duty of 25 per cent., but actually undersold us. Since the war started, however, we have regained part of our trade."

"Isn't that practice common whenever an American article gets a start?" asked Joseph B. Davies, Chairman of the commission.

"It is," answered Mr. Dow.

"What effect did the tariff have?"

"It saved us from bankruptcy," replied Mr. Dow.

New Hot Weather Fabric.

A cloth adopted by the English officers in India and Egypt to ward off the effects of the sun will shortly make its appearance in the piece goods market. This material was formerly made only in England but now an American mill will turn it out. The cloth is described as a lightweight woolen, backed with bright red, and this color woven with green gives a greenish red face to the material. These colors, it is said, will reflect the sun's rays to a much greater extent than any other combination or single color. Suits made from this material will be featured next Summer.

Bestyette
TRADE MARK
Raincoats, Cravenettes and Gabardines
For Men, Women and Children
30 years manufacturing wet weather clothing that has style and gives satisfaction.
New York Mackintosh Co.
39 and 41 West 32nd St.

Cohn-Hall-Marx Co
Commission Merchants
93-95 Franklin Street, New York
Cotton Fabrics
Spring Lines, 1916, for Jobbing Trades, are ready in White Goods and Wash Dress Fabrics

Gans-Burgauer Co
66-68 Worth Street
White and Printed
Cotton Fabrics
For Jobbing Trade Spring 1916 Now Ready

5c & 10c EXCHANGE
50,000 ARTICLES ON DISPLAY
GENERAL MDSE. EXCHANGE
Everything for the Bargain Basement
10 W. 20th St. and 11 W. 19th St., N. Y.

A. Levine, Pres. Mad. Sq. 1767.
THE ROSECLIFFE CO.
Newest Neckwear Novelties
Embroideries
Varieties Vals. Venices
1161-1175 Broadway At 27th St.

LADIES' HAT SALESMAN
Manufacturing concern requires immediately first-class man with jobbing and department store following. Salary and commission. Address J. D., 125 Times Downtown.

S. STEINFELD & CO.
43-45-47 WEST 23D ST.
Offer Special Value in LADIES' WOOL POPLIN SUITS.
Yarn Dyed Linings at $7.50.

For Immediate Delivery.
Gabardine Skirts, $7.50 Doz.
OTHER WASH SKIRTS, $4.00 UP.
E. HONIG, 23 West 32nd Street.

CLOCKING ON HOSIERY!
Full Fashioned and Circular.
HOSIERY EMBROIDERED ON THE AHLSTROM OVERSTITCH MACHINE.
O. J. AHLSTROM, 711 Broadway, N. Y.

MEN'S WOOL CRASH
Suits, Palm Beach Suits, Knitted Sport Coats, and Summer Clothing Specialties.
The HOUSE of HUCHBERGER, 93 5th Av.

500 doz. Wash Skirts and Dresses
TO CLOSE OUT.
Queen Costume Co., 25 West 27th St.

COFFEE PERCOLATOR
FILTROLA
U. S. Patent December 15, 1914.
"FILTROLA"—made of Fireproof Crystal Glass—INSURES SANITATION + ECONOMY AND SPEED. Indorsed by experts everywhere. Illustrated circular, containing testimonials and directions for use, furnished on request.
HUNDREDS OF MERCHANTS — DEPT. STORES, CROCKERY SHOPS, &c.—are finding "FILTROLA" a MONEY-MAKER, SELLING ITSELF. Write for TRADE DETAILS and EXCLUSIVE AGENCY PLAN to Crystal Percolator Co., Inc., 44-60 E. 23d St., N. Y. C.

THE BIG STATIONERY STORE
Retails at Wholesale Prices.
GOLDSMITH BROS., 77 Nassau St.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS.

OFFICES and small lofts; monthly rents $15 up. 149 West 35th Street.

Imported Crepe de Chine
HANDKERCHIEFS
See our 1915 line.
We will make it worth your while.
SILK & ULLMAN,
142 5th Ave., cor. 19th St.

ADVERTISING.
Merchandising Plans for Increasing Sales. Sackerman-Edelmann Co., 303 Fifth Ave.

APRONS.
1,000 Styles. Send for Catalog. Dean's Lockstitched, 45 East 17th St.

AEROPLANE TOYS.
FLYING TOYS that FLY, 10c to $20. Ideal Aeroplane & Supply Co., 84 W. B'way.

BARGAIN BASEMENT SPECIALTIES.
Headquarters for 5, 10 & 25c goods. N. Y. MERCHANDISE CO., 540 Broadway.

BELTS.
Ladies' Belts & Leather Bags at Pop. Prices. BIENENZUCHT BROS., 109-111 Spring St.

BOOKLETS, CIRCULARS, ETC.
PRINTING Booklets, Catalogs, Circulars, Office Stationery. Lowest Prices. Drawings, Cuts, Trade Marks. Hayes Bros., 301 W. 37. Greeley 885.

BUSINESS SYSTEMS.
Card Index We make a specialty of the Card Index business and its accessories. U. S. Card Index Co., Phone 5579 Rector. 112 Liberty St.

CURTAINS (Novelty.)
Lace and Novelty Curtains, popular prices. EUGENE NEUMAIER & CO., 8 West 18th St.

DRESSES.
WASH DRESSES. Wonderful values. PH. MARK & CO., 71 W. 23d St. Gram. 4414.

DYESTUFFS Sold, Bought, Exchanged. N. Y. ANILINE EXCHANGE, Telephone Spring 1291. 117 Spring Street.

FAVORS & PAPER HATS.
Novelties for all occasions, wholesale & retail. Mrs. I. Davidsohn, 201 W. 145th St.

FURS.
Peltries of all kinds at Jos. Steiner & Bros., 115-25 West 30th St.

GIRDLES
Newest Novelties at Slote & Schaffer, "The Belt House of N. Y.," 49 East 21st St.

GLOVE SILK COATS
At $3.75. A Business Builder for Coat and Sweater Dept. LEO F. STURM, 48 W. 35. Greeley 877-876.

HATS.
VELVET HATS } Milton S. Sommerich,
SATIN HATS } 40 W. 32d St.

PETTICOATS FOR SPECIAL SALES.
Cottons $2.00-$8.00, Silks $10.50-$27.00 per doz. H. Horowitz & Co., 94 Greene St., N.Y.

PILE FABRIC COAT.
Buyers: Watch for our Important Announcement on this page. Mirkin-Levitman, Inc., 26 W. 17th.

SHOW CARDS.
SALZER AND CO.
SHOW CARDS
Hand-made, Printed, and Lithographed for Store and Exhibition Purposes.
Beekman 3259 100 Nassau St.

SWEATERS AND KNIT NOVELTIES.
ALBERTSON, BECKHARD & ALLEN, Inc., The Keetch Line, 140 Fifth Av. Chelsea 1853.

TAFFETAS
Phone 2666 Madison Sq. for The New 40" Fabric DAHLIA
Alfred Schland, 19 Madison Ave.

WAISTS.
BLOOM & MILLMAN,
Waldorf Bldg., 2-16 West 33d St.
$9.00 Waists and Middies.

5c., 10c., AND 25c. GOODS.
The Five and Ten Cent Exchange, 10-12 West 20th St.

CANADA GETS A LOAN OF $40,000,000 HERE

First Notes Ever Placed Outside London by Dominion Go to a Syndicate.

INTEREST RATE 5 PER CENT.

Proceeds to be Used to Defray Capital Expenditures, Not for British War Supplies.

The Canadian Government has sold $40,000,000 of 5 per cent. notes to a syndicate composed of J. P. Morgan & Co., Brown Brothers & Co., the First National Bank, the National City Bank, and the local agency of the Bank of Montreal. The offering price will be announced shortly. The notes are dated Aug. 1.

Of the total $25,000,000 are one-year notes, while the balance matures in two years. An additional $5,000,000 of the two-year notes may be taken by the bankers before the transaction is completed. Buyers of notes of the longer period will be permitted at any time up to three months before the date of maturity to convert their holdings into twenty-year bonds of the Dominion, bearing 5 per cent. interest, free of the Canadian income tax.

Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, general manager of the Bank of Montreal and adviser to the Canadian Minister of Finance, who was in New York yesterday, said:

"The proceeds will be used to defray capital expenditures upon public works, and undertakings under construction in the Dominion of Canada."

Sir Frederick was told that one inference drawn in the Street when the sale became known was that a part of the proceeds might be used in this country in buying supplies for the British Government.

"It is obvious from what I have said," he replied, "that this will not be the case. From one angle, I suppose, it might be argued that Canada's borrowing in the United States will aid the English market. That will be because London will be relieved from lending the Dominion the funds that are obtained in New York. The loan should do much to cement closer than before the financial relations of Canada and the United States."

The loan is the first ever made in this country by the Dominion Government, which heretofore has done its outside financing in London. The different provinces and individual cities frequently have appeared in the New York market, and a number of loans have been negotiated since the war began. The Provinces of Ontario, Saskatchewan and Quebec, and the cities of Montreal and Toronto with others have sold in recent months note issues which amount in the aggregate to about $25,00,000.

Bankers interested in the proposed loan of $20,000,000 to French banks through the medium of acceptances said yesterday that progress was being made in the transaction, although many details remained to be cleared away.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

COONEY, ANNIE E., (Nov. 9, 1914;) net estate, $37,474. Church of the Holy Name of Jesus was given $3,000; College of St. Francis Xavier, $5,000; St. Ambrose's R. C. Church, $1,000; Peter Ryan, brother, $1,000; and the rest of the estate passed to relatives and to institutions, the largest interest being Ellen O'Brien, sister, who was given a life interest in $19,217. Assets: deposits, $1,220; mortgages and personalty, $35,257; stocks and bonds, $2,317.

FISHER, Mrs. DELLA, (in Munich, Germany, Sept. 27, 1914;) net estate, $149,749. Erna Fisher, daughter, given $52,900; Hilda B. Straus, daughter, $49,690; Edward P. Fisher, son, $28,848; William J. Fisher, grandson, $14,424; Josephine Meyer, sister, life estate in $10,000; Jacob Meyer, brother, life estate in $1,000. Assets: equity, $16,045, in 68 E. 91 St., appraised at $26,250; equity, $14,091, in 827 Columbus Av., appraised at $34,500; equity, $10,682, in 866 Columbus Av., appraised at $28,000; equity, $7,025, in 1,564 Second Av., appraised at $18,250; equity, $12,153, in 744 Columbus Av., appraised at $29,500; equity, $8,836, in 504 Second Av., appraised at $24,000; equity, $8,928, in 1,672 First Av., appraised at $18,000; deposits, $3,312; stocks and bonds, $78,985.

FLEMING, Mrs. VIRGINIA HAMMOND, widow of William Reynolds Fleming, of Harisburg, Penn., (at the Plaza Hotel, June 15, 1914;) net estate, $142,293. Bequests under the will were: Concention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Easton, Penn., $5,000; Henry Sanderson, not related, jewelry, $175, and cash, $15,000; Ellen C. Smack, not related, $3,000; Thomas V. Hammond, brother, life estate in $30,000; Thomas Hammond, Jr., Virginia, Adelaide, and Edward L. Hammond, nephews and nieces, given life estate in $21,684 each, and items of jewelry; several articles of jewelry to other friends and relatives; house known as "Overlook," in Harrisburg, given to Civic Club of that city; value does not appear; value of household goods and personalty in Harrisburg does not appear. Assets taxed: deposits, $412; personalty and jewelry, $2,253; stocks and bonds, $145,115; larger holdings, 120 shares Montana Power Co., appraised at $12,390; 106 shares American Tobacco Co., pref., $11,263; 205 shares U. S. Rubber Co., pref., $21,089; bonds Knickerbocker Ice Co., $12,600; bonds Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, $22,500; bonds B. R. T. Co., $13,650; bonds International Salt Co., $9,800.

HIRSCH, SOPHIE, (Oct. 21, 1914;) net estate, $9,951; Adolph Hirsch, husband, gets third of estate and rest passed to three children; assets, equity $10,000, 161 W. 76 St., appraised at $26,000; deposits, $716; personalty, $709; stocks, $125.

KEUTHEN, AUGUSTUS, (Sept. 11, 1914;) net estate, $10,027; Mrs. Mathilda R. Keuthen, widow, given $6,684; Elizabeth M. Keuthen, daughter, $3,342; assets, deposits, $12,061; stocks, $450.

KNOX, Mrs. FLORENCE A., wife of Edward M. Knox, the hatter, (Feb. 8, 1914;) total estate, $27,611; net value, $17,149; husband may continue to reside in the country residence of decedent in Ridgefield, Conn., but when he dies or no longer desires to reside there it and its contents go to Florence C. Bronson, niece, who is also made the residuary legatee; value of this property not taxed in the report; Florence C. Bronson, niece, as residuary legatee, was given $8,105; Maria O. Cook, sister, $2,494; Laura B. Scammell, niece, $1,000; Nellie Morse, niece, $1,000; St. James's Episcopal Church and six relatives and three persons not related to decedent were each given $500, and Florence L. Greening, friend, given jewelry appraised at $450; assets taxed, deposits, $17,792; wearing apparel, $1,450; jewelry, $6,725; piano, $500; shawl, $100, and stock in the Knox Hat Manufacturing Company, $1,044; most valuable items of jewelry appraised were a bowknot diamond pin, $1,000; string of pearls, $750; a necklace of small pearls with pendant of diamonds, $800; a pearl necklace, $1,200; hair ornament with sprays of diamonds, $1,000.

LOCKWOOD, JOHN T., (April 27, 1914;) net estate, $8,884; beneficiaries were friends, relatives, and institutions, the largest bequest being $2,000 to St. Christopher's Home, Dobbs Ferry; assets, third interest in 424-432 East 124 St, $5,666; deposits, $984; stocks, $6,920; due from annuities, $515.

MAHONY, HELEN H., of Newport, R. I., (April 6, 1911;) personal estate, $3,009. Assets taxable in New York: Jewelry, $850; due from estate of decedent's father, $2,159; stocks and bonds, $29,408; deposits, $5,448; total, New York estate, $37,856; net, $30,026. Marie Moreau, friend, given $1,500; rest of estate passed to Lucrie F. Post, sister.

MANNHEIMER, ANTON, (Jan. 15, 1915;) net estate, $36,974. Viola Maybaum, daughter, given $39,253; rest to six nephews and nieces. Assets: Deposits, $383; mortgages, notes, and insurance, $36,285; stocks, $1,980; personalty, $5.

MAPES, Mrs. MARTHA MEEKOR, (April 11, 1912;) net estate, $75,048. Clive Spencer Mapes, son, given $65,278; Charles H. Mapes, son, $3,378; Victor Mapes, son, $3,528; Winifred Mapes, grand-daughter, $2,864. Assets: Deposits, $2,536; personalty, $12,898; 150 shares Mapes Formula and Peruvian Guano Company, appraised at $61,380.

REED, HENRY S., (Lexington, Ky., April 19, 1911;) personal estate, $158,827. Assets taxable in New York State: Stocks, $21,000; net, $16,946.

SHARP, WILLIAM, (Jan. 26, 1910;) net estate, $39,661. William J. McRorio given $5,000; Carrie Lockhart, $2,000; a life estate in $20,000 to Carrie L. Van Deusen; John Ortgies and James L. Robertson shared residuary estate. Assets: Plot west side of Davidson Av., near West 190 St., Bronx, appraised at $7,000; deposits, $7,984; notes and personalty, $18,058; stocks, $10,197.

TAFT, REBECCA, (July 17, 1914;) estate, $14,719. Bulk of estate passed to Jennie Mallon, cousin; Rebecca Miller, niece; Mamie Hoffman, niece; Mary A. Garrett, sister, and Mary P. Cross, niece. Assets: Deposits, $4,112; personalty, $1,550; stocks and bonds, $12,885.

DUTY ON CHINAWARE.

An Order Fixing Rate on Goods of More Than One Color.

The Treasury Department has sent out an order to Collectors of Customs and other officials directing that hereafter chinaware with a white body having a superimposed brown coloring on the outside shall be held dutiable at the rate of 55 per cent. ad valorem as chinaware, colored or tinted, under Paragraph 80 of the tariff. The attention of the department was called to a variation in practice in the return on merchandise of this kind at Baltimore.

It appears that the usual practice at the port named has been to return this chinaware at 55 per cent., but that in one case the appraisers returned the goods at 50 per cent. under the same paragraph following a recent abstract decision of the Board of General Appraisers. It also appeared that the officials at this port have been returning similar goods at 50 per cent. Assistant Secretary Malburn says in his order that the board's decision appears to be based upon the testimony of only one witness and that it appears to be contrary to an earlier decision of the board.

Big Copper Scrap Imports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The official reports of importations of copper for the week ended July 10 show the unprecedentedly large shipment of 3,659,831 pounds of scrap from Japan out of a total import of 6,742,089 pounds for the week. There came from Panama the same week 1,381,295 pounds of scrap, from Peru 626,186, from Chile 564,565, and from Canada 510,212 pounds. The largest export shipments were 2,240,939 pounds to Russia and 1,612,389 pounds to France. England took 922,768 pounds and Italy 976,576. The total export from the whole country was 5,934,615 pounds, worth $1,116,805. The total import of 6,742,089 pounds was valued at $995,202.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Values in the wheat market experienced a break of 1⅛@3⅜c from the previous close, under very heavy liquidation, prompted by another day of bright, clear weather over the Winter wheat belt. Active covering occurred late in the day and prices regained part of the early loss, closing at ⅞@1⅛c net lower.

In the local cash market, No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at 1.17, New York weights and grades; No. 2 hard, 1.19¾, cost, insurance, and freight, New York export, first half August shipment; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 1.12, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo, September shipment.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	..	..	1.12⅜	1.13¼

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	1.10	1.07½	1.09⅛	1.11⅝
September	1.05½	1.04¼	1.05⅛	1.06
December	1.07⅝	1.06⅝	1.07⅝	1.08½

CORN.

The corn market showed a very firm undertone in view of the decline in wheat and at the close of the day was ½ to 1c net higher.

Argentine corn was offered at about 73 cents cost, insurance and freight. New York and No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 89⅛c prompt shipment.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	78	76⅛	78	77
September	73⅝	72¼	73⅝	72⅝
December	63⅜	62⅞	63⅜	63⅛

OATS.

The market for oats was easy early owing to the more favorable weather for harvesting operations but regained part of the loss in sympathy with wheat, closing net unchanged to ⅝c lower. The local cash market was steady; standard quoted at 63c; No. 2 white, 63½c; No. 3 white, 62½c; No. 4 white, 62c; fancy clipped white, 62½ to 65½c; ordinary clipped white 62½ to 63½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	48⅝	47½	47¾	48⅞
September	37⅞	37⅜	37⅞	37⅞
December	39⅜	38⅞	39⅜	39¼

COFFEE.

The coffee market was again lifeless, total sales for the day amounting to 9,500 bags, and values showed no decided tendency either way, closing at 1 point decline to 2 points net advance.

The local spot market was inactive and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 7½c.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	..	..	7.04@7.07	7.05
August	..	..	6.94@6.97	6.95
September	6.85	6.83	6.85@6.86	6.83
October	..	..	6.88@6.89	6.87
November	..	..	6.92@6.93	6.90
December	6.95	6.95	6.95@6.96	6.93
January	..	..	6.99@7.00	6.97
February	..	..	7.03@7.04	7.01
March	..	..	7.07@7.08	7.05
April	..	..	7.12@7.13	7.10
May	..	..	7.17@7.18	7.15
June	..	..	7.22@7.23	7.20

COTTONSEED OIL.

There was only a quiet trade in the market for cottonseed oil, and price changes were confined within a comparatively narrow range. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.05@6.25	5.95
July	6.07	6.07	6.05@6.15	6.00
August	6.07	6.04	6.07@6.10	6.04
September	6.09	6.06	6.09@6.10	6.06
October	6.09	6.07	6.08@6.09	6.07
November	..	..	6.01@6.03	5.98
December	6.07	6.07	6.07@6.09	6.04
January	6.13	6.11	6.12@6.14	6.09
February	..	..	6.18@6.21	6.14

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was weak early under renewed selling prompted by a decline of 5 to 10 points in the market for live hogs as well as by the break in grain, but rallied on reports of some improvement in the cash demand.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Lard—				
September	8.25	8.12	8.25	8.20
October	8.32	8.22	8.32	8.27
Ribs—				
September	10.07	9.95	10.07	10.00
October	10.10	10.10	10.10	10.05
Pork—				
September	14.95	14.70	14.85	14.82
October	15.05	14.85	15.00	14.92

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 15,797 packages. A little more speculative buying of high grades, and the market for such is steady to firm. An abundance of the secondary grades, and these are urged for sale at easy prices. Ladles and packing stock favor the buyer. Creamery, extras, (92 score), 26½c; (higher scoring), 27@27½c; firsts, 24½@26c; seconds, 23@24c; thirds, 22@22½c; State dairy finest, 26c; good to prime, 24@25½c; common to fair, 21@23½c; renovated, extras, 24c; firsts, 22½@23½c; lower grades, 21@22c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22½@23c; ladles, current make, firsts, 21½@22c; seconds, 20@20½c; lower grades, 18½@19½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 20@20½c; No. 2, 19½c; lower grades, 17@19c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 16,040 cases. Arrivals are more liberal than last week and many lots show poorer quality. Strictly fancy goods are steady, but the market for average prime and lower grades is quiet and barely steady. Some marks are going at slightly lower prices than of late, but this is largely due to a lower quality. Range of sales indicates no material change in values. Nearby whites steady for fancy stock; average qualities quiet. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 24@25c; extra firsts, 22@23c; firsts, 20@21c; seconds, 18@19c; thirds and poorer, 15@17½c; dirties, No. 1, 16@16½c; No. 2 and poorer, 10@15½c; checks, good to choice, dry, 15½c; fair to good, 14@15c; culls and inferiors, 10@14c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 28@29c; ordinary to good, 25@27c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 24@27c; Western gathered whites, 22@24c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 24@26c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 18@23c; duck eggs, State and nearby, Indian Runner, 24@26c.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

GEORGE C. HILLS, who was Secretary of the George F. Hills Co., dealer in paper stock at 108 Cliff Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $29,631 and assets $15. The liabilities are all as accommodation indorser on notes of the company.

NATHAN NEWMAN, jobber in women's underwear, formerly at 467 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $4,749 and nominal assets $4,350.

NIAGARA WAIST AND DRESS COMPANY of 151 West Nineteenth Street has filed schedules showing liabilities of $21,823 and assets $12,604.

RUSSIAN IMMIGRANT, INC.—Judge Hand has appointed John L. Lyttle receiver for the Russian Immigrant, Inc., publisher of a daily paper at 257 East Tenth Street, on application of Theodore N. Pischip, resident manager of the Russian Orthodox Catholic Hutual Aid Society of the United States of America, a creditor. He stated that Gabriel G. Dobroff, President of the Russian Immigrant, Inc., and active head of the company, had disappeared on July 14, taking a large part of the assets. The assets on hand are estimated at $1,500, and consist of printing presses, stock, paper, books, and accounts.

N. ZEILER COMPANY, INC.—Judge Hand has appointed Miss Bertha Rembaugh receiver for N. Zeiler Company, dealer in women's apparel at 501 Sixth Avenue. Liabilities are $15,557 and assets about $5,000.

BARNET KANTER.—Judge Hand has appointed Hamilton M. Dawes receiver for Barnet Kanter, livery stable at 307 East 115th Street. Liabilities are $7,000 and assets $2,000.

GROVE STRAW HAT MANUFACTURING CORPORATION.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of the Grove Straw Hat Manufacturing Corporation of 36 West Fourth Street and Hoboken at 15 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $183,300.

TOWER CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of the Tower Construction Company, builders of 1 Madison Avenue, with creditors at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents cash and 23 1-3 cents in notes at six, twelve, and eighteen months. Liabilities were $40,398.

LOUIS HOROWITZ.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Louis Horowitz, dealer in clothing at 124 West Thirty-fourth Street, with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar.

SARAH LEVIN, dealer in tinware at 80 Forsyth Street, has made an assignment to Herman Glasser.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Learned Hand yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts: Theresa Abelson, 134 West Eighty-sixth Street; liabilities, $790,000, on bond and mortgages. Herbert Cockshaw, manufacturing jeweler, 29 West Thirty-second Street; liabilities, $38,938. Anthony Kelly, contractor, 524 West 133d Street; liabilities, $24,875. Victor Babell, 3,793 Broadway, formerly restaurant; Frank E. Benjamin, 470 Fourth Avenue; Louis Cohen, painters' supplies, 9 Sixth Avenue; Leopold H. Geis, 1,184 Madison Avenue; Samuel Greenberg, 31 Attorney Street; Andrew Greis, 335 West Nineteenth Street; Frank A. Grippone, stone cutter, 2,475 Hughes Avenue; Eugene M. Heimerdinger, appraiser, 541 West 124th Street; Albert Lee, author, 1,245 Madison Avenue; Albert J. Marois, 43 West Twenty-eighth Street; MacDonnell Brothers, produce, Poughkeepsie, Rosener & Rosenberg, hardware, Kingston; Celia Schaefer, designer, 790 Cauldwell Avenue; Charles Sternstein, jeweler, 187 Avenue A; Henry S. Manning of 3 West Fiftieth Street, formerly of Manning, Maxwell & Moore, and formerly a Director of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railroad, who filed a voluntary petition on April 19 and schedules showing liabilities of $986,025, mostly on notes indorsed for Milliken Brothers, Inc., structural iron and steel erectors, on Staten Island.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Hiram Stern, a meat salesman, employed in one of the large packing houses, voluntary petition; liabilities $74,634, assets $362.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Milton M. Greene, broker; voluntary petition. Liabilities $28,530; assets none.

Isaac Fleisher, doing business as Berlin Cloak Company; involuntary petition in bankruptcy filed in behalf of Hyman & Binder, New York City. Liabilities and assets not scheduled.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Atkinson-Morse Destructor Co.—J. Macdonald, $470.91.
Arthur Concors Press, Inc., Arthur Concors, and Morris Asofsky—E. L. Richards et al., $114.67.
Arthur Concors Press, Inc., and Arthur Concors—Same, $166.37.
Arthur Concors Press, Inc., Arthur Concors, and Hyman Bolnick—Same, $138.97.
Annunziata, Giuseppe and Anna—R. Iervolino, $268.21.
Applebaum, Jacob—People, &c., $123.51.
Acme Realty Co.—S. Schinasi, $8,484.47.
Alexander, Frank, and Charles Klumpp—People, &c., $500.
Barry, James—Gibson Distilling Co., $316.91.
Beiswenger, Gustav—John Wanamaker, New York, $427.41.
Bloomingdale Valley Coal Co., Inc.—I. E. Ziegler, $6,764.71.
Crooks, Thomas F.—M. C. Houlton, $186.91.
Coleman, John M.—M. Oppenheimer, $116.16.
Cohn, Clothilde—East River National Bank, $7,597.68.
Cupoli, Raffaele, and Anthony P. Timpone—People, &c., $2,000.
Clemente, Salvatore J.—T. Damico, $329.41.
Dempsey, James F.—James J. Mooney Co., 135.91.
Dunham, Frank—J. Romano et al., $233.58.
Ellis, Edward S.—Hartly-Thomas Co., costs, $139.45.
Ehrhart, Philip—George Cohn & Co., Inc., $105.79.
Fleischmann Realty Co., Inc.—Albany Savings Bank, $5,671.67.
Same—Same, $4,672.62.
Same—Same, $4,667.50.
Freiman, Joseph—L. Cohen et al., $166.90.
Garguilo, Frank—North American Fruit Exchange, $132.96.
Gormully, Alfred R.—Thomas Paulson & Son, Inc., $191.49.
Gunning, Fred C.—Goldman & Steinberg Printing and Pub. Co., $436.23.
Grosso, Alfonso—M. Landau, $108.30.
Crossman, Rubin—A. Grover, $165.56.
Goodfriend, Alexander—J. Landsman, $329.46.
Hauk Realty Co., Inc.—New York Edison Co., $191.15.
Hunts Point Bedding and Floor Covering Co., Inc.—People, &c., $167.94.
Herbert, William C.—J. J. Madden, $157.15.
Heller, Solomon—People, &c., $314.56.
Israel, David—J. Meurer, $278.38.
Jaffe, Joseph—J. Meister, $136.95.
Kuritzky, Sophia—F. Riedman, $137.66.
Lunenfeld, Bernard—Gerlach-Barklow Co., $106.86.
Leopold, Felix—C. T. Lamb, $1,406.35.
Melliss, Norman T. M.—L. A. Queen, $441.55.
Macey, George R.—J. Macdonald, $470.91.
Mahler, Osias—E. L. Richards, $511.72.
Maison Blanche, Inc.—New York Edison Co., $143.90.
Newman, Henry—People, &c., $138.15.
No. 146 West 142d Street Corporation—Claremont Iron Works, $1,352.88.
Newgent, George M.—I. Alsberg, $3,680.11.
Newgent, Weston S.—Same, $3,680.11.
Newgent, George M. and Weston S.—Same, costs, $120.88.
National Lithographic Co., Inc.—Whitmore Manufacturing Co., $2,020.45.
Quinn, Michael J.—F. Forman, $256.06.
Reynolds, Margaret—Empire State Liquor Co., $192.
Rikos, Lambros—Austin, Nichols & Co., Inc., $105.70.
Rabbi Jacob Joseph School, Arthur Concors Press, Inc., and Arthur Concors—E. L. Richards, $165.78.
Rosentover, Charles—J. Lobsens, $121.55.
Reynold, Thomas L.—R. A. Pope, $678.70.
Roach, Fred H. and Clarence—Atlas Paint Co., $101.13.
Rinehart, John B. G.—D. Schnacht, $442.72.
Runkle, Harry G.—P. Fish, $5,166.30.
Schweizer, Joseph—B. J. Gulinelli, $2,601.96.
Shapiro, Benjamin—A. Esser, $295.65.
Shea, Florance and Joseph E.—W. C. Colson, $199.41.
Schierenback, Zenobic—J. A. Nottonson, $515.
Strauss, Wm. L.—Lee Tire and Rubber Co., $117.38.
Sigismundi, Frank; Eugenio Nocchieri, and Raffaelo D. Sonm—G. Sigismundi, $163.71.
Turner, John J.—American Agricultural Chemical Co., $376.49.
Tannenbaum, Philip F.—M. Bloomer, $103.08.
Walsh, M.—C. P. Leggett, $270.65.
Wabash R. R. Co., Edw. T. Jeffery, Winslow S. Pierce, George J. Gould, Alvin W. Krech, and Robert Goelet—K. Pollitz, $1,262.82.
Wolansky Display Fixture Co., Inc.—Phoenix Foundry Co., $148.08.
Woodcock, Daniel, and Clarence E. Hopkins or Pauly H. Haackst—L. Hull, $31.53.
Wilkinson Brass Co.—Manhattan Brass Co., $2,067.86.
Young, Everett—Beacon Falls Rubber Shoe Co., $366.91.

In Bronx County.

Carvino, Francesco—J. Balzano, $129.81.
Coram, Joseph A., and Charles R. Macauley—Crystal Film Co., $259.03.
Donohue, Peter J.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $37.29.
Goldfine, Joseph—J. Segan, $64.97.
Gaynor, Martha—State of N. Y., $500.
Hartmann, Emil A.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $30.07.
Ireland, Augustus P.—W. H. Paynter, $936.72.
Kirby, Isaac M.—B. Greenthal, $122.
Roth, Christian—N. Y. Telephone Co., $20.88.
Richmond Borough Dairy Co.—W. M. Silverman et al., $61.29.
Schmitz & Eulenstein, Inc.—F. Ramstedt, $271.30.
Trenholm, Julius D.—Biltmore-Blenheim Co., $99.72.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Clark, J. Malcolm—J. J. Morris, June 30, 1915, $273.42.
Charlop, Morris, Joseph Charlop, and Baust Ginsberg—D. Hirsch, July 10, 1915, $991.69.
Eldred, Byron E.—M. A. Kenna et al., March 18, 1911, $445.26.
Hochdorf, M. Harold—National Nassau Bank of N. Y., July 17, 1915, $605.10.
Hall, Susie S.—E. L. Richards, June 24, 1915, $922.65.
Lord, Frances T.—E. L. Richards, June 24, 1914, $2,841.
Mayer, Max, and Lillie Siegbert—E. L. Richards, June 24, 1915, $4,456.45.
National Surety Co.—S. Silberfeld, Feb. 18, 1915, $1,386.26.
Purabla Oil Co.—J. Tischler, March 9, 1915, $334.59.
Rosthal, Samuel and Mathilde—E. Heller & Co., Feb. 27, 1913, $174.21.
Sulzberger & Sons Co.—People, &c., Oct. 18, 1913, $500.
Same—Same, Oct. 18, 1913, $500.
Same—Same, Oct. 18, 1913, $500.
Stewart, William D.—L. Franchetti, May 10, 1915, $126.18.
Schwarz, Joseph—Stewart Distilling Co., May 11, 1915, $161.58.

In Bronx County.

Stanton, Peter B.—C. Ella, June 24, 1915, $413.48.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Motion days during the months of July, August, and September, 1915, will be as follows:

Bankruptcy motions on Wednesday, July 28; Aug. 4, 11, 18, and 25; Sept. 1, 8, 15, 22, and 29.

General motions on July 29; Aug. 5, 11, 19, 26; Sept. 2, 9, 16, 23, and 30, 1915.

Notes of issue for the bankruptcy motion calendar must be filed on the Monday preceding the motion day.

Notes of issue for the general motion calendar must be filed not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the motion day.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Naturalizations at 9:30 A. M.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Meyer<Phial & Reading C & I Co.
Phillipson<Smith (2.)
Re Riverside Drive (W 181st St.)
Konze<Ulrich.
Meyer<Buckridge.
Western Fish Co<Herman Finkelstein, Inc.
Amas<Rosthal.
Re Lask.
Calhoun<Calhoun.
Koster<Union Tr Co.
Re London<Edelman.
Mutual Life Ins Co<Fisher.
De Vivo<De Vivo.
Wisch<Rudiger.
Merchants Nat Bank<Collora (3.)
Cavinato<Piccirilli.
Naumann<Goldberg.
Romanow<Romanow.
Benguiat<Benguiat.
Hydrox Chem Co<NY Food Products Co.
Itzkowitz<Bronitzky.
Moran<Kronenberg's 77th St Garage Co.
Oshman<Levine.
Klosner<Klosner.
Freudenfels<Rasmussen.
Emigrant Ind Sav Bank<Lansing.
Excelsior Sav Bank<Lippmann (2.)
Inkelas<Inkelas.
Keiser<Keiser.
Meyer-Sniffen Co<Hosford.
Life Photo Film Co<Alco Film Corp.
Martin<Martin.
Laurillard<Robertson.
Same<Anglo-Am Film Corp.
Jacobs<Jacobs.
Re Hess (Sternfeld.)
Ostraticzsky<Ostraticzsky.
Miller<Goldberg.
Batchelor<Hinkle.
Re Reich.
Osleeb<Kanais.
Crane<Baldwin.
Haviland<Allen.
Re Nadler.
Sussman<Sussman.
Mrotosky<Mrotosky.
NY Life Ins Co<Reed Realty Co.
Greenwich Sav Bank<Mallon.
Rockland Co Trust Co<Lucas.
Same<same (Farrell.)
Finkel<Ehrenworth.
Moju Rubber Plantation Dev Co<Hutter.
Zigmont<Penn Coal.
Doherty<Smith.
Jacobs<Tischler.
Ditmars<McDermott.
Re Nadler.
Clarke<Miller.
Re Wallach.
Restivo<Castle Bros.
Max Fleischmann Co<Madison Av R E Co.
Scanlon<Smith.
Flynn<Woods.
Leake & Watts Orphan House<Harris.
Re Hess.
Wurtzel<Wurtzel.
Furze<CNY.
Lieberman<Lieberman.
Koves<Freed.
Austin Nichols & Co<Manhattan Ry.
Gruenwald<Gruenwald.
De Vito<Festa.
Re Cammann.
Am Auto Supply Co<Gabriel.
Atkins<Oussani.

PART II.—Philbin, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART IV.—Recess.

PARTS III., V., VI., VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS.—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII., adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Wills for probate:
Edward Tait,
Mary Kirk,
Arthur J Turner,
Simon A Weisman,
Dorothy M Rohrig.

TRIAL TERM—(June term continued)—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Contested will Lillian Nordica Young.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Kaplan<Schmidt.
Welsh's Sons<Saitta.
Tancer<Vacarini.
Davis<McKenna.
Greenwich Litho Co<Globe F & F Co.
Starace<Coleman.
Cook & Bernheimer Co<Keller.
Calcott & Co<Cushing.
McCarthy & Bro<Cutrone.
Merritt<Gibbins.
Aldebarab Co<Gold.
Rosenwasser<Glickfeld.
Nichols Power Co<H Robertson & Co.
Bevans<Meagher.
Howell<Orcutt.
Hoffman<Zauderer.
Brewton<Autopress Co
Ritzo<Kenny.
Reich<Schermerhorn.
Baum<Rosenberg.
Zimmerman<Rosenfeld
Israel<Fleischer.
Cohen<Kaufman.
Schwartz<Delancey Rty Co.
Epstein<Wendt.
Heine<Cohen.
Levine<Oblos.
Felsenthal<Scheuer.
Chalmers Motor Co<Abrahams.
Hanford<Rosen.
Cerrato<Perla.

PART II.—Schmuck, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—PARTS I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Mutual Life Ins Co<Halliday—John J Hynes. Re Lalor (E 233d St)—Theodore K McCarthy. Griffith<Doctor—Edward D. Dowling. Re Redbord—George B Hayes. Archer<Lewinthan—Maurice Deiches.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Rector, &c, Church of Zion and St Timothy<Goldfinger—Edward R Finch. Seligman<Schwartz—William G Peckham.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Christian J. Moller<Patrick J McMahon—Herbert J Goodwin. Metropolitan Savings Bank<Martha Huebener—Townsend Morgan. Henrietta Steinberger<Agnes M Ryan—Jacob Katz. Tompkins Kiel Marble Co<Victor A Fucigues—Townsend Morgan.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Re Liposo Co, Ltd—Charles J Turck.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—Motion calendar adjourned to July 27.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Brady, J.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Larkin<Farrell.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Rhinelander Real Estate Co<Stebbins Holding Co (3)—Edward F. Moran. Phraner<Westchester Woodworking Co—Joseph P Hennessy. Valentine<Tully Co—Louis E Sisson. Vause<Cannizzaro—Matthew P Doyle. Farmers Loan & Trust Co<Turner—Daniel P Sullivan.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Kelly, J.—Contested motions.

Hayes<Austin et al.
O'Brien<Decker et al.
Diener<Diener.
Hellebrand<Helebrand.
Kantor<Katz et al.
Wood et al<Kaloke et al.
Wilcox et al<Vause.
Municipal Liens Co<Slosson Co.
Hinze<Hinze.
Small<Hasbrouk et al.
Markowski<Congress Brewing Co.
Shepherd<Ife et al.
Re Guild, (Mandamus.)
Pease Piano Co<Burns.
Stone<Stone.
Robertson, adm'x<Towne et al.
Re Kings Co Trust Co, (Brown.)
Germania Sav'gs Bank<Castarella et al.
Bennett<Buchanan.
Weinstein<Bouvier et al.
Ottenberg<Davis.
Wachs<Ginsberg.
Indian Refining Co<Roessler, Jr.
Annunziata, an infant<Tulin et al.
Burkhardt<Burkhardt.
Rudnik<Hess.
Stevenson<Gilberts et al.
Gallagher<Nolan et al
Rouse<Robertson.
Re New Utrecht Av.
Re Rutland Road.
Re Church Av. (3.)
Schaaf<Woods et al.
Ricciardi<Ricciardi.
Island Jockey Club<Purdy et al.
Oyster Bay Land Co<Jones et al.
Rhinow<Rhinow.
Hull, as Trustee<52d St Storage H'se.
Goldberg<Weinberg.
Duryea<Auerbach et al.
Pearce<Strosh.
Henshaw et al<Vincent et al.
Baumann<CNY.
Daly<Kingsbury.

PART II.—Kelly, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—No calendar.

TRIAL TERM—No calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL—No calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Minnie Cockman,
Charles Johnson,
Minnie Sturm,
John F. Smith,
Cecelia Barnabie,
Johanna G. Bruns.
Administration of:
Mike Dello,
Richard C. Proctor.
Accounting of:
Ralph Archibald,
Eliza Crosby,
Rosemary McMahon,
Fannie E. Davis Walden,
Lydia Easton,
Levi Cohen,
James Skelly,
Louisa Muller,
John Krogmann,
Peter Hickey,
Max Berger,
Moses Karnell.
Estates of:
Joseph Miller,
William Malley,
Harry Herman.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21,961.—In Bankruptcy.—WENDELIN HOEPPEL, Bankrupt.

Wendelin Hoeppel was duly adjudicated bankrupt on July 16th, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on August 2nd, 1915, at 10 o'clock A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments, 8 A. M., July 22, Lieuts. from commands indicated to Training School: E. F. Hayes, 5; F. W. Blohm, 25; J. W. Donnelly, 29; J. J. Fitzpatrick, 154; H. McQueeney, 274; R. Gray, 18; J. P. Collins, 81; J. E. McGrath, 63; T. Brennan, 163; J. J. Wall, Traffic A; 4 P. M., July 22, Patrol. J. Sweeney, 36, to 172; H. C. Ryan, 169, to 172; P. F. Duane, 172, to 169; 8 A. M., Aug. 2, Matron, E. G. Du Bois, Det. B., to 14, designation as Act. Det. Serg't. 2d Gr.

Temporary assignments: Insp. T. H. Murphy, 15 I. D., in command 16 I. D., in addition to his own, 4 days, 9 A. M., July 27; Surgeons A. H. Brown, 8 S. D., in charge 10 S. D., in addition to his own, 8 days, 6 A. M., July 24; P. F. O'Hanlon, 11 S. D., in charge 23 S. D., in addition to his own, 4 days, 8 A. M. July 23; F. R. Oastler, 20 S. D., in charge of 22 S. D., in addition to his own, 20 days, 6 A. M. July 22; Lieut. P. J. Joyce, 61, to T. S., 10 days, 8 A. M. July 22; Patrol. W. D. I. Waters, Marine Div., to C. O., duty in office of Third Deputy Comm., 20 days, 4 P. M. July 20; Matron Maria A. H. Young, 155, to D. B., 30 days, 8 A. M. July 20.

Leaves of absence: With full pay, Inspr. S. A. McElroy, 16 I. D., 4 days, 9 A. M., July 27, to be deducted from vacation; Surgeons C. J. Dillon, 10 S. D., 8 days, 6 A. M., July 24, to be deducted from vacation; F. J. Murray, 22 S. D., 20 days, 6 A. M., July 22, vacation; J. A. Becker, 23 S. D., 4 days, 8 A. M., July 23, to be deducted from vacation. Without pay, Lieut. J. Yost, 155, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 27; Sergt. J. Foster, 21, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 25; Patrol. T. A. Kelly, 1, 8 days, 8 A. M., July 22; J. P. Le Strange, 17, 1 day, 4 A. M., July 26; S. Kaplan, 18, 2 days, 12:01 A. M., July 25; F. J. Niedhamer, 43, 1 day, 4 P. M., July 24; J. J. Duggan, 66, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 20; W. J. Garvey, 69, 8 days, 4 P. M., Aug. 2; T. J. Stephens, 69, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 18; J. J. Corbett, 144, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 21; C. J. Hoffmann, 144, 1 day, noon, July 21; C. O. J. Anderson, 145, 1 day, 4 P. M., July 21; J. J. Fisher, 157, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 19; W. C. Franke, 164, 2 days, 4 P. M., July 25; N. A. Benson, 164, 1 day, 8 A. M., July 20; A. Kolson, 278, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., July 19.

FINES IMPOSED.

Patrol. M. J. Howley, 26th, (reported sick, found to be feigning illness,) 10 days; M. J. Howley, 26th, (absent without leave, reported sick,) 5 days; J. D. Cramb, (absent from post,) 10 days; W. J. Wiegand, 276th, (failed to report at end of vacation, absent without leave,) ½ day; J. Goldstein, 283d, (absent from post, seated at table in drug store, blouse and hat off,) 3 days.

Reprimanded—Lieut. J. Lake, 168th, (failed to promptly notify Telegraph Bureau of accident;) Sergt. A. T. Atwater, 150th, (was not in neat and clean condition;) Patrol. J. W. Abt, 6th, (improper patrol, coming from premises;) L. Winters, 13th, (failed to notify desk officer that he had received a summons;) W. J. Hooks, 18th, (absent from post, coming from premises;) J. D. Baumann, 26th, (absent from reserve duty;) F. W. Buck, 26th, (absent from post;) F. Girvin, 26th, (absent from post, coming from liquor saloon;) O. A. B. Gruber, 26th, (absent from post, coming from premises;) C. J. O'Connor, 28th, (absent from trial room;) J. P. O'Connor, 28th, (failed to signal;) T. J. Crowe, 29th, (absent from post;) T. Gaine, 29th, (absent from post;) P. L. Szermer, 29th, (improper patrol;) F. Koch, 31st, (absent from post;) R. M. Tweed, 32d, (absent from post, in fire house;) L. M. Washburn, 40th, (failed to signal;) H. F. Bresnan, 42d, (while on sick report was absent from residence without permission;) T. McManus, 66th, (absent from post, in premises;) W. J. Junior, 68th, (absent without leave;) F. L. Cantwell, 145th, (improper patrol;) H. L. Bradley, 149th, (absent from post, standing in theatre;) H. F. Praetz, 156th, (same;) J. F. Kiernan, 159th, (improper patrol;) L. O. Hellmuth, 161st, (charge preferred while attached to 159th; absent from post, coming from premises;) M. H. McCormack, 162d, (absent from post;) W. Barnard, 169th, (smoking pipe in corridor of station house.)

Fire Department.

Death Announced: Fire. 1st gr. J. J. Burns, Eng. 212, at 7:15 A. M., July 20. Funeral will take place from his late residence, 1,023 Fresh Pond Road, Queens, at 2 P. M., on the 23d. Interment at St. John's Cemetery. Members of Eng. 212 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers.

Reprimanded: Fire. 1st gr. A. Gregory, Eng. 41, neglect of duty; A. T. Callahan, Eng. 41, same.

Special Leaves of Absence, Without Pay: Eng. of St'r J. J. Brown, Eng. 78, 14 hours, 6 P. M., July 22; Fire. 2d gr. C. Goldstein, H. & L. 35, 84 hours, 8 A. M., July 25; Eng. of St'r G. F. Clifford, Eng. 55, 84 hours 8 A. M., July 24; Fire. 1st gr. J. J. Tierney, Eng. 154, 48 hours, noon, July 22; Lieut. J. Dredger, H. & L. 119, 12 hours, 12 noon, July 22.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEW PREMIER MARKET, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, July 22, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 123 West 89th Street, at Baily Stable Co., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of 1 single wagon, 1 sorrel horse, 1 open buggy, harness, etc. JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
LEON DASHEW, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIGMUND HOLLINGER, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, August 2nd, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 167-169 Canal St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of plated jewelry, notions, peddlers' supplies, belts, safe, cash register, fixtures, etc. HENRY LESSER, Assignee.
ROSENBERG, LEVIS & BALL, Attorneys for Assignee, 74 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 21,195.—JACOB LEHRER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Jacob Lehrer, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 8th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 25th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 20th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 19,744.—HENRY WEISS, individually and as sole surviving member of the firm of G. B. WEISS & SON, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Henry Weiss, individually and as sole surviving member of the firm of G. B. Weiss & Son, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 28th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 25th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 20th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 19,872.—YOUMANS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Youmans, bankrupt, has filed its petition, dated July 12th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all its debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 25th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 20th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the Matter of MANHATTAN RIBBON COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 20,810.

The above entitled proceeding has been referred to me as Referee in Bankruptcy under Section 12a of the Bankruptcy act, to call a meeting of creditors for the purpose of offering a composition, allowance of claims, examination of the alleged bankrupt, and the preservation and conduct of the estate. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on Aug. 2d, 1915, at 1 P. M., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
July 22, 1915.

NO. 21748.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of OSCAR BERLER, Bankrupt.

Oscar Berler was duly adjudicated bankrupt July 18th, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, August 2nd, 1915, at 12 o'clock. Creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. An offer of composition will also be made by the bankrupt.

July 20th, 1915.
MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 21,809.—LAZARUS KAHNER and MILTON L. KAHNER, individually and as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of L. KAHNER & SON, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Lazarus Kahner and Milton L. Kahner, individually and as co-partners doing business under the firm name and style of L. Kahner & Son, bankrupts, have filed their petition dated July 12th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 25th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 20th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 19,860.—ABRAHAM WEINSTOCK, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that ABRAHAM WEINSTOCK, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 30th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 25th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 20th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—No. 20,122.—HERRIS OLDAK, also known as HARRIS OLDAK, also known as HARRY OLDAK, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Herris Oldak, also known as Harris Oldak, also known as Harry Oldak, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 20th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, August 25th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 20th, 1915.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BELMONT WAIST & DRESS CO., INC., Alleged Bankrupt. No. 21,912.

Notice is hereby given that a petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the alleged bankrupt herein, and a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, City of New York, on the 2nd day of August, A. D., 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, to consider an offer of composition, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated July 20th, 1915.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 20197.—In Bankruptcy.—MARGARET M. FRITZ, Bankrupt.

Margaret M. Fritz was duly adjudicated bankrupt on July 21, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, City of New York, on August 2, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, July 21, 1915.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—CHARLES GOODWIN EMERY ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of Joseph Atwell, Surrogate of the County of Jefferson, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Charles Goodwin Emery, late of the Town of Clayton, in said County of Jefferson, deceased, that they are required to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Executors, &c., of said deceased, at their place of transacting business at the office of James T. Kilbreth and Henry G. Schackno, No. 45 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on or before the 30th day of July next.

Dated the 25th day of January, 1915.

FRANK WHITNEY EMERY,
LUCIEN OUDIN,
Executors.
JAMES T. KILBRETH, HENRY G. SCHACKNO, Attorneys for Executors, 45 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

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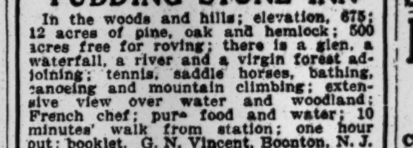

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In the woods and hills; elevation, 675; 12 acres of pine, oak and hemlock; 500 acres free for roving; there is a glen, a waterfall, a river and a virgin forest adjoining; tennis, saddle horses, bathing, canoeing and mountain climbing; extensive view over water and woodland; French chef; pure food and water; 10 minutes' walk from station; one hour out; booklet. G. N. Vincent, Boonton, N. J.

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On Lake Hopatcong, Mt. Arlington, N. J.
The ideal hotel at which to enjoy the Summer or the week-end. Elevation 1,400 feet. No malaria; no mosquitoes. Only one hour from New York, via D., L. & W. R. R., enables the business man to commute at $12 a month and get the benefit of the same cool, bracing mountain air which usually requires a day's travel. 300 rooms, with hot and cold running water; 100 private bath suites. Motor boating, canoeing, bathing, fishing, golf, tennis, saddle horses. Excellent motoring. Orchestra, dances, cafe, grill. Booklet with auto maps and special July and family rates mailed. 'Phone No. 1—Hopatcong.
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An Unexcelled Hotel on the Ocean Front With Every Attraction for the Summer Visitor.
Daily Concerts and Dances.
Palm and Tea Room Overlooking the Ocean.
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Golf, Motoring, Fishing, Riding.
Edwin S. Tyng, Booking Representative. Frank F. Shute, Manager.

NEW MONTEREY HOTEL
North Asbury Park, N. J.
Healthful climate and no mosquitoes. Bathing facilities unexcelled. Tennis courts and golf links adjacent. Hot and cold salt water supply in bathrooms throughout—every modern convenience. Capacity 500. Frank F. Shute, Mgr.

Hotel Montclair
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESORT IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS.
Pure, Invigorating Air. No Mosquitoes. Exclusive Clientele. Golf. Splendid Orchestra. Dancing. English Grill. Private Motor Bus Meets All Trains.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY.

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One of the largest ocean front hotels. Best location; modern; running water in rooms; tennis courts; orchestra; capacity 300. C. A. APPLEGATE.

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"A RESORT IN ITSELF."
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Best Located Popular Price Family Hotel
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N. Y. Ave. 50 yards from Boardwalk. Overlooking lawn and ocean. Capacity 400. Elevator, private baths, running water. Special free features, lawn tennis court and dance floor. Bathing from hotel; shower baths. RATES—$10 TO $17.50 WEEKLY, $2 UP DAILY. American Plan. Write for free booklet and points of interest in Atlantic City. AUG. RUHWADEL.

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Ocean front, heart of Atlantic City; Fireproof; open always. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. "Latz-keller"; grill, orchestra; dancing, garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

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Thoroughly Modern. A recognized standard of excellence. Capacity 600.
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THE LEADING RESORT HOTEL OF THE WORLD
Marlborough-Blenheim
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THE LARGEST FIREPROOF RESORT HOTEL IN THE WORLD
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Three golf courses, saddle horses, tennis, dancing, motoring, fine drives, etc. Accommodates 500. Write for circular.
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FENWICK-ON-THE-SOUND,
SAYBROOK, CONN.
Directly on Long Island Sound at mouth of Connecticut River. Golf, tennis, bathing, boating. Ballroom; six-piece orchestra. Rooms en suite, with or without private bath. Rates $12.50 and upward per week. American plan. Booklet. Yale student waiters.
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Watch Hill House
Also THE COLONIAL
NOW OPEN. WATCH HILL, R. I.
MOST PERFECT SEASHORE RESORT.
Always Cool; No Flies or Mosquitoes.
Surf and still water bathing, 18-hole Golf Course. Tennis. Orchestra. A la Carte Grill. White service throughout. A. E. DICK.

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AND 12 COTTAGES
ON LAKE BOMOSEEN,
Castleton, Vt. Music. Fresh Vegetables. Electric lights. Rooms, with or without bath. Bathing and boating. Send for circular. H. B. ELLIS, Prop.

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Leading Summer hotel on Cape Cod. Rooms, with or without bath; golf, tennis, &c.; bathing unexcelled; sailing, fishing; fireproof garage. Write for booklet.
Frederick T. Wilkey, Propr.

THE EDGEWOOD, Greenwich, Conn.
Golf. Tennis. Club House. Now open.

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For booklets write 171 Broadway.

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The Finest Resort Hotel In Northeastern Pennsylvania.
Mount Pleasant House
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Rebuilt—enlarged—modernized. 105 rooms, 24 en suite with private bath and running water in rooms. Bell service, gas, orchestra, dancing, and all outdoor sports. FREE GARAGE—accommodations for 40 cars. Charming walks, good roads, magnificent views. Unique in quality of food, cooking and service. OPEN ALL YEAR. For illustrated literature, room plan, auto map and rates address
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Home of the Famous
Golf Course
of the Shawnee Country Club.
T. Edmund Krumbholz, Mgr.
Winter—The Kirkwood, Camden, S. C.
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W. J. & M. D. Price, Canadensis, Pa.

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Harlem, Bronx and Dyckman Properties Figure in Small Trades—Ex-Senator McClelland Sells His Dobbs Ferry Estate—New $40,000 Theatre—Many Mortgage Loans Placed.

Quiet conditions prevailed in the realty market yesterday. Harlem furnished two deals, both of which had trade elements, one involving a plot in the Dyckman section and the other a new Bronx apartment.

The former transaction included the purchase by J. Leland Wells of four lots on the north side of Cooper Street, 100 feet south of 204th Street, the entire plot being 100 by 100 feet. They were bought from John Lawson, who took in exchange from Mr. Wells the four-story flat at 237 West 126th Street, on a lot 25 by 100 feet, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. Slawson & Hobbs were the brokers in the deal. Title to both properties passed yesterday.

The second deal involved the sale by Eliza Keltsch of the three-story dwelling at 422 Lenox Avenue, on a plot 16.7 by 75 feet, adjoining the northeast corner of 131st Street. The buyer was the Hoffman Realty Company, which took it in part payment for the five-story apartment house at 1,900 Daly Avenue, a plot 37.10 by 150 feet, being one of two houses erected there by the Hoffman Realty Company two years ago. The other house was sold a year ago. The property values aggregated about $50,000. The brokers were Smith & Phelps and Scheele & Wiebke.

Harlem Dwelling Resold.

The three-story dwelling at 128 West 119th Street, on a plot 20 by 100.11 feet, between Seventh and Lenox Avenues, has been resold by Lizzie L. Hall to Mrs. Eda C. Fleming. The seller acquired it recently at foreclosure proceedings for $17,000.

$30,000 Sale at Dobbs Ferry.

Kenneth Ives & Co. have sold for Ex-Senator Charles P. McClellenad his place at Dobbs Ferry-on-the-Hudson, to a client for occupancy. The property is on Clinton Avenue, near the Misses Masters' School for Girls, and contains about two acres, a brick residence, stable, &c. It was held at $30,000.

Brooklyn.

The Rockmore Realty Company, Inc., Henry Rockmore, President, has sold 9,428 Forbell Avenue, a two-story brick dwelling, on a lot 18 by 115, to John Roman; also the northwest corner of Weldon Street and Railroad Avenue, a lot 75 by 97.8, to the Dellon Building Company for improvement, and the northeast corner Euclid Avenue and Glen Street, 145 by 80 feet, to the Marba Realty Corporation for improvement.

John Pullman has sold 355 Douglass Street, near the Fourth Avenue Subway, a three-story single brick tenement, on a plot 20 by 100 feet, for Mrs. Ellen B. Terry to Morris Finkel for investment.

Long Island.

L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co. have sold at Plandome on Manhasset Bay to a New York client a plot, 100 by 132, on the north side of Central Drive. Ground has been broken for a residence from plans prepared by F. G. Lippert.

The Mercantile Land and Improvement Company has conveyed to Samuel A. Megeath of Ardsley-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., three parcels of upland east of Whitestone Landing, aggregating 36 acres with a frontage of 1,077 feet on the west side of Little Bay and extending back 1,874 feet to Cryder's Lane. The conveyance also includes 7 acres under water. The consideration was $95,000. The purchaser will develop the property for home sites.

New Jersey.

The three-story shingle residence on the east side of South Mountain Avenue, Montclair, has been sold by Vincent S. Mulford to Dr. C. Reckleff. The residence is situated opposite the Mulford estate and was held at $30,000. F. M. Crawley & Bros. were the brokers.

New $40,000 Theatre.

The New Fourteenth Street Theatre, Inc., filed plans yesterday for a one-story moving picture house, which it plans to build on the plot, 52 by 103.3, on the north side of Fourteenth Street, 157 feet west of Second Avenue. The cost is estimated by Architect L. F. J. Weiher at $40,000.

$100,000 Seventh Avenue Loan.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., have procured from the New York Savings Bank a first mortgage loan of $100,000 for three years at 5 per cent. per annum on the property, 430-434 Seventh Avenue, recently taken in exchange for the twelve-story loft building at 115-25 West Thirtieth Street by the F. & L. Building Company.

The Seventh Avenue property is about 50 by 100 and 49 feet from the southwest corner of Thirty-fourth Street. No definite improvement is planned at this time.

$201,550 in Loans Placed.

Daviod Lion has placed the following mortgages: $34,800 on 57-61 Downing Street; $10,500 on Grand Boulevard and 188th Street, vacant; $30,000 on 63 and 67 Sullivan Street; $25,000 on 793 Amsterdam Avenue; $7,500 on 30 Sixth Avenue; $51,000 on 175-79 Second Street; $24,000 on 548 Grand Street; $18,750 on 125 West 138th Street.

Commercial Leases.

The S. H. Raphael Company has leased for George Ehret the store 106 West 125th Street for a term of years to Richman Brothers, ladies' tailors.

The five-story American basement dwelling at 100 East Fifty-seventh Street, just east of Park Avenue, has been leased for a long term of years to Jean & Andree, lingerie, now located on East Sixteenth Street. The house, which occupies a lot 20 by 100, is owned by Henry A. Taylor.

L. Tanenbaum, Strauss & Co., Inc., have leased for the Corporation of Trinity Church to the Anger-Brohel Company, manufacturers of macaroni, the entire seven-story-and-basement building 236 and 238 Spring Street, containing 50,000 square feet, for a long term of years.

Unger & Watson, Inc., have leased for a term of years the building at 303 East Fortieth Street for Louis T. Lehmeyer to John Thompson.

Spear & Co. have rented for Mary E. Pinchot the entire building at 211-213 Wooster Street to Nicholas Doddato Company.

Real Estate Notes.

The rapid growth of the Chamber of Commerce of the Borough of Queens in the past four years since its organization in 1911 has caused the Board of Directors to consider an amendment to the by-laws to increase the membership from 200 to 300 members in orders to take in representatives of the many new manufacturing and commercial enterprices that are coming into every section of the borough.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

119th St, 10 East, s s, 141.8 ft e of 5th Av, 15.7x100.11, three-story dwelling; C. M. Child et al., trustees, against Margo Gordon et al.; Samuel Riker, Jr., attorney; Richard Steel, referee; due, $8,201.27; taxes, &c., $429.87; to the plaintiff for $7,000.

Amsterdam Av, 2,107, e s, 75 ft n of 164th St, 25x100, four-story tenement and stores; M. J. Mondorf against Arthur Otten et al.; W. F. Clare, attorney; Hal Bell, referee; due, $11,152.31; taxes, &c., $818.45; to the defendant for $18,000.

62d St, 218 West, s s, 275 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, five-story flat; L. T. Lehmeyer against Bertha Steinbuehler et al.; M. S. Marden, attorney; L D. Morrison, referee; due, $15,881.62; taxes, &c., $191.35; to the plaintiff for $11,500.

By Henry Brady.

Division St, 261-3, s s, 128.6 ft e of Montgomery St, 41x42, two and three story tenements and stores; Metropolitan Savings Bank against J. L. Young et al.; A. S. & W. Hutchins, attorneys; George W. Simpson, referee; due, $17,332.47; taxes, &c., $1,083.44; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Henry B. Ketcham.

Canal St, 67 to 71, n e corner of Allen St, 50x54.6, two five-story brick tenements and stores; also

65th St, 170 West, s s, about 128 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; adjourned to July 28.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By James J. Donovan.

Jerome Av, e s, 189.1 ft n of 172d St, 37.8x30.7x21.11, gore, vacant; E. L. Brown against William Seitz et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; J. J. Silver, referee; due, $462.45; taxes, &c., $126; to the plaintiff for $100.

By J. H. Mayers.

Interior parcel at a point 52.5 ft w of Townsend Av, near 172d St, 25x50; adjourned to July 23.

Loans on Furniture

2% per month on unpaid balances; monthly installments; confidential; call in person.
CHATTEL LOAN SOCIETY,
(A Personal Loan Company) Under State Supervision
60 UNION SQUARE.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

30th St, 7 East, n s, 164.4 ft e of 5th Av, 21.5x81.2, three-story dwelling; J. W. Sterling against W. C. O'Brien et al.; J. A. Garver, attorney; N. T. Phillips, referee; due, $47,829.22; taxes, &c., $2,372.47.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

7th Av, 307 and 309, e s, 78.1 ft s of 28th St, 41.5x76.4x irregular, two five-story tenements and stores and two four-story rear tenements; C. N. Lee, executor against 28th St and 7th Av Realty Co. et al.; W. C. Orr, attorney; H. C. Quinby, referee; due, $63,670.28; taxes, &c., $852.56.

By Joseph P. Day.

7th Av, 328 to 332, w s, 49.2 ft s of 29th St, 74.7x99.3x74.7x100.7; 3 four-story buildings; F. M. Warburg et al., trustees, against G. W. Tubbs; Stroock & S., attorneys; H. E. Deming, referee; due, $129,082.47; taxes, &c., $5,548.95.

123d St, 414 East, s s, 212 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.11, four-story tenement and stores; Eleanor Le Roy against Rocco D'Amico et al.; Bowers & S., attorneys; B. M. L. Ernst, referee; due, $12,140.70; taxes, &c., $397.54.

By Samuel Marx.

85th St, 343 East, n s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x102.2; six-story flat and stores; Jacob Regensberg et al. against Dora Isaacson et al; Myron Sulzberger, attorney; J. F. Cohen, referee; due, $3,358.25; taxes, &c., $765.40; subject to first mortgage of $25,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By J. H. Mayers.

Grant Av, s s, 100 ft e of Garfield St, 25x100; Land & Lien Co. against Carrie Scheer et al.; Milton Frank, attorney; R. D. Paskett, referee; due, $640.72; taxes, &c., $85.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

212th St, n s, 100 ft e of 10th Av, for two five-story tenements, 42.6x87.10; Enwil Holding Company, 505 Fifth Av, owner; S. Katz, 405 Lexington Av, architect; cost......$60,000

14th St, n s, 157 ft w of 2d Av, for a one-story moving picture theatre, 52x103.3; New 14th Street Theatre Inc., 235 E. 14th St, owner; L. F. J. Weither, 271 W. 125th St, architect; cost......$40,000

Harlem River, n shore at w s of Third Av, for a one-story iron warehouse, 30x50; J. L. Mott, 2,122 Fifth Av, owner; B. H. and C. N. Whinston, Third Av, and 148th St, architect; cost......$2,500

Allen St, e s, 101 ft n of Canal St, for a two-story store, 23.8x46; Kalman Brasner, 24 Allen St, owner; Sass & Springsteen, 32 Union Square, architects; cost......$5,500

Broadway, e s, 29.6 ft n of 30th St, for a two-story and lofts, 76.2x110.5; M. A. Fitzgerald, 62 Cedar St, owner; H. P. A. Montgomery and J. T. Riggs, architects, 105 W. 40th St; cost......$30,000

West End Av, n e corner of 80th St, for a twelve-story apartment, 77.2x89.10; J. C. Mayer and M. G. Mayer, Inc., 1,150 Broadway, owner; Schwartz & Gross, 347 Fifth Av, architects; cost......$250,000

Sherman Av, s w corner Dyckman St, for two five-story tenements and stores, 50x90; J. B. C. Building Company, Inc., 30 E. 42d St., owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 Fifth Av, architects; cost......$100,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

5th Av, 471 to 485, 41st St, 1 to 7 East, and 42d St, 14 and 16 East, to a ten-story loft; Paramount Picture Film Company, 110 W. 40th St, lessees; J. A. Thorn, 110 W. 40th St, architect; cost......$8,000

88th St, 166 West, to a three-story and basement dwelling; H. C. Lawrence, premises, owner; V. Jarboe, 881 Fourth Av, architect; cost......$5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 173d St, 100x95; William Clark to Bank of Washington Heights, 1,915 Amsterdam Av, (mtg $166,000,) Jan. 5; attorney, John Whalen, 206 Broadway......$100

BROADWAY, 4,180, n e corner of 177th St, 91.2x115.9x89.10x100.2, (foreclosure July 16;) Lewis J. Conlan, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St., July 20; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St......$175,000

CANAL ST, s w corner of Orchard St, runs s 73x w 65.6x n 24.4x e .0¼x n 48.6 to street x e 65.5 to beginning; Rehsom Realty Corp'n to Louis Jarmulowsky, 152 West 87th St, and another, (mtg $175,000,) June 30; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 B'way......$100

COOPER ST, n s, 100 ft w of 204th St, 100x100; Edith W. Lawson to J. Leland Wells, Amityville, L. I., (mtg $10,000,) July 20; attorney, Kenneth McEwen, 30 Broad St.$100

KING ST, n s, 100 ft w of Congress St, 25x75; Samuel Levy to Peter Capellino, 23 King St, July 21, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$1

LENOX AV, w s, 24.11 ft s of 132d St, 25x75; Louis Block to Ida Newman, 103 West 117th St, all liens, July 20......$100

ROOSEVELT ST, 119 to 125, s w corner of Water St, 78.5x41.6x79.1x50.8; Rexton Realto Co. to Giuseppe Lavalle, on the premises, (mtg $11,000,) all liens, July 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$1

2D AV, 2,069, w s, 75.11 ft n of 106th St, 25x75; Julius Padore to R. Weinberg, Inc., 249 Kosciusko St, Brooklyn, all liens, July 24, 1914; attorney, A. T. Upson, 14 Wall St......$1

9TH AV, s e corner of 206th St, 49.11x100; Prescott Av, s s, 239.2 ft n e of Bolton Road, 25x105.3; William J. Huston, executor, to William J. Huston, 325 Edgecombe Av, July 7......$1

35TH ST, n s, 175 ft w of 9th Av, 24.11x98.9; Max Heller to West 38th Street Realty Corporation, 345 West 38th St, ½ part, July 19; attorney, S. Rubin, 5 Beekman St..$100

35TH ST, 417 West, n s, 199.11 ft w of 9th Av, 25.1x98.9; same to same, ½ part, July 19; same attorney......$100

37TH ST, 426 and 428 West, s s, 350 ft w of 9th Av, 50x98.9; Max Heller to West 38th Street Realty Corporation, 345 West 38th St, July 19; attorney, S. Rubin, 5 Beekman St......$100

38TH ST, n s, 175 ft e of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Max Heller to West 38th Street Realty Corporation, 345 West 38th St, July 19; attorney, S. Rubin, 5 Beekman St......$100

38TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 9th Av, 25x98.9; same to same, July 19; same attorney..$100

38TH ST, 130 East, s s, 60 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x24.9; Frances Spingold to Frangold Realty Company, (Mtg $10,000,) all liens, July 19; attorney, Jerome Wilzin, 35 Nassau St......$1

41ST ST, 308 West, s s, 125 ft w of 8th Av, 25x98.9; Max Heller to West 38th Street Realty Corporation, 345 West 38th St, July 19; attorney, S. Rubin, 5 Beekman St...$100

41ST ST, s s, 300 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; same to same, July 19; same attorney...$100

41ST ST, 424 West, s s, 325 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Max Heller to West Thirty-eighth Street Realty Corporation, 345 West 38th St, all liens, July 19; attorney, Sigmund Rubin, 5 Beekman St......$100

41ST ST, 426 West, s s, 350 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Max Heller to West Thirty-eighth Street Realty Corporation, 345 West 38th St, all liens, July 19; attorney, Sigmund Rubin, 5 Beekman St......$100

46TH ST, 154 West, s s, 203.3 ft e of 7th Av, 16.9x100.4; Frances Spingold to Frangold Realty Co., (mtg $25,000,) all liens, July 19; attorney, Jerome Wilzin, 35 Nassau St...$1

82D ST, 337 East, n s, 246 ft w of 1st Av, 21.7x102.2; Sophie Steinberg to Jacob Wildfeuer, 120 East 56th St, (mtg $9,500,) July 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

95TH ST, 111 East, n s, 90 ft e of Park Av, 18.6x100.8; Isabella Schwab to A. Marie Schwab, 35 West 96th St, ¼ part, all liens, July 12; M. B. & D. W. Blumenthal, 35 Nassau St......$1

117TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 25x100.11; Emile Meyer to Leybuck Co., 141 Broadway, (mtg $23,000,) all liens, July 20; attorneys, C. P. & W. W. Buckley, 141 Broadway..$200

119TH ST, 128 West, s s, 385 ft e of 7th Av, 20x100.11, (foreclosure July 15;) Meyer M. Friend, referee, to Lizzie L. Bull, 267 West 89th St, July 20; attorney, L. B. Warren, 261 Broadway......$17,000

119TH ST, 67 West, n s, 301 ft e of Lenox Av, 17x100.11; Levy & Markowitz, Inc., to Julia Levy, Paterson, N. J., (mtg $12,000,) July 19; attorney, Morris Cukor, 63 Park Row......$1

119TH ST, s s, 188 ft e of Pleasant Av, 20x100.10; Peter Capellino to Samuel Levy, 54 East 82d St, July 21, (mtg $6,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway......$1

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Levy to Anthony L. Parente, 185 Spring St, July 21; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway......$1

120TH ST, 135 West, n s, 297 ft e of 7th Av, 20x100.11; Levy & Markowitz, Inc., to Sarah Markowitz, 135 West 120th St, (mtg $14,125,) July 19; attorney, Morris Cukor, 63 Park Row......$1

124TH ST, s s, 174.6 ft e of 8th Av, 16.8x100.11; Charles B. Ludlow to Harry J. Dietrich, 228 South 9th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., July 19, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Charles S. Davison, 60 Wall St......$1

126TH ST, 237 West, n s, 300 ft w of 7th Av, 25x99.11; J. Leland Wells to Edith W. Lawson, 554 West 181st St, July 20; attorney, Thomas J. Meehan, 2 Rector St......$100

127TH ST, s s, 140 ft w of Park Av, 25x99.11; New York Trust Co. to Hubert Herzfeld, 948 Fox St, July 20, (mtg $10,250;) attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St......$1

128TH ST, 11 West, n s, 166.6 ft w of 5th Av, 18.5x99.11; Sophia Harrison to Minnie Salzman, 207 East 58th St, (mtg $10,000,) July 20; attorney, D. Dreschler, 140 Nassau St......$1

128TH ST, s s, 206.4 ft e of 8th Av, 20.10x99.11; Hugo S. Mack, referee, to Jane E. Barney, New Providence, N. J., July 14; attorney, Lewis S. Goebel, 41 Park Row.$6,000

134TH ST, 318 West, s s, 250 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11; James K. Holly, trustee will of Nathaniel Thurston, to Sophia A. Honer, 212 Kingston Av, Brooklyn, July 20; attorney, Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$21,000

134TH ST, 318 West, s s, 250 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11, (foreclosure July 13;) Alex. A. Tansky, referee, to James K. Holly, 11 Shipley St, Woodhaven, L. I., trustee will of Nathaniel Thurston, July 19......$21,000

215TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of 10th Av, 75x99.11; Max Marx to Andrew J. Cormick, 328 West 72d St, (mtg $7,500,) all liens, July 19; address, 244 5th Av......$1

Bronx.

BELMONT AV, w s, 375 ft s of 183d St, 25x60; Kate Clark to James J. Laracy, 450 East 186th St, (mtg $2,250,) July 21; attorney, Kate Clark, 2,209 Belmont Av......$1

SAME PROPERTY; James J. Laracy to John Clark and another, 2,209 Belmont Av, (mtg $2,250,) July 21; attorney, James J. Laracy, 450 East 186th St......$1

BRONX TERRACE, e s, 50 ft s of 10th Av, —x—x62x105; Charles E. Collins and another to Joseph C. M. Collins, 255 West 131st St, July 20; attorney, E. V. Daly, 32 Nassau St......$100

BURKE AV, s e corner of Barker Av, 25x99.7; E. B. McGarry to Esther V. McGarry, 660 Burke Av, July 16; attorney, E. B. McGarry, 660 Burke Av......$1

COLLEGE AV, s e s, 127.8 ft n e of 169th St, 25x100; Florence O'Connell to Mary J. O'Connell, 36 West 84th St, June 23; attorney, James D. McClelland, 302 Broadway.$1

KATONAH AV, w s, 50 ft n of 237th St, 25x85; Francis S. McAvoy, referee, to Rebecca B. Gourlie, 134 West 104th St, et al, executors, July 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$6,900

KATONAH AV, w s, 25 ft n of 237th St, 25x85; Francis S. McAvoy, referee, to Rebecca B. Gourlie, 134 West 104th St, et al, executors, July 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$6,900

LOT 16, Block 32, map of Ellen M. Hennessy; Nicholas J. Botsacos to W. Parsons Todd, 50 Hill St, Morristown, N. J., (mtg $910,) July 15; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$100

LOTS 271 to 273, map of Hunts Point Realty Co.; Prospect Holding Co. to Lawrence Davis, 76 Greene St, Newark, N. J., July 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

LOTS 23 and 24, Block C, map of Lester Park; E. B. McGarry to Esther V. McGarry, 660 Burke Av, (mtg $2,500,) July 16; attorney, E. B. McGarry, 660 Burke Av...$1

MOSHOLU PARKWAY SOUTH, n w corner of 204th St, 58.2 to e s of Cadiz Place x54x21.7; Marion Kennedy et al. to Henry McArdle and another, 271 East 204th St, (mtg $2,000,) July 20; attorneys, O'Hara Brothers......$1

POPLAR ST, s s, 101 ft e of Forest Av, 50.4x105.3; Charles H. Schliess to Carrie B. Ruhlender, 141 West 69th St, Oct. 14, 1914; attorney, Charles H. Schliess, 240 East 61st St......$100

POTTER PLACE, n s, being Lots 441 and 442, Map 3 of New York Private Park, 50x100; Loretta McArdle and another to Maria Kennedy, 263 East 204th St, (mtg $6,000,) July 20; attorney, Joseph I. Berry, 2,649 Webster Av......$1

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, e s, 50 ft n of 10th Av, 21.10x80.4; Laonia A. Dunn to Belville Tomkins, 3,956 White Plains Road, (mtg $2,000,) July 20; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

3D AV, w s, 148 ft n of 167th St, 25x141.5; Ida S. Monfried to Amelia Cooper, 469 3d Av, July 16; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

183D ST, s s, 126.5 ft w of Bathgate Av, 16x82.3; Samuel Fox to Bertha Fox, 504 East 183d St, July 16; attorney, E. Rolph, 535 East 177th St......$1

206TH ST, s s, 319.2 ft w of Ernescliff Place, 25x125; Emma Clark to Charles F. Brinck, 478 West 145th St, (mtg $4,000,) July 19; attorney, Thomas F. Keogh, 90 West Broadway......$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

KING ST, n s, 100 ft w of Congress St, 25x75; Peter Capellino to Joseph Razzetti, 735 East 182d St, July 21, prior mtg $18,000, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$2,600

MONROE ST, n s, 87.2 ft e of Market St, 25x100; Pierce Brennan to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, July 21, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$10,000

ROOSEVELT ST, 119 to 125, 78.5x41.6; Giuseppe Lavalle to Rexton Realty Co., 37 Liberty St, July 20, prior mtg $11,000, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$13,500

34TH ST, n s, 250 ft w of 10th Av, 25x98.9; George Fox et al. to Ada I. Anderson et al., 606 West 116th St, July 20, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$5,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Emma A. Brown, Newark, N. J., July 20, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney same......$3,000

70TH ST, s s, 385 ft e of Park Av, 20x80; Isabella Schwab to A. Marie Schwab, 35 West 96th St, July 12, due on sale of above, 6 p. c.; attorneys, M. B. & D. W. Blumenthal, 35 Nassau St......$5,000

82D ST, n s, 246 ft w of 1st Av, 21.7x102.2; Jacob Wildfeuer to Sophie Steinberg, 1,603 Pitkin Av, Brooklyn, July 15, prior mtg $6,500, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway......$3,000

85TH ST, n s, 235.11 ft w of Avenue A, 16.5x102.2; Marianne Bierman to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, July 20, 5 years, 5½ p. c......$4,000

119TH ST, s s, 188 ft e of Pleasant Av, 20x100.10; Anthony L. Parente to Samuel Levy, 54 East 82d St, July 21, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, W. B. Marx, 257 Broadway..$500

122D ST, n s, 73.6 ft w of 2d Av, 14x70; Gustav Bihldorff to Hy. W. Mandeville, 5,110 5th Av, Brooklyn, June 29, 3 years, 6 p. c......$3,500

125TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of Lenox Av, 50x201.10; Edward D. Farrell to Bowery Savings Bank, July 15, 5 years; attorneys, Cadwalader, W. & T., 40 Wall St......$100,000

126TH ST, n s, 300 ft w of 7th Av, 25x99.11; Edith W. Lawson to J. Leland Wells, Amityville, L. I., July 20, 5 years; attorney, Kenneth McEwen, 30 Broad St......$10,000

127TH ST, s s, 140 ft w of Park Av, 25x99.11; Hubert Herzfeld to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St, July 20, 3 years; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St......$10,250

134TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11; Sophia A. Honer to Angelina Champlin, Paris, France, July 20, 3 years; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 100 Broadway......$100

Bronx.

BEECH ST, s s, 250 ft e of Riverdale Av, 50x100; Mary McMahon to Ida C. Rosell, 455 Fort Washington Av, July 20, 3 years, interest as per bond; attorney, Banton Moore, 1 Liberty St......$2,500

CAULDWELL AV, 715, w s, 18.9x115; also Cauldwell Av, 717, w s, 18.9x115; Rosa Alper to Abraham Axler, 1,325 Franklin Av, prior mtg $12,900, July 19, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, N. M. Hutner, 320 Broadway......$1,750

HUGHES AV, 2,424, e s, 26.8x87.6; Gaetano Salerno to Bank Clerks' Co-operative Building and Loan Association, 26 Broad St, July 14, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$6,000

LOTS 271 to 273, map of Hunts Point Realty Company, 3 mtgs, each $1,000; Lawrence Davis to Grace S. Whiting, 7 Fifth Av, July 20, 3 years, 6 per cent.; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Company, 160 Broadway......$3,000

MERRIAM AV, w s, at s e s of University Av, 125x42.10x42.10x125; Sonwil Holding Company, Inc., to Abel King, 148 E. 65th St, and ano, (prior mtg, $45,000,) July 20, 3 years, 6 per cent.; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St......$8,000

MORRIS AV, e s, 111.1 ft n of 184th St, 120.2x127.2, also Creston Av, w s, 121.7 ft n of 184th St, 127.2x119; August H. Bievers to Blanche Wesselman, 875 West End Av, July 18, 3 years; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St......$3,000

MOSHOLU PARKWAY SOUTH, n e corner of 204th St, 58.2 to e s, of Cadiz Place x54x21.7; Henry McArdle to Susan Ashland, 478 St. Ann's Av, July 20, due July 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorneys, O'Hara Brothers, 200th St and Webster Av......$2,000

OGDEN AV, e s, 75 ft s of 162d St, 95x75 to 162d St x50x50x103.8 to Woodycrest Av, 100.9x236.2x75; Louisa Theriott to John J. Hagerty, 56 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, July 12, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Leslie, F. & McM., 165 Broadway......$2,500

ROAD from West Farms, n s, being lot 9, map of Geo. W. Hunt, 28.6x147.10; Eliz. Beckemeyer to Clausen-Flanagan Brewery, 441 W. 25th St, July 16, demand 6 per cent.; attorneys, Guggenheimer, U. & M., 37 Wall St......$300

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, e s, 50 ft n of 10th Av, 21.10x80.4; Belville Tomkins to Lavinia A. Dunn, 2,974 Valentine Av, (prior mtg $2,000,) July 20, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, O'Hara Brothers, 200th St and Webster Av......$4,000

3D AV, w s, 148 ft n of 167th St, 25x141.5; Amelia Cooper to Martin J. Browne, 140 East 150th St, July 20, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$6,500

5TH AV, n s, 138.4 ft e of 5th St, 66.8x113.5; Frank Lacativa to Minnie M. Kiefer, 880 Cauldwell Av, July 20, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$2,000

170TH ST, 580 East, s s, 17.4x97.8; also Stebbins Av, s e s, at n s of 167th St, 25x62.6; also land at Yorktown, N. Y., Charlotte J. Herbst to Dorothea Taylor, 202 Grandview Av, Plainfield, N. J., Jan. 20, 1911, due Jan. 20, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Phillips, M. & W., 51 Chambers St....$1,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, 66, store and part basement; George Koenig to Adolf Deutsch and another, 60 Avenue A, 3 10-12 years from July 1, 1915; attorney, George Meyer, 405 Lexington Av......$1,200

LENOX AV, s e corner of 136th St, store and basement; Aaron Coleman to Margaret F. Doyle, 2,310 7th Av, 6 5-12 years from May 1, 1915; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place......$2,700

3D AV, 7, store and basement; Annie E. Allin and another to Tony Capelli et al., 751 Gravesend Av, Brooklyn, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorneys, Frederick Fox & Co., 14 West 40th St......$1,416

126TH ST, 80 and 82 West, coatrooms and privileges; N. Taubenfeld, Inc., to Jacob Gladstone, 398 Hudson Av, Brooklyn, 1 year from Sept. 1, 1915; attorney, D. Taubenfeld, 299 Broadway......$300

Bronx.

BERGEN AV, n w s, at s s of 149th St, 204.3 to 3d Av x17.3 to Willis Av x 24.11x76.2x25x100x98.9; Crossways Realty Corporation to United Merchants Realty and Improvement Co., 44 West 18th St, May 1, 1917, to April 30, 1946; attorney, S. M. Stroock, 44 West 18th St..$25,000 to $30,000

UNIVERSITY AV, 1,755, store, &c; Decatur Construction Co. to Isaac Cohen, 1,402 Stebbins Av, 3 years from Aug. 1, 1915; attorney, I. Cohen, 1,755 University Av......$480 to $600

3D AV, 3,469, store and cellar; Amelia Cooper to Gustave A. Thoms and another, 3,469 3d Av, 4 years and 6 months from July —, 1915; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$780 to $840

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

LUDLOW ST, 87; Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America against Jacob Volk et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. H. Van Steenbergh.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, e s, 47.5 ft n of 152d St, 21.5x66.4; George H. Watson against E. G. Schroeder et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

17TH ST, 321 West; City Real Estate Co. against Scott B. Shepherd et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

32D ST, 310 and 312 East; Sara Barnett against Sybil Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. B. Marx.

36TH ST, 257 and 259 West; Tenement House Department against 257 and 259 West 36th St, (violation of tenement house law;) attorney, F. L. Polk.

40TH ST, 267 West; Tenement House Department against 267 West 40th St, (violation of tenement house law;) attorney, F. L. Polk.

114TH ST, 323 East; Commonwealth Insurance Co. of New York against Leah Strauss et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

114TH ST, 321 East; Commonwealth Insurance Co. of New York against Vincent Garofalo et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Bowers & Sands.

131ST ST, 218 West; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Martha Huebener et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins.

136TH ST, s s, 233.4 ft e of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11; E. J. Hancy et al. against William Tubridy et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft.

Bronx.

BRONXWOOD AV, e s, 109.2 ft n of 224th St, 48x110.9; Jefferson F. O'Reilly against David B. Havens et al., (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorney, G. A. Moses.

LOT 159, map of Unionport; Lena Ritter against Emma M. Murray et al., (action to foreclose transfer of tax lien;) attorney, J. Gans.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

173D ST, 555 West; Meyer D. Ludin against Reed Realty Co., owner and contractor..$810

7TH ST, 130 East; Van Wagoner-Linn Construction Co. against Ladislaws S. Schwank, owner and contractor, (renewal)......$354

2D ST, 223 East; Raisler Heating Co. against Harris Lustgarten, owner and contractor......$185

6TH AV, n e corner of 38th St, 46.8x85; Jacob Sawitz against Mary D. Nesmith and Nesmith Estate, owner; Taft Hotel Co. et al, contractors......$165

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BROADWAY, 683 and 685; Harry Scher against Robert Hoe Estate Co., Inc., et al, May 25, 1915......$200

BROADWAY, 1,368 and 1,370; Harry Scher against Robert Hoe Estate Co., Inc., et al, May 25, 1915......$115

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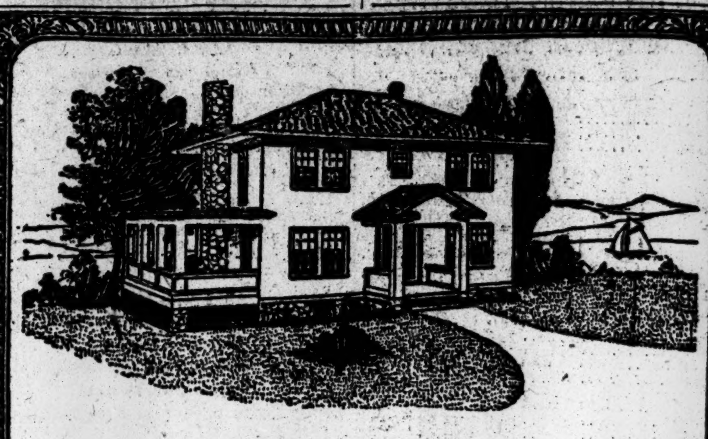

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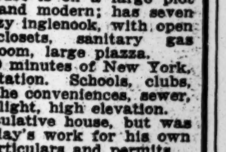

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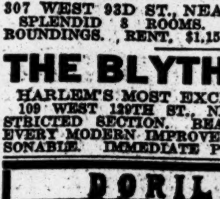
THE CLIFFSIDE
307 WEST 93D ST., NEAR WEST END AV. SPLENDID 8 ROOMS. EXCLUSIVE SURROUNDINGS. RENT, $1,150 TO $1,200.
THE BLYTHEWOOD
HARLEM'S MOST EXCLUSIVE HOUSE. 109 WEST 129TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV. RESTRICTED SECTION. BEAUTIFUL 8 ROOMS. EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT. RENT REASONABLE. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.



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MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE.
Unusual sunny exposure. Express subway station 100 feet away. Free electric light and refrigeration. 5-7-8 & 10-room vacancies at $1,400 to $3,500. See resident superintendent.
BROADWAY & 71ST ST.

261
Central Park West
N. W. CORNER 86TH ST.
9 Room Aparts. $2,000 Up
First Class Fireproof

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

202 WEST 78TH ST.
Eight rooms and bath, second floor; hall service; heat and hot water; $60.
BROADWAY, REMCO 98TH STREET.
'Phone, 1300 Riverside.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Where Does All the Money Come From to Run Autos?
Go Down to the Rockaway Coast
Look at the marvelous growth of Ocean front in the last ten years
From lonely beaches to fully developed Boardwalks.
You Can Then See Where
Some Of It Has Been Made
679 LOTS Including 234 OCEAN FRONT LOTS
with Riparian Rights,
Also a Large Boarding House and Stable at
BELLE HARBOR
Rockaway Coast, Queens Borough, N. Y. City,
12 miles from City Hall, 34 minutes from Flatbush Avenue Station
42 Minutes from Pennsylvania Terminal
MUST BE SOLD at Public Auction
Saturday, JULY 31st, 1915, at 2 P. M.
On the Premises.
70% Can Remain on First Mortgage Titles Insured Free
For maps apply to JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer,
31 Nassau St., N. Y. City

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

The Roxborough
251 West 92d Street, N. W. Cor. Broadway.
A modern apartment building, combining the latest advances in fire-proof and sound-proof construction with every possible convenience.
Apartments of 6 to 8 Rooms, with Large Foyer, 2 Baths
Southern and Eastern Exposure.
Rentals $1600 to $2100.
Ask for illustrated booklet showing floor plans.
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165 Broadway. Telephone 7475 Cort.

MANHATTAN—West Side. | MANHATTAN—West Side.

ADMASTON
N. W. Cor. Broadway, 89th St.
Situated in a very desirable and convenient location.
Absolutely Fireproof.
Every Modern Convenience.
Apartments of
5, 6, 7 & 8 Rooms,
2 Baths,
Rentals $1,200 to $2,200
The 8 Room Apartments Have Extra Shower.
Under the direct supervision of the owners, assuring careful selection of tenants and first-class service.
MANAGER ON PREMISES.
TELEPHONE, 7793—RIVER.
MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY,
61 Broadway

HENDRIK HUDSON
Apartment Houses
Broadway, 110th St. and Riverside Drive
Subway Express Station at Building
THE two best known and best managed apartment houses. Under A. R. E. Co. management.
Apartments from 6 rooms and 2 baths to 10 rooms and 3 baths. Rents $1,000 to $2,800.
Children's playground on the roof overlooking the Hudson, in charge of an experienced kindergartner, and a well equipped gymnasium for adults, with needle baths, are some of the unique features of these well-known apartment houses.
Owners
American Real Estate Company
FRANK A. PETELER, Manager at the Buildings
Telephone, 4302 Morningside

9 Rooms and 3 Baths
RENTAL $3,100 & $3,300.
Absolutely Fireproof. Modern in all details.
WELLSMORE,
77th St. and Broadway.
Open Evenings.
J. ROMAINE BROWN Co.
299 Madison Av., cor. 41st St.
Tel. 1481—Murray Hill.

CENTRAL PARK APARTMENTS
7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
Large Corner Apartment with 5 Baths.
Smaller Ones with 2 & 3 Baths.
Two Apartments suitable for physicians.
Modern plumbing. Parquet floors.
Apply at Office,
175 West 58th St.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient subway, elevated and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 72d St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

ALLENDALE
808 West End Ave., Cor. 99th St.
7 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,850.
9 Rooms 3 Baths, $2,150.
10 Rooms 3 Baths
Corner Apartment, $2,950
Doctor's Corner Apt., $2,400
KELMSCOTT
316 West 79th St.
6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,500.
7 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,700 to $1,800
8 Rooms 3 Baths, $2,100 & $2,200
ALL ROOMS LARGE AND LIGHT.
Apply to Supt., on Premises, or
EDWIN S. BRICKNER,
140 W. 79th. Tel., 9827—Schuyler.

BRENTMORE
88 Central Park West
Corner 69th St.
5-9 ROOMS $1,800 TO $4,000
2-3 BATHS
Two Styles of 9 Room Apartments, Simplex and Duplex.
For rent from October 1st.
Immediate possession may be arranged.
Apply on premises,
or BING & BING, 119 W. 40th St.
Telephone, 6410—Bryant.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

THE ARDELLE
527 Riverside Drive,
Opposite
Grant's Tomb and Claremont.
6-7-8 Rooms, Foyer, 2 baths.
The Best Built House on Riverside.
Management of Owner on premises.

FAIRVIEW COURT,
High-Class Elevator Apts.
3131 Broadway at 124th St.
3-4-5-6 Rooms.
Rents, $420 to $720.

610 West 116th St.
2, 3 & 5 Room Apts.
Furnished or unfurnished; Summer rates. 'Phone Morningside 3040. THOMPSON.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

56-60 E. 87 St.
Near Park Ave.
Highest Type Elevator Apartment.
All Night Service.
6 rooms and bath—$660-$750.
7 rooms and bath—$1,100.
Physician's Apartment—$900.
OWNER ON PREMISES.

THE ALVARADO,
Park Ave., S. E. Cor. 80th St.
In exclusive neighborhood, high-class, modern equipped apartments; 7, 8 and 9 rooms, 2 baths; $1200-$1900. Superintendent.

125-127 East 24th St.
Handsome elevator apartment, 8 rooms and baths; modern improvements; near elevated and subway station; rent $70 per month. Apply on premises.

Park Av., S. E. Cor. 80th St.
Doctor's or Dentist's
Suite of three rooms and bath, in high-class apartment house, on ground floor; rent, $780. Superintendent.

BRONX.

Bainbridge Ave. and 200th St.
4-5-6 ROOMS.
$30-$40-$42. All Improvements.
Class of Tenants Absolutely Restricted.
Apply Premises. Phone 3030 Fordham

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Orders of July 17 relating to Capt. A. H. Davidson, 13th Cav., revoked.

Capt. J. McBride, Jr., C. A. C., is relieved from assignment to 77th Company, placed on unassigned list, and will report to commanding officer coast defenses of Pensacola for duty on his staff.

Capt. D. P. Quinlan, Acting Judge Advocate, will repair to this city from Ishpeming, Mich., about Aug. 10 and report to the Judge Advocate General of the Army for temporary duty, then to Ishpeming.

1st Lt. E. Y. Cutrer, 19th Inf., to this city and report about Aug. 1 to the Judge Advocate General for temporary duty in his office, then to his station.

Orders of May 4 relating to Capt. W. F. H. Godson, 8th Cav., and Col. C. W. Taylor, 8th Cav., revoked.

Major W. M. Cruikshank, 1st F. A., is relieved from that regiment Sept. 1, will proceed to United States after that date, and on arrival at San Francisco report to commanding General, Western Department.

Leaves: 2d Lt. L. E. Moreton, C. A. C., 20 days; Capt. R. C. Loving, Med. Corps, 3 months; 1st Lt. H. H. Acheson, C. A. C., 10 days, and Lt. Col. F. A. Winter, Med. Corps, 14 days' extension.

Navy.

Commander E. L. Bennett from command of the Hancock to command the Vestal.

Junior Grade Lt. H. S. Haislip, the New Orleans, to the Truxton.

Ensign N. W. Hibbs, the Truxton, to the New Orleans.

P. A. Surgeon E. E. Curtis, the Milwaukee, home, wait orders.

A. Surgeon J. M. Quinn, M. R. C., to Navy Recruiting Station, Scranton, Penn.

Chief Machinists C. R. Thompson, Charleston Yard Aug. 9, to the Panther, and R. Nourse, the Arkansas, home, wait orders.

Machinists C. Naprstek, the North Dakota, to the Arkansas; H. H. Chambers, the Panther, to the North Dakota, and J. A. Ward to Charleston Yard.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Prometheus at Dutch Harbor; Kentucky at North River, N. Y. City; Hannibal at Guantanamo; Louisiana and New Hampshire at Cape Cod Bay; Eagle at Cape Haitien; Maryland at San Francisco; Glacier at Guaymas; Florida, Michigan, South Carolina, and Utah at Provincetown; Tennessee at Horta; Arkansas at Newport; Vulcan at Portsmouth, N. H.; Virginia and Nebraska at Rockport, Mass.; Georgia at Beverly Farms, Mass., and the Leonidas at Cristobal.

Sailed—Uncas and Waban, Charleston for Key West; Annapolis, Corinto for Balboa; Hawk and Dunkirk, New York for Buffalo; Montgomery, Norfolk for cruise; Cleveland, Topolobampo for Mazatlan, and the Dolphin, Northeast Harbor for Bar Harbor.

The fuel ship Marsdall leaves Norfolk Yard about July 23 for San Francisco via Panama Canal.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Applications for nurse for temporary work will be received until Aug. 4. Applicants must be women between 21 and 40 years. The salary is $900 a year. Candidates must be registered nurses of the State of New York.

William Bullock, Director of the Bureau of City Inquiry, has written a letter to President Henry Moskowitz of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, alleging that an attempt is being made to violate an ordinance of the Board of Aldermen by permitting the appointment of a person other than an American citizen and a resident of New York State to the position of Superintendent of the Neponset Beach Hospital. It is said that the ordinance was waived with the object of bringing the matter in the courts and testing its constitutionality.

United States.

The commission announces for Aug. 3 a competitive examination for explosives chemist, for men only, to fill a vacancy in the Bureau of Mines, Pittsburgh, Penn., at a salary ranging from $2,100 to $2,700 a year. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on education, experience, and publications. Graduation in chemistry from a four years' course in a college or university of recognized standing, and at least five years' experience, including research work along the lines of explosives, are prerequisites. Graduate work in chemistry at a college or university of recognized standing will be accepted in lieu of an equal length of experience. Applicants must not have reached their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

ALEXANDER, TIENE, (No petition;) all equally to ten children.

BLYN, ISAAC, shoe manufacturer, (June 26;) personalty over $10,000; son Nathan gets $500 and no more because he "has ample fortune of his own"; Millie Blyn, daughter, $25,000; Hannah Stoff, daughter, $9,000; Henry, son, $5,000; Eva Currick and Rose Levinson, daughters, $2,000 each; residue equally to sons Nathan, Jacob, Henry, Benjamin, and David.

CALLENDER, AMELIA M., (July 6;) personalty, $20,000; Elbert P. Callender, son, gets $2,000 and life estate; at end of two years "entire estate goes equally to Hon. Leonard Crouch, Charles H. Wadelton, and John B. Folger"; Mrs. Emma Therese Callender gets $1,000 and life estate; there are $500 bequests to Lisbeth Folger, Frances Wadelton, and Dr. George W. Richardson.

DARRIGAN, THOMAS, personalty, $1,000; $25 each to children, Andrew, Theresa, Anna, and Margaret.

DELAFIELD, FRANCIS, (July 17;) personalty over $10,000; realty over $10,000; all to children, Elizabeth R., Julia Floyd Crosby, Cornelia V. R., and Edward H.; a codicil provision deducts $74,000 from Edward's share, such sum having been advanced to him.

GEBHARD, FREDERICK, (July 11;) personalty $11,000; one-half each to brothers, August and Herman.

HENDRICKS, HELEN I., (July 15;) personalty upwards of $10,000; realty, $4,000; brother, Herman W., gets $25,000; residue equally to brother and sisters, Emma, Madeline, and Edith.

MOSEBY, ISAAC, (May 30;) personalty over $500; all to widow, Elizabeth.

SCANLON, SARAH, (Oct. 13;) realty over $1,000; all to nephew, John W. Goodwin.

SCHAFHAUS, (No petition;) all to widow, Bertha C. E.

UIHLEIN, JACOB, (July 3;) personalty over $600; realty over $10,000; widow, Kate, gets life estate in realty and personalty; eight children share in the property.

City Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

LESSEES: Greatest paying proposition in the world. Never offered before—magnificent, large office and showroom building. One of the finest ever erected. To lease for long term of years. Showing enormous returns. Elegant section. Edward Browning, 110 West 40th St. Telephone, 7122 Bryant.

Astonishing bargains can now be secured in private houses for sale or rent. Goodale, Perry & Dwight, 2,705 B'way (at 103d).

MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7848.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
Real Estate, 149th St. and 3d Ave.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Craftsman homes in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, East 13th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn, Av. J station, Brighton Beach L.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

House in Jamaica Park, $150 down, balance $18 per month; actual running time from Penn. Station, N. Y., or Atlantic Av., Brooklyn, 28 minutes; newly renovated 7-room house, bath, all improvements, cement cellar; 2 full city lots, sidewalks, &c.; 5 minutes from station and trolley; perfect title. Call or write at once for particulars. A., Jamaica House, 243 West 34th St.

Forced to sell fine home of 7 rooms and bath; only 28 minutes from city; electric light, heat, &c., on 2 elegant lots; need $125 cash at once; balance $18 per month; will give big bargain to quick buyer. T. B., Box 176 Times Downtown.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Fort Wadsworth, 32 Grand St., Near Fingerboard Road.—New two-family dwelling, 14 rooms, steam heat; send for descriptive card. Murray's, Lexington Av., (11th.)

Real Estate for Exchange.

For exchange, a first class five-story apartment house facing on two avenues, on Washington Heights, where owner could have a seven-room apartment, rent free, and good interest on his investment; would exchange for free and clear Port Washington property for equity of $25,000.
J. B. English, 153 Broadway.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted to lease, private house, with garage, in Borough Park; about $1,000 yearly. L 84 Times.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty cents an agate line.

THE SUB-LEASING CO., 1,472 Broadway.—Offices and lofts to SUBLET at attractive rentals, all parts of city. Put it up to us. Phone 5785-5786 Bryant.

Offices to let—Transit Bldg. & Annex, 7 E. 42 St. & 10 E. 43 St. Homer Foote, Jr., Agt.

STORE, southeast corner 14th St. and 7th Av. E. S. Willard & Co., 52 William St.

Only one floor left, Monahan Express Company Building, 216-222 West 18th St.

Property Out of the City

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Attractive house, stone and shingled, large porches, steam heat, electric light, large grounds, shade trees, 300 feet elevation, easy commuting distance, $7,000; great bargain of owner direct. Westchester, N 60 Times.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

New Houses in Van Cortlandt Terrace. Rollins Bros., cor. Broadway & Oakmont Av.

Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Semi-Bungalow, $5,900; 28 minutes from Manhattan; 100 trains; express station three minutes; restricted; refined neighborhood; all city improvements; high and healthy; shade trees; outside chimney, fireplace, porches, &c.; easy terms; write or phone 8876 Cortlandt. J. Mead Briggs, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW SHORE FRONT BUNGALOW AT NORTHPORT.
Seven rooms, bath, range, stationary tubs, hot and cold water, &c.; fireplace; garage; about one-half acre of high ground; fine views; sandy beach; full sized cellar; $4,750. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I., or 47 West 34th St., New York.

If you are looking for a little house and large plot of ground, near station, trolley, churches, and stores, $850 for all, $50 down, $7 monthly, answer at once. C. Store, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opposite Flatbush L. I. R. R. Depot.

YOUR RENT MONEY CAN BE MADE TO pay for a beautiful Colonial brick home in JAMAICA—18 minutes from N. Y.; hundreds of trains a day. See Samuel Knopf, 220 West 42d St., or representative on premises, 52 Middletown St., two blocks north L. I. R. R. Station, Jamaica.

Must sell at sacrifice fine twelve-room house, garage, furniture, Oriental rugs, &c.; one hour from N. Y., south shore Long Island; cash talks. T 69 Times.

Select bungalow lots; 30 minutes Penn. Station; suitable all year residence; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis; bargain. 2,483 Broadway.

FOR LOW COST, high-grade bungalows, visit Brightwaters; Booklet 3 on request. T. B. ACKERSON CO., 1 West 34th St., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Attractive bargains in one-family houses and choice building lots.

THE BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, to quickly close the business of two corporations, offers these properties at about 50 per cent. of former prices. They are located at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, and Leonia, New Jersey, (opposite Grant's Tomb) within twenty-five minutes of Manhattan.

Liberal terms. Title Guarantee Policy free. Address BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, care Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.

FOR RENT AT REDUCED PRICE.
From August to May 1, attractive 7-room house, oak floors, steam heat, every improvement, near station, great elevation, best section, $35 per month; splendid opportunity to try out Ridgewood. Write for particulars. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 555.

New Colonial stucco (marble finish) 8-room dwelling; large living room, fireplace, attractive dining room; hardwood finish; strictly modern; large plot, fruit; 40 minutes out; high, healthy; $5,500; terms arranged. Siebenmann, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

BUNGALOW, UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE. Practically new, 7 rooms, oak floors, steam heat, electricity, gas, city water, thoroughly modern, A1 condition; lot 60x175, convenient to station; for sale at less than cost. Write for photo. P. O. Box 21, Ridgewood, N. J.

Small fruit farms, 75x500. Five minutes to station; restricted section; twenty-mile view; new houses; every improvement; wonderful fruit; real opportunity, $5,000 to $6,500. Terms. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Cranford houses and bungalows, $100 cash; $25 to $30 monthly covers princ. and int.; 7 rooms, sewer, hardwood floor, steam heat, open fireplace, sleeping porch; $3,000 up; near station. Com'tn, 10½c; a few for rent. Cranford Estates, 29 Liberty St., New York.

The money you are paying for rent will buy you one of our handsome cottages at Westfield or Fanwood; why not be your own landlord? Call or write for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

Stores with living rooms, principal corner, opposite school, $10; good place for any line business. Tyndall, Waldwick, N. J.

AT RUTHERFORD, NEW JERSEY.
Free lists of houses rent, sale. Full information Boosters, Box 57, Rutherford.

Little farm; dwelling 7 rooms; all improvements; $25. Call Tyndall, Waldwick, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Two-acre rich garden and hothouse in high-class residence park on Connecticut shore; unlimited market among cottagers; grapes, pears, quinces, currants, gooseberries, asparagus; room for cottage, with beautiful shade; makes eighteen building lots; bargain $3,000; terms; no triflers. W. T. Yale, Milford, Conn.

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted—To rent large, roomy house or bungalow; extra large living room; good plumbing and heating facilities; situated within walking distance good golf links; preferably near water Long Island or Westchester; within easy commuting distance New York; state full particulars when available, rental, &c. T 84 Times.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage; fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

Country Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

Murray Bay, Canada.—Attractively furnished house; five master bedrooms; open plumbing; linen and silver; price $500 for remainder of season, including servant's wages. Harris & Vaughan, 569 5th Av. 31 Murray Hill.

REDUCED RENTALS, FURNISHED COTTAGES.
HUNTINGTON AND SHELTER ISLAND.
D. M. Gerard, 1,270 B'way, (33d St.,) N. Y.

MANHATTAN BEACH.—Elegantly furnished house; reasonable. Phone 1176 Coney Island.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

West Side

CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th St. and Col. Ave. } 1, 2, 3 & 4 Rooms SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE,
with private bath and kitchenette;
some 3 & 4 room suites with two baths.
Complete—Dishes, Silver, Cooking Utensils.
ROOF GARDEN.
Furnished—$30, $40, $50, $60 up monthly.
CONCESSIONS ON LEASE and unfurnished.
A few sublet week, month, during Summer.
Near Subway and "L"—Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River. 3970.

SUMMER RATES.
THE WILSONIA, 225-229 W. 69th St., near Broadway. | 2-3 Rooms, Bath, & Kitchenette, $30-$45 up; 1 Room & Bath, $25 up.
SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN;
No Questionable or Objectionable Tenants; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; near Sub., "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars.
REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.

Alcazar, 215 Manhattan Av., Corner 109th.
Capitol, 107 West 109th St.
Elegantly furnished, 2, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, modern elevator building, near "L," subway; Central Park; rents $30 monthly up; references essential. Phone 10200 and 9735 Riverside. Restaurant in building, open evenings.

THE VAN DYCK AND SEVERN.
Broadway, (Amsterdam Av.,) 72d to 73d St., overlooking Sherman Square, offer apartments, furnished, of six, eight and nine rooms and two baths. Manager, 175 West 72d St. Telephone Columbus 3547.

A high-class elevator, two-room and bath apartment, beautifully furnished, non-housekeeping. Corner Broadway, 225 West 80th St. Bignell.

Handsomely furnished apartments; long, short leases; choice localities. Clark Realty Co., 30 East 42d. Phone Murray Hill 5892.

Sublet small elevator apartment, block Riverside, block subway; reasonable. Address A 150 Times.

45TH, 305 WEST.—New Vincent Astor apartments; three rooms and bath; strictly modern. Apply at office.

Luxuriously furnished 3-room apartment, with bath; Central Park West, at 92d St.; $50 a month. C 10 Times Annex.

51st St., 355 West.—New elevator building; two, three, and four rooms, kitchen and kitchenette; $12 up; references necessary.

Bachelor; one and two rooms and bath; hotel service. 137 West 45th.

79th, 175 West.—Will let nice apartment; large rooms. Phone Schuyler 7100.

118th, 507 West.—Delightful 4 rooms, beautifully furnished; high-class elevator house.

Corner, southwest exposure; Summer; 840 West End Av. Geo. A. Kelly; mornings.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

FOR HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS.
A. L. Mordecai & Son., 30 East 42d St.

Lenox Av., 342, near 125th subway.—Five rooms; bath, hot water, steam heat; $22.

West Side.

Location convenient to shops, theatres; West 71st St.; one apartment of eight unusually large, cheerful rooms; living room, 20x20; bedroom, 18x20; sunlight in every room; high-class elevator house; rent, $2,000; also a six-room apartment, rent, $1,350; immediate possession. Full particulars of Ernest Tribelhorn, 308 West 97th St.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
10-11 room apartments, $4,000-$6,000; also one 11-room apartment, beautifully furnished. Apply Supt. or 'phone Col. 4020.

203 WEST 107TH ST.
Six rooms and bath, select elevator apartment, $70-$80. HALL & BLOODGOOD, 542 Fifth Av. Bryant 7632.

317 West 121st St.—Seven large, all outside rooms, private hall; modern improvements; concessions. Only $37-$40.

Ardsley Hall, 92d, corner Central Park West.—Three-nine rooms, $500-$1,700.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS, (SPENCER ARMS,) S. E. Cor. B'way and 69th St.—2, 3 and 4 rooms; $70 to $125.

Apartments to sublet on the upper west side, 4 to 10 rooms. Write Z., Box T 25 Times.

12th. 132 West.—Desirable apartment six rooms, bath; all improvements; $45, Janitor.

540 West 122d St.—Desirable five-room apartment; modern improvements. See Janitor.

182 West 58th St.—An apartment most attractive; 14 rooms and 5 bathrooms.

838-844 Riverside Drive; near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

84th St., 17 West.—7 large rooms, bath; one to sublet, $45 and one at $60.

Apartments to lease of 2 to 6 rooms. Apthorp, Broadway, 78th St.

Rockfall Apartments, 545 West 111th; 6 to 9 rooms; 2-3 baths.

West End Av., S. W. Cor. 78th St.—Eight, nine rooms, three baths. $2,500 and up.

180th, 660 West.—Elevator apartments, 5, 6, 7 rooms, $45 to $70.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

15TH, 210 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Double, single rooms; excellent table; home cooking; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park Privileges.)—Large, small, cool rooms; private bath; excellent table; references; phone.

HOTEL ASHTON,
Madison Av. and 93d St., overlooking Central Park; cool, comfortable rooms; room, with bath, for one, $8; with meals, $16 weekly and upward; parlor, bedroom, and bath for two, $12; with meals, $25 weekly and upward; excellent, homelike cuisine.

West Side

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH, 43 WEST.—Excellent neighborhood; nicely furnished rooms; table the best; first-class service. Summer rates. Phone Bryant 2563.

53D, 57 WEST.—Choice rooms; baths; superior table; Southerners accommodated; attractive rates; references.

54TH, 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; private baths; Summer terms.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single, cool rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; transients; reasonable.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; electric light; also smaller room.

72D, 265 WEST.—Strangers visiting city can be accommodated with superior rooms and board; $10 to $15 per week.

72D, 122-131 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; excellent board; table guests.

72D ST, 269 WEST.—Attractive rooms; superior table; Summer rates; references.

72D ST., 267-308 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners.

72D, (near Riverside Drive.)—Will accommodate a few refined people. 2380 Columbus.

73D, 260 WEST.—Newly opened, smart, up-to-date house, has luxuriously furnished front room to let; with or without board, at reduced Summer rates; modern conveniences; first floor; accommodations that will cost you half what you would pay at hotels.

73D, 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; subway, elevated; Summer rates.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; electricity; parlor dining room.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; excellent table; homelike; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent cuisine; meals optional; unusually reasonable rates.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; homelike surroundings; superior table; Southerners accommodated.

79th, 114 West, Norece Hall.—A home hotel for refined people; delightfully located on wide, parked street; cool, spacious parlors and dining room; booklet.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms with or without board; private baths; reasonable rates.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.
The HOUSE RICHARDS; A satisfactory home for refined people; with a standard for comfort and health exclusively our own. References.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool, comfortable rooms; private bath; superior service; Summer rates.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Large, cool rooms; good, generous table; ideal location; electricity.

81ST, 116 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished room; strictly high class; references necessary.

82D, 124 West (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms, suitable two, three; superior table; homelike. Blumenfeld.

94TH, 18 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large and small; private bath; electricity; reference.

102D, 253 WEST.—Two exceptionally large rooms; private bath; gentleman, couple; excellent location; Summer rates; Jewish family; Southerners accommodated.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; modern private residence near Riverside and Broadway; two large rooms; bath.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Desirable room; home cooking; private bath; near Riverside; Summer rates.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

149TH, 544 WEST, Near Broadway Subway. —Beautiful Riverside; nicest, coolest, healthiest section; "Audubon"; bright, cool rooms, good board, $10, $12, one; $14 up, two; pleasant, small room, $7; large porches, gardens, every comfort. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

150TH, 521 WEST.—Large, small rooms; bath adjoining; excellent table; private family.

THE WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive.—Two blocks north 157th St; wonderful grounds.

Brooklyn.

FLATBUSH, 657 Ocean Av.—Detached house; large rooms; $8-$10 weekly. Flatbush 5261.

CONVENIENT Borough Hall; rooms; excellent table; 76 Pierrepont St. 1159-W Main.

Board Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

WANTED—Good Jewish homes in Brooklyn, Bronx, or suburban localities, in which to board Jewish children at the rate of $10 per month. Apply by letter only to Superintendent of the Boarding Department of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 1,560 Amsterdam Av., New York City.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

34TH, 46 EAST.—Elegant room with bath, $6.50; another, $4; electricity, telephone.

35TH ST., 20 EAST.—Desirable, attractive rooms, all conveniences; choice location.

43D, 16 EAST.—Cool, comfortable, completely furnished room, with, without private bath; references.

43D, 130 EAST.—In private family, room for refined business woman; every convenience; near Grand Central; references; first bell.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room with bath; room with piano; single room; references.

56TH, 83 EAST.—Handsome, cool rooms, baths adjoining; $3, $5, $6 during Summer.

BROADWAY, AT 3D ST., (Broadway Central Hotel.)—$4 week up; bright, cheerful rooms. Be comfortable in a 500-room hotel, with telephones, free use baths, and other hotel conveniences. Inspection invited.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Attractive large, small rooms; private bath. Gramercy 1978.

LEXINGTON AV., 265, (36th.)—Well furnished; bath; strictly private family. Murray Hill 728.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Summer hotel of highest order. Grand location; 20 min. Broadway; 5c. fare. Lovely rooms; excellent cuisine; all comforts; delightful atmosphere. Worth investigation. Weekly $9-$14 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Westchester.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL. Park Hill, Yonkers.—Spacious dining room; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-shaded grounds; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

A Villa Alta Inn, Colonial Heights, Tuckahoe, N. Y.—Suburban location, fireproof building, spacious verandas, excellent table, moderate rates; five minutes from station, thirty Grand Central; tennis, golf, dancing.

Long Island.

THE HALL,

GLEN COVE, L. I.,

within commuting distance of New York. Private beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, golf, boating, bathing, fishing. Absolutely fireproof wing. Private baths. Now open. References.
TELEPHONE 256 GLEN COVE.

High-class house on ocean; 125 guests; 30 minutes from Broadway; monthly commutation $7.50; mile long ocean boardwalk; finest, safest beach; superb bathing, fishing, tennis, music, charming society; room and board, $14; two in room, $25 up; week-ends, Saturday dinner to Monday breakfast, $6, including round trip railroad ticket, ocean bath; Christian owner.
THE STAFFORD, ARVERNE, N. Y.
Gaston Av., (Beach 66th St.)
Phone 415 Hammels.

ON PRIVATE ESTATE; all accommodations; beautiful grounds; bathing, fishing; excellent board and rooms; single, $15; couple, $25 weekly; no children; 50 miles Pennsylvania Station; express stops; healthful location. Von Ostermann, 502 West 134th St.

COMFORTABLE ROOMS, near station and beach; excellent table; reasonable rates. Shanks, 30th St. and 16th Av., Beechhurst, L. I.

Inwood, L. I.—Magnificent accommodations; tennis, golf, bathing; garage; 35 minutes from New York. Phone 1805W Far Rockaway.

Excellent board for refined people in beautiful home; convenient; cool; rates $10 and $12. Box 92, Massapequa, L. I.

SEA GATE, L. I.
THE RAEVIEW, Manhattan Av., formerly 228 Madison Av. Coney 1808.

SEAGATE.—Private Christian family desires few paying guests; Excellent cuisine. References, 140 Times.

New York State.

A few adult guests can be accommodated; private house; city and country combined; suburbs of Middletown, N. Y.; excellent home table; special diet if required. Phone Schuyler 10177, for two days. 111 West 75th St., city.

Out door life in hills of the Croton water shed; elevation 700 feet; accommodation cottage or tent; artesian well; exceptional table; terms $15; reference required. K. L. Long, Mahopac, Putnam County, N. Y.

Modern gentleman's place; poultry, vegetable, dairy, fruit farm; 90 miles; $9-$12; booklet. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County, N. Y.

New Jersey.

Rooms and board, Kennedy Cottage; beautiful situation; 2 minutes' walk from beach; room $4 to $7, all convenience; rates moderate. For particulars and details address Wm. J. Kennedy, 310 Evergreen Av., Bradley Beach, N. J.

MONTCLAIR.—Healthful mountain suburb; excellent accommodations; beautiful location. Randall, 104 Valley Road.

ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS, N. J., Hollywood Lodge, (Mrs. Younes, Manager.)—Delightfully located, marine and country view; cuisine and service a specialty.

Connecticut.

The Elms.—Ridgefield, Conn.; a quiet, refined country home; all advantages of the Berkshires; within short distance of New York; excellent table; own farm produce; tourists accommodated; booklet. Telephone 283.

AMONG the Blue Hills of Connecticut; high elevation; excellent table; own farm products. Address for particulars, Cedar Rest Farms, Tolland, Conn.

New Hampshire.

White Mountains, Jackson, N. H.—Rooms and board in large, comfortable cottage; excellent cuisine; piano, tennis court, free garage; $12 weekly. Arba Pitman.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

COTTAGE in the Adirondack Mountains in connection with first-class hotel, wanted for the month of August; bath and sleeping arrangements for five adults, a maid, and two children required. Write to B 63 Times Annex.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

15TH, 349 WEST.—Cool room, $4; single, $2.50; exclusive residence; telephone; desirable.

27TH ST., 17 WEST.—Elegantly furnished bachelor's rooms, with needle bath, $8-$12; suitable for two; also large single room with bath, $6-$7.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable single, en suite rooms, bath; conveniences; $4-$10.

38TH ST. AND BROADWAY.—Large rooms, with hot and cold running water, $6 weekly and up; a few rooms $5 per week, with private bath, $8 to $10 weekly; telephone in every room. Hotel Normandie.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small, airy rooms; board optional; references required; high-class house.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional; moderate. 4589 Bryant.

58th, 346 West—Columbus Circle; elegant rooms; all conveniences; transients; references; telephone.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

65TH ST., 59 WEST.—Large, small, cool outside rooms; running water; electricity; telephone. Dunn.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms for gentlemen; must be seen to appreciate; references; telephone.

71ST, 69 WEST.—Room, private bath; room with kitchenette; smaller rooms; reasonable.

71ST, 317 WEST.—Delightfully cool rooms, single, en suite; private home; references. Columbus 8150.

71ST, 220 WEST.—Newly furnished and decorated large and small rooms; references.

73D ST., 302 WEST.

ROOM AND BOARD; SUMMER RATES.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Cool, comfortable, large rooms, with, without bath; private residence; reasonable.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; large, small; private baths; telephone; references.

75TH, 58 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large and small rooms; private baths; Summer rates.

75TH, 58 WEST.—Elegantly furnished, large and small rooms; private baths; Summer rates.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; private bath; telephone; Summer rates.

76TH, 158 WEST.—Pleasant, cool, large, small rooms; electricity; private bath; moderate; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Cool rooms, including handsome back parlor, with private bath.

77TH, 106 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable, newly furnished; with or without bath; electricity; refined surroundings; private home; Summer concessions.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished rooms; electric lights; Summer rates; private house; references.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Light, airy front room; superior house; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private house; suitable one, two; references.

78TH, 205 WEST.—Superior parlor and bedroom suite; southern exposure; immaculate; $10.

78TH, 166 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; southern exposure; private bath, electricity; convenient subway.

79TH, 149 WEST.—Large and small rooms; attractive Summer location; convenient subway, "L."

81ST, 8 WEST.—Large, comfortable back parlor, kitchenette; other rooms; electricity; reasonable.

81ST, 120 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; private bath; single rooms; hot water; $3-$5.

81ST, 265 WEST, (West End.)—Large, small, cool rooms; exceptional; elevator. Pearson.

82D, 134 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; private bath; single rooms; Summer rates; references.

82D, 152 WEST. — Reduced Summer rates; cool, comfortable rooms; all conveniences.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Chalmers 1915 light master six touring, $850; five-passenger, complete equipment; Slip covers, electric starter and electric lights, 6 tires and demountable rims, Bumper, extra searchlight, extra tubes, and lot extras; car runs like new; guaranteed. Telephone to see car today, Greeley 3000.

Stearns Silent Knight, specially constructed three-passenger speedster, with disappearing drawer seat, electric lights, dynamo; newly painted, Colonial yellow; completely equipped, overhauled, and guaranteed by Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone 7600 Columbus.

Big bargains in accessories and all kinds automobile equipment at lowest prices in New York; also new and used autos below cost.
TIMES SQUARE AUTO CO.,
Southwest corner 56th St. and Broadway.
WORLD'S LARGEST DEALERS.

Splendid lot, just in, of small and medium size, up-to-date autos; standard makes; A1 order; prices low; also some fine six-cylinder, high-quality cars at most alluring prices. Jandorf Automobile Co., 1,763 Broadway.

Mercer, Speedster, late 1913, $1,100; extra tires, demountable rims, shock absorber, Klaxon, Presto, tools, &c.; any demonstration; needs nothing; bona fide bargain. Jones, 124 East 75th.

Packard, (1916,) touring; 38 H. P.
Mercer, (1915,) touring; si-passenger.
CADILLAC, (1914,) touring; fine condition. Turner, St. James's Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Three-ton White truck, 7x14 platform body; entire truck in excellent condition; cash price $2,200. Auto, P. O. Box 117, Scranton, Penn.

For Sale—Five-ton motor truck, in best condition; complete, with body. Telephone 3745 Columbus. Ask for Mr. Stuart.

Oldsmobile touring six-cylinder, like new; many extras; best offer. Bosco, 131 Prince St. Would buy high-class runabout.

Hupmobile "32" touring car; A1 condition; a bargain. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Ford runabout, 1913, A1 condition, $230. 16 Pike St., Tompkinsville, S. I. Phone 1929T.

One-ton commercial truck; perfect running order. Feigel Bro., 185 Wooster St.

Automobiles for Rent.

For Rent—Packard touring, seven-passenger, late model; reasonable. Krinsy, 4754 Audubon.

Beautiful Garford six, seven-passenger touring; like new; wire wheels; hour, week, or month; owner drives. Lenox 8767.

Egidi Auto Service.—Pierce-Arrows, Packards; hour, day, week; special monthly rates. Phone 774 Circle, 123 West 52d St.

Practically new Packard, $2.50 hourly upward; experienced owner drives; references. Harlem 6818.

New 7-passenger touring cars; $2.50 hourly; careful chauffeur; reliable. 4411 Plaza.

Packards—Open, closed, sixes; trips our specialty; rates reasonable. Hawkins, 7,565 Col.

AUTOS
for hire. Phone Audubon 3434.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

80TH, 126 WEST.—Suite with private bath; also medium; small room, see and appreciate.

86TH, (549 West End Av.)—Desirable rooms, $3 and $5; bath.

87TH, 117 WEST.—Handsome suite; room and bathroom; private family; moderate references.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish home can accommodate few people.

91ST, 21 WEST.—Desirable, large, medium rooms; newly decorated; private bath; telephone; exclusive.

93D, 255 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Desirable, cool rooms, bath; private house; reasonable; telephone.

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished, outside room; adjoining bath; shower. Linz.

102D ST., (Broadway.)—Private family; large, airy room, adjoining bath. Phone Riverside 4529.

113TH, 506 WEST.—Large, newly furnished; immediate; telephone, elevator, electricity; private. Coffey.

113TH, 501 AND 523 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; $2 up; conveniences. Walker.

114TH, 609 WEST.—Large, airy room and kitchen; four windows, cool; view of Broadway and campus; housekeeping. Apt. 81.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Breezy; Morningside Heights; rooms that are different; elevator; telephone. Smith.

119TH, (49 Claremont Av.)—Large outside room, beautifully furnished. Phone 7070 Morning.

136TH, 506 WEST.—Southern couple offer cool, cheerful bedroom, $2.50; telephone, subway. Dodge.

137TH, (56 Edgecombe, block from 8th Av.)—Large room, facing park; private; conveniences.

BROADWAY, (Corner,) 245 West 104th.—Desirable front rooms; lavatory; meals optional. Jantzen.

BROADWAY, (corner,) 248 West 105th St.—Comfortable, light room, adjoining bath; elevator apartment. Copeland.

EXCEPTIONAL SINGLE, DOUBLE ROOMS obtainable at 420 West 116th St. at $25 and upward per month; excellent service included. Write, call, or phone 5800 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214.—Front suite, five large rooms; board optional; references. Mrs. Clark.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452.—Attractive outside room, bath; private family; excellent service. Apartment 3A.

S. E. COR. 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $6 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderately priced.

WEST END AV., 569. — Desirable Summer rooms for gentlemen appreciating quiet; references.

New Jersey.

LIVE IN THE ORANGES this Summer; Y. M. C. A. dormitory is ideal; every provision for comfort; shower baths, pool; telephone; all outside rooms; $2.00 a week up. Y. M. C. A. of the Oranges, 419 Main St., Orange.

Rooms Wanted

Furnished.

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, student, desires quiet, clean, comfortable room, between 100th and 150th; full particulars. J. G., Box C 299 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT'S STENOGRAPHER, seven years' experience on financial statement and statistical work, good at figures, wishes permanent position; excellent references. C 278 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID.—Small hotel, city; Irish; references; honest worker. O'Neill, 1,341 3d Av.

COOK.—Good, experienced German cook wants position; wages, $35-$40. 217 East 62d St.

COLORED GIRL, light housework, nurse; reference. Hatcher, 246 West 63d, care of Sprow.

DRESSMAKER and ladies' tailor; reasonable; remodeling. Mme. Juliette, 24 West 8th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Capable woman seeks position as housekeeper; present engagement until Aug. 1; references. Box 32, 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

NURSE.—Swiss graduate, speaking German and some English, is looking for suitable position; best references. Miss Bucher, 27 Cliff Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y.

NURSE, hospital, family; Irish, (50;) city, country; reliable. Kissine, 510 West 42d.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good speed in shorthand and on the typewriter; familiar with card systems and office devices; neat in appearance; hard worker; $7 per week. Miss B., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; good correspondent, high school education; 7 years' experience; no clock watcher; need employment; $15; furnish references. L 210 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Deligent worker; rapid dictation; neat, accurate typist, $8. Miss S. M. Campbell, 220 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER, capable young woman, recent graduate, desires position that offers advancement. Elizabeth Kridack, 37 East 58th. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; reference; moderate salary; willing to substitute. C 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; reliable, accurate; $10. C 270 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper, Typewriter.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 811 East Broadway.

TRAVELING SALESLADY desires position with reliable firm; ambitious; refined. T 90 Times.

TYPIST-STENOGRAPHER, technical training, desires part time home work; capable, reliable. Miss Baird. Phone Chelsea 5365.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

WAITRESS, German; sleep home; reference; (21;) reliable worker. Shaumburg, 210 East 30th.

YOUNG WOMAN, cultured, experienced teacher, speaking French, German, English, wishes position or lessons; references. Governess, 1,987 Amsterdam Av.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

COOKS, $25-$30; waitresses, $22; houseworkers, $18-$25; laundresses, nurses. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

DON'T WASTE EFFORTS hunting good help; have select list; all nations. Phone 7656 Chelsea. Noel's, 77 West 11th St.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

DESIGNER ON INFANTS' LONG AND SHORT DRESSES; ONE HAVING EXPERIENCE AND ORIGINALITY CAN CONNECT WITH A LARGE INFANTS' WEAR MANUFACTURER; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. DESIGNER, 208 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

DESIGNER and FORELADY.—Prominent house desires a designer and forelady for their ladies' pajama department; also boys' and girls' nightgown and pajama section; only experienced party need aply; liberal salary to acceptable applicant. Address by letter to X 238 Times Annex; an interview will be arranged.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MEN AND
WOMEN TRACERS FOR THEIR
BUREAU OF ADJUSTMENT SECTION.
PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR COMPETENT COMPLAINT PEOPLE.
APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
5TH FLOOR, 32ND ST. SIDE.

MILLINERS and improvers, experienced, wanted. J. M. Gidding & Co., 564 5th Av.

MODEL experienced in coat house; size 36. Rosing & Cohn, 22 West 27th St.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Must be thoroughly experienced and competent and live convenient to Bronx; answer, stating fully your experience; give references, age, and salaries you have earned. X 233 Times Annex.

SILK THROWING MILL needs hard and soft silk winders, doublers, spinners, reelers, lacers, and bundlers; experienced only need apply. Ludwig Littauer, 179 Riverdale Av., Yonkers.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeping knowledge, for permanent engagement by and residence with delightfully located suburban hospital; good executive ability, character, references; dependable, competent. Loder, 30 Church St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, with some knowledge of Underwood billing system; good handwriting is essential. Importer, D 359 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced and capable handling office detail; state qualifications and salary expected. C 300 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY who can make water color sketches for silk designs. T 98 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS—For several feminine positions in New York and Jersey City; salary $10-$15.
BOOKKEEPER—For position Garwood, N. J., $15; others in New York, $10-$15.
TYPISTS—Several good openings, $10 up. National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St. Call between 9 and 1.

STENOGRAPHER—Permanent; commercial, $20; law, $15-$18; automobile, $12, and several $8-$10. Gahagan Agency, 256 Broadway. Barclay 7035.

STENOGRAPHER.—$15; numerous permanencies; bookkeeper, $15; file clerk. Jupp Agency, 87 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers wanted for permanent positions. Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey St.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

FILING.—Original school teaching all authorized systems and related commercial subjects; day, evening classes; aid to good paying positions. Universal Filing and Indexing Bureau, Park Row Building, opp. Post Office.

FILING.—Instruction in day, evening, or correspondence courses at the first institution of its character. New York School of Filing, Singer Building, New York.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A.—A.—Accountant-auditor installs simplified systems that give in monthly comparative statements exact information you require to intelligently direct your business. Charges reasonable. Interview solicited. Fleming, 35 Nassau St.

A. — ACCOUNTANT. — Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematized, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2351.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
Will revise or install factory, office or cost systems. Long experience. Th. Pentlarge, 52 Broadway, Telephone.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.
Audits, systems installed, superior service. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Telephone Cortlandt 6970.

ACCOUNTANT.—Established twenty years; fees moderate; all work certified. Equitable. 7583 Hanover.

ARE YOU LOOKING for a man who has a most successful record? Started twelve years ago as bookkeeper and stenographer in a large corporation, became General Manager eight years ago. The present condition of the market made liquidation advisable, hence this advertisement. Address T 96 Times.

BILL CLERK and office assistant; Elliott-Fisher operator; rapid and accurate at figures; thorough office training. C 301 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 27; excellent ability; understands all modern methods; thoroughly competent, reliable, trustworthy; salary $25. C 283 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER. — Young man, (19,) high school graduate; expert bookkeeper; accounting student; conversant with modern methods; references. C 295 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-SALESMAN. — (25,) seven years last position; thoroughly efficient, conscientious. C 302 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 31, of strictly sober habits, desires position; 12 years last employer; $18. E. S., 989 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced; familiar with all office details and handling of credits; moderate salary. C 265 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cost accountant; 10 years' experience; Christian; $18; references. J., 330 West 141st St.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) controlling accounts, trial balance, balance sheets; moderate salary. C 269 Times Downtown.

BOY.—(15,) neat appearance; public school education; wishes position in office. C 304 Times Downtown.

BOY (17) desires position with advancement, anything; high school graduate. C 307 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, &c.—Lady wishes to place thoroughly capable English butler-valet; exceptional manners; good appearance; long references. A. G., 309 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, (25,) American, mechanic; has been demonstrator for Velie Co.; city or country; 5 years' experience; references. E. S. Withington, 630 West 141st St. Audubon 7610.

CHAUFFEUR. — EXPERT MECHANICIAN; 11 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, FOREIGN, DOMESTIC MACHINES; HIGHEST REFERENCES. E. L. MARSHALL, 2,619 8TH AV., CITY.

CHAUFFEUR, single, 25; 8 years' experience private; honesty, sobriety, ability. Newman, 320 West 52d St. Phone Columbus 6920.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese; eight years' experience; can furnish highest references. Goro, 330 East 57th St.

COLLEGE STUDENT.—Capable; desires office position; can give best references. T 99 Times.

COUPLE.—Chauffeur, handy, anything; wife, houseworker, laundress; Americans; moderate wages; reliable; references; country preferred. Fannie, 637 6th Av.

COUPLE.—Farmer, teamster; wife, housework, cook; references. Daylon, 41 Hull St., Brooklyn.

ESTIMATOR and solicitor, sub and general building contracting, wants change. C 290 Times Downtown.

FARMER, waiter, musician, cornetist, (British;) reference; city, country. Ingoldsby, 637 6th Av.

GARDENER—Reliable, fully experienced, practical, trustworthy; farm, stock; assume charge. T 92 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

HOSPITAL MAN.—Single; Greek, (24;) experienced; reliable worker. James, 60 E. 107th.

KITCHEN MAN, porter, timekeeper, (52;) reference; city, country; reliable. Austrian, 637 6th Av.

MIDDLE AGED MAN with perfect knowledge of Spanish and French and well acquainted with Central America and Mexico, with many years' experience in export business would accept responsible position in export department of established firm or travel representing same in Central or South America, and would have no objection of even going to Europe; well acquainted in England and France; best references. Foreigner, T 98 Times.

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS.
Open for a Position on Aug. 1.
A salesman from the school of practical experience; familiar with New York State territory; have big following with drug trade; highest credentials from present employers. C 204 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, Credit Man, Accountant.—Seven years manager and credit man with large manufacturing and general mercantile company, 12 years an accountant. Address G. B. W., 9 Outlook Place, Glen Ridge, N. J.

ORDER, entry, charge clerk; former manager of shipping department; honest and competent; highly recommended. T. 95 Times.

PORTER.—Office building; Greek; handy houseman; city; references. Thanos, 208 East 25th St.

RESPECTABLE young gentleman, 25, with 12 years' shipping and traveling experience in European commercial centres, well known in business circles there, just arrived from Argentina, seeks export house to assist or control their shipping department; can introduce shipping and commission accounts and travel abroad when necessary; understands soft goods and bookkeeping; speaks and writes English, French, Spanish, and Moorish; trustworthy, intelligent, and accurate; with references. T 73 Times.

SALESMAN.—Traveling, ready-to-wear, controlling numerous accounts among dry goods and department stores in Iowa, Indiana, Illinois, and Nebraska, desires connection with representative house; no side lines. T 91 Times.

SALESMAN, controlling large gents' furnishing trade throughout New York State, desires reliable lines on commission. X 247 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Real estate salesman; young, with wide experience; salary or commission. C 279 Times Downtown.

SPANISH-SPEAKING YOUNG MAN, wide instruction, ambitious and hard worker, desires position with export firm; salary no object to start. C 284 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Correspondent; twelve years' commercial, legal patent experience; desires to make change; best referencs. L 219 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Clean-cut college man; limited experience, but hard worker; moderate. L 36 Times.

TEACHER Isaac Pitman shorthand seeks position; limited experience; effective worker. L 35 Times.

WAITER.—Young man, (German;) anything; references; honest; reliable worker. Fraiezblau, 60 East 107th.

WITH CONTRACTORS OR BUILDERS,
TIMEKEEPER, CLERK, STENOGRAPHER.
X 237 TIMES ANNEX.

YOUNG MAN, (30,) married, Protestant, aggressive and entirely alive, 13 years with two railroads, seeks new connection with going concern offering brighter future; has been in complete charge of busy office for past six years; good stenographer and correspondent; accustomed to meeting and dealing with busy men; full particulars and references cheerfully given; will go anywhere; personal interview solicited. X 248 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 27 years old, good references, dry goods experience, wants a foothold. Give me the opportunity to demonstrate that I mean business; salary no object to start; must get going; not looking for a position particularly; I want a job. Alert, T 94 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT capable taking charge important audits; manufacturing cost experience desirable; opportunity to make permanent connection with certified public accountants of high standing; state age, qualifications, and salary expected. M 309 Times Downtown.

BOY.—About 18; bright, alert lad who wants to advance; in large office; state fully age, nationality, education, experience, &c.; a good opportunity for the right lad. L 218 Times.

BOY. — New York office Western jobbing house wants bright, strong boy, with references; wages to start, $6. C 298 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in wholesale house to assist in office and order department; salary to begin $6. T 101 Times.

BUTLER AND VALET.—Have an excellent opening in Chicago for experienced butler and valet; good hours, good wages; give reference, age, experience. T 97 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—First class, well acquainted roads around New York; willing to work around house, and must furnish satisfactory references; salary, $25; answer by letter. J. B. Sells, 50 Broad St.

CIRCULATION GETTER for new importers' periodical; large field. Salisbury, 521 W. 112th. Telephone 7240—Morningside.

CLERK.—Experienced shipping clerk wanted cloak house. Apply after 9 A. M., Bates-Carroll-Miller Co., 30 West 26th St.

ENGINEER wanted, assistant required for large maintenance department; should have experience along lines of power station work, millwright and piping work, drafting and cost estimating; position pays $20 to $25; replies must be written on one page and confine answer to the following:

Name ....
Age ....
Nationality ....
Education ....
Experience ....
References ....

P. O. Box 115, Springfield, Mass.

FURNITURE SALESMEN.

Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require competent salesmen for their furniture department; must be thoroughly versed in the furniture business, and accustomed to handling a fine trade. Apply to Manager of Furniture Department, fourth floor, East Building.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,

NEW YORK.

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF FURNITURE SALESMEN
OF THE HIGHEST TYPE.

Special preference will be given to those having experience in fine furniture stores and with customers of the highest class; good appearance and experience both being of importance.

Salaries that will justify these requirements will be paid to successful applicants.

Apply at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32nd St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MEN AND
WOMEN TRACERS FOR THEIR
BUREAU OF ADJUSTMENT SECTION.
PERMANENT POSITIONS FOR COMPETENT COMPLAINT PEOPLE.
APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
5TH FLOOR, 32ND ST. SIDE.

MANAGER and CORRESPONDENT wanted, under 40, commercial law office; experienced collection and bankruptcy; executive ability. Apply by letter only; salary; references. C 306 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN with at least five years' experience on furnace design and general factory construction for plant in Northern New Jersey. In replying state age, experience, and salary required. D 358 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to develop business and appoint local agents in New York State for highly successful gas lighting and cooking system for country houses, stores, &c.; salary and expenses paid; state experience, references, and salary expected. X 249 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman wanted for out-of-town and resident buyers, by a ladies' and misses' coat house of the better grade; will only consider those who have traveled and have an established trade; commission basis. Answer, with references and full particulars, to L 29 Times.

SALESMEN.—Specialty salesmen, opportunity for live men to handle highgrade specialty; universal use; chance to secure sole territory if you can qualify; liberal commission. Calculator Sales Co., 33 Lafayette St.

SALESMAN.—To sell teas and coffees to grocers on Long Island; trade established; salary or commission. Address, giving age, experience, and references. New York Importer, P. O. Box 1,125, New York.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Tuesday evening, diamond bowknot pin, platinum setting, either in Cascades at Hotel Biltmore or going from Biltmore in taxicab to Bustanoby's to Domino Room; $50 reward. Hotel Belmont, 42d St. and Park Av.

LOST.—Certificates Nos. C 11,140 and D 48,153 for 140 shares preferred stock of United States Rubber Company in name of Orville Vinton Libby. A reward of $50 will be paid for their return to O. V. Libby, Sanford, Me.

LOST—Lady's handbag, Central Railroad New Jersey Pier, containing gold necklace, money, and other trinkets; reward. Return O. R. Erklin, 1,028 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J.

LOST.—July 14, between 32d and 48th St., probably in bus, pearl and amethyst pin. Reward if returned to E. C. Wilson, 19 East 48th St.

LOST—Monday afternoon, Broadway, 96th St., or Broadway trolley, Irene Castle combination pocketbook-vanity case; reward. Farrell. Phone Riverside 6983.

LOST—Pocketbook, Rockaway Beach; return crescent pin; liberal reward. Schelling, Hoboken, N. J.

LOST—Silver eyeglass case, marked "A. H. C. to E. G. C."; reward. E. G. Clapp, 112 Duane St.

LOST.—Large diamond brooch, Ward's Island Saturday; liberal reward. Ida Fuller, Hotel Bristol.

LOST — Diamond and emerald bracelet, Wednesday evening, July 14; liberal reward. 'Phone H. C. Kimbal, 442 Great Neck, L. I.

LOST—Cane, with silver monogram initials, "L. B. S., 1915," on Brooklyn Bridge; reward. L. B. Schlindler, 99 Duane St.

LOST—Diamond cluster ring; liberal reward. M. Gibbons, Martha Washington Hotel.

LOST—Gold bar breastpin, pearls in squares, Sunday; reward. Hanfeld, 606 West 135th.

$200 REWARD and no questions asked for return of jewels lost between 5th Av. and 46th St. and the Vanderbilt Hotel, Monday afternoon, June 28. Apply Cashier, Vanderbilt Hotel.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

$15 REWARD.—White French poodle named Beauty, Saturday, 3:30 P. M., near Madison and Roosevelt Sts. Houlihan, 2,399 Silver St., Brooklyn.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

FOR SALE.
One of New York's most exclusive
5TH AV. SPECIALTY SHOPS.

This firm is being liquidated and will sell trade name, good-will, lease, and fixtures.

This is a growing concern doing $75,000 annually in exclusive gowns, waists, and millinery. Selling price is very moderate.
INVESTIGATE.
L 27 Times.

PARTIES interested in the manufacture of shells or work of like nature would profit by communicating with the undersigned, who offers a thoroughly equipped and modern foundry, with machine shop, for sale; best of railroad facilities.
C 291 Times Downtown.

MILL PROPERTY AND WATER POWER FOR SALE.
75 H. P. water wheel, 60 H. P. boiler, on good-sized stream, near R. R. station, on N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. About 15,000 ft. floor space. Located in thriving village. Suitable for making gun cotton. Price $11,300. Address Wm. Sibley, North Windham, Conn.

Groceries and meats; fine corner store location; fast growing suburban section in Queensboro; splendid opportunity. Write Owner, Room 801, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

Capable young man of large business experience and financially responsible desires active connection with successful business; replies must be given sufficient details to be considered. Box X 346 Times Annex.

MOTION PICTURE THEATRE, 600 seats, good neighborhood, Brooklyn, 10c. house, for lease. Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 Broadway, (42d.)

Young man, with scientific training, business experience, and best references, desires active interest in a promising, legitimate business; no brokers; write particulars. C 15 Times Annex.

Established, going tailor-to-trade business for sale; fine opportunity for energetic man with moderate investment. T 102 Times.

INVENTION, producing power at half cost of steam power, for sale or partner for demonstration. "Patentee," 3,525 Broadway.

Treasurer desired in manufacturing business; investment required; Duns' references furnished. X 208 Times Annex.

$12,000 will net 17%; new law tenements; best location; extra large rooms; vacancies average 1%. B. X., 124 Times.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

ADVERTISING AND SALES MANAGER.
If you have an article for which you are seeking distribution and increased sales, without spending a large amount of money, I can accomplish for you what I have done for others; let me tell you my plan. C 6 Times Annex.

Fire Escapes, Fireproof Windows. Approved Fire-Alarm Systems. J. Gescheidt, 212 E. 52.

Business Loans.

Loans on outstanding accounts, notes, and various securities; confidential. Y 225 Times Annex.

Printing and Multigraphing.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9. G. R. Weatherford, 120 B'way, Room 1,131 Equitable Building. Rector 4562.

For Sale, Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

PRIVATE PARTY has player piano that usually sells for $650; will be sold for $275 to first party that comes; 88 note, mahogany case, the very highest grade made; sold by some stores for $850; must be sold this week. Apply 4,181 Broadway, 1st floor.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. } TEL. 5408
956 Broadway, at 23d St.
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane. } FRANKLIN.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6358 Cortlandt.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Pearls, Diamonds, Silver Antiques; Provident tickets purchased. Robert Ensko, 598 Madison Av.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMEN to solicit individual orders in New York and near-by towns for new and popular priced lines of fine shirts; liberal commissions. Clinton H. Smith & Co., 72 Leonard St.

SALESMAN.—Murphy & Stevenson, Ltd., require a salesman for handkerchiefs, import and domestic, for a large territory. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected, to 38 White St., New York.

SALESMAN wanted.—Manufacturer of house dresses and middy blouses desires the services of a good representative; all territories; commission basis. X 241 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted to handle popular line of skirts; open territories; on commission basis; only those experienced in the line need apply. Baron Bros., 6 and 8 West 20th St.

SALESMEN.—Textile line for Philadelphia, New York State, New England; only men highest standing, capable big business, need apply; commission. Box X 244 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Thoroughly experienced, to carry strong line of silk dresses for city and office trade; commission basis. Excel Mfg. Co., 145 W. 30th St.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted for cloaks and suits, on commission basis only. J. Grumet, Room 1911, 15 East 26th St.

SALESMAN, who has good fur trade; commission basis only. Parschkes Company, 141 West 36th St.

SALESMAN with large following looking for strong line of children's dresses; live wire; commission basis. X 245 Times Annex.

SUBSCRIPTION ENTRY CLERK wanted on mail list of daily newspaper; only those familiar with railway mail routes need apply. Address, stating previous experience, Box C 14 Times Annex.

SPINNERS, &c.—Silk throwing mill needs spinners, reelers, and bundlers; experienced only need apply. Ludwig Littauer, 179 Riverdale Av., Yonkers.

WANTED.
First-class outside salesman for decorating, furnishing, and remodeling concern; special inducements; commission, with graduating drawing account. Address X 243 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN to make himself useful on small country place; one capable of driving car or running motor boat preferred. Salary $35 monthly. Room 431, 30 Church St., New York City.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

LEARN PHOTOGRAPHY, photo engraving; earn $25 to $100 weekly; practical work; installments. N. Y. Institute of Photography, 1,269 Broadway.

BIND BANK CLERKS AND STEAL $5,700

Two Bandits with Pistols Hold Up Savings Institution at Bloomfield, N. J.

FORCE OPENING OF VAULT

Drive Employes Into Cellar, Gag and Tie Them, Lock Doors of Building and Leave No Clues.

Special to The New York Times.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., July 21.—Just a few minutes before closing time, yesterday afternoon, two men armed with revolvers entered the Bloomfield Savings Bank, bound and gagged two employes and escaped with $5,700 of the bank's funds. The police have discovered no trace of the robbers. The cashier, Alexander Dahl, 35 years old, and the bookkeeper, Frank J. Hochstuhl, Jr., 22 years old, were cut and bruised as a result of a struggle in which the robbers finally subdued them.

The cashier and the bookkeeper were on the point of closing up when two men, with their hands concealed behind their backs, crowded into the doorway. One of them was tall and about 35 years old; the other was short and about 30 years old. They both wore soft hats and dark suits.

One of them shut the door behind him and drawing his revolver demanded the keys to the front and rear entrances. When the keys were turned over, the robber raised his revolver close to the heads of the two frightened bank employes and ordered them not to stir from the spot. In the meanwhile the other robber hurriedly secured both the front and rear doors.

Then he returned to the cashier and demanded that the vault be opened. He drove Dahl into obedience at the point of his revolver, declaring he would shoot him instantly if he failed to comply. With the revolver directly under his nose, Dahl threw open the vault, from which the thieves secured $5,700 in bills.

The cashier and the bookkeeper were then ordered to retire to the cellar of the building. They were shoved and kicked along, and when they offered resistance the robbers, who were powerful of fist, gave them a severe beating. After they were dragged into the cellar Dahl and Hochstuhl were securely bound and gagged. The robbers escaped from the building a few minutes later.

For nearly half an hour the two bank employes lay on the cellar floor in a helpless condition. By continuous writhing of his arms and legs, Hochstuhl finally succeeded in pulling a penknife from his trousers pocket. He first cut the bonds of the cashier by slashing the cords that bound his hands. Hochstuhl was freed in turn.

Once free of the ropes, Hochstuhl rushed up stairs shouting "thieves! thieves!" but the robbers in making their escape had not forgotten to lock the front and rear doors with the key which they had taken from the cashier. Hochstuhl ran up to the roof and from the top of the building yelled to the policeman on the street below that the bank had been robbed.

The police battered down the door of the bank, but on examining the premises found no clue that would assist in the identification of the robbers. They questioned the two employes and were satisfied that both Dahl and Hochstuhl were telling the truth.

Immediately after the robbery the Directors of the bank were notified. One of them admitted that the robbers got away with about $5,700.

The railroad agent informed Chief of Police Collins that he noticed two men get on the train that left the station shortly after the robbery, who corresponded to the thieves described by Dahl and Hochstuhl.

MAY BLOCK ELEVATED WORK

Alderman Says New Girders Don't Conform to Contract.

A copy of an opinion by Corporation Counsel Frank L. Polk was delivered to each member of the Board of Estimate yesterday, dealing with the third tracking of the Fulton Street elevated railroad in Brooklyn, a work that has already proceeded as far as Nostrand Avenue.

Alderman Arnon L. Squiers, representing interests opposed to the third-tracking, which is a part of the Dual System transit contracts, declares the contract is being carried out illegally. He asserts that steel-plate girders are being used instead of the lattice type called for in the contract. Corporation Counsel Polk says in his opinion, that if this is so, the construction constitutes a nuisance, and he reminds the board members that an action in abatement of the nuisance could be started.

The matter came before the board on the request from the Public Service Commission for the approval of an expenditure of $800,000 for the relocation of the lower part of the elevated into Adams Street, so that the structure would not be in part in front of the Borough Hall. The board postponed indefinitely consideration on the relocation matter, and in so doing postponed the third-tracking proposal, which is involved in the relocation question.

BIBLE CONGRESS PLANS.

Program for San Francisco Meeting Completed.

The program of the World's Bible Congress at San Francisco Aug. 1 to 4, under the auspices of the American Bible Society, was issued yesterday. The program includes a prologue designed to exhibit the historical character of the Book, and a succession of papers and addresses dealing with the Bible in as many countries as it was possible to reach.

The speakers will include James Wood, President of the American Bible Society; the Rev. William A. Sunday, the Rev. S. B. Rohold, President of the Hebrew Christian Alliance of America; the Rev. B. B. Warfield of Princeton, the Rev. Abraham Kuyper, University of Amsterdam, and agents of the Bible Society in the Levant, China, Japan, Korea, Siam, India, Brazil, and Central America.

Dr. Montessori at Exposition.

Dr. Maria Montessori and her chief assistant, Signorina Anna Fidell, will conduct an "international Montessori training course" during August, September, October, and November on the grounds of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, San Francisco. This course, the most complete ever given by Dr. Montessori, will be open for observation to eminent educators from all parts of the world. Enrolled students will receive personal instruction by her, suggestions and instructions by many leading educators, together with supervised study of international exhibits bearing on education in general. A Montessori bureau in the Palace of Education on the Exposition grounds is prepared to furnish full information.

GROUT PLEA TO THE JURY.

Counsel for the Ex-Controller Says He Has Been Persecuted.

Stephen C. Baldwin ended his summing up for the defense last evening at the trial of Edward M. Grout on a charge of perjury before Judge Harry E. Lewis and a jury in the Kings County Court, Brooklyn. The lawyer pleaded for the defendant as a friend and declared that the conviction of Mr. Grout, now 54 years old, after his many years of service as a lawyer and a public official, meant death and annihilation to him.

Mr. Baldwin occupied two days and a half in attacking the case built up by District Attorney Cropsey, and it was after 6 o'clock when he had finished his review of the thirty-five items in the indictment charging perjury against the defendant, and disposed of eighty-five other items mentioned in the alleged false bank report. The jury must decide whether or not Mr. Grout had guilty knowledge of them. By a ruling of the court the jury cannot use these additional items on which to base a conviction of the defendant.

The tedious review of the testimony was apparently forgotten in the closing appeal of Mr. Baldwin to the jury to set Mr. Grout free. Emphasizing Mr. Grout's long standing and reputation in the community, Mr. Baldwin referred to the character witnesses he called to testify in Mr. Grout's behalf. Among these witnesses were ex-Chief Judges of the Court of Appeals Edgar M. Cullen and Alton B. Parker, ex-Controller Herman A. Metz, and Controller William A. Prendergast.

"The greatest thing in the world to a man is his good name," said Mr. Baldwin to the jury. "Had my friend there a good name in this community?" and the attorney's voice dropped to a whisper here. "Do I have to bring witnesses to prove this? Why, every mother's son of you knew it before you came into this room.

"When you leave here to deliberate, don't keep us waiting. Remember that hearts are breaking in this courtroom. I ask you to come back from the jury room and say to me 'Take him back, take him home,' for God knows he has suffered enough. I ask you to say 'Take him home to his wife and children.' Let him pick up the broken thread of his life and let this persecution cease."

The District Attorney will begin summing up for the prosecution at this morning's hearing.

FIREMEN HELD AS BURGLARS

Alleged to Have Robbed Lofts and Started Fire to Hide Crime.

William Maloney and John Ferrick, attached to Fire Truck 20, 154 Mercer Street, were indicted yesterday on charges of burglary and grand larceny.

It was alleged that they and perhaps other firemen in the downtown loft district had been robbing buildings and then setting them afire to hide the thefts.

Early on June 25, Lieutenant Gibney of Truck 20, answering an alarm from 149 Mercer Street, found that the doors of a loft belonging to Max Goldberg had been broken before the fire. After the fire was out silks worth $800 and $400 worth of cutting machinery were missing.

The silks, a pattern, made for the Dorothy Waist Company, were discovered for sale in an uptown clothing establishment. There it was learned that the cloth had been bought from Simon Lidz, 98 Orchard Street. Lidz said he had bought the silk and machinery from uniformed firemen. He said he had been accustomed to buy stuff from firemen. George Dracos, who has a candy store near the fire house, was implicated as an accomplice.

Ferrick and Dracos were held on $5,000 bail. Maloney is away on a vacation, but his lawyer, H. H. Oshrin, promised to produce him today.

Fire Commissioner Adamson, District Attorney Perkins, and three members of his staff are working on the case and more indictments are expected.

THOMPSON FOR PRESIDENT.

Chicago Mayor Willing to Run if Young Republicans Will It.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 21.—"I will be a candidate for the Presidency of the United States in 1916 if the younger element of the Republican party wills it."

So said William Hale Thompson, Mayor of Chicago, just before he left Los Angeles for San Diego. Then, revealing his tentative platform, the Mayor continued:

"The Republican Party will come back in 1916. The younger blood of the country is demanding plain, practical dealings in our national affairs. That is how it happened that I am honored by being the Chief Executive of the great city of Chicago.

"The people of this country are tired of an Administration that imposes an income tax when our incomes are not so that you could notice them; they are weary of a war tax when our country is not at war.

"The American working man must be protected by a high tariff, or he will receive the deal that he is receiving now—lowered wages, no jobs save for the lucky, no real prosperity—hard times.

"I am not a calamity howler, and I do not criticise President Wilson. But my election in Chicago is indicative of what the plain people believe in and stand out for. I was elected by a plurality of 142,000 votes. I had no organization; my few lieutenants fought gang control and gang methods every step of the way. We have got to have a government in Washington that looks out for the prosperity, happiness, and protection of the plain Americans—the millions of every day sort of citizens—who are the life blood of the arteries of our nation."

EXONERATE FANNY WARD.

Actress Glad to be Vindicated in Dean Divorce Suit.

Miss Fanny Ward, the actress, who was cleared by the report of the referee of the charges made against her in the divorce suit of Mrs. Sarah Jennie Gertrude M. Dean against John Wooster Dean, the actor, said last night that the suit of Mrs. Dean against her for $100,000 for alienating Dean's affections was withdrawn on Feb. 15.

"It was not until yesterday," Miss Ward said, "that I was vindicated of the vicious assaults made against me which culminated in my being named as corespondent. Heretofore I have declined to make any statement in spite of the widespread publicity given to the attacks upon me. The things that have been said were likely to work serious injury to my professional standing, but, after all these months, justice has come to me."

City Hotel Men Entertained.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, July 21.—Daniel P. Ritchey, owner of the Gregorian Hotel, and Mrs. Ritchey entertain fifty members of the City Hotel Men's Association and their friends at the country hotel on Fenmore Road, Scarsdale, this afternoon. Mr. Ritchey recently bought the estate of the late Mrs. W. G. Hitchcock, one of Westchester's show places.

POLICE RAID STOPS POOLROOM BATTLE

Squad Arrives in Midst of Rough-and-Tumble Fight Over Payment of Bets.

VISIT TWO HARLEM RESORTS

Hall Used Mornings for Worship, Afternoons for Gambling, and Nights for Tango.

Residents near Westminster Hall, an old three-story building at 73 Lenox Avenue, between 113th and 114th Streets, have looked with suspicion and curiosity for several afternoons as taxicabs and automobiles rolled up to the hall, which formerly had been popular chiefly among persons afoot, and unloaded men, many of them gaudily clad and wearing jewelry.

At 3:50 yesterday afternoon persons near the hall saw several men who came on foot throw a man roughly down the steps from the street entrance and rush in themselves. The man who was thrown from the stairs was the lookout of a poolroom on the inside and those who hurried in were Lieutenant David J. McAuliffe and nine detectives from the staff of Inspector Ryan.

When they arrived at the second floor there was a great uproar inside. Crowds of men were locked in rough-and-tumble fights, some were rolling on the floor, others had drawn themselves into corners for safety from flying chairs. The detectives say that before they entered they learned from the shouting that the dispute was over the payment of bets on a horse running at Belmont Park.

As soon as the detectives entered, those inside quit fighting and scrambled for the windows. The detectives found themselves in a large hall which occupied most of the second floor, and because of the many windows they were not able to surround all the men, who numbered about 150, so they began to herd those who were slow to reach the exits into a corner

In the meantime those who had climbed out upon the fire escape found a detective in the court with a drawn revolver. Several of the fugitives dropped into the court and surrendered, but others went up the fire escape.

Lieutenant McAuliffe and his men got thirty-four prisoners and a lot of racing charts and other gambling paraphernalia.

In one corner of the hall they found a black plush curtained booth. Inside of this was a cabinet on which lay a large, heavily bound book. The detectives thought it was a new gambling device till they learned from the proprietor, Jacob Brown, that he had rented the hall for religious purposes several days a week.

Brown seemed surprised when he learned of the arrest. He said the man who hired the hall for the afternoons told him that they intended to hold a series of prayer meetings. Brown added that his hall was used in the evening by a tango teacher.

While the prisoners were being taken in three wagons to the West 123d Street Station the detectives hurried to 41 West 113th Street, upset the lookout, and hurried to the second floor front parlor. The detectives got thirty-nine men, racing charts, telephones, and some cards and dice.

All prisoners were charged with disturbing the peace. Magistrate Appleton discharged them all in Night Court.

LA FOLLETTE DEFENDS BILL.

Senator Accuses the Shipowners of Being in a Conspiracy.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., July 21.—"The shipowners' conspiracy" is the way Senator La Follette describes the complaint of shipowners that the new Federal Seamen's law will compel them to dissolve their corporations or register under foreign flags. The Senator says the shipowners are trying to prevent the enforcement of the act. His statement over his signature follows:

"This country is being made the victim of a vicious and menacing conspiracy. The shipping interest is putting forth every resource known to unscrupulous business to discredit the seamen's law. Nothing in this measure will work any hardship upon an American vessel as compared with foreign vessels. The purpose of Congress in passing this law was to equalize the cost of operation by setting free the law of supply and and demand, in order to compel foreign shipowners to come up to the American standard, and Congress gave the shipowners eight whole months in which to prepare for the law.

"How are these shipowners employing this time? Take for illustration the Pacific Mail Steamship Company—most often quoted in the inspired news dispatches. What really has happened is this:

"The Pacific Mail is separating itself from the Southern Pacific in order to comply with the terms of the Panama Canal act. Robert Dollar, who recently announced that he would place his vessels under some foreign flag, had all except two of them under the British flag prior to the beginning of the war in Europe."

SUES FOR HER CHILDREN.

Mrs. Onffroy, Freed from Institution, Calls Husband to Court.

Mrs. Kathleen Onffroy, who was recently released from the House of the Good Shepherd on the ground that her commitment there was irregular, procured from Justice Philbin yesterday a writ of habeas corpus requiring John Bertram to produce her two children in court.

Mrs. Onffroy was committed on May 1 for three years on the complaint of her husband after a private hearing before Magistrate McQuade. She was accused of being a habitual drunkard. In the habeas corpus proceedings that brought Mrs. Onffroy from the institution to the Supreme Court she said her husband had taken her to places where there was dancing and drinking, and that she only drank in his company. Justice Shearn ordered her discharge, and said the methods used to have her committed might lead to grave abuses.

After her release Mrs. Onffroy went to her former home at 725 Riverside Drive. During her incarceration Mr. Onffroy began proceedings for a separation. It was said that efforts were making to bring about a reconciliation, but the court action yesterday indicated that these efforts had failed.

A. Mitchell Palmer Sees Lansing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Ex-Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania had an interview today with Secretary Lansing, and it revived the rumor that Mr. Palmer would be appointed Counsellor of the State Department, the post vacated by Mr. Lansing. Mr. Lansing said that the visit had no bearing upon the consideration of Mr. Palmer's name for the counselorship.

B. R. T. IN NASSAU TERMINAL

Dual System Contracts Involve 999 Years' Lease at Coney.

The Public Service Commission yesterday approved an agreement between the New York Consolidated Railroad Company and the Nassau Electric Railroad Company by which the B. R. T. interests lease the Nassau terminal at Coney Island for 999 years. The Consolidated is the B. R. T. operating concern whose contracts with the city call for the connection of the Fourth Avenue subway to Coney Island with the Brighton Beach line, the New Utrecht Avenue and Gravesend Avenue elevated roads, and the reconstructed Sea Beach road.

The consideration is $247,000, which is to be charged by the operating company against the cost of construction in the dual system contracts. The city will obtain a right of way for two tracks into the terminal. This will make it possible for trains from the Fourth Avenue subway, whether operated over the Sea Beach or the New Utrecht Avenue line, to enter the same terminal.

LICENSED TO TEACH.

Persons Who Passed License No. 1 and Shopwork Tests.

There have been placed, as of July 16, upon the eligible list of men holding license No. 1 the names of the following:

Israel Horwitz	86.55
David Shappiro	84.07
Morris Horowitz	83.72
Karl Smith	83.48
Sol Abrams	83.32
Charles Weiss	82.99
J. H. Lipschitz	82.95
I. P. Brenner	82.61
C. E. Amend	82.60
L. Frankenstein	82.49
J. Rosenblum	82.49
Louis Kurtz	82.35
C. A. Cawley	82.27
Joseph Weiss	80.69
Leon Mones	80.14
A. G. Golsner	79.83
Henry Feldman	79.71
Fred Rescorl	79.64
Jacob Lieberman	79.42
Robert H. Hill	78.52
A. L. Smallheiser	78.50
George Paucek	78.18
J. Meyrowitz	78.01
H. C. Goodman	77.97
F Campiglia, Jr.	77.89
T. E. Coulton	77.70
Morris Blodnick	77.45
J. J. Zweifel	77.12
J. D. Ehrenreich	76.89
Harry R. Stern	76.80
H. Dunkelblum	76.41
J. V. Holahan	76.19
J. V. Mulholland	76.11
James Kraft	75.85
Michael Lieb	75.77
Joseph Mintzer	75.35
S. W. Fried	75.21
Henry Smithline	75.02
G. P. Moore	74.72
David I. Kaplan	74.68
Bernard Meyer	74.41
Ambrose Murphy	74.20
B. Rabinovitz	74.03
Nathan A. Rauch	74.00
B. H. Wolfman	73.99
Aaron Gottlieb	73.93
John H. Stauff	73.67
C. E. Parish	73.37
Nathaniel Held	72.92
Isidor Levenson	72.80
Louis Banks	72.49
A. I. Feinstein	72.33
Henry Farb	72.27
Joseph Schwartz	72.20
Julius Berkman	72.11
E. Liftman	72.11
D. Goldstone	72.00
Israel Goodman	72.00
N. B. O'Connell	72.00
R. J. O'Connell	72.00
I. K. Zwickel	72.00

There have been placed, as of July 16, upon the eligible list of women holding License No. 1 the names of the following:

Mildred Koenig	89.66
S. M. Hillmann	89.43
Sadie Singer	88.58
D. M. Hemming	88.21
Julia Simpson	87.71
Hilda Stam	87.46
E. D. Bolan	87.30
K. U. McCarthy	87.01
M. M. Carroll	86.63
E. Hoffman	86.30
L. Gawron	86.28
G. Silbereisen	86.26
M. Schacker	86.09
L. R. Sturdevant	86.00
H. M. Zaffe	85.83
A. V. Mahnken	85.81
G. A. Hughes	85.78
H. Welker	85.56
J. H. Frank	85.41
N. Friend	85.39
Edith Romm	85.30
N. G. Harrisson	85.20
E. H. Davidson	85.13
G. E. Flannery	85.11
B. M. Klarenmeyer	85.10
L. M. Tobin	85.10
M. P. Chrisfield	85.00
Bessie Gurian	85.00
Miriam Kiesky	84.98
Anna Robinson	84.96
Ida Schiff	84.90
H. Harris	84.86
Mary J. Murray	84.80
Helen D. Heins	84.68
E. L. Duesterwald	84.66
M. Wetzler	84.55
M. J. Uihlein	84.46
V. A. Tschudy	84.35
Clara L. Butler	84.15
M. Malcolm	84.11
F. McKeon	84.05
M. E. Fanning	84.01
F. Abrams	83.90
A. M. Silverstein	83.88
K. M. Kelleher	83.85
F. Lippman	83.76
E. M. Kelly	83.60
Mary Maher	83.56
L. M. Blasius	83.53
M. B. Carroll	83.58
E. Horowitz	83.53
M. McGowan	83.53
M. C. Griffin	83.51
G. B. Clemente	83.43
M. D. Flynn	83.40
M. Steinberg	83.36
Dorothy White	83.36
Anne Wimpie	83.36
N. E. Smith	83.35
E. M. Crooks	83.25
M. G. Haseloff	83.23
Ida Brauer	83.05
Frances Devany	82.98
E. L. Lindsay	82.98
E. G. O'Donnell	82.89
Kate Rakowitz	82.86
Florrie Wolff	82.80
I. M. Joseph	82.78
H. Fitzgerald	82.70
Viola G. Reitz	82.70
H. E. Fischhofer	82.55
H. Birnbaum	82.46
E. M. Bartley	82.46
Anna Herman	82.40
Helen Kogut	82.40
A. Rosansky	82.40
E. M. Austin	82.33
H. Levine	82.17
H. L. Broome	82.16
A. A. Chuber	82.13
E. B. Larsen	82.06
C. D. Lord	82.04
D. Welander	82.03
O. H. Sanderson	81.98
E. A. Sittig	81.98
B. G. Ginsberg	81.96
Bertha Kolbe	81.95
M. L. Reville	81.93
S. I. Joyce	81.90
R. R. McDonald	81.90
M. L. Croker	81.85
E. R. Vozech	81.83
E. E. Allen	81.81
L. A. Bredemeyer	81.80
G. D. Thrush	81.80
E. M. Weber	81.80
Mae Collins	81.78
E. M. McKenna	81.78
Helen Mallon	81.76
S. C. Murphy	81.76
R. Newman	81.75
A. Turkenkopf	81.73
H. F. Beasley	81.73
L. Kurtzman	81.68
Zora Maxwell	81.65
L. R. Kaplan	81.63
B. Kautsky	81.63
M. Kartusinsky	81.61
M. L. Weimer	81.51
M. E. Heddaeus	81.50
A. S. Bierman	81.45
D. Sugarman	81.41
M. E. Whelan	81.40
Marion Brick	81.33
Rita G. Zenn	81.30
A. M. Strelitz	81.25
L. H. Eden	81.23
B. A. Bluestone	81.22
E. R. Roos	81.20
C. Smokler	81.06
E. M. Taleisnik	81.05
Ethel Price	81.03
R. A. Pierini	81.01
T. Silverstein	81.00
Anita Boylan	80.98
W. Conway	80.96
A. M. Schrader	80.96
M. M. Glynn	80.91
A. M. Hannigar	80.96
Elsie Macnair	80.85
M. G. Woodworth	80.83
Nellie Pinsky	80.81
Elfreda Clark	80.81
C. E. McCabe	80.78
F. A. Vupilleumier	80.76
Rose Dobry	80.76
Maria O. Ford	80.71
Elva Wald	80.70
Alice Green	80.66
Harriet Sworsky	80.65
Helen M. Keegan	80.61
Vera A. MacHale	80.61
May A. Mahoney	80.60
Mary V. Hartnett	80.60
J. Moskowitz	80.58
Fanny Goldberg	80.56
Edith G. Eltz	80.51
Anna M. Tunny	80.51
R. Schneideman	80.50
G. C. Swendeman	80.50
A. R. Kennedy	80.50
K. M. O'Brien	80.48
Sara Zaliels	80.45
Evelyn Callahan	80.41
A. H. Knight	80.40
Teckla Feely	80.36
C. C. McMurdo	80.36
Mary F. Ward	80.35
May C. Kelly	80.33
Maud E. Waugh	80.31
E. H. Bohmer	80.30
E. E. Kroger	80.26
G. M. Schwarcz	80.25
E. F. Eckstein	80.24
Alice Moffett	80.21
Marie R. Powers	80.21
Mary C. Lake	80.19
Mary G. Bowen	80.19
Esther Levy	80.16
H. B. Gottlieb	80.14
Irene Maloney	80.10
Jeannette Engel	80.06
B. Zimmerman	80.05
Louise T. Ryan	80.04
M. L. McGrath	80.03
Loretta Ritter	80.03
Vera Schlichter	80.03
B. Lewkowitz	79.98
Dora Woessner	79.95
Anna Sleplan	79.93
Theresa Stein	79.93
Fannie Cohen	79.91
N. T. O'Donohue	79.90
M. A. Byrnes	79.86
Stella E. Klein	79.81
I. C. McLaughlin	79.80
Ethel M. Moore	79.77
E. M. Lonergan	79.76
Ella A. Rose	79.75
Clara Bern	79.74
M. R. Hogan	79.73
L. E. Barskin	79.78
Bertha J. Lattie	79.68
E. H. Lappe	79.66
Marcella Dillon	79.61
K. L. Wachter	79.61
Dorothy Costigan	79.60
C. F. Driscoll	79.60
Thelma Minzie	79.60
Grace M. Waldie	79.30
Beatrice Garber	79.58
C. A. Barry	79.56
Anna Hausman	79.56
M. E. McNeil	79.56
B. V. Buck	79.55
J. M. Markus	79.55
A. W. Heinbockel	79.55
M. E. Scanlan	79.45
Mary Tyne	79.46
Anna Rothschild	79.43
M. V. Galena	79.40
Alice Thomson	79.38
Sadie Greenman	79.34
Rose Sampson	79.33
Grace Sheppard	79.27
Dora Schmidt	79.26
Yetta Attinson	79.22
Bertha Ginsberg	79.13
Gladys Murphy	79.12
R. A. Jacobson	79.11
Anna Borodkin	79.10
Ruth E. Bostrom	79.08
Isabella Purcell	79.08
H. C. Wagner	79.08
M. M. Coulter	79.06
Olive M. Meeker	79.06
Ray Sherman	79.06
F. P. Bimstein	79.01
E. V. Dobbins	79.01
M. E. Speight	79.01
C. A. Bigelow	79.00
Carrie T. Minzesheimer	79.00
Dora Rosenberg	78.97
Marie A. Brunig	78.96
I. Halperin	78.95
M. H. Lothrop	78.95
Edith K. Moore	78.94
M. M. Kidder	78.93
Ethel L. Murray	78.91
E. M. Chadwick	78.88
C. M. Coyle	78.80
Edith E. Scott	78.80
M. A. Bruderle	78.76
M. Southerton	78.76
F. E. Webber	78.76
Ethel M. Gilmore	78.73
Julia Hajeck	78.71
Edith W. Isles	78.68
Alice C. Farmer	78.66
L. F. Scanlan	78.65
Bessie Shaw	78.63
Lena Isaacson	78.60
G. G. Wilson	78.60
Rose C. Feld	78.53
V. F. de Hierapolis	78.53
M. A. Burgtorf	78.48
Florence Cetron	78.48
Elizabeth Lages	78.48
B. A. Knowles	78.46
Alice Cleary	78.46
Martha R. Leigh	78.44
Amelia Simon	78.43
Jennie H. Riley	78.41
Melanie Tokaji	78.41
E. A. Weberpals	78.40
E. H. Wicksman	78.40
Emma A. Koch	78.35
A. Teichholtz	78.30
A. M. Worden	78.30
Miriam Friedman	78.28
Frances Gordon	78.24
Louise M. Kier	78.21
G. M. McKeon	78.20
Gussie Schiler	78.19
I. R. Johnston	78.18
Louise F. Miller	78.18
Helen M. Stack	78.16
Sophia Treu	78.16
Louise Dahlberg	78.15
Carrie Caldwell	78.11
G. A. Ettensperger	78.10
Mary A. Carney	78.06
L. M. Roll	78.05
G. F. Guenther	78.05
Annie Endich	78.03
Irene Kennedy	78.03
Florence Wessel	78.00
Ruth A. Block	77.95
C. J. Anderson	77.90
H. M. Collins	77.83
J. C. Dylewski	78.78
H. F. Fanning	77.78
Anna M. Hinck	77.78
E. C. Glutsch	77.75
C. C. Connaughton	77.73
T. E. Auwerda	77.60
Henrietta Brown	77.58
F. M. Simpson	77.58
K. L. Barry	77.53
Anna Lefrak	77.52
Dorothy Dean	77.51
Ella G. Mednick	77.51
Marg't Brouthers	77.51
Irene Murphy	77.50
Janet Spooner	77.50
S. F. Stenger	77.50
Lena Weinman	77.46
Clara E. Hunter	77.45
Ethel M. Hulse	77.45
Frederica Bogert	77.43
B. Grinstein	77.36
E. S. M. Roeszler	77.36
L. V. Sheerin	77.34
Mary Schwartz	77.33
Julia M. Boden	77.32
Cather'e Goldner	77.26
D. G. Wolff	77.26
Florence Plotkin	77.23
Anne M. Wadsworth	77.23
M. E. Clisset	77.21
E. M. Johnston	77.21
M. W. Winman	77.20
E. R. Schapiro	77.18
S. G. Lipman	77.13
H. B. M. Menze	77.10
Rose Epstein	77.10
Myrtle Sweeney	77.08
G. Scanlan	77.08
B. Piccifilli	77.05
Marie L. Fels	77.05
Celia Freezer	77.03
C. A. Mansfield	77.03
H. U. Coughlin	77.00
M. J. Cantrell	76.96
D. Dickstein	76.93
G. E. Wielandt	76.93
Clara Kraker	76.91
M. T. McManus	76.90
F. A. Betts	76.89
B. M. Keown	76.88
Josephine Pratt	76.82
Marguerite Burns	77.81
Frances Marks	76.81
A. D. Farrell	76.80
C. A. Swanton	76.80
Sara Morgenstern	76.77
Harriet Rose	76.75
Mary P. Barry	76.73
Amelia Metzner	76.71
Stella Meren	76.70
Alice Finnegan	76.70
B. A. Ackerman	76.68
M. A. Sullivan	76.66
Theresa Cohn	76.65
Grace E. Sharts	76.65
M. M. Seigel	76.60
J. A. Gilmore	76.58
R. A. Leweck	76.58
J. L. Duinkerke	76.56
S. Tannenbaum	76.56
T. P. Neumann	76.52
M. M. Maltese	76.50
F. Feldscher	76.50
Evelyn Wein	76.48
L. Rindfleisch	76.47
M. K. Force	76.46
Anna M. Oed	76.46
Louise B. Graf	76.45
J. Ellison	76.43
E. M. Mager	76.36
B. Markowitz	76.36
M. J. Menrad	76.35
Ida Rubin	76.35
Agnes V. Nagle	76.34
Sarah Malbin	76.33
B. J. Solomon	76.31
F. A. Marx	76.31
Alice R. O'Leary	76.28
Sara Wachsman	76.26
M. H. McNary	76.21
Marion E. Auld	76.20
E. E. Levine	76.20
Pauline Mantin	76.20
Viola M. Dake	76.18
B. L. Cornell	76.16
M. Vendrovsky	76.16
Ruth Murphy	76.14
Alice M. Fay	76.13
J. B. Herm	76.11
A. B. Northam	76.11
E. Averil Jeffs	76.10
Marie G. Murtha	76.06
Nora Clancy	76.05
Ruth A. Tong	76.03
Irene C. Follmer	75.93
Lillie Aarons	75.90
A. Gallagher	75.88
A. M. Slaight	75.86
Paula R. Werner	75.86
G. M. Murphy	75.85
A. Hubschmitt	75.83
B. M. Lincoln	75.81
M. A. McNamara	75.80
Grace O'Brien	75.80
R. M. Reiner	75.78
M. Newman	75.76
E. Astrowitz	75.71
H. C. Cullum	75.71
L. V. McMahon	75.68
E. Smolinsky	75.66
Margaret Gray	75.61
Marie A. Kelly	75.60
G. J. Von Rhee	75.60
Edna Meng	75.58
Mary E. Robson	75.58
H. M. Hatscher	75.57
Pauline Donovan	75.55
J. Fitzgerald	75.55
N. M. Sullivan	75.55
M. C. Leahey	75.53
Ella Tucker	75.50
Gladys Hogan	75.48
Bella Bernstein	75.45
Margaret Klee	75.45
S. Montgomery	75.41
Ethel E. Eddy	75.38
Fanny Helfman	75.38
M. V. Williams	75.38
Alma C. Burns	75.36
Betty Probstein	75.35
Lena Selikowitz	75.34
R. F. Hornstein	75.33
M. Christman	75.30
K. Cornwell	75.30
Elsa J. Stumpf	75.28
B. W. Herring	75.28
F. C. Woods	75.25
M. M. Wolfe	75.20
R. O'Sullivan	75.18
Grace Kelly	75.15
H. J. Carlson	75.11
F. Richardson	75.10
M. Hohenfeld	75.08
R. Regenbogen	75.08
A. M. Murphy	75.06
Esther Guttman	75.05
Madeline V. Ott	75.03
Minnie Merson	75.01
M. B. Child	75.00
B. W. Roberts	74.97
Bertha D. Ruser	74.96
Mary M. Maskin	74.95
Grace A. Brady	74.93
Mary Dalton	74.90
Alice Eck	74.90
F. M. Jacobs	74.80
Grace J. Boggs	74.78
Rose M. Bloom	74.76
Lillian A. Curtis	74.76
Eva Berman	74.75
Mollie Brin	74.71
Helen M. Richardson	74.70
Irene D. Selderman	74.65
C. W. Doenecke	74.63
R. M. Nicholson	74.60
Mabel R. Runcle	74.61
Harriet S. Trapp	74.58
Marie V. Kane	74.56
Mary Hamilton	74.53
Ada Nicholas	74.53
Frances Crandall	74.51
P. A. O'Connell	74.48
Cecilia M. Sorby	74.43
Lucy A. House	74.41
Julia R. Burns	74.40
M. U. Madden	74.38
F. Fitzpatrick	74.38
Lena Stemple	74.38
M. E. Bauman	74.36
Loretto R. Ennis	74.36
Saidee E. Meyer	74.35
M. D. Flannelly	74.33
Mildred Grushoff	74.33
Louise Rennert	74.33
G. M. Korb	74.28
Stella A. Yuells	74.26
E. G. Betsinger	74.21
A. Greenwald	74.18
K. E. Kelly	74.16
E. J. Stone	74.13
Grace K. Nearey	73.98
Mae B. Medler	73.95
Anna I. Brett	73.95
H. M. McGuirk	73.91
Lillie Manheimer	73.86
M. L. Jurgens	73.85
Anna R. Pinus	73.85
Mary M. Dullea	73.81
Frances A. Smith	73.78
Bertha Brainin	73.76
E. L. Kottemann	73.76
E. E. Krausz	73.75
Alice R. Lowenhaupt	73.75
Edith Wissmann	73.75
Marie B. Cremer	73.73
F. C. Brown	73.71
A. G. Healy	73.71
Christine Laub	73.70
Ethel Gordon	73.68
Anna V. Seery	73.68
Esther J. Trynz	73.68
Kate A. Burdette	73.66
E. M. Dougherty	73.66
K. Gessner	73.66
Dorothy Sheftel	73.66
E. J. Devereux	73.65
E. M. Hourigan	73.63
Dorothy Van Valkenburgh	73.58
F. L. O'Neill	73.48
Etta M. Acker	73.46
Marietta Martin	73.46
F. O'Connor	73.40
Addie E. Devison	73.30
V. M. Marshall	73.25
Gertrude F. Roe	73.23
K. E. Gill	73.21
Mary C. Regan	73.21
Isabella Mullen	73.16
Bessie Glass	73.11
M. S. Walerstein	73.10
Ruth Stewart	73.06
Agnes J. O'Reilly	73.05
Rose M. Dolan	73.00
M. B. Cahill	72.98
B. E. Corbett	72.98
D. H. Nustgarten	72.94
D. C. Heffernan	72.93
Mary Minarik	72.93
Elsie K. Mitsch	72.93
Jennie Rothfield	72.93
G. R. Herson	72.91
Sadie Probstein	72.90
Grace J. Todrus	72.88
Mary Harvey	72.86
E. P. Renton	72.82
May Beakey	72.80
E. V. De Forrest	72.80
E. R. O'Neill	72.75
E. M. Stepputat	72.73
C. Donohue	72.73
Helen H. Paton	72.70
E. A. Russo	72.70
May Phelan	72.63
Fannie P. Simon	72.63
Marion Solon	72.58
R. R. Rosenblum	72.55
A. B. Sherburne	72.53
Ruth Randel	72.52
S. Bendheim	72.51
S. Hochstein	72.50
Sarah Zinner	72.50
M. G. Monaghan	72.48
R. E. Seymour	72.45
Mary C. McCabe	72.41
F. L. Haley	72.40
Mary R. Blake	72.36
F. N. Murphy	72.36
Ethel Graham	72.35
S. L. Hammond	72.33
Anna L. O'Brien	72.28
Jane Reilly	72.26
Mary V. Gleason	72.23
E. V. Greenspun	72.23
C. G. Sauer	72.17
L. V. Cronin	72.16
Hedwig E. De La Chapelle	72.13
Agnes G. Madden	72.10
M. M. Zeiger	72.05
B. Greenstein	72.02
G. C. Dolan	72.01
D. Berzinsky	72.00
Dora K. Blohm	72.00
May U. Bush	72.00
F. R. Carey	72.00
E. L. Christian	72.00
May E. Clayton	72.00
M. M. Collins	72.00
E. G. Comerford	72.00
Annie C. Dodge	72.00
G. D. Donaldson	72.00
F. M. Dunn	72.00
Helen E. Dwyer	72.00
M. L. Fogerty	72.00
Marian L. Gill	72.00
M. Havender	72.00
Mary Hawkins	72.00
A. Hunerberg	72.00
Florence C. Keen	72.00
Ruth T. Kehoe	72.00
Sadie H. Lerner	72.00
Louisabelle Lyon	72.00
M. E. McAllister	72.00
C. McGoldrick	72.00
L. E. Magnus	72.00
K. A. Maloney	72.00
Estelle Meltsner	72.00
Ida Mufson	72.00
Mary E. Mulry	72.00
A. A. O'Donnel	72.00
Ruth S. Pertsch	72.00
L. G. Purcell	72.00
Jeanette Reif	72.00
Daisy C. Reis	72.00
Clara H. Reiner	72.00
H. F. Roethgen	72.00
Nelly V. Scott	72.00
A. M. Shannon	72.00
Elizabeth Sheff	72.00
Marion S. Smith	72.00
A. M. Stephens	72.00
M. F. Sullivan	72.00
E. B. Swartz	72.00
F. H. Thompson	72.00
Mary E. Walsh	72.00
W. L. Wurthmann	72.00

There have been placed, as of July 16, upon the eligible list of men holding licenses as teacher of shopwork in elementary schools the names of the following:

Robert M. Hall	89.75
Julius Singer	89.50
Harry Weiss	84.90
John T. Bradley	84.60
Le R. E. Grooms	84.35
P. Rosenkranz	82.75
Leo Goldfinger	82.50
George T. Luhrs	82.45
Benedict F. May	82.25
George G. Walsh	80.80
E. H. Petersen	80.65
W. J. Harbison	80.15
R. S. Cousins	79.00
T. Downey, Jr.	78.65
Alexander Morris	78.20
Alex. McIntosh	77.50
John F. Nugent	77.50
G. W. Hinck	76.55
Hans Nordman	76.25
E. R. Lawlor	74.20
C. P. McCarthy	72.55

JOHN LAVERY RECOVERING.

British Artist and American Wife Hurt in Taxicab Wreck.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 21.—John Lavery, the artist and his wife, who is an American, are under a surgeon's care at their home in Cromwell Place here, recovering from painful injuries received in a taxicab accident.

They were returning home from the theatre, near midnight, when their taxicab suddenly swerved from the road in Park Lane and smashed into a lamp-post standing on an island in the middle of the street. Lavery and his wife were tossed by the impact into a window and both were stunned and severely cut by glass. The driver was thrown into the roadway and knocked unconscious.

The artist and his wife were removed to a nearby hospital, where it took the surgeons two hours to attend to their injuries. Both were badly cut about the head and arms, but no bones were broken.

Mr. Lavery was up today for the first time, with his head and arms swathed in bandages. Mrs. Lavery is as yet to leave her bed, but is expected to be up within a few days.

Mr. Lavery, who is 58 years old, spoke of the incident today as an extremely narrow escape from death for both himself and wife. The taxicab driver told the police that the taxi had skidded on the wet pavement and crashed into the lamp-post before he could get it under control.

YUAN DISMISSES MINISTERS.

One of Them, Charged with Wholesale Peculation, Also Banished.

PEKING, June 28, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Two important officers of the Government, both vice-ministers in the Cabinet, have been dismissed summarily

President Yuan Shih-kai in a mandate made a charge of wholesale peculation against Chang Hu, Vice-Minister of Finance, who had been acting also as a director of the Salt Gabelle, one of the principal sources of revenue in the country. Chang Hu was banished to Sze Chuen Province.

Yeh Kung-Cho, the Vice-Minister of Communications, is the other official dismissed.

Not long ago another high official, formerly a personal friend of President Yuan, was executed because of corruption in office.

PARIS JOURNAL SOLD.

De Wendel Heads Purchasing Syndicate—Price $4,400,000.

PARIS, July 21.—It is understood that The Journal has been sold by the Letellier family, which has owned the newspaper since it was founded twenty years ago, to a syndicate headed by Francois de Wendel, Deputy for Meurthe-et-Moselle.

The price is said to have been 22,000,000 francs, ($4,400,000.)

BENALLA MAKES FOR DURBAN

P. and O. Liner on Fire Being Escorted by Steamer Otaki.

DURBAN, South Africa, (via London, Thursday, July 22, 2:22 A. M.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Line steamer Benalla, previously reported on fire in the Indian Ocean, is proceeding for Durban escorted by the steamer Otaki.

The Benalla has 800 emigrants aboard. She was bound from London for Australia.

GET $2,500 GEMS IN WINDOW.

Three Young Men Tie Jeweler's Door and Smash Glass.

Three young men tied the front doors of the jewelry store of Norman & Co., at 8 West Park Street, Newark, yesterday afternoon, then smashing the window with a hatchet, escaped with jewelry, including a diamond necklace valued at $2,500.

About twenty minutes later Detectives O'Gara and Gibney arrested a poorly dressed youth in the Hudson Tube station at Park Place, near the scene of the robbery. He carried a satchel in which, the police say, was the hatchet used on the window.

The young man was taken to Police Headquarters and questioned by Captain Tuite, who says he told conflicting stories and gave several New York addresses.

Blue Serge Suit, $15.

I have a handsome dark blue Serge Suit of my own manufacture, half or quarter lined, plain or patch pockets, English or American models, light in weight, cool, comfortable and well made—this last virtue is the finest of all. I would like to have you look them over. Mail orders filled.

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NEW BRIGHTON Brighton Beach Mat. Today | Mason & Keeler, Lew Dockstader, Charles & Henry Rigoletto, Dooley & Sales, Mrs. Gene Hughes & Co.

Strand B'way & 47 St. Noon to 11:30 P.M. 10 to 50c | LAURA HOPE CREWS in "THE FIGHTING HOPE." STRAND ORCHESTRA AND SOLOISTS.

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